

# **HARTING** Pushing Performance

2 The Application Level Events (ALE) Vendor Specification

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# 164 List of Abbreviations

165	AC	Access Control
166	ALE	Application Level Events
167	API	Application Programming Interface
168	CC	Command Cycle
169	DNS	Domain Name System
170	EC	Event Cycle
171	EPC	Electronic Product Code
172	HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
173	IP	Internet Protocol
174	ISO	International Organization for Standardization
175	LLRP	Low Level Reader Protocol
176	LR	Logical Reader
177	PC	Port Cycle
178	RFC	Request for Comments
179	RNG	Random Number Generator
180	RTC	Real Time Clock
181	SQL	Structured Query Language
182	TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
183	TID	Transponder Identifier
184	TM	Tag Memory
185	URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
186	URL	Uniform Resource Locator
187	XML	Extensible Markup Language
188	XSD	XML Schema Definition

# 189 1 Introduction

- 190 This document specifies vendor extensions and implementation specific
- 191 behavior of the ALE HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG
- 192 Vendor implementation of the ALE 1.1.1 standard specification.

# 193 2 ALE Vendor Interfaces

The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor specification for ALE defines two additional interfaces, as defined below.

Interface	Description	Normative section of this document
Digital Input and Output API	An interface through which clients may cause operation to be performed on digital inputs and outputs.	Section 9

Table 1: ALE Vendor APIs

#### 196

#### 197 2.1 UML Notation for APIs

198 See Section 4.1 of the ALE specification document.

# 199 2.2 Version Introspection Methods

- 200 Each of the two HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG Vendor
- 201 APIs includes a pair of methods having the following signature:

```
202   ---
203   getStandardVersion() : String
204   getVendorVersion() : String
```

This ALE vendor implementation implements these methods for the Vendor APIs as specified in the following table:

Method	Description
getStandardVersion	Returns a string that identifies what version of the specification this implementation of the API complies with. The possible values for this string are defined by HART-ING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG. The implementation returns a string corresponding to a version of this specification to which the API implementation fully complies, and returns the string corresponding to the latest version to which it complies. To indicate compliance with this version 1.1 of the ALE specification, the implementation returns the string 1.1.
getVendorVersion	Returns a string that identifies what vendor extensions of the API this implementation provides. This implementation returns a non-empty string. The value returned is a URI where this ALE implementation is the owning authority. This URI is a HTTP URL which leads to a copy of this document.

Table 2: Version Interface Methods

208 For the five standard ALE APIs see section 4.3 of the ALE specification 209 document.

# 210 **2.3 Classes Common to the Reading, Writing and Digital Input and Output APIs**

The following six classes are used by all three the Reading API, the Writing API and the Digital Input and Output API. While their names begin with EC prefix used for Reading API classes, they should be understood as belonging equally to the Reading API, the Writing API and the Digital Input and Output API.

Class	Specified in Section of ALE specification Document
ECTime	8.2.2
ECTimeUnit	8.2.3
ECTrigger	8.2.4
ECFilterListMember	8.2.8
ECReaderStat	8.3.10

Table 3: List of Common ALE Classes

Class	Specified in Section of this Vendor specification Document
ECSightingSignalStat	5.2.3

Table 4: List of Common Vendor Classes

## 219 **2.4 Scoping of Names**

- 220 See section 4.6 of the ALE specification document.
- 221 The following table enumerates additional namespaces that are implied by
- 222 this Vendor-Extension.

Namespace	Section	Scope
PCSpec name	9	Global
PCReport	9.2.3	Enclosing PCSpec

Table 5: List of Namespacess

## 223

# **3 ALE Concepts and Principles of Operation**

- 225 This section describes the concepts and principles of operation that underlie
- 226 the specification of the ALE Digital Input and Output API. See also section
- 227 5 of the ALE specification document.

## **228 3.1 Port Cycles**

- 229 A port cycle is the smallest unit of interaction between an ALE client and an
- 230 ALE implementation through the ALE Digital Input and Output API. A port
- 231 cycle is an interval of time during which operations performed on ports. At
- 232 the conclusion of a port cycle, a report is sent to the ALE client containing
- 233 information about what events cause the operations and what the results
- 234 were.
- 235 As in an event cycle, the ALE client specifies when a port cycle starts and
- 236 stops. During the port cycle, the ALE implementation uses one or more
- 237 readers to operate on ports when a tag falls within the detection zone of a
- 238 reader or a trigger event occurred.
- 239 The interaction between an ALE client and an ALE implementation through
- 240 the Digital Input and Output API is similar to the description of the Reading
- 241 API and Writing API from the ALE specification document section 5.2 and
- 242 section 5.3. Namely,
- 1. A client provides to the ALE implementation an *port cycle specification* (PCSpec), which specifies
- one or more readers (this is done indirectly, as explained in Section 10 of the ALE specification document)
- port cycle boundaries, and

- a set of reports with operations to apply to ports. Each report includes
- a filter list that specifies which tags cause port operations to be processed,
  - a trigger list that specifies which trigger events cause port operations to be processed, and
    - an ordered list of operations to perform on specific ports
- 2. The ALE layer responds by carrying out the operations on ports, and returning a report that describes what processing was performed on ports, which event causes the port operations and what the results of the operations are.

# 259 3.2 Execution of Eventand Command Cycles

- 260 See section 5.6 of the ALE specification document.
- 261 If the HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor imple-
- 262 mentation receives a second poll call for a spec for which there is already
- 263 an outstanding poll call, and the second poll call specifies the same pa-
- 264 rameter values as the first, this ALE implementation satisfies the second
- 265 poll call by initiating a new cycle.

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254

# 266 3.3 Execution of Port Cycles

- 267 The execution of a port cycle is similar to the description of event cycle and
- 268 command cycles from the ALE specification document section 5.6.

# **4 Build-in Fieldnames, Datatypes, and Formats**

270 See Section 6 of the ALE specification document

#### 271 4.1 Build-in Fieldnames

- 272 This section defines the implementation depended behavior for fieldnames
- 273 that are pre-defined by the ALE specification. The HARTING IT Software
- 274 Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation recognizes each field-
- 275 name defined in section 6.1 of the ALE specification document and interprets
- 276 it as defined in the specification. In addition, this ALE implementation im-
- 277 plements the Tag Memory API and recognizes fieldnames defined through
- 278 that API (see section 7 of the ALE specification document).

#### 279 **4.1.1 Type of Tags**

- 280 When interacting with a Gen2 tag, the HARTING IT Software Development
- 281 GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation behaves as specified in the ALE
- 282 specification document section 6.1. When interacting with any other type
- 283 of tag, this ALE implementation will not consider that tag and will exclude
- any tag types others then Gen2 from all reports.

#### 285 4.1.2 Memory Bank Fieldnames

- 286 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 287 tation recognizes any memory bank fieldnames that are specified in section
- 288 6.1 of the ALE specification document.
- 289 This ALE implementation supports also reading or writing to the end of a
- 290 memory bank therefore it will not raise an "operation not possible" con-
- 291 dition when an attempt is made to read from or write into the epcBank,
- 292 tidBank or userBank field.

## 293 4.1.3 Variable Fieldnames

- 294 This HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor imple-
- 295 mentation recognizes any string specified in sub-section 6.1.9.2 of the ALE
- 296 specification document as a valid variable fieldname. This ALE implementa-
- 297 tion does not support those variable fieldnames for WRITE, READ, ADD and
- 298 DELETE operations of the Writing API and for the Reading API, therefore an
- 299 attempt to do so will always raise an "operation not possible" condition.

# 300 4.2 Build-in Datatypes and Formats

- 301 This section defines the implementation depended behavior for datatypes
- and formats that are pre-defined by the ALE specification. The HARTING IT
- 303 Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation recognizes
- 304 each datatype and format defined in section 6.2 of the ALE specification
- 305 document and interprets it as defined in the specification.

# 306 4.2.1 The bits Datatype

- 307 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 308 tation recognizes the string bits as a valid datatype as specified in section
- 309 6.2.3 of the ALE specification document.
- 310 When writing a value of type bits, for this implementation the table 22 in
- 311 sub-section 6.2.3.1 of the ALE specification document is used based on the
- 312 number of bits in the bits value (M) and the number of bits in the field (N).
- 313 The case M<N only requires writing the entire bits value to the field begin-
- 314 ning at the field's leftmost position. This ALE implementation also pads the
- 315 remaining part of the field with zero bits.

# 316 5 ALE Reading API

317 See Section 8 of the ALE specification document.

# 318 **5.1 ECSpec**

319 See Section 8.2 of the ALE specification document.

- Note that the HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor
- 321 implementation supports primaryKeyFields for all logical readers.This ALE
- 322 implementation will therefore not raise an ECSpecValidationException if
- 323 the primaryKeyFields parameter is specified.

