

# hw6

peng zhang

March 11, 2016

## 1 A-5-2

Considering the daily log return of Laboratories stock, we use out-of-sample forecasts to compute  $\sigma_t^2(l)$  for  $h=1,5,\dots,40$  and  $t$  from 2011 to 2515.

$$\sigma_{t,h}^2 = \sum_{l=1}^h \sigma_t^2(l) \quad (1.1)$$

where  $\sigma_{t,h}^2$  denote the conditional variance of the  $h$ -period log return  $r_{t,h}$  at the forecast origin  $t$ . The annualized  $h$ -period volatility

$$\sigma_{t,h,a} = \sqrt{\frac{252}{h}} \sigma_{t,h} \quad (1.2)$$

where the subscript "a" is used to signify that the volatility is annualized. We are trying to use it to study the volatility term structure.

```
> temp <- tempfile()
> download.file("http://faculty.chicagobooth.edu/ruey.tsay/teaching/introTS/ch5data.zip",temp)
> da <- read.table(unz(temp, "d-a2a-0110.txt"),header=T)
> unlink(temp)
> lrt=log(da$ABT+1)
> length(lrt)

[1] 2515

> tdx=c(1:2515)/252+2001
> tdx1=c(1:2010)/252+2001
> tdx2=c(2011:2515)/252+2001
> library(fGarch)
> m1=garchFit(~1+garch(1,1),data=lrt,trace=F)
> summary(m1)
```

Title:

GARCH Modelling

Call:

`garchFit(formula = ~1 + garch(1, 1), data = lrt, trace = F)`

Mean and Variance Equation:

data ~ 1 + garch(1, 1)

<environment: 0x562f9793dc90>

[data = lrt]

Conditional Distribution:

norm

Coefficient(s):

	mu	omega	alpha1	beta1
	3.3041e-04	1.7978e-06	4.4518e-02	9.4806e-01

Std. Errors:

based on Hessian

Error Analysis:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
mu	3.304e-04	2.548e-04	1.297	0.194748
omega	1.798e-06	5.355e-07	3.357	0.000787 ***
alpha1	4.452e-02	6.736e-03	6.609	3.86e-11 ***
beta1	9.481e-01	7.527e-03	125.953	< 2e-16 ***

---

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Log Likelihood:

7150.29      normalized: 2.843058

Description:

Fri Mar 11 13:43:53 2016 by user:

Standardised Residuals Tests:

			Statistic	p-Value
Jarque-Bera Test	R	Chi^2	2918.297	0
Shapiro-Wilk Test	R	W	0.9599487	0
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(10)	12.16173	0.2743786
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(15)	27.43711	0.02537026
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(20)	29.45983	0.07909205
Ljung-Box Test	R^2	Q(10)	5.026799	0.8893807
Ljung-Box Test	R^2	Q(15)	8.338571	0.9094928
Ljung-Box Test	R^2	Q(20)	93.80681	1.589129e-11
LM Arch Test	R	TR^2	5.724373	0.9293338

Information Criterion Statistics:

AIC	BIC	SIC	HQIC
-5.682935	-5.673662	-5.682940	-5.679569

```
> vall=sqrt(252)*volatility(m1)
> t1=matrix(0,nrow=505,ncol=8)
> for(i in 1:505){
+       mm1=garchFit(~1+garch(1,1),data=lrt[1:2009+i],trace=F)
+       t1[i,1]=sqrt(252)*predict(mm1,1)$standardDeviation
+
+       for (j in 2:8)
+       {
+         t1[i,j]=sqrt(252/(5*(j-1)))*sum((predict(mm1,5*(j-1))$standardDeviation)^2))
+       }
+     }

> plot(tdx,vall,xlab='year',ylab='volatility','l')
```

