# Foundations of Data Visualization

(A Brief Overview)

Cheng Peng

Department of Mathematics



#### idations of Dat /isualization

#### Cheng Peng

vvny visualizatioi Agenda

Dataviz in past 50 Years

Visualization Proces

Gestalt Principle

Principles

Attributes

VISUAL ERCOGIN

.

Channels

Expressiveness

More on Channels

Color Guidelines

Do's & Don'ts

Color Deficience

Controlling Cold

Crafting for Cl

Choosing Chart Type

Practicing Persua

Cheng Peng

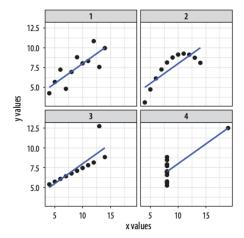
#### Why Visualization

Do's & Don'ts

Choosing Chart Type

Steps for Good Charts

Plots of Anscombe's quartet.



 See more graphics at https://www.autodesk.com/research/publications/samestats-different-graphs

Choosing Chart Type

- Brief history of data viz.
- Overview of dataviz process
- Principles of dataviz
- Building blocks of dataviz.
- Color coding and usage guidelines
- A general framework for creating better charts
- Purpose and types of dataviz
- Specific visualization Skills

Choosing Chart Type

Steps for Good Charts

### 1970s - Foundation of modern dataviz

 John Tukey pioneers the use of visualization with computers (exploratory and confirmatory visualization).

### **1980s** - The science of visualization

- Edward Tufte's work combines statistics with visual design principles
- Cleveland and McGill's work on measuring graphical perception
- Mackinlay's work carries visualization theories to digital age

**1990s-2000s**: The computer-driven scientific visualization thrives

2010s: The social internet, cheap and easy-to-use software, and massive volumes of data democratize the practice of visualization.

 Rensink and Harrison establish science around graphic perception

## Visualization Process

Cheng Peng

#### Visualization Process

Choosing Chart Type

Steps for Good Charts

### Understand Visualization

- Dataviz is a process
- Dataviz is new language built on the science and art.
- Prepare Visualization
  - Manage and clean data
  - Talk and listening
  - Sketch and prototype
- Create Visualization
  - Is the information conceptual or data driven?
  - Am I declaring or exploring something?
  - Types of visualization
- Refine Visualization
  - · to make impressive charts
  - to make persuasive charts
- Present and Practice Visualization
  - to persuade audience
  - to make better charts

#### Cheng Peng

Agenda
Dataviz in past 50

Visualization Process

#### Gestalt Principles

Gestalt Des Principles

Attributes

Marks

Channels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

lore on Channels

Do's & Don'ts

Color Deficiency

Controlling Color

Crafting for Cla

Choosing Chart Type Practicing Persuation

Practicing Persuation Steps for Good Charts

. . .

The principles describe the various ways we tend to visually assemble individual objects into groups and are highly relevant to the design of charts and graphs.

- Objects will be perceived in their simplest form
- Humans naturally follow lines and curves
- The mind will attempt to fill in detail that isn't actually there.







Gestalt Principles

#### Gestalt Design Principles

Attributes
Visual Encoding

Marks

Channels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Channels

Color Guidelines

Do's & Don'ts

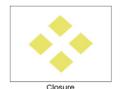
ontrolling Color

Controlling Color

Crafting for Clarity
Choosing Chart Type

Practicing Persuation
Steps for Good Charts

- **Closure**: Elements are typically grouped together if they are a part of an entity
- Proximity: Elements are typically grouped together based on their immediacy
- Similarity: Elements similar to one another tend to be grouped together







Gestalt Principles
Gestalt Design

Attributes

Visual Encoding

hannels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Channels

Color Guidelines

Do's & Don'ts

Color Deficiency

Controlling Color

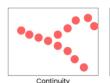
Crafting for Clai

Choosing Chart Type
Practicing Persuation

Steps for Good Charts

 Continuity: Elements that are arranged on a line or curve are perceived to be more related than elements not on the line or

- **Common Fate**: When elements coordinate movement together, we tend to relate them to each other.
- Focal point: When an element or elements stands out visually, it captures and holds our attention first.

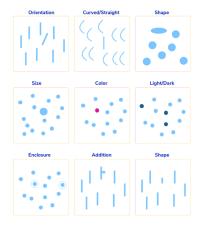


curve.





 A preattentive visual property is one which is processed in spatial memory without our conscious action.