#### 324 **5.1.1 ECTrigger**

325 See Section 8.2.4 of the ALE specification document.

#### 326 **5.1.1.1 Real-time Clock Trigger**

- 327 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 328 tation provides support for real-time clock trigger URIs as defined in section
- 329 8.2.4.1 of the ALE specification document.
- 330 If the timezone parameter within a trigger of this form is omitted this ALE
- implementation choose the time zone configured in the operating system
- 332 in which the implementation is running.

# 333 **5.1.1.2** HTTP Trigger

- 334 URIs beginning with the string urn:havis:ale:trigger:http: are re-
- 335 served for triggers specified below. The HARTING IT Software Development
- 336 GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation provides support for trigger URIs of
- 337 this form. This ALE implementation conforms to the following specification
- 338 for all such URIs valid according to the specification below.
- 339 A HTTP trigger takes the following form:
- 340 urn:havis:ale:trigger:http:name
- 341 where name is specified below.

Fie	ld	Syntax	Meaning
nam	le		The name of a http web address which should be observed by the ALE implementation.

Table 6: HTTP Trigger URI Fields

- 343 This ALE implementation interprets a trigger of this form as follows. The
- 344 trigger is delivered each time the specified web address is called via HTTP
- 345 protocol using the GET operation. The implementation provides a HTTP
- 346 Web Service to listening on incoming GET operation calls via HTTP protocol
- 347 in one of the following forms:
- 348 http://host:port/implementation-defined-URL/trigger-name
- 349 http://host/implementation-defined-URL/trigger-name
- 350 where

- host is the DNS name or IP address of the host where the ALE implementation is listening for incoming calls via HTTP protocol using the GET operation.
- port is the TCP port on which the ALE implementation is listening for incoming calls via HTTP protocol using the GET operation. The port and the preceding colon character may be omitted, in which case the port defaults to 80.
  - implementation-defined-URL is the URL part on which the ALE implementation will register triggers defined using the HTTP trigger syntax.
- trigger-name is the name of a trigger defined by the user using the HTTP trigger syntax.
- 362 Example (non-normative)
- 363 The Condition:

358 359

- 364 The implementation provides a HTTP Web Service at the following URL:
- 365 http://<Container Host>:8888/services/ALE/trigger/
- 366 The following trigger URI denotes a trigger that occurs every time the
- 367 HTTP Web Address:
- 368 http://<Container Host>:8888/services/ALE/trigger/example
- 369 is called via HTTP protocol using the GET operation
- 370 urn:havis:ale:trigger:http:example

# 371 **5.1.1.3 Port Trigger**

- 372 URIs beginning with the string urn:havis:ale:trigger:port: are re-
- 373 served for triggers specified below. The HARTING IT Software Development
- 374 GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation provides support for trigger URIs of
- 375 this form. This ALE implementation conforms to the following specification
- 376 for all such URIs valid according to the specification below.
- 377 A port trigger takes one of the three following forms:
- 378 urn:havis:ale:trigger:port:reader.type
- 379 urn:havis:ale:trigger:port:reader.type.id
- 380 urn:havis:ale:trigger:port:reader.type.id.state
- 381 where reader, type, id, and state are specified below.

Field	Syntax	Meaning
reader	A string corresponding to a reader defined through the Logical Reader API.	The name of a logical reader with digital inputs and/or outputs which should be observed
Type One of the indicators 'in' or 'out'.		The type of the port that should be observed. 'in' means an input port. 'out' means an output port.

Id	A decimal integer corresponding to a port id.	(Optional)The id of the port that should be observed. If the id is omitted the trigger will be fired on every port id of the specified type.
State	One of the decimal integers 0 or 1.	(Optional)The state corresponding to the state of the port that should be observed. 1 means the port is set. 0 means the port is not set. If state is omitted the trigger will be fired on every port status change regardless of the state.

Table 7: Port Trigger URI Fields

- 383 This ALE implementation interprets a trigger of this form as follows. The
- 384 trigger is delivered each time the given port of the defined reader changed
- 385 the status to the state corresponding to state. If state is omitted the
- 386 trigger is delivered regardless of the port state. If id is omitted the trigger
- 387 is delivered regardless of the port id.

382

- 388 Example (non-normative) The following trigger URI denotes a trigger that
- 389 occurs every time a specified input port state is set:
- 390 urn:havis:ale:trigger:port:ExampleReader.in.1.1
- 391 The following trigger denotes a trigger that occurs every time a specified
- 392 input port changed its port state:
- 393 urn:havis:ale:trigger:port:ExampleReader.in.1
- 394 The following trigger denotes a trigger that occurs every time a unspecified
- 395 input port changed its port state:
- 396 urn:havis:ale:trigger:port:ExampleReader.in

# 397 **5.1.2 ECReportSetSpec**

- 398 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 399 tation interprets an instance of ECReportSetSpec as specified in section
- 400 8.2.6 of the ALE specification document.
- 401 Note that for the first event cycle to completed after the subscribe call for
- 402 a given subscriber, and for a poll call, this ALE implementation refer "the
- 403 prior set of tags" to the empty set.

#### 404 5.1.3 ECStatProfileName

- 405 Each valid value of ECStatProfileName names as statistics profile that can
- 406 be included in an ECReports

	< <enumerated type="">&gt;</enumerated>		
	ECStatProfileName		
407	TagTimestamps		
408	TagCount		
409	ReaderNames		
410	ReaderSightingSignals		
411	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>		

# **412 5.2 ECReports**

413 See Section 8.3 of the ALE specification document.

#### 414 5.2.1 ECReaderStat

- 415 See section 8.3.10 of the ALE specification document.
- 416 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 417 tation adds one ECReaderStat for each reader to the statBlocks parameter
- 418 list of an ECTagStat and the ECTagStat is included in an
- 419 ECReportGroupListMember if the ReaderNames statistics profile was in-
- 420 cluded in the corresponding ECReportSpec.
- 421 The readerName parameter of the ECReaderStat refers to a logical reader
- 422 name as named in the defining ECSpec.

#### 423 **5.2.2 ECTagCountStat**

- 424 ECTagCountStat is a subclass of ECTagStat. The HARTING IT Software
- 425 Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation includes one
- 426 ECTagCountStat in an ECReportGroupListMember if the TagCount statistics
- 427 profile was included in the corresponding ECReportSpec.
- 428 ECTagCountStat includes all of the fields in ECTagStat, plus the following
- 429 additional fields:

	ECTagCountStat		
430	count : int		
431			

### 432 This ALE implementation constructs an ECTagCountStat as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
profile	ECStatProfileName	This field contains the TagCount value of ECStatProfileName.
statBlock	List <ecreaderstat></ecreaderstat>	This field contains an empty list.

count	int	This field contains the count how often this tag was seen within this event cycle by any reader con-
		tributing to this event cycle.

Table 8: ECTagCountStat Fields

## 434 5.2.3 ECSightingSignalStat

433

435 ECSightingSignalStat is a subclass of ECSightingStat. The HARTING
436 IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation adds
437 one ECSightingSignalStat for each sighting to the sightings parameter
438 list of an ECReaderStat, an ECReaderStat is added for each reader to
439 statBlocks parameter list of an ECTagStat and the ECTagStat is included
440 in an ECReportGroupListMember if the ReaderSightingSignals statistics
441 profile was included in the corresponding ECReportSpec.

442 An ECSightingSignalStat contains signal parameter information about a 443 single sighting of a tag by a particular antenna of a particular host.

444 ECSightingSignalStat includes all of the fields in ECSightingStat, plus 445 the following additional fields:

	ECSightingSignalStat		
446	host : String		
447	antenna : int		
448	strength : int		
449	timestamp : date		
450			

# 451 This ALE implementation constructs an ECSightingSignalStat as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
host	String	This field contains the host name value for this particular sighting.
Antenna	int	This field contains the antenna id value for this particular sighting.
Strength	int	This field contains the strength value for this particular sighting.
Timestamp	date	This field contains the timestamp value for this particular sighting.

Table 9: ECSightingSignalStat Fields

453 The readerName parameter of the surrounding ECReaderStat refers to a

- 454 logical reader name as named in the defining ECSpec.
- 455 Note the ECSightingSignalStat is used by all three the Reading API, the
- Writing API and the Digital Input and Output API. Unless otherwise noted,
- 457 the interpretation of an Ecsighting Signal Stat instance is the same in all
- 458 three APIs.

