### Problem 1.

Determine from the graph whether the function has any absolute extreme values on the interval [a, b].



Answers \*



Absolute minimum and absolute maximum

No absolute extrema

Absolute maximum only

### Problem 2.

Determine from the graph whether the function has any absolute extreme values on the interval [a,b].



Answers \*



Absolute minimum and absolute maximum.

Absolute maximum only.

Absolute minimum only.

### Problem 3.

| Find the a | aheoliita. | avtrama | tralmag | oftha | function | on the | interval |  |
|------------|------------|---------|---------|-------|----------|--------|----------|--|

$$g(x) = -x^2 + 11x - 30, 5 \le x \le 6$$

Answers \*

| absolute maximum is $5/4$ at $x = 13/2$ ; absolute minimum is 0 at 6 and 0 at $x = 5$ |
|---|
| absorbte maximum is 5/4 at x = 15/2, absorbte minimum is 0 at 0 and 0 at x = 5        |

- absolute maximum is 241/4 at x = 11/2; absolute minimum is 0 at 6 and 0 at x = 5
- absolute maximum is 1/4 at x = 11/2; absolute minimum is 0 at 6 and 0 at x = 5
- absolute maximum is 1/4 at x = 13/2; absolute minimum is 0 at 6 and 0 at x = 5

#### **Problem 4**

Find the absolute extreme values of the function on the interval.

$$F(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2}, \ 0.5 \le x \le 5$$

Answers \*

- absolute maximum is -1/25 at x = 5; absolute minimum is -4 at x = -1/2
- absolute maximum is -1/25 at x = 1/2; absolute minimum is -4 at x = -5
- absolute maximum is -1/25 at x = 5; absolute minimum is -4 at x = 1/2
- absolute maximum is 1/25 at x = 1/2; absolute minimum is -4 at x = 5

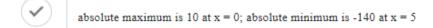
#### Problem 5.

| Dind | tho. | abaaluta | artrama | ******* | of the | function |    | tho. | intornal |    |
|------|------|----------|---------|---------|--------|----------|----|------|----------|----|
| rma  | tne  | absolute | extreme | values  | or the | Tunction | on | tne  | interval | ١. |

$$g(x) = 10 - 6x^2, -2 \le x \le 5$$

Answers \*

| absolute maximum is 20 at $x = 0$ ; absolute minimum is -14 at $x = 5$ |
|--|



absolute maximum is 6 at 
$$x = 0$$
; absolute minimum is -160 at  $x = 5$ 

absolute maximum is 60 at 
$$x = 0$$
; absolute minimum is -14 at  $x = -2$ 

### Problem 6.

Find the absolute extreme values of the function on the interval.

$$f(x) = x^{\frac{2}{3}}, -1 \le x \le 27$$

Answers \*

absolute maximum is 8 at 
$$x = 27$$
; absolute minimum is 0 at  $x = 0$ 

absolute maximum is 9 at 
$$x = 27$$
; absolute minimum is 0 at  $x = 0$ 

# Problem 7.

| Find the extre | me values | of | the | function | and | where | they | occur. |
|----------------|-----------|----|-----|----------|-----|-------|------|--------|
|----------------|-----------|----|-----|----------|-----|-------|------|--------|

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 3$$

| Answers *    |   |
|--------------|---|
|              | Absolute minimum is -1 at $x = 4$ .                     |
|              | Absolute minimum is 1 at $x = 4$ .                      |
|              | Absolute minimum is 1 at $x = -4$ .                     |
| <b>✓</b>     | Absolute minimum is -4 at x = -1                        |
| Problen      | ı 8.  |
| Find th      | ne extreme values of the function and where they occur. |
| f(x) =       | $=(x-4)^{2/3}$  |
| Answers '    | •   |
|              | Absolute minimum value is 0 at $x = -4$ .               |
|              | There are no definable extrema.                         |
|              | Absolute maximum value is 0 at $x = -4$ .               |
| $\checkmark$ | Absolute minimum value is 0 at x = 4                    |

# Problem 9.

| 100111   | fy the critical values of function $y = 2x^3 - 3x^2$ .       |
|----------|--|
| Answers  | *  |
|          | -1, 1  |
|          | 0, 0   |
|          | 0, -1  |
| <b>✓</b> | 0, 1   |
| roblem   | 10.  |
| Identif  | y the critical values of function $y = 2x^3 - 3x^2$ .        |
| Identif  | y the critical values of function $y = 2x^3 - 3x^2$ .        |
| Identif  | y the critical values of function $y = 2x^3 - 3x^2$ .        |
| Identif  | y the critical values of function $y = 2x^3 - 3x^2$ .  -1, 1 |

# Problem 11

| For wh                       | nat value of x does the function $y = x^3 - 6x$ have a local minimum?                        |  |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Answers                      |  |  |
|                              | 0  |  |
|                              | $\sqrt{2}$   |  |
| $\checkmark$                 | $-\sqrt{2}$  |  |
|                              | 6  |  |
| Problem                      | 12.  |  |
| Find the $y = \frac{x^3}{3}$ | the x-coordinate(s) of the inflection point(s) of the curve of the following function $-x^2$ |  |
| Answers                      | •  |  |
| $\checkmark$                 | 1  |  |
|                              | 0, 2   |  |
|                              | 0, 1   |  |
|                              | 1, 2   |  |

# Problem 13.

| The function $f(x)=x^2+2x^3$ has   |  |
|--|--|
|  |  |
| Answers *  |  |
| no relative extrema  |  |
| two relative extrema and one inflection point  |  |
| one relative extrema and two inflection points   |  |
| one relative extrema and one inflection point  |  |
| three relative extrema and two inflection point  |  |
| Problem 14.  |  |
| Let $f(x) = \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{2} - 10x$ . Which of the following statements must be true? |  |
| Answers *  |  |
| f(x) has critical points at -2, 5 and 3/2.   |  |
| f(x) has critical points at -2 and 5, and an inflection point at $3/2$ .                           |  |
| f(x) has critical points at -2 and 5 but has no inflection points.                                 |  |
| f(x) has an inflection point at 3/2 but has no critical points.                                    |  |