## Week #10: Dispersed Poisson Regression

Due: 04/09/2023

This week's assignment is to revise your analysis in Week #9 by adding a new section to include a quasi-Poisson model to the report. In this new analysis, we modify the predictor variables in the following ways.

- 1. Instead of using two variables **HightTemp** and **LowTemp** in the model, we will use the new variable AvgTemp = (HighTemp + LowTemp)/2.
- 2. Discretize **Precipitation** using the following definition: if **Precipitation** = 0, then NewPrecip = 0; if **Precipitation** > 0, then NewPrecip = 1.

The dispersed Poisson regression model will have three predictor variables: **Day**, **AvgTemp**, and **NewPrecip**. Here are the steps for building the model (similar to the case study in the class note):

- 1. Fit the quasi-Poisson regression model on the counts of cyclists who entered and left the Bridge in your data set.
- 2. Report the value of the estimated dispersion parameter and based on the value determine whether the regular Poisson model or the quasi-Poisson should be used as the final model. The two models have the same estimated coefficients by different p-values.
- 3. Make a visualization to show the relationship between the number of cyclists who entered and left the bridge and the related predictor variables.