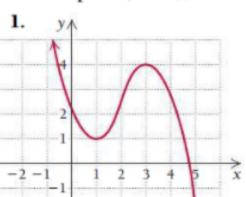
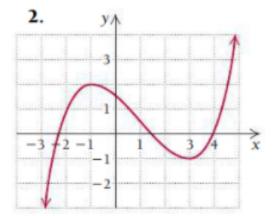
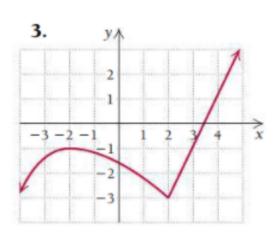
## Practice the following problems related to critical values

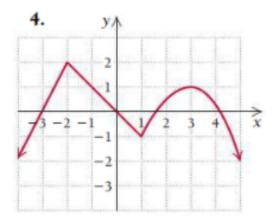
## Section 3.1

For each graph in Exercises 1–4, identify all (a) critical values, (b) relative minima, (c) relative maxima, (d) relative minimum points, and (e) relative maximum points.









For each function given in Exercises 17–32, find (a) any critical values and (b) any relative extrema.

**20.** 
$$g(x) = x^3 - 3x - 6$$

**30.** 
$$f(x) = xe^{-6x}$$

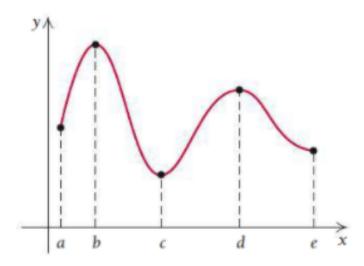
find any relative extrema of each function. List each extremum along with the x-value at which it occurs. Identify intervals over which the function is increasing and over which it is decreasing. Then sketch a graph of the function.

**40.** 
$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 2x^3$$

**46.** 
$$m(x) = e^x - e^{4x}$$

**62.** 
$$g(x) = x^3 e^{-2x}$$

## **66.** Consider this graph.



Using the graph and the intervals noted, explain how a function being increasing or decreasing relates to the first derivative.

- **68. Optimizing revenue.** A software developer notices that the number y of downloads of an app (in thousands) is related to the price x (in dollars) of the app by y = 2.6 0.4x.
  - **a)** Find R(x), the total revenue generated when the price of the app is x dollars.
  - **b)** Find the relative extremum of *R*, and interpret this result.