# 459 6 ALE Writing API

460 See Section 9 of the ALE specification document.

## 461 **6.1 CCSpec**

462 See Section 9.3 of the ALE specification document.

## 463 **6.1.1 CCOpType**

- 464 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- tation recognizes every CCOpType value as specified in section 9.3.5 of the
- 466 ALE specification document.

# **467 6.1.1.1 CUSTOM Operation**

- 468 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor imple-
- 469 mentation recognizes CUSTOM as a CCOpType. For such operations, the
- 470 fieldspec must be omitted and the data string in the CCOpDataSpec must be
- 471 defined using the bits datatype and hex format. The data returned in the
- 472 CCOpreport will also be formatted using the bits datatype and hex format.
- 473 This operation essentially sends binary data to the reader, which in return
- 474 answers with binary data. The specific binary data to send to the reader
- depends on the model of the reader and the tag used.

#### 476 **6.1.1.2 CHECK Operation**

- 477 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor imple-
- 478 mentation recognizes the values epcBank and userBank as valid fieldspec
- 479 values for the CHECK CCOpType as defined in section 9.3.5.1 of the ALE
- 480 specification document.
- 481 This ALE implementation supports the ISO 15962 standard in Data Format
- 482 9, for all other formats the CHECK operation will result in a CCOpStatus of
- 483 OP\_NOT\_POSSIBLE\_ERROR.

#### 484 **6.1.1.3 INITIALIZE Operation**

- 485 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor imple-
- 486 mentation recognizes the values epcBank and userBank as valid fieldspec
- 487 values for the INITIALIZE CCOpType as defined in section 9.3.5.2 of the ALE
- 488 specification document.

- 489 This ALE implementation supports the ISO 15962 standard in Data Format
- 490 9, for all other formats the INITIALIZE operation will raise the "opera-
- 491 tion not possible" condition and this always results in a CCOpStatus of
- 492 OP\_NOT\_POSSIBLE\_ERROR.

#### 493 **6.1.2 CCStatProfileName**

- 494 Each valid value of CCStatProfileName names as statistics profile that can
- 495 be included in a CCReports.

	< <enumerated type="">&gt;</enumerated>		
	CCStatProfileName		
496	TagTimestamps		
497	TagCount		
498	ReaderNames		
499	ReaderSightingSignals		
500	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>		

# **501 6.2 CCReports**

502 See Section 9.4 of the ALE specification document.

## 503 **6.2.1 CCTagTimestampStat**

- 504 CCTagTimestampStat is a subclass of CCTagStat. The HARTING IT Soft-
- 505 ware Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation includes one
- 506 CCTagTimestampStat in a CCTagReport if the TagTimestamps statistics pro-
- 507 file was included in the corresponding CCCmdSpec. CCTagTimestampStat
- 508 includes all of the fields in CCTagStat, plus the following additional fields:

	CCTagTimestampStat	
509	firstSightingTime : dateTime	
510	lastSightingTime : dateTime	
511		

512 This ALE implementation constructs a CCTagTimestampStat as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
profile	CCStatProfileName	This field contains the EventTimestamp value of CCStatProfileName.
statBlock	List <ecreaderstat></ecreaderstat>	This field contains an empty list.

firstSightingTime	dateTime	This field contains the first time within this command cycle that the tag was seen by any reader contributing to this command cycle.
lastSightingTime	dateTime	This field contains the last time within this command cycle that the tag was seen by any reader contributing to this command cycle.

Table 10: CCTagTimestampStat Fields

# 514 **6.2.2 CCTagCountStat**

- 515 CCTagCountStat is a subclass of CCTagStat. The HARTING IT Software
- 516 Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation includes one
- 517 CCTagCountStat in a CCTagReport if the TagCount statistics profile was
- 518 included in the corresponding CCCmdSpec. CCTagCountStat includes all of
- 519 the fields in CCTagStat, plus the following additional fields

			CCTagCountStat	
520	count :	int		

# 521 This ALE implementation constructs a CCTagCountStat as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
profile	CCStatProfileName	This field contains the TagCount value of CCStatProfileName.
statBlock	List <ecreaderstat></ecreaderstat>	This field contains an empty list.
Count	int	This field contains the count how often this tag was seen within this command cycle by any reader contributing to this command cycle.

Table 11: CCTagCountStat Fields

#### 523 6.3 Random Number Generator

- 524 This HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor imple-
- 525 mentation interprets an RNGSpec as specified in section 9.7.2 of the ALE
- 526 specification document. This ALE implementation does not define exten-
- 527 sions to that class in order to provide additional parameters to control the
- 528 behavior of a random number generator.

# **7 ALE Logical Reader API**

#### 530 **7.1 API**

- 531 See section 10.3 of the ALE specification document.
- 532 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 533 tation does not support to change the definition of a logical reader that
- 534 is used by an ECSpec, CCSpec or PCSpec that is active at the time the
- 535 change is requested. Therefore the update, addReaders, setReaders,
- 536 removeReaders, and setProperties methods will raise an InUseException
- any time a client calls these methods for a logical reader that is in use by an
- 538 active ECSpec, CCSpec or PCSpec. An ImmutableReaderException will be
- raised when trying to update, undefine or change properties of the Built-In
- 540 reader (see 7.3.3.4).

# 541 **7.2 LRSpec**

- 542 See section 10.4 of the ALE specification document.
- 543 In addition the HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor
- 544 implementation supports API-defined Base Reader for logical readers see
- 545 section 7.3. The implementation will therefore not raise a
- 546 ValidationException if the isComposite parameter is false.

#### 547 7.3 API-defined Base Reader

- 548 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor imple-
- 549 mentation supports a mechanism to define a new base reader using the
- 550 define method of the Logical Reader API. This ALE implementation uses
- 551 the properties parameter of an LRSpec to forward information about the
- 552 communication with a physical reader to the ALE.
- 553 Therefore the implementation specifies vendor specific properties and or-
- 554 ganized these properties in namespaces as specified in the below table.
- 555 In the following descriptions the term "Connector" refers to a unit to exe-
- 556 cute the communication with a physical reader and to provide an abstract
- 557 interface to interact with this unit. For each type of physical reader a differ-
- 558 ent "Connector" unit is used for interaction but every "Connector" provides
- 559 the same interface. The term "Controller" refers to a unit to manage the
- 560 interaction between the ALE and one "Connector" unit and thereby to the
- 561 physical reader.

Property Namespace	Description
	If namespace is omitted this means the common namespace is used which indicates that the property is recognized and handled by the Logical Reader API itself (i.e. tag smoothing parameter see section 7.4).
Controller.	The Controller namespace indicates that the property is recognized and handled by the "Controller" unit.
Connector.	The Connector namespace indicates that the property is recognized and handled by the "Connector" unit.
Reader.	The Reader namespace indicates that the property is recognized and handled also by the "Connector" unit, but this namespace is reserved for specific "Connector" type properties defined by each "Connector" type.

Table 12: Reader Property Namespaces

The define, update and setProperties methods of the Logical Reader API will raise a ValidationException under any of the following circumstances:

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- A property name within the common namespace is not recognized by the implementation.
- A property name with specified namespace is within a namespace that is not recognized by the implementation
- The value specified for a property is not legal value for that property.
- The specified name is the same as a name of another LRProperty within the same LRSpec.

This ALE implementation will use one "Controller" unit for every base reader defined using the define method of the Logical Reader API and one "Connector" unit for each "Controller".

The following picture shows non-normative the integration of these units in the ALE:

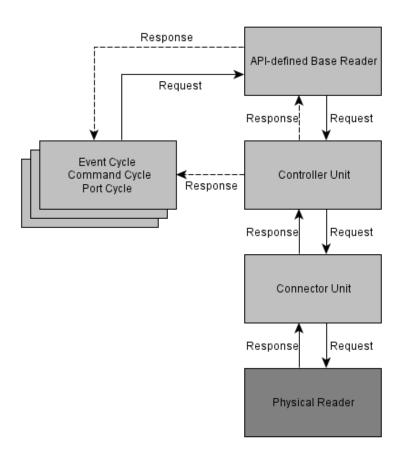


Figure 1: API-defined Base Reader Interaction

The picture shows the interaction between event, command, port cycle instances and an API-defined Base Reader using "Controller" and "Connector" units for communication to a physical reader. While the diagram shows two different ways for the "Controller" unit to deliver a response, the decision if the "Controller" sends its response directly to the cycle or bypass it over the logical reader is made by the logical reader instance. If the logical reader instance has to handle the response like when tag smoothing is activated (see section 7.4) the response will be passed through the logical reader otherwise the response will be delivered directly.

This ALE implementation recognizes the properties for each namespace as defined in the following four sub-sections.

