1. you should always travel: A. At the speed of vehicles in front of you B. At the speed limit C. According to road and weather conditions 2) When passing a vehicle, you should return to your lane when A. You can see both its headlights in your rearview mirror B. You have cleared the front bumper of the passed vehicle C. You are 50 feet in front of the passed vehicle 3. Headlights are required, day or night, when visibility is less than A. 100 feet B. 300 feet C. 500 feet 4. Broken yellow lines (dashes) are used on streets and high ways to: A. Indicate no passing zones

- - B. Separate lanes of traffic moving in the same direction
 - C. Separate lanes of traffic moving in opposite direction
- 5. on an undivided highway when an emergency vehicle approaches with its siren and/or flashing lights on, you should:
 - A. Drive slowly until it has passed
 - B. Speed up to clear traffic
 - C. Pull to the right and stop
- 6. According to the Iowa Implied Consent Law for both resident and nonresident drivers:
 - A. An arrested driver may be asked to submit to a chemical test to determine the alcohol content in his/her blood
 - B. Refusal to submit to chemical testing will result in the driver's dringing privileges being withdrawn
 - C. Both of the above are true
- 7. If the rear of your vehicle is skidding to the left, you should:
 - A. Not turn your steering wheel until you are through skidding
 - B. Turn your steering wheel to the left to correct the skid
 - C. Turn your steering wheel to the right to correct the skid

When driving behind another vehicle on an entrance to a freeway, you should:

A. Be prepared for the other vehicle to slow down

B. Be prepared to enter the same gap of traffic as the other vehicle

C. Not go faster than 20 mph

A flashing red light at an intersection means:

A. Stop and wait for the green light

B. Slow and go with caution

C. Stop and yield the right of way

10. When it is raining, you should be most careful when turning or stopping:

A. After it has been raining all day

B. A half hour after it stops raining

C. During the first half hour of rain

11. Before making a turn, you should:

A. Look to see of other rathing and the stopping are stopping.

A. Look to see of other vehicles and/or pedestrians will be in your way

B. Stop at crosswalk

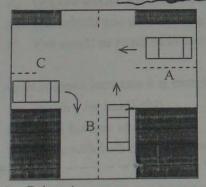
C. Move slightly to the left when turning right and move slightly to the right when turning left

12. The best way to keep your car from hydroplaning (tires riding on top of water) is

- A. Drive at a constant speed
- B. Apply the brakes firmly

C. Keep your speed down

13. Which driver must yield the right of way at this uncontrolled intersection?



- A. Driver A
- B. Driver B
- C. Driver C

14. When preparing to make a left turn from a two-way street, you should drive:

- A. Close to the right hand side of the road
- B. Close to the center line
- C. On the left of the center line

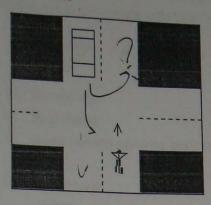
15. In speed zones of 45 mph or less, you must signal your turn continuously the last___feet before turning.

- A. 100 feet
- B. 200 feet
- C. 300 feet

- 16. When changing lanes A. You must yield to vehicles in that lane B. Vehicles in that lane must let you in when you signal C. If there is no space for your car, crowd the lane divider and move in when possible fue - Seconds 17. When driving under normal conditions, you should stay at least A. One second behind the vehicle in front of you B. Two seconds behind the vehicle in front of you C. Three seconds behind the vehicle in front of you 18. You are approaching an intersection and see these pavement markings. What do these pavement markings tell you? A. You may make a right turn only from the right lane B. The two lanes will merge into one C. The vehicle in the right lane must turn right 19. Passing is prohibited when A. You are within 100 feet of an intersection of railroad crossing B. The vehicle you are following has a slow moving vehicle symbol C. You would be required to pass to the right of a left turning vehicle 20. As your speed increases it is most important to A. Put on your headlights
 - B. Look farther ahead
 - C. Drive with both hands on steering wheel
- 21. If you miss your exit on a freeway, you should NOT
 - A. Continue on the freeway and find an alternate route
 - B. Proceed to the next exit where you can re-enter the freeway and reuturn to your proper
- C. Back up the road or shoulder?

 22. Unless a sign is posted, you may turn right at a red light if
 - A. you slow down and proceed with caution
 - B. the street you are turning onto is one-way
 - C. You stop and yield to pedestrians and other vehicles before turning
- 23. The driver of the car and the motorcyclist of bicyclist are approaching each other at the intersection. The driver of the car is planning to turn left. The motorcyclist of bicyclist plans to go on straight-ahead. Who must yield?

- A. Car driver
- B. Motorcyclist or bicyclist
- C. Neither



- 24. Because there is often slow-moving traffic on county highways, you should
 - A. Stay in the left lane and drive at the speed limit
 - B. Be ready to change your speed to the speed of traffic
 - C. Pass slow-moving vehicles on curves if they are slowing down
- 25. If you are on a two-lane highway when meeting an oncoming school bus with its amber (yellow) warning lights flashing, you must:
 - A. Continue as usual
 - B. Slow to 20 mph and prepare to stop
 - C. Stop at least 10 feet from the front of the school bus
- 26. This sign means:



- A. Stop before the crosswalk and yield to pedestrians and cross traffic
- B. Stop and proceed before cross traffic
- C. Slow down and be prepared to stop
- 27. A sign with this shape and color tells you



- A. You may not enter this road from this direction
- B. You are going in the wrong direction
- The road ahead is closed to all traffic
- 28. A sign with this shape and color means:



A. Car on the right goes first

- B. You have the right of way
- C. Let cross traffic go by first
- 29. This color sign (orange) tells you



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- A. Do not enter
- B. Stop ahead
- C. Road construction or maintenance
- 30. This sign means



- A. Divided high way ahead
- B. Right lane ends ahead
- C. Watch for vehicles entering from the side
- 31. A sign with this color and shape means
 - A. Watch for pedestrian crossing street
 - B. School zone or school crossing
 - C. Signal controlled crossing ahead
- 32. When you see this sign you should

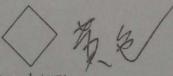


A. Watch for traffic to the right

B. Merge left

C. No left turn

33. A sign with this shape and color is used for



- A. Regulatory
- B. Warning
- C. Guide

34. The shape of this sign tells you it is a



- A. Yield right of way sign
- B. School crossing sign
- C. No passing sign
- 35. This symbol is used for
 - A. Dangerous intersections
- B. Slow-moving vehicles
 - C. Yield right of way signs



- 1. CACCC 6. CBACC 11. ACBBA 16. ABAAB
- 21. CCABB 26. AACCA 31. BABCB