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/*****
      W13: PROC REPORT
      Author: C Peng
      Date: 04/25/2021
      Topics: 1. PROC REPORT: Basics
              2. Enhancement of Report
              3. ODS with PROC REPORT
*****/
OPTIONS PS = 74 LS = 74 NONUMBER NODATE;
DM OUTPUT 'CLEAR';
DM LOG 'CLEAR';

/** Working data set and formats **/
PROC FORMAT;
  VALUE gendfmt 0='  Man'
              1='  Woman';
  VALUE racefmt 0='  Nonwhite'
               1='  White';
  VALUE meanfmt low - 99 = 'white'
               100 - high = 'red';
QUIT;

DATA DEMOGRAPHICS;
  INPUT patient $3. gender 3. height 4.1 weight 4. age 5.1 race 3. drug $7.;
  *FORMAT height age 4.1 gender gendfmt. race racefmt.;
  *LABEL patient='Patient' gender='Sex' height='Height'
           weight='Weight' age='Age' race='Race' drug='Drug';
DATALINES;
001 1 74.4 257 67.9 1 Active
002 1 63.1 168 36.7 0 Active
003 1 69.6 264 74.6 0 Placebo
004 1 63.2 270 73.8 1 Placebo
005 1 67.8 209 57.8 1 Active
006 0 56.7 116 47.5 1 Active
007 1 70.4 150 47.8 1 Active
008 1 68.5 172 82.6 1 Active
009 0 66.4 212 25.1 0 Active
010 1 68.1 216 60.6 1 Placebo
011 1 62.8 193 80.0 1 Active
012 1 73.6 198 77.4 1 Active

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013 0 59.8 117 72.3 1 Active
014 0 74.7 179 37.4 0 Placebo
015 1 73.0 195 21.4 1 Active
016 1 57.7 213 27.3 1 Active
017 1 59.9 199 43.1 1 Active
018 1 70.2 219 67.3 0 Active
019 1 68.6 236 62.2 1 Placebo
020 1 70.7 255 66.4 1 Active
021 1 71.6 228 27.3 1 Active
022 1 58.9 111 68.3 1 Active
023 1 65.7 194 67.1 0 Active
024 1 63.2 234 65.2 0 Active
025 1 72.4 162 56.1 0 Placebo

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;
RUN;

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PROC PRINT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS;
TITLE "RAW Data";
RUN;

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/*****
/** Topic 1 - Basic List Report - DEFINE Statement and Options      ***/
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/**

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The term following the '/' specifies the way the REPORT procedure uses the column. Columns can be defined as:

1. GROUP - puts observations into categories
2. DISPLAY - displays values for each observation
3. ANALYSIS - contributes values to a calculation or statistic
4. ORDER - defines the order of the report rows
5. ACROSS - creates columns for each of its values
6. COMPUTED - its values are created in a COMPUTE block.

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/** Example 1: **/

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PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS;
COLUMNS patient gender height weight age race drug;
DEFINE patient / DISPLAY 'PTID' WIDTH = 4; /* Rename patient as PTID, column width = 4 */
DEFINE gender / DISPLAY FORMAT = gendfmt.; /* Formatting the variable GENDER */

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DEFINE height / ANALYSIS 'HT' FORMAT = 4.1; /* 'HT' is the new column name in the report */
DEFINE weight / ANALYSIS 'WT' FORMAT = 4.; /* quantify it variable for analysis */
DEFINE age / DISPLAY FORMAT = 3.1;
DEFINE race / DISPLAY FORMAT = racefmt.;
DEFINE drug / DISPLAY WIDTH = 8;
TITLE "Basic Report";
RUN;

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/** Example 2: Dropping three variables: AGE, RACE, and DRUG;
    1. Attach a statistic such as SUM, MEANS, SUMMARY, UNIVARIATE, etc.
        to a variable or more variables.
    2. One cannot see the effect of individual value. One a group variable
        is jointly used with the requested statistic, you will see the descriptive
        statistics clearly.

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We include Patient ID in the report, we cannot see the effect of summary statistics!!

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**/
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS;
COLUMNS patient gender (height weight),MEAN;
DEFINE patient / DISPLAY 'PTID' WIDTH = 4; /* Rename patient as PTID, column width = 4 */
DEFINE gender / GROUP FORMAT = gendfmt.; /* Formatting the variable GENDER */
DEFINE height / DISPLAY FORMAT = 4.1 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE weight / DISPLAY FORMAT = 4. WIDTH = 8;
TITLE "Basic Report: Single summary statistics - MEAN";
RUN;

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/** Example 3: Drop Patient ID and use the group option!
    We now can see the summarized statistics!