#### 590 **7.3.1 Common Namespace**

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The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implements tation recognizes a set of LRProperty parameters, which an ALE client set using the properties parameter of an LRSpec or the setProperties method of the Logical Reader API for the common namespace. This ALE implementation interprets these parameters as follows:

Property Name	Description
ReaderType	A string that refers to the type of "Connector" unit which is used to interact with the specific physical reader.
GlimpsedTimeout	(Optional) A tag smoothing property, see section 7.4 of this document and section 10.6 of the ALE specification document.
ObservedTimeThreshold	(Optional) A tag smoothing property, see section 7.4 of this document and section 10.6 of the ALE specification document.
ObservedCountThreshold	(Optional) A tag smoothing property, see section 7.4 of this document and section 10.6 of the ALE specification document.
LostTimeout	(Optional) A tag smoothing property, see section 7.4 of this document and section 10.6 of the ALE specification document.
AntennaID	(Optional) An antenna restriction property, see section 7.5.

Table 13: Common Namespace Properties

- 597 The define, update and setProperties methods of the Logical Reader 598 API will raise a ValidationException under any of the following circum-599 stances:
- If the isComposite parameter within the LRSpec is true and ReaderType 600 property is specified. 601
  - If the isComposite parameter within the LRSpec is false and ReaderType property is null, omitted or has a value that is not known to the implementation.

#### 605 **7.3.2 Controller Namespace**

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- 606 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 607 tation recognizes a set of LRProperty parameters, which an ALE client
- 608 set using the properties parameter of an LRSpec or the setProperties
- 609 method of the Logical Reader API for the controller namespace. This ALE
- 610 implementation interprets these parameters as follows:

Property Name	Description
Controller.Timeout	(Optional) A timespan, in milliseconds that governs the timespan after which no response from a "Connector" unit results in a timeout. Note that a too-small value for Controller. Timeout including zero value will cause the "Controller" to achieve the timeout condition immediately
Controller.ReconnectDelay	(Optional) A timespan, in milliseconds that defines the delay before a reconnect will be attempted after the connection to the reader has been lost. The default value is 2000.
Controller.OptimizeWriteOperations	(Optional) A boolean that defines whether writing operations in the ALE Writing API will be optimized. When true, operations defined inside a CCCmdSpec, writing to the same blocks, on the same memory bank, will be optimized to only write once, to reduce the workload of the reader. The default value is true.

Table 14: Controller Namespace Properties

- The define, update and setProperties methods of the Logical Reader API will raise a ValidationException under any of the following circum-614 stances:
- If the isComposite parameter within the LRSpec is true and any property of the controller namespace is specified.
- If the value of the Controller. Timeout property is a non-null string that is not parseable as a non-negative decimal numeral.
- If the value of the Controller.ReconnectDelay property is a non-null string that is not parseable as a non-negative decimal numeral.
- If the value of the Controller.OptimizeWriteOperations property is a non-null string that is not parseable as true or false.

## **7.3.3 Connector Namespace**

- The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 625 tation recognizes a set of LRProperty parameters, which an ALE client
- 626 set using the properties parameter of an LRSpec or the setProperties
- 627 method of the Logical Reader API for the connector namespace. This ALE
- 628 implementation interprets these parameters as follows:

Property Name	Description
Connector.ConnectionType	A string that refers to the type of connection used by the "Connector" unit to interact with the physical reader (i.e. TCP).
Connector.Host	(Optional) A string that refers to the DNS name or IP address of the physical reader.
Connector.Port	(Optional) An unsigned integer that refers to the TCP or COMM port of the physical reader.
Connector.DeviceID	(Optional) An unsigned integer that refers to the device ID of the physical reader for USB connection. If Connector.DeviceID property is zero the connector will select randomly one available USB reader.
Connector.Timeout	(Optional) A timespan, in milliseconds that governs the timespan after which no response from a physical reader results in a timeout. Note that a too-small value for Connector. Timeout including zero value will cause the "Connector" to achieve the timeout condition immediately.

Table 15: Connector Namespace Properties

## **630 7.3.3.1 ConnectionType**

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631 ConnectionType is an enumerated property denoting what type of connec-632 tions is used for communication with a physical reader.

	< <enumerated type="">&gt;</enumerated>			
	ConnectionType			
633	TCP //Indicates a communication via network using TCP protocol			
634	USB //Indicates a communication via USB port			
635	COMM //Indicates a communication via COMM port			

- 636 The define, update and setProperties methods of the Logical Reader 637 API will raise a ValidationException under any of the following circum-638 stances:
- If the isComposite parameter within the LRSpec is true and any property of the connector namespace is specified.
- If the Connector.ConnectionType property is null, omitted or has a value that is not known to the implementation.
- If the value of Connector.ConnectionType property is TCP and both
  Connector.Host and Connector.IP property are omitted or
  Connector.Port property is omitted.
- If the value of Connector.ConnectionType property is USB and Connector.DeviceID property is omitted.

- If the value of Connector.ConnectionType property is COMM and Connector.Port is omitted.
- If the value of Connector. Host property is a non-null string that is not valid DNS name nor parseable as an IP-Address of the form [1-255].[1-255].[1-255].
- If the value of Connector.IP property is a non-null string that is not parseable as an IP-Address of the form [1-255].[1-255].[1-255].
- If the value of Connector.Port property is a non-null string that is not parseable as a non-negative decimal numeral.
- If the value of Connector. Timeout property is a non-null string that is not parseable as a non-negative decimal numeral.
- Besides the default properties within the connector namespace each "Connector" implementation can define a set with additional properties in the connector namespace that are only interpret by this specific "Connector". The following sub section will describe these additional properties for the given reader connector implementations.

#### 665 **7.3.3.2 LLRP Connector**

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The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation provides support for physical readers that support the Low Level Reader Protocol (LLRP) for the communication between clients and the reader. The ALE implementation provides an LLRP connector implementation to handle the communication between the ALE and these readers based on LLRP. This connector type can be initialized, with the LRProperty parameter ReaderType with the value LLRP, using the properties parameter of an LRSpec or the setProperties method of the Logical Reader API.

	ReaderType Property Value	Description
LLRP	"LLRP"	Operate on a physical reader of type LLRP within the Host mode.

Table 16: LLRP Connector Types

The LLRP Connector recognizes an additional set of LRProperty parameters within the connector namespace, and interprets these parameters as follows:

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Property Name	Description
Connector.Keepalive	(Optional) A timespan, in milliseconds that governs the timespan after which no communication between the physical reader and the connector will cause the connector to send a keepalive message. Note the default value for Connector. Keepalive is 30000 milliseconds.
Connector.InventoryAttempts	(Optional) An unsigned integer that specifies the amount of inventories that are performed to acquire a specific tag to execute operation, defined through CC, on. Note the default value for Connector. InventoryAttempts is 3.

Table 17: LLRP Connector Properties

#### 679 **7.3.3.3 RF-R Connector**

The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation provides support for all physical readers of the type HARTING RF-R. The ALE implementation provides connector implementations to handle the communication between the ALE and all supported RF-R readers. These connector types can be initialized according to the following table, using the properties parameter of an LRSpec or the setProperties method of the Logical Reader API.

RF-R Type	ReaderType Property Value	Description
RF-R500	"RF-R500"	Operate on a physical reader of type RF-R500 within the Host mode.

Table 18: RF-R Connector Types

The RF-R Connector recognizes an additional set of LRProperty parameters within the connector namespace, and interprets these parameters as follows:

Property Name	Description
Connector.Inventory.Antennas	(Optional) A byte value that specifies which antenna ports are used for inventory attempts for this physical reader.  Value = 1 → Antenna No 1  Value = 2 → Antenna No 2  Value = 4 → Antenna No 3  Value = 8 → Antenna No 4  Also every combination of these values by addition of single values is possible. For example:  Value = 9 → Antenna No 1, 4

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Connector.InventoryAttempts	(Optional) An unsigned integer that specifies the amount of inventories that are performed to acquire a specific tag to execute operation, defined through CC, on. Note the default value for Connector. InventoryAttempts is 3.
Connector.TagsInField	(Optional) An unsigned integer that specifies the maximum quantity of tags within the reader field at the same time. Note the default value for Connector.TagsInField is 128.
Connector.BlockSize	(Optional) An unsigned integer that specifies the byte size of a block within a tag. Note the default value for Connector.BlockSize is 2.
Connector.BlockCount	(Optional) An unsigned integer that specifies the number of blocks within a tag. Note the default value for Connector.BlockCount is 256.
Connector.ReaderErrorCount	(Optional) An unsigned integer that specifies the amount of inventories without reader error before the error is logged again. Note the default value for Connector.ReaderErrorCount is 3.
Connector.MaxNoOfDataBlocks Read	(Optional) An unsigned integer that specifies the maximum number of blocks that will be read during an inventory at once. Note the default value for Connector.MaxNoOfDataBlocksRead is 128.
Connector.IsoErrorCount	(Optional) An unsigned integer that specifies the amount of inventories without iso error before the error is logged again. Note the default value for Connector. IsoErrorCount is 3.
Connector.AntennaErrorCount	(Optional) An unsigned integer that specifies the amount of inventories without antenna error before the error is logged again. Note the default value for Connector.AntennaErrorCount is 3.