• It takes less than 500 milliseconds for the eye and the brain to process a preattentive property

Agenda

Dataviz in past 50

Visualization Process Gestalt Principles

Pre-attentative Attributes

Attributes
Visual Encoding

Marks Channels

Expressiveness &

More on Channels

Color for Viz Color Guidelines

Do's & Don'ts

Controlling Color

Crafting for Clarity
Choosing Chart Type

Practicing Persu

### Visual Encoding

Choosing Chart Type

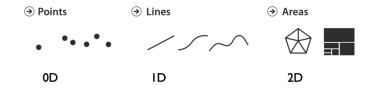
Steps for Good Charts

• The visual encoding is the way in which data is mapped into visual structures made of marks and channels.

- Data visualization is the graphical representation of information and data built based on visual structures.
- Marks and Channels Building blocks of visualization
  - Marks (geometric primitives) represent items or links basic graphical element in an image.
  - Channels (aka channel variables) change appearance of marks based on attributes - independent of the dimensionality of the geometric primitive.
- By using marks and channels to create visual elements like charts, graphs, and maps, data visualization tools provide an accessible way to see and understand trends, outliers, and patterns in data.

Marks

### Marks for items



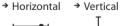
### Marks for links



Do's & Don'ts

Choosing Chart Type
Practicing Persuation
Steps for Good Charts











### → Shape



Tilt



### → Size







### → Volume





#### Channels

Do's & Don'ts

Choosing Chart Type

### **Expressiveness**

- visual encoding should express all of, and only, the information in the dataset attributes
- simple one lie factor (the ratio of the information "in the chart" and the information "in data" )

### Effectiveness

- importance of the attribute should match the salience of the channel
- simple one data-ink ratio (the ratio of "ink in data" and "ink in the chart")

### Chart Junk

 Unnecessary visual elements in charts that distracts the viewer from the information

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

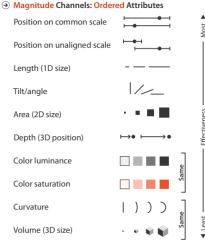
Choosing Chart Type Steps for Good Charts

More on Channels

Choosing Chart Type

Steps for Good Charts

### More on Channels: Expressiveness Types and Efectiveness Ranks





(\*) Identity Channels: Categorical Attributes

- Color improves a chart's aesthetic quality, expressiveness, hence, its ability to effectively communicate about its data.
- Categorical Pallet: Categorical colors help users map non-numeric meaning to objects in a visualization.



Sequential Pallet: Sequential colors have numeric meaning.



 Divergent Pallet: Diverging colors also have numeric meaning.



Agenda

Years

Visualization Process

Gestalt Principle
Gestalt Design

Attributes

Visual Encoding

hannels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Chann

### Color for Viz

Do's & Don'ts

Controlling Color

Crafting for Clari

Choosing Chart Type Practicing Persuation

### Color Guidelines

### Guidelines of using colors with different types of data.



### Cheng Peng

Agenda

Dataviz in past 50

Visualization Proces

Gestalt Principles Gestalt Design

Pre-attentative Attributes

/isual Encoding Marks

Channels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Channels Color for Viz

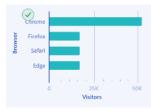
### Color Guidelines

Do's & Don'ts
Color Deficiency
Controlling Color

Choosing Chart Type Practicing Persuation

Practicing Persuation
Steps for Good Charts

### Do's & Don'ts





Use color to separate items into categories.



Don't use color to separate items.



Cheng Peng

hy Visualization

Agenda

Visualization Proces

Gestalt Principle

Gestalt Desi Principles

re-attentative attributes

Marks

Channels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Channels

Color Guidel

Color Guidei

### Do's & Don'ts

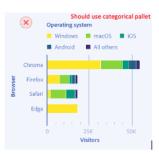
Controlling Col

Choosing Chart Type

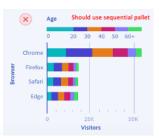
Practicing Persu

Practicing Persua









### oundations of Data

#### Cheng Peng

Agenda

Visualization Process

Gestalt Principle

Principles

Attributes

Marks

Channels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Channels

Color Guideline

Do's & Don'ts

Color Deficiency
Controlling Colo

Crafting for Clar

Choosing Chart Type
Practicing Persuation

Steps for Good Charts

.000











#### Visualization

#### Cheng Peng

Agenda

Years

Visualization Process

Gestalt Principles

Principles

Attributes

CI

Expressivenes

Effectiveness

More on Channels

Color Guideline

Do's & Don'ts

Controlling Color

Crafting for Cla

Choosing Chart Type

Practicing Persuation
Steps for Good Charts

Do's & Don'ts

Color Deficiency

Choosing Chart Type

 ABout 8% - 10 % of men and 1% of women have color vision deficiency.

- Red-green is common (deuteranope and protanope two subcategories).
- Blue-yellow is possible (tritanope is most common in this category)



Normal

Protanope





Tritanope

Practical guidelines of using colors in dataviz.

