



ECMAScript 2015:ES6

EGCI427-Lecture05

Reference: Teppei Sato, "Effective ES6", Cybozu, Inc., Tokyo, Japan, 21 Aug, 2015

Example: No classs

No Class

```
function Person(name) {  
  this.name = name;  
}  
  
Person.prototype.greet = function() {  
  console.log("Hello, I'm " + this.name);  
};  
  
var bob = new Person("Bob");  
bob.greet();  
// "Hello, I'm Bob"
```

If you miss "new", dangerous!

```
function Person(name) {  
  this.name = name;  
}  
  
// Oh! You forget `new`  
var bob = Person("Bob");  
console.log(bob); // undefined  
// Global leak!!!!!!!!!!!!  
console.log(window.name); // "Bob"
```

- <https://kangax.github.io/compat-table/es6/>

[illegible]

Transpiler and polyfill

- ▶ **ES6 Transpiler:**
 - ▶ Source code converter from ES6 to ES5/ES3
- ▶ **ES6 Polyfill:**
 - ▶ Library to provide ES6 built-in classes, functions and objects for ES5/ES3

Babel

- ▶ The most compatible (71%) ES6 transpiler
- ▶ Integrated with core-js (polyfill library)

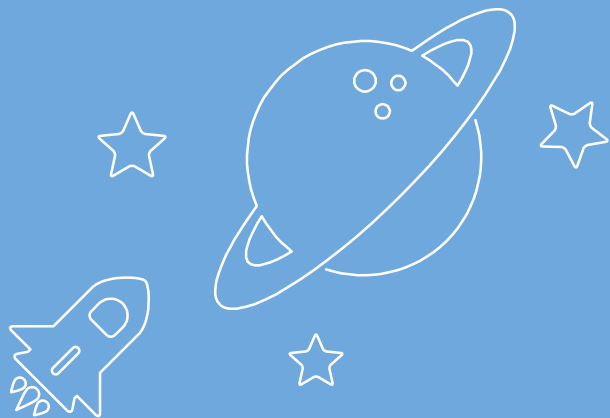
ES6 NEW FEATURES

- ▶ New syntax
- ▶ New built-in classes and objects
- ▶ Improvement of existing classes

ES6 FEATURES: NEW SYNTAX

NEW SYNTAX

- Arrow Function
- Classes
- Modules
- Block Scope (let/const)
- Extended Object Literal
- Default Params
- Rest Params
- Spread Operator
- Destructuring
- Iterator
- Generator
- Template Literal
- Tail Call Optimization



ARROW FUNCTION

ARROW FUNCTION

// ES5 old function

```
var add = function(a, b) {  
  return a + b; };  
console.log(add(1,2));
```

// ES6 arrow function!

```
var add = (a, b) => {  
  return a + b; };  
console.log(add(1,2));
```

//ES6

```
var add = (a, b) => a + b;  
console.log(add(1,2));
```

```
var square=n=>n*n;  
console.log(square(2));
```

// good for array filter chains

```
var result = [1, 2, 3, 4].filter(n => n % 2 ===  
0).map(n => n * n);  
console.log(result);
```


'this' and 'self'

//ES5

```
var john = {  
  name: "John",  
  helloLater: function() {  
    // save `this` as `self`  
    var self = this;  
    setTimeout(function() {  
      // `this` is not available. use `self`.  
      console.log("Hello, I'm " + self.name);  
    }, 1000);  
  }  
}  
  
john.helloLater();  
// "Hello, I'm John" after 1sec
```

//ES6

```
let john = {  
  name: "John",  
  helloLater: function() {  
    // use arrow function  
    setTimeout(  
      () => {  
        // `this` is available here!  
        console.log("Hello, I'm " + this.name);  
      }, 1000);  
  }  
}  
  
john.helloLater();  
// "Hello, I'm John" after 1sec
```

Classes

//ES5

```
function Person(name) {  
    this.name = name;  
}  
Person.prototype.greet = function() {  
    console.log("Hello, I'm " + this.name);  
};  
var bob = new Person("Bob");  
bob.greet();  
// "Hello, I'm Bob"
```

//ES6

```
class Person {  
    constructor(name) {  
        this.name = name;  
    }  
    greet() {  
        console.log("Hello, I'm " + this.name);  
    }  
}  
var bob = new Person("Bob");  
bob.greet();
```