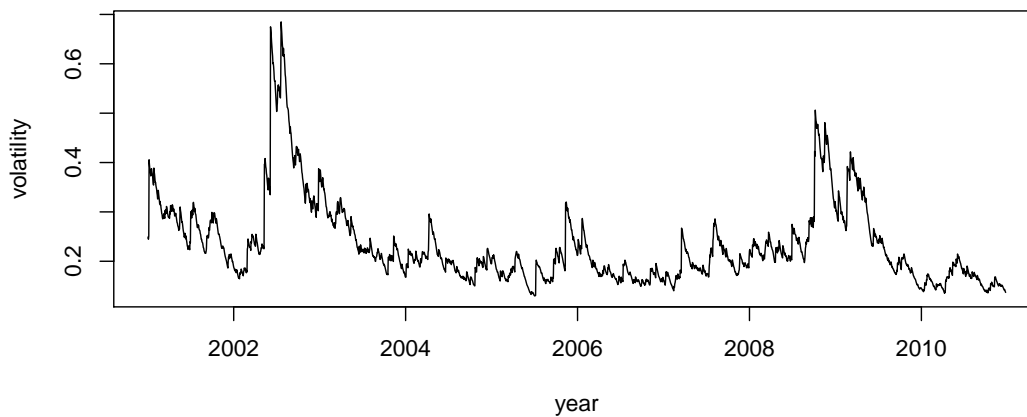


Figure 1: Volatility of log returns for stocks of Abbott Laboratories

```

> plot(tdx2,t1[,1], 'l',ylim=c(0,0.5),xlab='year',ylab='Annualized Vol')
> par(new=TRUE)
> plot(tdx2,t1[,2], 'l',ylim=c(0,0.5),xlab='year',ylab='Annualized Vol',lty=2,lwd=2)
> par(new=TRUE)
> plot(tdx2,t1[,3], 'l',ylim=c(0,0.5),xlab='year',ylab='Annualized Vol',lty=3,lwd=2)
> par(new=TRUE)
> plot(tdx2,t1[,4], 'l',ylim=c(0,0.5),xlab='year',ylab='Annualized Vol',lty=4,lwd=2)
> par(new=TRUE)
> plot(tdx2,t1[,5], 'l',ylim=c(0,0.5),xlab='year',ylab='Annualized Vol',lty=5,lwd=2)
> par(new=TRUE)
> plot(tdx2,t1[,6], 'l',ylim=c(0,0.5),xlab='year',ylab='Annualized Vol',lty=6,lwd=2)
> par(new=TRUE)
> plot(tdx2,t1[,7], 'l',ylim=c(0,0.5),xlab='year',ylab='Annualized Vol',lty=7,lwd=2)
> par(new=TRUE)
> plot(tdx2,t1[,8], 'l',ylim=c(0,0.5),xlab='year',ylab='Annualized Vol',lty=8,lwd=2)

```

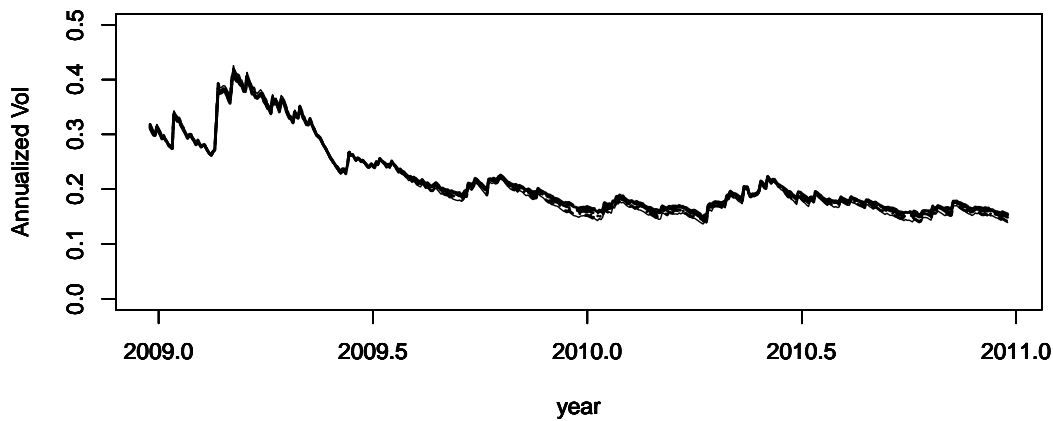


Figure 2: Volatility term structure for daily log returns of Abbott Laboratories stock from Jan 2,2001 to Dec 31,2010

## 2 A-5-3

The CAPM model can be written as

$$r_t = \alpha + \beta r_{m,t} + e_t \quad (2.1)$$

where  $r_{m,t}$  denotes the return of the market and  $r_t$  is the asset return of interest.

$$\beta = \frac{Cov(r_t, r_{m,t})}{Var(r_{m,t})} \quad (2.2)$$

And we have

$$Cov(r_t, r_{m,t}) = \frac{Var(r_t + r_{m,t}) - Var(r_t - r_{m,t})}{4} \quad (2.3)$$

