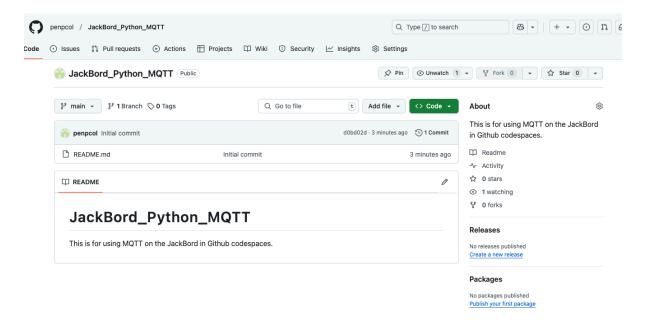
# Using MQTT With the JackBord from Github Codespaces

11 March 2025

### 1.0 General

In this exercise we will use the <a href="https://github.com/penpcol/JackBord\_Python\_MQTT">https://github.com/penpcol/JackBord\_Python\_MQTT</a> Github repository to use MQTT to interact with the JackBord.

## 2.0 Create the New Repository

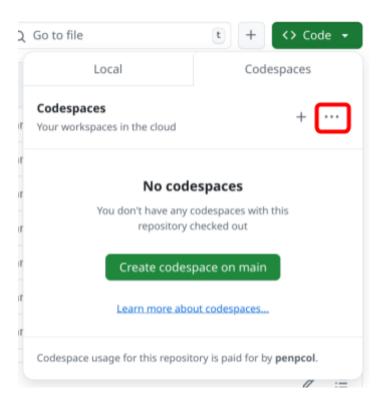


# 3.0 Add a Codespace

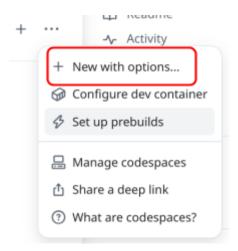
Now we need to create a codespace to use in the repository. From the repositories main page click the **Code** button.

Next we need to create a codespace for the repository so we can use it.

To do this click on the green **Code** button, on the right of the page, and choose the Codespaces tab.



Then click the ... dots menu, shown in the red box. You will see this:



Now select + New with options.

### Create codespace for penpcol/JackBord\_Python\_MQTT

| Branch This branch will be checked out on creation    | °°9 main ▼       |
|---|------------------|
| Region Your codespace will run in the selected region | Southeast Asia ▼ |
| Machine type Resources for your codespace             | 4-core ▼         |
|   | Create codespace |

Set the following values:

Branch Main

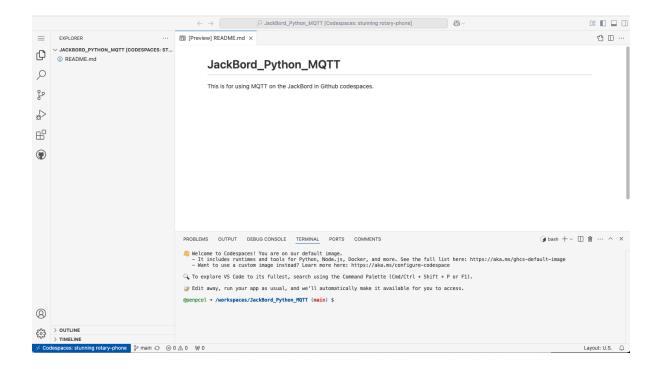
Region Leave at default value

Machine type 4-core

**Note:** You need the 4-core version to run Ollama properly as it has 16G of RAM.

Click Create codespace.

It may take some time to get setup but when its done it should look something like this:



By default it shows you the repository Readme file.

### 3.2 Add a New Python Program File

Now we need to add a new Python file to hold our code. When you run your mouse over the explorer on the left you should see these icons at the top appear.



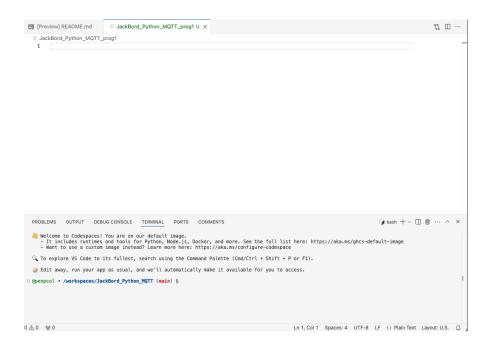
Click on the New File icon shown below:



Give it a name and press Enter:



On the right you should see a new tab with the filename you provided as its name. This is where we will edit the code.