Table 19: RF-R500 Connector Properties

#### 692 7.3.3.4 Built-In Connector

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The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation provides support for the built-in reader of the RFID Reader RF-R350. The ALE implementation provides a connector implementation to handle the communication between the ALE and the built-in reader. The ALE automatically detects the built-in reader and predefines the necessary LRSpec

- 698 with the name BuiltIn. Both getLogicalReaderNames and getLRSpec will
- 699 include the built-in reader.
- 700 The Built-In Connector currently supports no LRProperty parameters.

## 701 **7.3.4 Reader Namespace**

- 702 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 703 tation recognizes a set of LRProperty parameters, which an ALE client
- 704 set using the properties parameter of an LRSpec or the setProperties
- 705 method of the Logical Reader API for the reader namespace.
- 706 Properties within the reader namespace are "Reader" specific properties.
- 707 Therefore each "Reader" type defines its own set of properties recognized
- 708 within the reader namespace. These properties are used to configure the
- 709 physical reader, each connector provides all configuration properties that
- 710 are supported by the physical reader the specific connector was imple-
- 711 mented for.
- 712 The define, update and setProperties methods of the Logical Reader
- 713 API will raise a ValidationException under any of the following circum-
- 714 stances:
- If the isComposite parameter within the LRSpec is true and any property of the reader namespace is specified.
- If the value of any property is a non-null string that is not parseable into the expected type.

# 719 **7.4 Tag Smoothing**

- 720 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 721 tation does fully support tag smoothing as specified in section 10.6 of the
- 722 ALE specification document for EC, CC and the PC API. Therefore this ALE
- 723 implementation will not raise a ValidationException when a client sets
- 724 the tag smoothing properties.

#### 725 7.5 Antenna Restriction

- 726 Antenna restriction is a mechanism whereby a composite reader can be
- 727 configured to use only a single antenna from a single base reader within its
- 728 readers list to acquire tags. Thereby a logical reader will consider at any
- 729 point in time a tag to be within view if the tag was read on the specified
- 730 antenna of the base reader. Only the acquiring of tags underlies these
- 731 restriction, consequently after a command cycle acquired a matching tag it
- 732 will operated on this tag regardless which antenna the physical reader uses
- 733 to execute the operation. Antenna restriction is based upon one parameter,
- 734 which an ALE client set using the properties parameter of an LRSpec
- 735 or the setProperties method of the Logical Reader API, as specified in
- 736 section 10.3 of the ALE specification document. This ALE implementation
- 737 interprets this parameter as follows:

<b>Property Name</b>	Description
AntennaID	An unsigned integer that specifies the id if the antenna to use for acquiring tags through the logical reader. If a tag is in view of the specified antenna of its reader within the readers list, the logical reader will forward this tag to its observers (event cycle, command cycle, port cycle or another composite reader). Note that an AntennaID of zero or greater value than the number of antennas of the physical reader will result in the behavior that the reader will never forward a tag because no tag will ever match the requirements set by AntennaID.

Table 20: Antenna Restriction Properties

739 If the property is set to null for a given logical reader the implementa-740 tion will not use antenna restriction for that logical reader. The define, 741 update and setProperties methods of the Logical Reader API will raise a 742 ValidationException under any of the following circumstances:

- If the isComposite parameter within the LRSpec is false and the AntennaID property is specified.
- If the isComposite parameter within the LRSpec is true, the AntennaID property is specified and the reader list contains more than one base reader.
- If the isComposite parameter within the LRSpec is true, the AntennaID property is specified and the readers list contains a composite reader.
- If the value of the AntennaID property is a non-null string that is not parseable as a non-negative decimal integer numeral.

# 752 8 Access Control API

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- 753 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 754 tation does not support the ALE Access Control API specified in section 11
- 755 of the ALE specification document.

# 756 9 ALE Digital Input and Output API

- 757 This section defines normatively the ALE Digital Input and Output API.
- 758 The external interface is defined by the ALEPC interface (Section 9.1).
- 759 This interface makes use of a number of complex data types that are
- 760 documented in the sections following section 9.1. The specification of the
- 761 Digital Input and Output API follows the general rules given in Section 4 of
- 762 the ALE specification document.
- 763 Through the ALEPC interface defined in section 9.1, clients may define and
- 764 manage port cycle specification (PCSpecs), operate upon ports on-demand
- 765 by activating PCSpecs synchronously, and enter standing request (subscrip-
- 766 tions) for PCSpecs to be activated asynchronously. Results from standing

767 requests are delivered through the ALEPCCallback interface, specified in 768 section 9.4.

#### 769 9.1 ALEPC - Main API Class

```
<<interface>>
                                   ALEPC
770
     define(specName : String, spec : PCSpec) : void
771
772
     undefine(specName : String) : void
773
     getPCSpec(specName : String) : PCSpec
774
     getPCSpecNames() : List<String>
775
     subscribe(specName : String, notificationURI : String) : void
776
     unsubscribe(specName: String, notificationURI: String): void
777
     poll(specName : String) : PCReports
778
     immediate(spec : PCSpec) : PCReports
     getSubscribers(specName : String) : List<String>
779
780
     execute(specs :PCOpSpecs) :PCOpReports
781
     getStandardVersion() : String
782
     getVendorVersion() : String
783
     <<extension point>>
```

This ALE implementation implements the methods of the ALE Digital Input and Output API as specified in the following table:

Method	Argument /Result	Туре	Description
define	specname	String	Creates a new PCSpec having the
	spec	PCSpec	name specName, according to
	[result]	Void	spec.
undefine	specname	String	Removes the PCSpec named specName that was previously created by the define method.
	[result]	Void	
getPCSpec	specname	String	Returns the PCSpec that was provided when PCSpec named specName was created by the define method.
	[result]	PCSpec	

getPCSpecNames	[result]	List <string></string>	Returns an unordered list of the names of all PCSpec that are visible to the caller.
subscribe	specname	String	Adds a subscriber having the specified notificationURI to
	notifi- cationURI	String	the set of current subscribers of the PCSpec named
	[result]	Void	specName. The notificationURI parameter both identifies a specific binding of the ALEPCCallback interface and specifies addressing information meaningful to that binding.
unsubscribe	specname	String	Removes a subscriber having the specified
	notifi- cationURI	String	notificationURI from the set of current subscribers of
	[result]	Void	the PCSpec named specName.
poll	specname	String	Request an activation of the
	[result]	PCReports	PCSpec named specName, returning the results form the next port cycle to complete.
immediate	spec	PCSpec	Creates an unnamed PCSpec
	[result]	PCReports	according to spec, and immediately requests its activation.
getSubscribers	specName	String	Returns an unordered,
	[result]	List <string></string>	possibly empty list of the notification URIs corresponding to each of the current subscribers for the PCSpec named specName.
execute	specs	PCOpSpecs	
	[result]	PCOpRepor <sup>-</sup>	according to specs, and Feturning the corresponding list of PCOpReport.
getStandardVers	্[result]	String	Returns a string that identifies what version of the specification this implementation of the Digital Input and Output API complies with.
getVendorVersion	[result]	String	Returns a string that identifies what vendor extensions this implementation of the Digital Input and Output API provides.

Table 21: ALEPC Interface Methods

- 787 The primary data type associated with the ALE Digital Input and Output API
- 788 are the PCSpec, which specifies how a port cycle is to be carried out, and
- 789 the PCReports, which contains one or more reports generated from one 790 activation of a PCSpec.
- 791 PCReports instance are both returned from the poll and the immediate
- 792 methods, and also sent to subscribers when PCSpecs are subscribed to
- 793 using the subscribe method. The next two sections, Section 9.2 and
- 794 Section 9.3, specify the PCSpec and PCReports data types in full detail.

#### 795 **9.1.1 Error Conditions**

801

Methods of the ALE Digital Input and Output API signal error conditions to the client by means of exceptions. The following exceptions are defined. All the exception types in the following table are extensions of a common ALEException base type, which contains one string element giving the reason for the exception.

