# **STA 504 Topic #9**

**Practice Exercise** 

#### Problem 1.

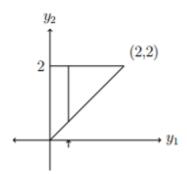
Let  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  be continuous random variables with pdf:

$$f_{Y_1Y_2}(y_1, y_2) = \begin{cases} \frac{3y_1^2}{4}, & \text{if } 0 \le y_1 \le y_2 \le 2. \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Compute the conditional expectation of  $Y_2$  given  $Y_1 = y_1$ .
- (b) Given that  $Y_1 = 1/2$ , what is the expectation of  $Y_2$
- (c). Compute the conditional expectation of Y2 given Y1

#### **Solution:**

The domain of the density function is given by



(a). The marginal density function is given by

$$f_{Y_1}(y_1) = \int_{y_1}^2 \frac{3y_1^2}{4} dy_2 = \frac{3y_1^2(2-y_1)}{4}.$$

Therefore,

$$f_{Y_2|Y_1}(y_2|y_1) = \frac{3y_1^2}{4} / \frac{3y_1^2(2-y_1)}{4} = \frac{1}{2-y_1}.$$

for  $0 \le y_1 \le y_2 \le 2$  and 0, otherwise. The conditional expectation

$$E[Y_2|Y_1=y_1] = \int_{y_1}^2 y_2 \times \frac{1}{2-y_1} dy_2 = \frac{1}{2-y_1} \times \frac{2^2-y_1^2}{2} = \frac{2+y_1}{2}.$$

(b).

$$E[Y_2|Y_1 = 1/2] = \frac{2+1/2}{2} = \frac{5}{4}.$$

(c). As shown in (a),

$$f_{Y_2|Y_1}(y_2|Y_1) = \frac{1}{2 - Y_1}$$

for  $0 \le y_1 \le y_2 \le 2$  and 0, otherwise. Therefore,

$$E[Y_2|Y_1] = \frac{2 + Y_1}{2}$$

### Problem 2.

For the daily output of an industrial operation, let  $Y_1$  denote the amount of sales and  $Y_2$ , the costs, in thousands of dollars. Assume that the density functions for  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  are given by

$$f_1(y_1) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) y_1^3 e^{-y_1}, & y_1 > 0; \\ 0, & y_1 > 0. \end{cases}$$

and

$$f_2(y_2) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)e^{-y_2/2}, & y_2 > 0; \\ 0, & y_2 > 0. \end{cases}$$

The daily profit is given by  $U = Y_1 - Y_2$ .

(1) Find E(U).

**Solution**: Note that the  $Y_1$  is a gamma distribution ( $\alpha = 4, \beta = 1$ ) and  $Y_2$  is an exponential distribution ( $\alpha = 1, \beta = 1/2$ ).

$$E[U] = E[Y_1] - E[Y_2] = 4/1 - 1/(\frac{1}{2}) = 2$$

(2) Assuming that  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  are independent, find V(U).

**Solution**: 
$$E[U] = V[Y_1] - V[Y_2] = \frac{4}{1^2} - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} = 0$$

## Problem 3.

 $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  denoted the lengths of life, in hundreds of hours, for components of types I and II, respectively, in an electronic system. The joint density of  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  is

$$f(y_1, y_2) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) y_1 e^{-(y_1 + y_2)/2}, & y_1 > 0, y_1 > 0; \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

The cost C of replacing the two components depends upon their length of life at failure and is given by  $C = 50 + 2Y_1 + 4Y_2$ .

**(1).** Find E(C) and V(C).

Solution: We first find the two marginal densities.

$$f_1(y_1) = \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) y_1 e^{-(y_1 + y_2)/2} dy_2 = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) y_1 e^{-y_1/2} \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) e^{-y_2/2} dy_2 = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) y_1 e^{-y_1/2}$$

$$f_2(y_2) = \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) y_1 e^{-(y_1 + y_2)/2} dy_1 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) e^{-y_1/2} \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) y_1 e^{-y_1/2} dy_1 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) e^{-y_2/2}$$

Since  $f_1(y_1) \times f_2(y_2) = f(y_1,y_2)$ ,  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  are independent. Note also that  $Y_1$  is a gamma distribution with shape  $\alpha=2$  and scale  $\beta=\frac{1}{2}$  and  $Y_2$  is an exponential with scale,  $\beta=\frac{1}{2}$ . Therefore,  $E[Y_1]=\frac{\alpha}{\beta}=\frac{2}{\frac{1}{2}}=4$ ,  $E[Y_2]=\frac{1}{\beta}=2$ ;  $V[Y_1]=\frac{\alpha}{\beta^2}=\frac{2}{1/4}=8$ , and  $[Y_1]=\frac{1}{\beta^2}=\frac{1}{1/4}=4$ .

Hence,  $E[C] = 50 + 2E[Y_1] + 4E[Y_2] = 50 + 2 \times 4 + 4 \times 2 = 66$ .

(2). Let 
$$U = Y_1 - Y_2$$
 and  $W = Y_1 + Y_2$ . Find  $COV(U, W)$ 

Solution: Note that

$$\begin{aligned} & \textit{COV}(U_1, W_2) = \textit{COV}[Y_1 - Y_2, Y_1 + Y_2] \\ & = \textit{COV}[Y_1, Y_1 + Y_2] - \textit{COV}[Y_2, Y_1 + Y_2] \\ & = \textit{COV}[Y_1, Y_1] + \textit{COV}[Y_1, Y_2] - \textit{COV}[Y_2, Y_1] - \textit{COV}[Y_2, Y_2] \\ & = \textit{V}[Y_1] + \mathbf{0} - \mathbf{0} - \textit{V}[Y_2] = \mathbf{8} - \mathbf{4} = \mathbf{4}. \end{aligned}$$