Paste the code below into the new editor window:

```
```python
0.00
  JackBord Mqtt Receiver.py
  11 March 2025 > This is for use with the JackBord BASIC, PRO or Virtual.
      It connects to the JackBord MQTT Server using your JackBords profile
credentials
      and listens to the PID/# mqtt topic for data from your JackBord.
       Where PID is the JackBords dashboard profile ID.
      Mqtt messages sent to and from the JackBord are visable in the terminal.
  NOTE: You need to get the unique credentials for your JackBord as stated
         in the repository readme.
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
import paho.mgtt.client as mgtt
import uuid
import ssl
import time
import re
# MQTT broker configuration
dest_broker = "wsa.jackbord.org"
dest port = 443 # Secure WSS port
MQTT Credentials from the Dashboard.
  eg from the JB BASIC Helper page URL:
      https://jb.works/basic?pid=Your pid&qtid=your id&pw=your pw&
jb pid = "your pid"
```

```
jb username = "your id"
jb password = "your pw"
# My Virtual JackBord
jb pid = "10GT"
jb_username = "113568327219567611054"
jb_password = "176642e451"
  JackBord MQTT Topics
       We will subscribe to these topics.
# JackBord Command Topic: Send commands to this topic.
jb_cmd_topic = jb_pid + "/cmd"
# jprint Topic: Has print output from the command line.
jprint topic = jb pid + "/jprint"
# data Topic: Has the state of the pins.
data topic = jb pid + "/data"
# po Topic: Shows the output of your program in the Print Tab.
po_topic = jb_pid + "/po"
# List to store new messages
message_queue = []
# Message to send when our program stops.
exitprog_message = "exitprog"
  Setup the MQTT Server Connection
# Define the callback function for connection
def on connect(client, userdata, flags, rc):
  if rc == 0:
       print("Connected to broker, on standby")
       # Subscribe the JackBord Topics
       client.subscribe(jb_cmd_topic)
       client.subscribe(jprint_topic)
       client.subscribe(data topic)
       client.subscribe(po topic)
       print(f"Subscribed to topics.")
       # Send a hi command to the JB when we connect
       send jb command("hi")
  else:
      print(f"Connection failed with code {rc}")
  Get New MQTT Messages
       This function is called when a new mqtt message is received.
       To keep things fast it will add the new message to a
       message que list variable called message_queue and exit.
       We will deal with the new messages later.
def on message(client, userdata, msg):
   # Declare as global variable
  global message counter
```

```
# Decode the message payload
  message = msg.payload.decode('utf-8')
   # Display the new message from the JackBord
  print(f"NEW>{message counter}> Topic [{msg.topic}]\nMessage [{message}]")
   # Append the new message to the message queue
  message_queue.append(message)
  # Inc the message_counter
  message\_counter += 1
# Define the callback function for disconnection
def on_disconnect(client, userdata, rc):
  print("Disconnected from broker")
# Send a New Command to the cmd topic
def send jb command( command):
  print(f"Send comamnd [{command}]")
   # Publish the command to the /cmd topic >
  client.publish(jb_cmd_topic, command)
# Connect to the MQTT Server
# Create an MQTT client instance
client id = str(uuid.uuid4())
client = mqtt.Client(client id=client id, transport='websockets',
protocol=mqtt.MQTTv311)
# Set username and password
client.username pw set(jb username, jb password)
# Assign the on_connect and on_disconnect callback functions
client.on connect = on connect
client.on disconnect = on disconnect
client.on_message = on_message
# Configure SSL/TLS
ssl_context = ssl.create_default_context()
client.tls_set_context(ssl_context)
# Connect to the broker using WSS
client.ws_set options(path="/mqtt")
# if the server uses a self-signed certificate, use this line carefully
client.tls insecure set(True)
# Start the MQTT client loop
client.connect(dest broker, dest port)
client.loop start()
# Message Counter: Tracks the number of messges we received.
message_counter = 0
# Wait for New MQTT Messages in a loop
try:
  while True:
       # Process new MQTT messages on the message queue
       while message_queue:
           # Get the first message in the queue
           new_message = message_queue.pop(0)
```

```
# print(f"Process message: [{new_message}]]")
    # Add any additional processing logic here

# Do other stuff in the main prog loop.
    print(f'Message count [{message_counter}]')

# Delay so we dont load the system too much.
    time.sleep(1)

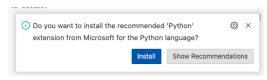
# Exit the program Loop.
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    print("Exiting program. Good bye")