To demonstrate this, we consider the daily log returns of Abbott Laboratories stock from Jan 2, 2001 to Dec 31, 2010. we use the daily log returns of the *S&P* 500 index as the market returns. The traditional CAPM model for the data is

$$r_t = 8.035 * 10^{-5} + 0.533 r_{m,t} + e_t \quad (2.4)$$

```
> da = read.table("http://faculty.chicagobooth.edu/ruey.tsay/teaching/introTS/d-abtsp-0110.txt",header=T)
> lrt=log(da$abt+1)
> sp5=da[,3]
> xp=lrt+sp5
> xm=lrt-sp5
> m1=garchFit(~1+garch(1,1),data=xp,trace=F)
> summary(m1)
```

Title:

GARCH Modelling

Call:

garchFit(formula = ~1 + garch(1, 1), data = xp, trace = F)

Mean and Variance Equation:

data ~ 1 + garch(1, 1)

<environment: 0x562f972fbe60>

[data = xp]

Conditional Distribution:

norm

Coefficient(s):

mu	omega	alpha1	beta1
6.9795e-04	5.3309e-06	6.8953e-02	9.2153e-01

Std. Errors:

based on Hessian

Error Analysis:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
mu	6.980e-04	3.675e-04	1.899	0.057508 .
omega	5.331e-06	1.513e-06	3.524	0.000425 ***
alpha1	6.895e-02	8.967e-03	7.690	1.47e-14 ***
beta1	9.215e-01	9.662e-03	95.374	< 2e-16 ***

---

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Log Likelihood:

6117.732      normalized: 2.432498

Description:

Fri Mar 11 13:45:42 2016 by user:

Standardised Residuals Tests:

			Statistic	p-Value
Jarque-Bera Test	R	Chi^2	245.569	0
Shapiro-Wilk Test	R	W	0.9895461	1.367729e-12
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(10)	17.6794	0.06061859
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(15)	34.35907	0.003031235
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(20)	35.16423	0.01924683
Ljung-Box Test	R^2	Q(10)	5.806391	0.8312586
Ljung-Box Test	R^2	Q(15)	9.285186	0.86214
Ljung-Box Test	R^2	Q(20)	38.79151	0.007076735
LM Arch Test	R	TR^2	7.068983	0.8530213

Information Criterion Statistics:

AIC	BIC	SIC	HQIC
-4.861815	-4.852542	-4.861820	-4.858449

```
> m2=garchFit(~1+garch(1,1),data=xm,trace=F)
> summary(m2)
```

Title:

GARCH Modelling

Call:

```
garchFit(formula = ~1 + garch(1, 1), data = xm, trace = F)
```

Mean and Variance Equation:

```
data ~ 1 + garch(1, 1)
```

```
<environment: 0x562f97994900>
```

[data = xm]

Conditional Distribution:

norm

Coefficient(s):

mu	omega	alpha1	beta1
-7.2703e-05	1.9047e-06	4.9847e-02	9.4236e-01

Std. Errors:

based on Hessian

Error Analysis:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
mu	-7.270e-05	2.449e-04	-0.297	0.766608
omega	1.905e-06	5.478e-07	3.477	0.000507 ***
alpha1	4.985e-02	8.485e-03	5.875	4.23e-09 ***
beta1	9.424e-01	9.317e-03	101.148	< 2e-16 ***

---

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Log Likelihood:

7238.223      normalized: 2.878021

Description:

Fri Mar 11 13:45:42 2016 by user:

Standardised Residuals Tests:

			Statistic	p-Value
Jarque-Bera Test	R	Chi^2	3590.587	0
Shapiro-Wilk Test	R	W	0.9504783	0
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(10)	12.65645	0.2435194
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(15)	14.47432	0.4899017
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(20)	15.20882	0.7643365
Ljung-Box Test	R^2	Q(10)	8.77148	0.5539197
Ljung-Box Test	R^2	Q(15)	11.43152	0.7214484
Ljung-Box Test	R^2	Q(20)	79.22102	5.321089e-09
LM Arch Test	R	TR^2	7.050989	0.8542256

Information Criterion Statistics:

AIC	BIC	SIC	HQIC
-5.752861	-5.743589	-5.752866	-5.749496

```
> m3=garchFit(~1+garch(1,1),data=sp5,trace=F)
> summary(m3)
```