- Use less color keep the number of colors minimum.
- Use gray It doesn't draw the eye the way stronger colors do and is the default color in software.
- Complement / contrast When variables are inherently similar, use similar or complementary colors. When they are in opposition, use contrasting colors.
- Stick to the variables using color for text decoration is distracting.
- Think how, not which It is more important to think about how to use color than which color is used.
- Consider the color-blind.

Why Visualization Agenda Dataviz in past 50 Years

Gestalt Principles

rinciples re-attentativ

Visual Encoding

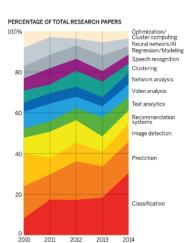
Channels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

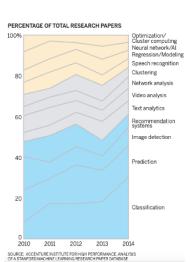
More on Channels Color for Viz Color Guidelines Do's & Don'ts

Controlling Color

Crafting for Clarity Choosing Chart Type Practicing Persuation Steps for Good Charts







### Cheng Peng

Why Visualizatio Agenda

Years

Gestalt Principles

rinciples re-attentative

isual Encoding

Channels

Expressivenes

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Channel
Color for Viz

Do's & Don'ts

Color Deficiency Controlling Color

Controlling Cold

Choosing Chart Type Practicing Persuation

Practicing Persua

Some guidelines to achieve a clear design.

- Take stuff away think about every mark on your chart and ask, Is this necessary to make your point?
- Remove redundancy A headline that reads "Sales vs. Revenue" just repeats the axis labels.
- Limit color and eye travel Color is powerful—and distracting.
- Know how people think The brain works on heuristics. It is important to respect convention — and take advantage of it.
- Describe ideas, not structure Use text, headlines, captions, and other visual markers to highlight ideas or insights rather than to describe the visualization's architecture.
- **Align everything** This simple guideline is supremely effective at creating visual order.

Agenda
Dataviz in past 50

Gestalt Principles
Gestalt Design

Attributes
/isual Encoding

Channels
Expressiveness &

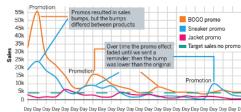
Color for Viz
Color Guidelines
Do's & Don'ts
Color Deficiency

Controlling Color Crafting for Clarity

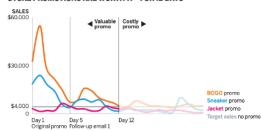
Choosing Chart Type
Practicing Persuation
Steps for Good Charts

### Comparing poor chart and better chart.

#### STORE PROMOTIONS AND SALES OVER TWO-PLUS WEEKS



#### STORE PROMOTIONS ARE WORTH IT—FOR 12 DAYS



oundations of Data Visualization

#### Cheng Peng

Why Visualizat

Dataviz in past 50

Visualization Process

Gestalt Principle

Gestalt De Principles

Attributes

Marke

Channels

- .

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Channels

Color for Viz

Do's & Don'ts

Color Deficienc

Controlling Colo

Crafting for Cla

Choosing Chart Type

Practicing Persu

Guidelines for selecting appropriate chart type.

- **Know the basic categories** The simplest way to begin is to understand your intent.
- **Listen to how you describe things** Find someone to chat with about your data and the idea you want to convey.
- Rely on your workhorses Understand that more specialized and unusual chart types will require more effort on the part of your viewers.
- **Don't forget tables** Sometimes all the individual data points in a set matter more than a trend or what comprises them.
- Good writers are great readers good chart makers are great chart consumers. It is important to find inspiration in others' visualizations to improve you visualizations.

Why Visualization Agenda Dataviz in past 50

Gestalt Principles

Gestalt Design Principles Pre-attentative

Attributes

Visual Encoding

Marks

hannels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Channels

Color for Viz
Color Guidelines
Do's & Don'ts
Color Deficiency

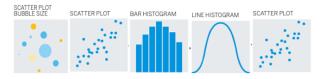
Crafting for Clarity
Choosing Chart Type

hoosing Chart Type racticing Persuation

Practicing Persuation Steps for Good Charts  Comparisons - Some keywords: before/after, categories compare, contrast over time, peaks, rank, trend, types, etc.



 Comparisons and Distributions - Some keywords: alluvial, cluster, distributed, from/to, plotted, points, spread, spread over, relative to, transfer, etc.



oundations of Data Visualization

Cheng Peng

Why Visualization
Agenda

Dataviz in pact 50

Visualization Process
Gestalt Principles
Gestalt Design

Attributes Visual Encoding

Channels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Channels
Color for Viz
Color Guidelines
Do's & Don'ts

Color Deficiency
Controlling Color

Crafting for Clarit

Choosing Chart Type Practicing Persuation

• **Compositions** - Some Keywords: components, divvied up, group, makes up, of the whole, parts, percentage, pieces, portion, proportion, slices, subsections, total, etc.



