Advanced Programming with Python connecting to databases

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Plan for today

SQLAlchemy



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- SQLAlchemy
- Connecting to Databases



SQLAlchemy

SQLAlchemy is a Python library to interact with SQL databases. It is included in Anaconda.



The entry point to SQLAlchemy is the engine. It allows us to specify where is our database, and how do we connect to it.



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SQLite

The database we're going to use ourselves is called SQLite. It's a good database for testing purposes, and local storage, since all data is contained on a single file



In order to create an engine, we need to import the create_engine function. from sqlalchemy import create_engine



Then, we can specify how do we connect to our DB. In our case we just specify the file, but we would need to specify server, host, port, username, pass in other database engines.

```
from sqlalchemy import create_engine
engine = create_engine("sqlalchemy://paypalme.db")
```



SQLAlchemy. Connection

With the engine, we specify how does one connect to the underlying DB, but we don't yet create the connection. In order to create the connection, we need to call engine.connect()



SQLAlchemy. Connection

Something very important is that, as with files, the connection must be always closed. So we can either:

```
from sqlalchemy import create_engine
engine = create_engine("sqlalchemy:///paypalme.db")
connection = engine.connect()
# more interesting stuff
connection.close()
```



SQLAlchemy. Connection

```
from sqlalchemy import create_engine
engine = create engine("sqlalchemy://paypalme.db")
with engine.connect() as connection:
    # more interesting stuff
    pass
# connection.close() Not needed anymore, `with` closes it auto
```

Or we can use a with block! (this is what we usually do)

SQLAlchemy. Fetching data

Finally, once we have the connection, we can start executing SQL queries!

```
# ...
query = "SELECT * FROM invoices"
invoices = connection.execute(query)
for invoice in invoices
    print(invoice[0]) # Results are represented as Python tup
```



Example

Let's explore our data!



Exercise

Exercise 1

Let's implement login in paypalme using databases!



Exercise

Exercise 2

In the private area, show the transactions for the logged user.



Exercise

Exercise 3

Make it possible to create new transactions! Create a form at the bottom of the private area that receives the data for the transaction and shop.

