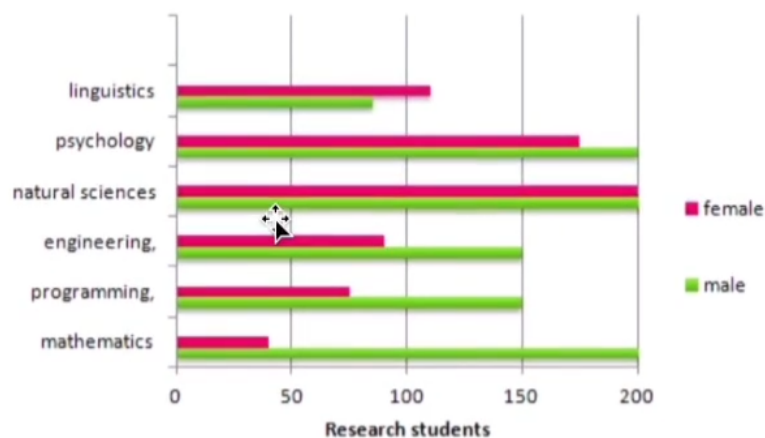


The bar chart below shows the number of research students studying different subjects in 2005.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.



The bar chart presents the distribution about number of students studying different subjects in 2005. The plot is depicted from two aspects: gender and subjects. Subjects include linguistics, psychology, natural sciences, engineering, programming, and mathematics.

Overall, there are more male students than counterpart in most subjects. The most studied subjects is natural sciences and the least one is linguistics. Considering male students, the most studied subjects is mathematics and the least one is linguistics. For female students, the most one is natural sciences and the least is mathematics.

In natural sciences, there are equal number of students in terms of gender, while the subject of mathematics shows extremely gap. Specifically, number of male students achieves 200 while the counterpart reaches out about 40. The same situation exists in engineering, psychology, and programming. Number of male students outperforms female students in all subjects except for linguistics, where the number outperforms 150 and in linguistics the number is less than 100. We can draw the conclusion that male students prefer to study mathematics natural sciences and psychology and female students prefer to study natural sciences, linguistics and psychology.