Exception Name	Meaning
SecurityException	The operation was not permitted due to an access control violation or other security concern.
DuplicateNameException	The specified PCSpec name already exists.
PCSpecValidationException	The specified PCSpec is invalid. The complete list of rules for generating this exception is specified in Section 4.2.14.
InvalidURIException	The URI specified for a subscriber does not conform to URI syntax as specified in [RFC2396], does not name a binding of the ALEPCCallback interface recognized by the implementation, or violates syntax or other rules imposed by a particular binding.
NoSuchNameException	The specified PSSpec name does not exist.
NoSuchSubscriberException	The specified subscriber does not exist.
DuplicateSubscriber Exception	The specified PCSpec name and subscriber URI is identical to a previous subscription that was created and not yet unsubscribed.
ImplementationException	A generic exception raised by the implementation for reasons that are implementation-specific. This exception contains one additional element: a severity member whose values are either ERROR or SEVERE. ERROR indicates that the ALE implementation is left in the same state it had before the operation was attempted. SEVERE indicates that the ALE implementation is left in an indeterminate state.

Table 22: Exceptions in the ALEPC Interface

802 The exceptions that may be raised by each ALE method are indicated in

the table below. This ALE implementation raises the appropriate exception listed below when the corresponding condition described above occurs. If more than one exception condition applies to a given method call, the implementation may raise any of the exceptions that applies.

ALE Method	Exceptions
define	DuplicateNameException PCSpecValidationException SecurityException ImplementationException
undefine	NoSuchNameException SecurityException ImplementationException
getPCSpec	NoSuchNameException SecurityException ImplementationException
getECSpecNames	SecurityException ImplementationException
subscribe	NoSuchNameException InvalidURIException DuplicateSubscriberException SecurityException ImplementationException
unsubscribe	NoSuchNameException NoSuchSubscriberException InvalidURIException SecurityException ImplementationException
poll	NoSuchNameException SecurityException ImplementationException
immediate	PCSpecValidationException SecurityException ImplementationException
getSubscribers	NoSuchNameException SecurityException ImplementationException
execute	PCSpecValidationException SecurityException ImplementationException
getStandardVersion	ImplementationException
getVendorVersion	ImplementationException

Table 23: Exceptions Raised by each ALEPC Interface Method

#### 808 **9.2 PCSpec**

- 809 A PCSpec is a complex type that describes a port cycle. A port cycle is an interval of time during which ports are operated upon.
- 811 A PCSpec contains
- 812 (a) one or more logical reader names;
- 813 (b) a boundary specification (PCBoundarySpec) that identifies an interval of time;
- 815 (c) one or more reports specification (PCReportSpec) that specify opera-816 tions to be performed on ports of any specified logical readers during 817 the specified interval of time.
- The report specification also implies what information is included in a report generated from each port cycle generated from this PCSpec.

	PCSpec
820	logicalReader : List <string></string>
821	boundarySpec : PCBoundarySpec
822	reportSpecs : List <pcreportspec></pcreportspec>
823	includeSpecInReports : Boolean
824	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>
825	

#### 826 This ALE implementation interprets the fields of a PCSpec as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
logicalReader	List <string></string>	An unordered list that specifies one or more logical readers that are used to receive tag events that causes port operations to be processed.
boundarySpec	PCBoundarySpec	Specifies the starting and stopping conditions for port cycles. See Section 9.2.1
reportSpecs	List <pcreportspec></pcreportspec>	An ordered list that specifies one or more reports with sequences of operations to apply to ports. See Section 9.2.3
includeSpecInReports	Boolean	If true, specifies that each PCReports instance generated from this PCSpec includes a copy of the PCSpec. If false, each PCReports instance not includes a copy of the PCSpec.

Table 24: PCSpec Fields

- 828 The define and immediate methods raise a PCSpecValidationException 829 if any of the following are true for a PCSpec instance:
- The logicalReaders parameter contains any logical reader names that are not known to the implementation.
- The boundarySpec parameter is null or omitted, or the specified boundarySpec leads to a PCSpecValidationException as specified in Section 9.2.1
- The reportSpecs parameter is null, omitted, empty, or any of the members of reportSpecs leads to a PCSpecValidationException as specified in Section 9.2.3

## 838 9.2.1 PCBoundarySpec

839 A PCBoundarySpec specifies how the beginning and end of port cycles are 840 to be determined.

	PCBoundarySpec
841	startTriggerList : List <ectrigger></ectrigger>
842	repeatPeriod : ECTime
843	stopTriggerList : List <ectrigger></ectrigger>
844	duration : ECTime
845	noNewEventsInterval : ECTime
846	whenDataAvailable : Boolean
847	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>
848	

849 This ALE implementation interprets the fields of a PCBoundarySpec as 850 follows:

Field	Туре	Description
startTriggerList	List <ectrigger></ectrigger>	(Optional) An unordered list that specifies zero or more triggers that may start a new port cycle for this PCSpec.
repeatPeriod	ECTime	(Optional) Specifies an interval of time for starting a new port cycle for this PCSpec, relative to the start of the previous port cycle.
stopTriggerList	List <ectrigger></ectrigger>	(Optional) An unordered list that specifies zero or more triggers that may stop a port cycle for this PCSpec.

Duration	ECTime	(Optional) Specifies an interval of time for stopping a port cycle for this PCSpec, relative to the start of the port cycle. If omitted or equal to zero, has no effect on the stopping of the port cycle.
noNewEventsInterval	ECTime	(Optional) Specifies that a port cycle be stopped if no new events are raised within the specified interval. If omitted or equal to zero, has no effect on the stopping of the port cycle.
whenDataAvailable	Boolean	(Optional) If true, specifies that a port cycle be stopped when any event raises that matches the conditions, filter or trigger, of at least one PCReportSpec within this PCSpec. If omitted or false, has no effect on the stopping of the port cycle.

Table 25: PCBoundarySpec Fields

852 The define and immediate methods raise a PCSpecValidationException 853 if any of the following are true for a PCBoundarySpec instance:

- A negative number is specified for any of the ECTime values duration, repeatPeriod, and noNewEventsInterval.
- Any element of startTriggerList or stopTriggerList does not conform to URI syntax as defined by [RFC2396], or is a URI that is not supported by the ALE implementation. Note that an empty string does not conform to URI syntax as defined by [RFC2396].
- No stopping condition is specified: i.e., stopTriggerList is empty, duration is zero or omitted, noNewEventsInterval is zero or omitted and whenDataAvailable is false.
- 863 In the description below, the phrase "if specified" used in reference to 864 repeatPeriod, duration or noNewEventsInterval means that the pa-865 rameter is specified and is positive (non-zero) number.
- The boundarySpec parameter of PCSpec (of type PCBoundarySpec) specifies starting and stopping conditions as referred to in the PCSpec lifecycle specified in Section 3.3.
- 869 Within that description, "arrival of a start trigger" means that the ALE imple-
- 870 mentation receives any of the triggers specified in the startTriggerList
- 871 for this PCSpec, and "repeat period" means the value if the repeatPeriod
- 872 parameter, if specified. The phrase "a stopping condition occurred" means
- 873 the first of the following to occur:

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- The duration, when specified, expires (measured from the start of the port cycle).
- When the noNewEventsInterval is specified, no new Events are raised by any reader for the specified interval.

- Any one of the stop triggers specified in the stopTriggerList received.
  - The whenDataAvailable parameter is true, and any event occurred that matches the filter or trigger condition of at least one PCReportSpec within this PCSpec. If several matching events are raised in a single reader cycle, the implementation terminate the port cycle after receiving all of those events.

#### 884 **9.2.2 ECTime**

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885 See section 8.2.2 of the ALE specification document.

#### 886 9.2.3 PCReportSpec

A PCReportSpec includes (a) a filter specification (PCFilterSpec) that has inclusive/exclusive filters to select an amount of tags; (b) a trigger list that defines a list of triggers (ECTrigger); (c) an ordered list of one or more operation specifications (PCOpSpec), each of which describes a single operation to be performed on a port. During a port cycle, the ALE implementation attempts to carry out the commands specified by the operation specifications on the specified ports.

```
PCReportSpec
894
     name : String
895
     filterSpec : PCFilterSpec
896
     triggerList: List<ECTrigger>
897
     opSpecs : List<PCOpSpec>
898
     reportIfEmpty: Boolean
899
     statProfileNames : List<PCStatProfileName>
900
     <<extension point>>
901
```

## 902 This ALE implementation interprets the fields of a PCReport Spec as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
name	String	Specifies a name for reports generated from this PCReportSpec. The ALE implementation copies this name into the PCReport instance generated from this PCReportSpec.
filterSpec	PCFilterSpec	Specifies how tags are filtered be- fore the event to cause the opera- tions to be processed is raised as specified in Section 9.2.4

triggerList	List <ectrigger></ectrigger>	Specifies the trigger that can cause the operations to be processed, as specified in Section 5.1.1.
opSpecs	List <pcopspec></pcopspec>	An ordered list of PCOpSpec instances, each specifying an operation to be carried out on a port, as specified in Section 9.2.5. This ALE implementation will process each event that matches filterSpec or triggerList acquired during a port cycle.
reportIfEmpty	Boolean	Specifies whether to omit the PCReport instance if the final set of ports is empty, as specified below.
statProfileNames	List <pcstatprofilename></pcstatprofilename>	An ordered list that specifies zero or more statistics profiles that govern what statistics are to be included in the report, as specified in Section 9.2.9.