# Send a final command to the JB before we disconnect.
send_jb_command(exitprog_message)

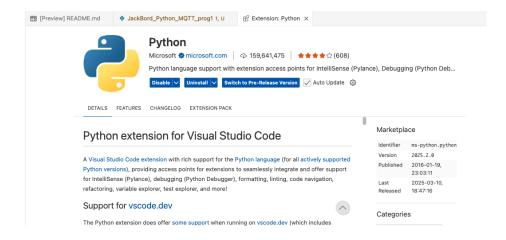
# Stop the MQTT client loop and disconnect
client.loop_stop()
client.disconnect()
```

### 3.21 Install the Recommended Python

When you paste the code into the window you may see a popup like the one below. If you do click **Install**, this installs the required Python extension for Visual Code.



When done it should look like this:

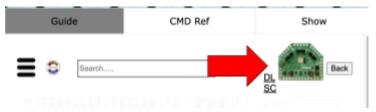


You can close this window.

# 3.3 Getting Your MQTT Credentials from the Dashboard

Before the program will work you need to get the credentials from the dashboard you are using with your Virtual JackBord.

On the dashboard of your running Virtual JB click the JackBord BASIC icon on the top right.



Once the new browser tab is open look at the URL in the address bar. In our case it was like this:

```
https://jb.works/basic?pid=10GT&qtid=113568327219567611054&pw=176642e451&
```

The information you need for the program is as follows:

```
jb_pid = "your pid"
jb_username = "your id"
jb password = "your pw"
```

If we fill in the variables based on the URL we got they will look like this (yours will be different):

```
# My Virtual JackBord
jb_pid = "10GT"
jb_username = "113568327219567611054"
jb password = "176642e451"
```

Note where each of the values resides in the URL.

### 3.4 Installing paho

Next we need to install the paho mqtt library using pip. At the terminal type:

#### pip install paho-mqtt

Paho will be installed and once done you should see this:

```
• @penpcol → /workspaces/JackBord Python MQTT (main) $ pip install paho-mqtt
Collecting paho-mqtt
Downloading paho_mqtt-2.1.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (23 kB)
Downloading paho_mqtt-2.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (67 kB)
Installing collected packages: paho-mqtt
Successfully installed paho-mqtt-2.1.0
```

### 3.5 Run the Program

Make sure you have saved the code and then run it by clicking on the **Run** button at the top right of the editor window.

You should see something like this in the terminal:

```
Subscribed to topics.
Send comamnd [hi]
NEW>0> Topic [10GT/cmd]
Message [hi]
Message count [1]
NEW>1> Topic [10GT/jprint]
Message [Hello from 10GT

(c) JackBord Works Ltd
]
Message count [2]
Message count [2]
```

The program starts by sending hi to the JackBord and it responds with:

```
Hello from 10GT
(c) JackBord Works Ltd
```

You can see the hi command was sent on the cmd topic and the reply came from the JB on the jprint topic.

### 3.6 Try the vs Command

Modify the program so that it will send the  ${\bf vs}$  command using the send comamnd() function.

```
In the code add the line below after the original
    # Send a hi command to the JB when we connect
    send_jb_command("hi")
Line:
```

```
# Get the status
send jb command("vs")
```

The new code should look like this:

| 80  | <pre>print(f"Subscribed to topics.")</pre> |                                               |
|-----|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 81  |                                            |                                               |
| 82  |                                            | # Send a hi command to the JB when we connect |
| 83  |                                            | send_jb_command("hi")                         |
| 84  |                                            |                                               |
| 85  |                                            | # Get the status                              |
| 86  |                                            | send_jb_command("vs")                         |
| 0.7 | _   '                                      |                                               |

Save and run the updated code.

Stop the program if its currently running: If the program is already running stop it.

You should get this when you run it:

```
NEW>3> Topic [10GT/jprint]
Message [
0> VVVVVVVV Virtual JackBord Status VVVVVVVV
```

```
SW ver : 5.0.83 HW ver 0
Fact ID : 10GT
Pro ID: 10GT (use for jallow, sync, src)
Uptime : 2 h 128 m 7714 s
BBBBBBBB JackBord BASIC Status BBBBBBBBB
sw ver : 0
Temp : 0.00 C
Light : 0 Lux
MAC
READY : 1
Ping
Ping : 20
Uptime : 0
Ping dly: 0 msecs
Auto off : after 5 mins of inactivity. Set with pofft mins
**** Prog Status ****
Active
       : 10
Run at Boot : 0 \ 0 = none
Exe : 0
Date & Time : 11/3/2025 15:18:28 (Get more with gdt command)
*** Data Logging ***
Logging : 0
Interval : 60 secs
Sample no : 0/1000
NO Dataset
END
]
```

# Add DeepSeek

```
DeepSeek_Version1.py

This version uses DeepSeek AI Model.