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**/
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS;
COLUMNS gender (height weight),MEAN;
DEFINE gender / GROUP FORMAT = gendfmt.; /* Formatting the variable GENDER */
DEFINE height / DISPLAY FORMAT = 4.1 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE weight / DISPLAY FORMAT = 4. WIDTH = 8;
TITLE "Basic Report: Group MEANs";
RUN;

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/** Example 4: Multi-grouping: still one-way table!! **/

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PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS;
COLUMNS gender drug (height weight),MEAN;
DEFINE gender / GROUP FORMAT = gendfmt.; /* Formatting the variable GENDER */

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DEFINE drug / GROUP; /* Formatting the variable DRUG */
DEFINE height / DISPLAY FORMAT = 4.1 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE weight / DISPLAY FORMAT = 4. WIDTH = 8;
TITLE "Basic Report: Multi-Grouping - One Ways Table";
RUN;

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/** Example 5. CROSS option ==> Two-way table */
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS;
COLUMNS gender drug height weight;
DEFINE gender / GROUP FORMAT = gendfmt.; /* Formatting the variable GENDER */
DEFINE drug / ACROSS 'Treatment Type'; /* Formatting the variable DRUG */
DEFINE height / MEAN FORMAT = 4.1 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE weight / MEAN FORMAT = 4. WIDTH = 8;
TITLE "Basic Report: Multiple-Grouping - Two-way Table";
RUN;

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/** Example 6: multiple descriptive statistics: */
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS;
COLUMNS gender (height weight), (N mean STD);
DEFINE gender / GROUP FORMAT = gendfmt.; /* Formatting the variable GENDER */
DEFINE height / ANALYSIS FORMAT = 4.1 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE weight / ANALYSIS FORMAT = 4. WIDTH = 8;
TITLE "Basic Report: Multiple Summary Statistics";
RUN;

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/** Example 7: Using COMPUTED statement to define new variables:
There are some restriction on using COMPUTED statement
1. We can only use variables to the left of the current column
   in the calculations (we can assign a value to a variable to
   the right, but we can't read it).
2. Another important restriction is that unqualified columns
   must have usage DISPLAY. Just like the following example.
3. If we want to perform calculations on an analysis variable,
   we must qualify the name with the name of a statistic. (see
   Example 6).

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**/
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS;
COLUMNS Patient height weight ratio;
DEFINE patient / WIDTH =7;

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DEFINE height / DISPLAY FORMAT = 4.1 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE weight / DISPLAY WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE RATIO /COMPUTED 'Ratio';
    COMPUTE RATIO;
        RATIO = height/weight;
    ENDCOMP;
TITLE "Basic Report: Height-Weight Ratio";
RUN;

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/** Example 8: Alternative method of quantification! */
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS;
COLUMNS Patient height weight ratio;
DEFINE patient / WIDTH =7;
DEFINE height / ANALYSIS FORMAT = 4.1 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE weight / ANALYSIS FORMAT = 4.0 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE RATIO /COMPUTED 'Ratio';
    COMPUTE RATIO;
        /* the sum of individual observation is itself! */
        /* height.SUM: the extension is required! */
        /* height /weight ==> produce error!! */
        RATIO = height.SUM/weight.SUM;
    ENDCOMP;
TITLE "Basic Report: Height-Weight Ratio";
RUN;

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/*****
/*** Topic 2 - Enhancing the Appearance of PROC REPORT Output ***
/****

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/****

The REPORT procedure also has many options that can be used. Some of the most often used options are:

1. NOWINDOWS suppresses the REPORT window and directs the report to the output window
2. HEADLINE creates a horizontal line between the column headers and the body of the report
3. HEADSKIP creates a blank line between the column headers and the body of the report
4. STYLE(Column) component option is specified to instruct SAS to use the color "Blue" for the background and "White" for the foreground of each cell on the report output.

Adding a COMPUTE block a COMPUTE block can be used to define a new variable to include in the report

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/** Example 1 **/
/** Modify the default column header **/
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS
    NOWINDOWS
    HEADLINE
    HEADSKIP;
COLUMNS patient gender height weight age race drug;
DEFINE patient / DISPLAY 'PTID' WIDTH = 4; /* Rename patient as PTID, column width = 4 */
DEFINE gender / DISPLAY FORMAT = gendfmt.; /* Formatting the variable GENDER */
DEFINE height / ANALYSIS 'HT' FORMAT = 4.1; /* */
DEFINE weight / ANALYSIS 'WT' FORMAT = 4.;
DEFINE age / DISPLAY FORMAT = 3.1;
DEFINE race / DISPLAY FORMAT = racefmt.;
DEFINE drug / DISPLAY WIDTH = 8;
TITLE "Basic Report: Column Header Modification";
RUN;