Table 26: PCReportSpec Fields

904 The define and immediate methods raise a PCSpecValidationException 905 if any of the following are true for a PCReportSpec instance:

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908 909

- The specified name is an empty string or is not accepted by the implementation according to Section 4.5 of the ALE specification document.
  - The specified name is a duplicate of another report name in the same PCSpec.
- The specified filterSpec leads to a PCSpecValidationException as specified in Section 9.2.4.
- The value of any element of triggerList does not conform to URI syntax as defined by [RFC2396], or is a URI that is not supported by the ALE implementation. Note that an empty string does not conform to URI syntax as defined by [RFC2396].
- Both filterSpec and triggerList are specified for the same PCReportSpec.
- The logicalReaders parameter of PCSpec is null, omitted or an empty list and triggerList is not specified.
- Any element of opSpecs leads to a PCSpecValidationException as specified in Section 9.2.5.
- Any element of statProfileNames is not the name of a known statistic profile.
- If triggerList is specified and any element of statProfileNames refers to a tag statistic which is not evaluable by a trigger event.

- 926 Note if both filter and trigger are not specified for a report this is
- 927 equivalent to an empty filter list where every tag event will match the filter
- 928 conditions. An empty list will be interpreted by the ALE implementation as
- 929 not specified.
- 930 A PCReports instance includes a PCReport instance corresponding to each
- 931 PCReportSpec in the governing PCSpec, in the same order specified in the
- 932 PCSpec, except that a PCReport instance is omitted under the following
- 933 circumstances:
- If a PCReportSpec has reportIfEmpty set to false, then the corresponding PCReport instance is omitted from the PCReports for this port cycle if the final, filtered set of events is empty.
- 937 When the processing of reportIfEmpty results in all PCReport instances
- 938 being omitted from the PCReports for a port cycle, then the delivery of the
- 939 results to subscribers is suppressed altogether. That is, a result consisting
- 940 of a PCReports having zero contained PCReport instances is not sent to
- 941 a subscriber. This rule only applies to subscribers, a PCReports instance
- 942 always is returned to the caller of immediate or poll at the end of a port
- 943 cycle, even if the PCReports instance contains zero PCReport instances.
- 944 The statProfileName parameter is a list of PCStatProfileName, each of
- 945 which corresponds to a statistics profile that will be included in the
- 946 PCReports. If the ALE engine does not recognize any name in the list or
- 947 the combination of event set (trigger or tags) and any statistics profile is
- 948 not evaluable it raises a PCSpecValidationException.

#### 949 **9.2.4 PCFilterSpec**

950 A PCFilterSpec specifies what tags will cause port operations to be pro-951 cessed by a PCReportSpec.

	PCFilterSpec
952	filterList : List <ecfilterlistmember></ecfilterlistmember>
953	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>
954	

955 This ALE implementation interprets the fields of a PCFilterSpec as follows.

Field	Туре	Description
filterList		Specifies an unordered list of filters, as specified below.

Table 27: PCFilterSpec Fields

- 957 The define and immediate methods will raise a
- 958 PCSpecValidationException if any of the following are true for a
- 959 PCFilterSpec:

956

• Any element of filterList is leads to a PCSpecValidationException as specified in Section 8.2.8 of the ALE specification Document.

The PCFilterSpec implements a flexible filtering scheme based on a list of ECFilterListMember instances (ECFilterListMember is shared with the ALE Reading API, and specified in Section 8.2.8 of the ALE specification Document). Each ECFilterListMember instances defines a test to be applied to fields of a tag to determine if the tag should cause port operations according to the containing in PCReportSpec to be processed. A tag raises an event to cause operations specified in the PCReportSpec if it passes the test specified by every ECFilterListMember in filterList, as defined in Section 8.2.7 and 8.2.8 of the ALE specification Document.

971 If accessing a field specified by any element of filterList causes a "field not found" or "operation not possible" condition, that tag will not be raise 973 an event for this PCReportSpec.

#### 974 **9.2.5 PCOpSpec**

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961

Each PCOpSpec specifies an operation to perform on a port, such as reading a port status or setting a port status. Each PCOpSpec has on operation type that specifies which operation to perform and a portSpec that indicates which port the operation is processed on. Operations that require input state (such as setting a port status) include the state parameter to specify the input data.

PCOpSpec

981 opType : PCOpType

982 portSpec : PCPortSpec

983 state : Boolean

984 duration : ECTime

985 opName : String

986 <<extension point>>

987 ---

## 988 This ALE implementation interprets the fields of a PCOpSpec as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
орТуре	PCOpType	Specifies the operation to be performed.
portSpec	PCPortSpec	Specifies the port to process a port operation on.
State	Boolean	(Conditional) Specifies the state source as a boolean value. If state is set to true the specified port will be activated. If state is set to false the specified port will be deactivated. If $opType$ specifies an operation that does not require input state, this parameter must be null or omitted.

Duration	ECTime	(Optional) If <code>opType</code> support duration, like setting a port status, this parameter specifies the duration to set the specified status. If duration is null or omitted the value is interpret as infinite. If <code>opType</code> does not support duration this parameter must be omitted.
opName	String	(Optional)A name for this operation within in PCOpSpec. If specified, the value is copied into the corresponding PCOpReport instance. If omitted, the opName parameter of the corresponding PCOpReport instance will be omitted as well.

Table 28: PCOpSpec Fields

990 The define, immediate and execute methods raise a

991 PCSpecValidationException if any of the following are true for a PCOpSpec 992 instance:

- The specified opType value is not one of the standard opType values specified in section 9.2.6.
- The portSpec parameter is null, omitted or invalid according to section 9.2.7.
- The specified opType requires a state, and state is null or omitted.
- The specified opType does not require state, and state is specified.
- The specified opType does not require duration, and duration is specified.
- When opName is specified, the specified opName is the same as an opName of another PCOpSpec within the same PCReportSpec instance or the list use by the execute method.

#### 1004 **9.2.6 PCOpType**

989

1005 PCOpType is an enumerated type denoting what type of operation is repre-1006 sented by the PCOpSpec.

	< <enumerated type="">&gt;</enumerated>
	PCOpType
1007	READ
1008	WRITE
1009	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>
1010	

- 1011 The following table describes each value of PCOpType, and interpretation
- 1012 of portSpec and state within PCOpSpec when that PCOpType value is
- 1013 specified.

PCOpType Value	Description	portSpec	state	duration
READ	Read status from port.	The port to read.	[Must be omitted]	[Must be omitted]
WRITE	Set status of a port.	The port to set.	The value to set for the specified port.	Specifies a timespan to set the port status. If null or omitted sets the status permanently.

Table 29: PCOpType Value 1014

#### 1015 **9.2.7 PCPortSpec**

1027

1016 A PCPortSpec defines a port to execute a port operation on:

	PCPortSpec
1017	id : int
1018	reader : String
1019	type : PCPortType // INPUT or OUTPUT
1020	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>
1021	

1022 This ALE implementation interprets the fields of a PCPortSpec as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
id	int	Specifies the port id; that is which port to operate upon.
Reader	String	Specifies the logical reader name; that is which reader to operate upon.
Туре	PCPortType	Specified whether this PCPortSpec specifies an input or output port. If this parameter is INPUT, the spec defines an input port. IF this parameter is OUTPUT, this spec defines an output port.

Table 30: PCPortSpec Fields

1023

1024 The define, immediate and execute methods raise a 1025 PCSpecValidationException if any of the following are true for a 1026 PCPortSpec:

- The id parameter is null, omitted or negative number is specified.
- The reader parameter is null or omitted or is any logical reader name 1028

- that is not known to the implementation.
- The specified type value is not one of the standard type values specified in Section 9.2.8.
- The specified reader is any logical reader name that is not a base reader.