11 March 2025 > This is for use with the JackBord BASIC, PRO or Virtual.

It connects to the JackBord MQTT Server using your JackBords profile credentials

and listens to the PID/# mqtt topic for data from your JackBord.
```

```
Where PID is the JackBords dashboard profile ID.
      Mqtt messages sent to and from the JackBord are visable in the terminal.
  NOTE: You need to get the unique credentials for your JackBord as stated
          in the repository readme.
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
import paho.mqtt.client as mqtt
import uuid
import ssl
import time
import re
# Ollama Libraries
from ollama import chat
from ollama import ChatResponse
# MQTT broker configuration >>>>>>>
dest broker = "wsa.jackbord.org"
dest port = 443 # Secure WSS port
MQTT Credentials from the Dashboard. >>>>>>>
  eg from the JB BASIC Helper page URL:
       https://jb.works/basic?pid=Your pid&qtid=your id&pw=your pw&
jb pid = "your pid"
jb_username = "your id"
jb_password = "your pw"
# My Virtual JackBord
jb pid = "10GT"
jb username = "113568327219567611054"
jb_password = "176642e451"
  JackBord MQTT Topics
      We will subscribe to these topics.
# JackBord Command Topic > Send commands to this topic.
jb_cmd_topic = jb_pid + "/cmd"
# jprint Topic > Has print output from the command line.
jprint_topic = jb_pid + "/jprint"
# data Topic > Has the state of the pins.
data_topic = jb_pid + "/data"
# po Topic > Shows the output of your program in the Print Tab.
po topic = jb pid + "/po"
# List to store new messages >>>>>>>>>
message queue = []
# Message to send when our program stops.
exitprog message = "exitprog"
  Setup the MQTT Server Connection
# Define the callback function for connection
def on connect(client, userdata, flags, rc):
  if rc == 0:
       print("Connected to broker, on standby")
```

```
# Subscribe the JackBord Topics >>>>>>
     client.subscribe(jb cmd topic)
     client.subscribe(jprint_topic)
     client.subscribe(data topic)
     client.subscribe(po topic)
     print(f"Subscribed to topics.")
     # Send a hi command to the JB when we connect
     send_jb_command("hi")
     # Get the status
     send_jb_command("vs")
  else:
     print(f"Connection failed with code {rc}")
  This function is called when a new mqtt message is received.
     To keep things fast it will add the new message to a
     message que list variable called message_queue and exit.
     We will deal with the new messages later.
def on_message(client, userdata, msg):
  # Declare as global variable
  global message_counter
  message = msg.payload.decode('utf-8')
  print(f"NEW>{message counter}> Topic [{msg.topic}]\nMessage [{message}]")
  message queue.append(message)
  # Inc the message_counter
  message counter += 1
# Define the callback function for disconnection
def on disconnect(client, userdata, rc):
  print("Disconnected from broker")
# Send a New Command to the cmd topic >>>>>>
def send jb command( command):
  print(f"Send comamnd [{command}]")
  client.publish(jb cmd topic, command)
# Connect to the MQTT Server >>>>>>>>
# Create an MQTT client instance
client id = str(uuid.uuid4())
client = mqtt.Client(client id=client id, transport='websockets',
protocol=mqtt.MQTTv311)
# Set username and password
client.username_pw_set(jb_username, jb_password)
```

```
# Assign the on connect and on disconnect callback functions
client.on_connect = on_connect
client.on_disconnect = on_disconnect
client.on message = on message
# Configure SSL/TLS
ssl_context = ssl.create_default_context()
client.tls_set_context(ssl_context)
# Connect to the broker using WSS
client.ws_set_options(path="/mqtt")
# if the server uses a self-signed certificate, use this line carefully
client.tls insecure set(True)
# Start the MQTT client loop
client.connect(dest broker, dest_port)
client.loop start()
# Message Counter > Tracks the number of messges we received.
message counter = 0
# Ask Deepseek a Question >>>>>>>>>
def ask deepseek( question ):
       print (f"ASK DeepSeek Q[{question}]")
       response: ChatResponse = chat(model='deepseek-r1:1.5b', messages=[
           'role': 'user',
           'content': question,
       },
       # print(response['message']['content'])
       # or access fields directly from the response object
       # print(response.message.content)
       # return the anser
       return(response.message.content)
# Wait for New MQTT Messages in a loop >>>>>>>
try:
   while True:
       # Process new MQTT messages on the message queue
       while message queue:
           # Get the first message in the queue
           new message = message queue.pop(0)
           # print(f"Process message: [{new message}]")
           # Add any additional processing logic here >>>>>
       # Do other stuff in the main prog loop.
       print(f'Message count [{message counter}]')
       # Delay so we dont load the system too much.
       time.sleep(1)
       answer = ask deepseek('Why is the sky blue?')
       print (f"Answer [{answer}]")
```

```
# Exit the program Loop. >>>>>>>>
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    print("Exiting program. Good bye.")

# Send a final command to the JB before we disconnect.
send_jb_command(exitprog_message)

# Stop the MQTT client loop and disconnect
client.loop_stop()
client.disconnect()
```