• Maps, Networks, and Logics - Some keywords: cluster, complex connections, group, hierarchy, if/then, network, organize, paths, places, relationships, routes, structure, space, yes/no, etc.

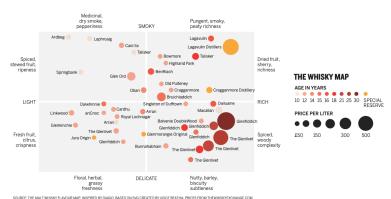


Cheng Peng

Expressiveness &

Choosing Chart Type

**Whisky data** contains information of 42 records of whiskys brands. Six variables including age, cost, character, flavor, and region. Choose an appropriate chart to visualize the data.



SOURCE: THE MALT WHISKY FLAVOUR MAP: INSPIRED BY DIAGIO, BASED ON SVG CREATED BY UISCE BEATHA; PRICES FROM THEWHISKYEXCHANGE.COM

 ${\tt Data\ Source:\ https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pengdsci/sta553/main/DatavizPrinciple/whisky.csv}$ 

oundations of Data Visualization

Cheng Peng

vny visualizatio Igenda

Dataviz in past 50 Years

Gestalt Principles

Gestalt Design Principles

Attributes
Visual Encoding

Channels

Expressiven

Effectiveness More on Channels

Color for Viz

Color Guideline Do's & Don'ts

Color Deficienc

Controlling Color

Crafting for Clarity
Choosing Chart Type

Practicing Persu

Steps for Good Charts

Steps for Good C

The guidelines for building persuasion into your charts.

- Shift the context question before making a chart, asking yourself what you try to say, to whom, and where.
- Emphasize and isolate shine a bright light on the most salient information. Limit the number of places an audience can focus. Move their eyes to where you want them to go.
- Consider your reference points The ultimate form of isolation is to remove any information that doesn't directly support your point. Try to avoid multiple interpretations.
- **Point things out** It doesn't take much to move someone's eyes. Pointers, demarcations, and simple labels signal to an audience what matters.
- Lure Upending expectations can be powerfully persuasive.
   Evidence to the contrary is challenging and will foster discussion: Here's what you think our data looks like; here's how it actually looks.

Agenda
Dataviz in past 50
Years

Visualization Process
Gestalt Principles
Gestalt Design

re-attentative ttributes isual Encoding

Channels

Expressiveness &

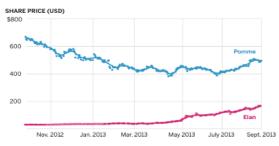
Effectiveness

ore on Channels lor for Viz lor Guidelines

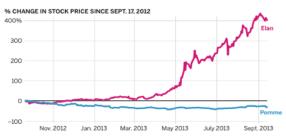
Color Deficiency
Controlling Color
Crafting for Clarity

Choosing Chart Type
Practicing Persuation
Steps for Good Charts

#### ELAN INC. STRONGER THAN POMME CO.



#### **ELAN INC. RISING, POMME CO. EBBING**



undations of Data

#### Cheng Peng

Agenda

Dataviz in past 50

\/:----!:--+!-- D------

Gestalt Principle

Gestalt Des Principles

Attributes

Marks

Channels

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

More on Channels

Color Guidelin

Do's & Don'ts

Controlling Cold

Crafting for Cla

Choosing Chart Type Practicing Persuation

Practicing Persu

**Talk and Listen** - Put aside your data and find someone in the domain to have a conversation to set your context. Address questions like

- Who is this for?
- What do you want them to do after seeing this?
- How will it be displayed?
- If you could show them only one thing, what would it be?
- Will it be surprising or affirming?

**Sketch** - As you're talking, start to sketch possible approaches. Go fast. The key is to keep moving. You want to be generative, creating ideas rapidly. Continue talking through the process, and as new ideas and visual words come up, jot them down.

**Prototype** - Whereas sketching is fast and open, prototyping is a bit slower and more deliberate. Use color purposefully. Sketching is generative; prototyping is iterative. Hone your chart until it approaches good.

Agenda
Dataviz in past 50

Visualization Process

Gestalt Principles
Gestalt Design
Principles

Attributes

Marks

Channels Expressiveness

Expressiveness & Effectiveness

Color for Viz
Color Guidelines
Do's & Don'ts
Color Deficiency
Controlling Color

Controlling Color
Crafting for Clarity
Choosing Chart Type

racticing Persua