Title:  
GARCH Modelling

Call:  
garchFit(formula = ~1 + garch(1, 1), data = sp5, trace = F)

Mean and Variance Equation:  
data ~ 1 + garch(1, 1)  
<environment: 0x562f9798afc8>  
[data = sp5]

Conditional Distribution:  
norm

Coefficient(s):

	mu	omega	alpha1	beta1
	4.6691e-04	1.2457e-06	8.0141e-02	9.1132e-01

Std. Errors:  
based on Hessian

Error Analysis:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
mu	4.669e-04	1.753e-04	2.664	0.00773 **
omega	1.246e-06	3.082e-07	4.041	5.31e-05 ***
alpha1	8.014e-02	9.591e-03	8.356	< 2e-16 ***
beta1	9.113e-01	9.951e-03	91.585	< 2e-16 ***

---  
Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Log Likelihood:  
7860.176      normalized: 3.125319

Description:  
Fri Mar 11 13:45:42 2016 by user:

Standardised Residuals Tests:

			Statistic	p-Value
Jarque-Bera Test	R	Chi^2	174.1371	0
Shapiro-Wilk Test	R	W	0.9901083	3.720934e-12
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(10)	16.21911	0.09352968



Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(15)	25.32825	0.04570506
Ljung-Box Test	R	Q(20)	28.91991	0.08934842
Ljung-Box Test	R <sup>2</sup>	Q(10)	22.20321	0.0141022
Ljung-Box Test	R <sup>2</sup>	Q(15)	23.94121	0.06609851
Ljung-Box Test	R <sup>2</sup>	Q(20)	24.73054	0.2119351
LM Arch Test	R	TR <sup>2</sup>	26.08833	0.01042916

Information Criterion Statistics:

AIC	BIC	SIC	HQIC
-6.247456	-6.238184	-6.247461	-6.244091

```

> vxp=volatility(m1)
> vxm=volatility(m2)
> vsp5=volatility(m3)
> beta=(vxp^2-vxm^2)/(4*vsp5^2)
> tdx=c(1:2515)/252+2001
> m4=lm(lrt~sp5)
> summary(m4)

```

Call:

```
lm(formula = lrt ~ sp5)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-0.167209	-0.006647	-0.000093	0.006725	0.120399

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	8.035e-05	2.769e-04	0.29	0.772
sp5	5.330e-01	2.013e-02	26.48	<2e-16 ***

---

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.01389 on 2513 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.2182, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2179

F-statistic: 701.3 on 1 and 2513 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```
> plot(tdx,beta,xlab='year',ylab='beta ',type='l')  
> abline(h=c(0.533))
```

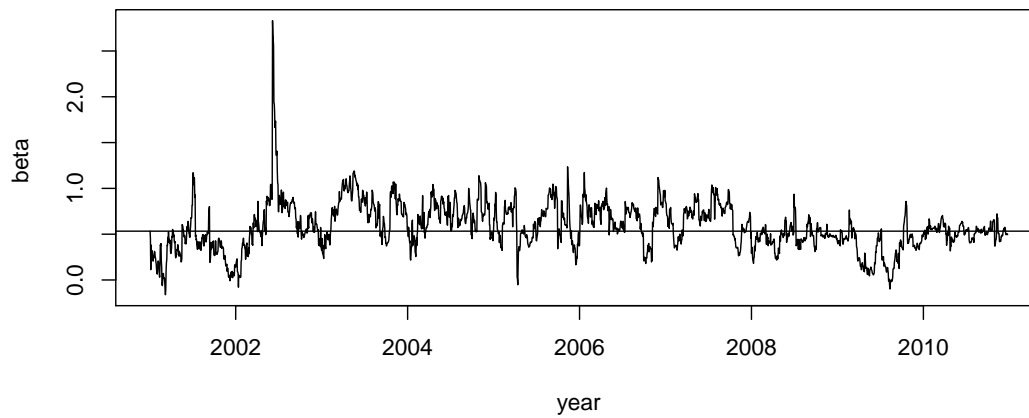


Figure 3: Time-varying betas for the daily log returns of Abbott Laboratories stock from Jan 2,2001 to Dec 31,2010.The daily log returns of the SP 500 index is used as the market returns. The horizontal line denotes the constant beta at 0.533