Class Inheritance

//ES6

```
class Person {  
  constructor(name) {  
    this.name = name;  
  }  
  greet() {  
    console.log("Hello, I'm " + this.name);  
  }  
}  
  
class Programmer extends Person {  
  constructor(name, language) {  
    super(name);  
    this.language = language;  
  }  
  greet() {  
    super.greet();  
    console.log("I like " + this.language);  
  }  
}
```

```
var bob = new Programmer("Bob", "JavaScript");  
bob.greet();  
// "Hello, I'm Bob"  
// "I like JavaScript"
```

Block Scope (let/const)

```
//es5
function foo() {
  var num=1;
  // ... too many statements
  if (num == 1) {
    // same scope! overwrite above
    `num`!
    var num = 2;
    // .. some process
  }
  console.log(num);
  // 2 !!!
}
foo();
```

```
//es6
function foo() {
  let num=1;
  // ... too many statements
  if (num==1) {
    // different scope!
    let num=2;
  }
  console.log(num);
  // 1
}
foo()a
```

Block Scope (let/const)

```
//es5
function foo() {
  var num=1;
  // ... too many statements
  if (num == 1) {
    // same scope! overwrite above
    `num`!
    var num = 2;
    // .. some process
  }
  console.log(num);
  // 2 !!!
}
foo();
```

```
//es6
function foo() {
  let num=1;
  // ... too many statements
  if (num==1) {
    // different scope!
    let num=2;
  }
  console.log(num);
  // 1
}
foo()a
```

Block Scope (let/const)

//es6

```
const foo = 1;
```

```
foo = 100; // Error!
```

```
const foo = 1000; // Error!
```

```
// properties are mutable
```

```
const obj = {};
```

```
obj.foo = 1; // No error
```

Default Parameters

Incorrect default params

//es5

```
function add(a, b) {  
  // if "a" is 0, 1 is assigned to "a".  
  a=a || 1;  
  b=b || 2;  
  return a + b;  
}  
let result = add(0, 0); // 1 + 2 = 3  
console.log(result);
```

//es6

```
// default value for each param  
function add(a = 1, b = 2) {  
  return a + b;  
}  
console.log(add()); // 1 + 2 = 3  
console.log(add(0)); // 0 + 2 = 2  
console.log(add(undefined, 0)); // 1 + 0 = 1  
console.log(add(0, 0)); // 0 + 0 = 0
```

Rest Parameters

//es5

```
function foo(first, second) {  
  console.log("first:", first);  
  console.log("second:", second);  
  // arguments is an ArrayLike, not an  
  Array.  
  var rest =  
    Array.prototype.slice.call(arguments, 2);  
  console.log("rest:", rest);  
}  
  
foo(1, 2, 3, 4, 5);  
// first: 1  
// second: 2  
// rest: [3, 4, 5]
```

//es6

```
function foo(first, second, ...rest) {  
  console.log("first:", first);  
  console.log("second:", second);  
  console.log("rest:", rest);  
}  
  
foo(1, 2, 3, 4, 5);  
// first: 1  
// second: 2  
// rest: [3, 4, 5]
```


Destructuring

//es6

```
let match = /(\d{4})(\d{2})(\d{2})/.exec("20151231");  
// match: [2015151231, 2015, 12, 31]  
let [, year, month, day] = match;  
console.log(year, month, day); // 2015 12 31
```

//es6

```
let {name: a, age: b} = {name: "Bob", age: 20};  
console.log(a, b); // "Bob" 20
```

// shorthand

```
let {name, age} = {name: "Bob", age: 20};  
console.log(name, age); // "Bob" 20
```

Template Literal

//es5

// concat with variables

```
var name = 'Bob';
```

```
var str = "Hello, I'm " + name + ".";
```

// create multiple lines

```
var multi = ["line1", "line2", "line3"].join("\n");
```

```
console.log(multi);
```

//es6

// interpolation

```
var name = 'Bob';
```

```
var str = `Hello, I'm ${name}.`;
```

// multiple lines

```
var multi = `line1 line2 line3`;
```

```
console.log(multi);
```

Extended Object Literal

//es6

```
let foo=1;
```

```
let bar=2;
```

// shorthand

```
let obj = {foo, bar};
```

```
// same as: {foo: foo, bar: bar};
```

```
console.log(obj)
```

//es6

```
let foo=1;
```

```
let bar=2;
```

```
let prefix = 'foo';
```

```
let obj = {
```

```
  // computed property
```

```
  [prefix + 'abc']: 1,
```

```
  // method definition without "function" keyword
```

```
  foo() {
```

