## Practice Exercise Week #1 (part I)

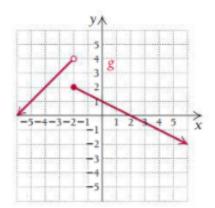
The even-numbered problems are selected from the required textbook. The answers to these problems are given in a separate file. The link to the answers to next to the link to this file.

## Section 1.1

For each sequence of numbers, determine the limit and then rewrite the sequence using the notation  $x \rightarrow a^-$  or  $x \rightarrow a^+$ .

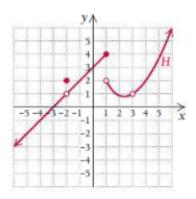
## Consider the function given by

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x + 6, & \text{for } x < -2, \\ -\frac{1}{2}x + 1, & \text{for } x \ge -2. \end{cases}$$



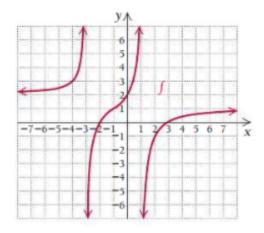
**24.** Find (a) 
$$\lim_{x \to -2^-} g(x)$$
; (b)  $\lim_{x \to -2^+} g(x)$ ; (c)  $\lim_{x \to -2} g(x)$ .

Use the following graph of H to find each limit. When necessary, state that the limit does not exist.



- **46.**  $\lim_{x \to 1^+} H(x)$
- **48.**  $\lim_{x \to 1} H(x)$
- **50.**  $\lim_{x \to 3} H(x)$

Use the following graph of f(x) to find each limit. When necessary, state that the limit does not exist.



- **52.**  $\lim_{x \to -1} f(x)$
- **54.**  $\lim_{x \to -3} f(x)$
- **56.**  $\lim_{x \to 3} f(x)$
- **58.**  $\lim_{x \to -4} f(x)$
- **60.**  $\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x)$

## Section 1.2.

Use the Theorem on Limits of Rational Functions to find each limit. When necessary, state that the limit does not exist.

**14.** 
$$\lim_{x \to 5} (x^2 - 6x + 9)$$

18. 
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{x^2 - 25}{x^2 - 5}$$

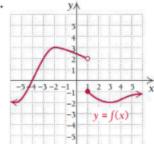
The initial substitution of x = a yields the form 0/0. Simplify the function algebraically or use a table or graph to determine the limit. When necessary, state that the limit does not exist.

**20.** 
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3}$$

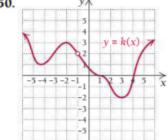
**28.** 
$$\lim_{x \to 25} \frac{\sqrt{x} - 5}{x - 25}$$

Determine whether each of the functions shown below is continuous over the interval (-6, 6)

48.



50



68. Is the function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + x, & \text{for } x < 3, \\ 4x, & \text{for } x \ge 3, \end{cases}$$

continuous at x = 3? Why or why not?

72. Is the function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4x - 5}{x - 5}, & \text{for } x < 5, \\ x + 1, & \text{for } x \ge 5, \end{cases}$$

continuous at x = 5? Why or why not?

**78.** Is the function given by  $F(x) = -\frac{2}{x-7}$  continuous over the interval (-5, 5)? Why or why not?