/**Example 2:  **/
ODS HTML; /* We add colors to the table, we need a file destination that can render the colors.
           The default LISTING destination cannot render the colors specified in the STYLE option.*/
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS
    NOWINDOWS
    HEADLINE
    HEADSKIP
    STYLE (COLUMN)=[Background=Purple
                    Foreground = Gold
                    Cellspacing = 10];
COLUMNS patient gender height weight age race drug;
DEFINE patient / DISPLAY 'PTID' WIDTH = 4; /* Rename patient as PTID, column width = 4 */
DEFINE gender / DISPLAY FORMAT = gendfmt.; /* Formatting the variable GENDER */
DEFINE height / ANALYSIS 'HT' FORMAT = 4.1; /* */
DEFINE weight / ANALYSIS 'WT' FORMAT = 4.;
DEFINE age / DISPLAY FORMAT = 3.1;
DEFINE race / DISPLAY FORMAT = racefmt.;
DEFINE drug / DISPLAY WIDTH = 8;
TITLE "Basic Report: Column Style";
RUN;
ODS HTML CLOSE;

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/** Example 3: Conditional output */
ODS HTML; /* We add colors to the table, we need a file destination that can render the colors.
           The default LISTING destination cannot render the colors specified in the STYLE option.*/
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS
    NOWINDOWS
    HEADLINE
    HEADSKIP
    STYLE(Header)=[Background=White
                   Cellspacing=0
                   Bordercolor=Blue
                   Borderwidth=2
                   Rules=rows
                   Frame=box]
    STYLE(COLUMN)=[Background=Purple
                   Foreground = Gold
                   Cellspacing = 10];
COLUMNS Patient height weight drug ratio;
DEFINE patient / WIDTH =7;
DEFINE height / ANALYSIS FORMAT = 4.1 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE weight / ANALYSIS FORMAT = 4.0 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE RATIO /COMPUTED 'Ratio';
    COMPUTE RATIO;
    IF UPCASE(drug)="ACTIVE" THEN
        /* the sum of individual observation is itself! */
        /* height.SUM: the extension is required! */
        /* height /weight ==> produce error!! */
        RATIO = height.SUM/weight.SUM;
    ENDCOMP;
TITLE " STYLE(Header)+ Conditional Logic ";
RUN;
ODS HTML CLOSE;

/*****
***      Topic 3:  The ODS Destination and Exporting Report      ***
*****/

/** Available output STYLES are available in SAS can be found by
    running the following PROCedure */
PROC TEMPLATE ;
LIST STYLES ;

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RUN;

/** Example 1: ODS Styles **/
ODS LISTING CLOSE;
ODS HTML file = 'C:\STA311\w13ODS\Reportmeadow.html'
    style = meadow;
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS
    NOWINDOWS
    HEADLINE
    HEADSKIP
    STYLE(COLUMN)=[Background=Purple Foreground = Gold Cellspacing = 10];
COLUMNS patient gender height weight age race drug;
DEFINE patient / DISPLAY 'PTID' WIDTH = 4; /* Rename patient as PTID, column width = 4 */
DEFINE gender / DISPLAY FORMAT = gendfmt.; /* Formatting the variable GENDER */
DEFINE height / ANALYSIS 'HT' FORMAT = 4.1; /* */
DEFINE weight / ANALYSIS 'WT' FORMAT = 4.;
DEFINE age / DISPLAY FORMAT = 3.1;
DEFINE race / DISPLAY FORMAT = racefmt.;
DEFINE drug / DISPLAY WIDTH = 8;
TITLE "Basic Report: Column Style";
RUN;
ODS HTML CLOSE;
ODS LISTING;

/** Example 2 **/
/** MACRO for presenting different STYLES **/
%MACRO ODSSTYLE(STYLE = );
ODS HTML
    FILE ="C:\STA311\w13\REPORT&STYLE..HTML"
    STYLE =&STYLE;
PROC REPORT DATA = DEMOGRAPHICS
    NOWINDOWS
    HEADLINE
    HEADSKIP
    STYLE(Header)=[Background=White
        Cellspacing=0
        Bordercolor=Blue
        Borderwidth=2
        Rules=rows
        Frame=box] ;

```



```

COLUMNS Patient height weight drug ratio;
DEFINE patient / WIDTH =7;
DEFINE height / ANALYSIS FORMAT = 4.1 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE weight / ANALYSIS FORMAT = 4.0 WIDTH = 8;
DEFINE RATIO /COMPUTED 'Ratio';
  COMPUTE RATIO;
  IF UPCASE(drug)="ACTIVE" THEN
    /* the sum of individual observation is itself! */
    /* height.SUM: the extension is required!      */
    /* height /weight ==> produce error!!          */
    RATIO = height.SUM/weight.SUM;
  ENDCOMP;
TITLE " STYLE(Header)+ Conditional Logic ";
RUN;

ODS HTML CLOSE;    /* ODS must be closed! */
%MEND;

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%ODSSTYLE(STYLE=HARVEST);
%ODSSTYLE(STYLE=Ocean);
%ODSSTYLE(STYLE=MeadowPrinter);
%ODSSTYLE(STYLE=PowerPointDark);
%ODSSTYLE(STYLE=Excel);
%ODSSTYLE(STYLE=BlockPrint);
%ODSSTYLE(STYLE=BarrettsBlue);
%ODSSTYLE(STYLE=EGDefault);

```