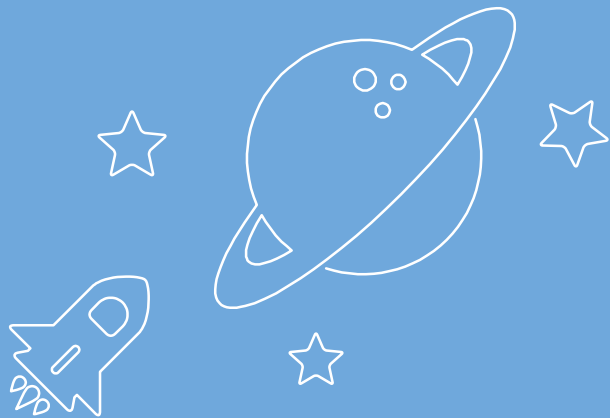
```
    console.log('foo!');
```

```
  }
```

```
};
```

```
console.log(obj['fooabc'])
```

```
console.log(obj.foo())
```



New built-in classes and objects

New built-in classes and objects

- ▶ Promise
- ▶ Map
- ▶ Set
- ▶ WeakMap/WeakSet
- ▶ TypedArray
- ▶ Symbol
- ▶ Proxy/Reflect

Promise

//es5

```
function asyncTask(a, b, callback) {  
  // ...some async task  
  if (error) {  
    callback(error);  
  }else{  
    callback(null, result);  
  }  
}  
asyncTask(1, 2, function(error, result) {  
  if (error) {  
    // ...error handling  
  }  
  console.log(result);  
});
```

//es6

```
function asyncTask(a, b, callback) {  
  // ...some async task  
  return new Promise((resolve, reject) => { if (error) {  
    {  
      reject(error);  
    }else{  
      resolve(result);  
    }  
  });  
}  
asyncTask(1, 2).then(result => {  
  console.log(result);  
}).catch(error => {  
  // ...error handling  
});
```

Map/Set

//es5

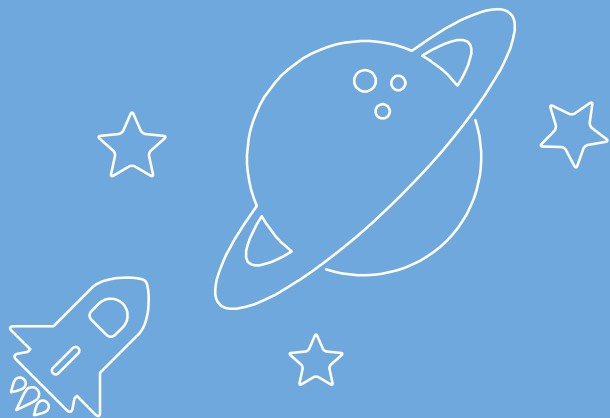
```
var obj = {};  
var key = "toString";  
obj[key] = "value1";  
String(obj);  
// TypeError: can't convert obj to string
```

//es5

```
var key1 = {name: "key1"};  
var key2 = {name: "key2"};  
var obj = {};  
obj[key1] = "value1";  
obj[key2] = "value2";  
console.log(obj[key1]);  
// "value2"  
console.log(Object.keys(obj));  
// ["[object Object]"]
```

//es6

```
let map = new Map();  
map.set("toString", "value1");  
map.get("toString"); // "value1"  
var result = String(map); // "[object Map]"  
console.log(map.get("toString"));  
console.log(map);  
console.log(result);
```



Improvement of existing classes

Improvement of existing classes

- ▶ String
- ▶ RegExp
- ▶ Array
- ▶ Object
- ▶ Math
- ▶ Number

Object

//ES6

```
var target = {a: 1, b: 2};
```

```
var s1 = {b: 3, c: 4};
```

```
var s2 = {c: 5, d: 6};
```

```
var ret = Object.assign(target, s1,  
s2);
```

```
console.log(target); // {a: 1, b: 3, c:  
5, d: 6}
```

Spread Operator

//es5

```
var arr = ['a', 'b', 'c'];  
for (var i in arr) {  
  if (arr.hasOwnProperty(i)) {  
    console.log("No. "+i+", value: "+arr[i]);  
  }  
}  
// '0'  
// '1'  
// '2'
```

//es6

```
for (let n of ['a', 'b', 'c']) {  
  console.log(n);  
}  
// 'a'  
// 'b'  
// 'c'  
//es6
```

// Spread Operator

```
console.log([... "abcd"]);  
// Array ["a", "b", "c", "d"]
```

// Destructure Assignment

```
[a, b] = "xy";  
console.log("a: "+a+", b: "+b);
```

```
console.log(Array.from("123"));  
// Array [ "1", "2", "3" ]
```