## 1034 **9.2.8 PCPortType**

1035 PCPortType is an enumerated type denoting what type of port is repre-1036 sented by the PCPortSpec.

	< <enumerated type="">&gt;</enumerated>
	PCPortType
1037	INPUT
1038	OUTPUT
1039	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>

#### 1040 9.2.9 PCStatProfileName

1041 Each valid value of PCStatProfileName names as statistics profile that can 1042 be included in a PCReports

	< <enumerated type="">&gt;</enumerated>
	PCStatProfileName
1043	EventTimestamps
1044	EventCount
1045	ReaderNames
1046	ReaderSightingSignals
1047	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>

- 1048 The define, immediate and execute methods raise a
- 1049 PCSpecValidationException for any of the following circumstances:
- If the statProfileNames parameter of the PCReportSpec contains
  ReaderNames and the triggerList parameter is specified.
- If the statProfileNames parameter of the PCReportSpec contains
   ReaderSightingSignals and the triggerList parameter is specified.

#### 1054 9.2.10 Validation of PCSpecs

1055 The define, immediate and execute methods of the ALEPC API raises a 1056 PCSpecValidationException if any of the following are true:

- The specified specName is an empty string or is not accepted by the implementation according to Section 4.5 of the ALE specification Document.
- The logicalReaders parameter of PCSpec contains any logical reader names that are not known to the implementation.
- The boundarySpec parameter is null or omitted.
- The duration, repeatPeriod, and noNewEventsInterval parameter of PCBoundarySpec is negative.
- Any element of startTriggerList or stopTriggerList parameter of PCBoundarySpec does not conform to URI syntax as defined by [RFC2396], or is a URI that is not supported by the ALE implementation. Note that an empty string does not conform to URI syntax as defined by [RFC2396].
- No stopping condition is specified in PCBoundarySpec:
   i.e. stopTriggerList is empty, and neither duration nor
   noNewEventsInterval nor whenDataAvailable is specified.
- Any PCReport Spec instance has a name that is an empty string or that is not accepted by the implementation according to Section 4.5 of the ALE specification document.
- Two PCReport Spec instances have identical values for their name field.
- The patList parameter of any ECFilterListMember instance is empty, null, or omitted, or any element of patList does not conform to the syntax rules for patterns implied by the specified fieldSpec.
- The value of any element of triggerList of PCReportSpec does not conform to URI syntax as defined by [RFC2396], or is a URI that is not supported by the ALE implementation. Note that an empty string does not conform to URI syntax as defined by [RFC2396].
- Both filterSpec and triggerList of PCReportSpec are defined for the same PCReportSpec instance.
- The logicalReaders parameter of PCSpec is null, omitted or an empty list and triggerList parameter of any PCReportSpec is not specified.
- The opType parameter of a PCOpSpec is not one of the standard opType values specified in Section 9.2.6.
- The portSpec parameter of a PCOpSpec is null or omitted.
- The id parameter of a PCPortSpec is null, omitted or has a negative value
- The reader parameter of a PCPortSpec is null, omitted or is any logical reader name that is not known to the implementation.
- The opType parameter of a PCPortSpec is not one of the standard type values specified in Section 9.2.8.
- The opType parameter of a PCPortSpec requires a dataSpec, and dataSpec is null or omitted.
- The opType parameter of a PCPortSpec does not support dataSpec, and dataSpec is specified.

- The opType parameter of a PCOpspec does not support duration, and duration is specified.
- Two or more PCOpSpec instances within the same PCReportSpec instance or the list used by the execute method specify the same (non-empty) opName.
- Any value of PCStatProfileName is not recognized, or is recognized but the specified statistics report is not supported.
- The statProfileNames parameter of the PCReportSpec contains
  ReaderName and the triggerList parameter is specified.
- The statProfileNames parameter of the PCReportSpec contains
   ReaderSightingSignal and the triggerList parameter is specified.
- The reader parameter of a PCPortSpec is any logical reader name that is not a base reader.

## 1114 **9.3 PCReports**

1115 The PCReports object is the output from a port cycle.

	PCReports
1116	specName : String
1117	date : dateTime
1118	ALEID : String
1119	totalMilliseconds : long
1120	initiationCondition : PCInitiationCondition
1121	initiationTrigger : ECTrigger
1122	terminationCondition : PCTerminationCondition
1123	terminationTrigger : ECTrigger
1124	pcSpec : PCSpec
1125	reports : List <pcreport></pcreport>
1126	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>
1127	

- 1128 The "meat" of a PCReports instance is the ordered list of PCReport in-
- stances, each corresponding to a PCReport Spec instance in the port cycle's
- 1130 PCSpec, and appearing in the order corresponding to the PCSpec. In addition
- 1131 to the reports themselves, PCReports contains a number of "header" fields
- that provide useful information about the port cycle. The implementation
- includes these fields according to the following definitions:

Field	Description
specName	The name of the PCSpec that controlled this port cycle. In the case of a PCSpec that was requested using the immediate method, this name is one chosen by the ALE implementation.
Date	A representation of the date and time when the port cycle ended. For bindings in which this field is represented textually, an ISO-8601 compliant representation is used.
ALEID	An identifier for the deployed instance of the ALE implementation. The meaning of this identifier is outside the scope of this specification.
totalMilliseconds	The total time, in milliseconds, from the start of the port cycle to the end of the port cycle.
initiationCondition	Indicates what kind of event caused the port cycle to initiate: the receipt of an explicit start trigger, the expiration of the repeat period, or a transition to the requested state when no start triggers were specified in the PCSpec. These correspond to the possible ways of specifying the start of a port cycle as defined in Section 9.2.1.
initiationTrigger	If initiationCondition is TRIGGER, the ECTrigger instance corresponding to the trigger that initiated the port cycle; omitted otherwise.
terminationCondition	Indicates what kind of event caused the port cycle to terminate: the receipt of an explicit stop trigger, the expiration of the port cycle duration or no events occurred for the prescribed amount of time. These correspond to the possible ways of specifying the end of a port cycle as defined in Section 9.2.1.
terminationTrigger	If terminationCondition is TRIGGER, the ECTrigger instance corresponding to the trigger that terminated the port cycle; omitted otherwise.
PCSpec	A copy of the PCSpec that generated this PCReports instance. Only included if the PCSpec has includeSpecInReports set to true.
Reports	A List containing a PCReport for each PCReportSpec in the corresponding PCSpec. See Section 9.3.3.

Table 31: PCReports Fields

## 1135 9.3.1 PCInitiationCondition

1134

1136 PCInitiationCondition is an enumerated type that describes how a port 1137 cycle was started.

	< <enumerated type="">&gt;</enumerated>
	PCInitiationCondition
1138	TRIGGER
1139	REPEAT_PERIOD
1140	REQUESTED
1141	UNDEFINE
1142	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>

1143 This ALE implementation set the initiationCondition field of a PCReports 1144 instance generated at the conclusion of a port cycle according to the 1145 condition that caused the port cycle to start, as specified in the following 1146 table:

PCInitiationCondition	Event causing the port cycle to start
TRIGGER	One of the trigger specified in startTriggerList of PCBoundarySpec was received.
REPEAT_PERIOD	The repeatPeriod specified in the PCBoundarySpec expired, or the port cycle started immediately after the previous port cycle ended because neither a start trigger nor a repeat period was specified.
REQUESTED	The PCSpec transitioned from the unrequested state to the requested state and startTriggerList in PCBoundarySpec was empty.
UNDEFINE	Used when an outstanding poll call is terminated due to an undefined call, while the PCSpec was in the requested state.

Table 32: PCInitiationCondition Values

1148 Each row of this table corresponds to one of the possible start conditions 1149 specified in 9.2.1.

#### 1150 9.3.2 PCTerminationCondition

1147

1151 PCTerminationCondition is an enumerated type that describes how a port 1152 cycle was ended.

	< <enumerated type="">&gt;</enumerated>
	PCTerminationCondition
1153	TRIGGER
1154	DURATION
1155	NO_NEW_EVENTS
1156	DATA_AVAILABLE
1157	UNREQUEST
1158	UNDEFINE
1159	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>

- 1160 This ALE implementation set the terminationCondition field of a
- 1161 PCReports instance generated at the conclusion of a port cycle according to
- the condition that caused the port cycle to end, as specified in the following
- 1163 table:

PCTerminationCondition	Event causing the port cycle to end
TRIGGER	One of the trigger specified in stop- TriggerList of PCBoundarySpec was re- ceived.
DURATION	The duration specified in the PCBoundarySpec expired.
NO_NEW_EVENTS	No new events were raised within the noNewEventsInterval specified in the PCBoundarySpec.
DATA_AVAILABLE	The whenDataAvailable parameter of the PCBoundarySpec was true and a Port was processed.
UNREQUESTED	The PCSpec transitioned to the unrequested state to the requested state. By definition, this value cannot actually appear in a PCReports instance sent to any client.
UNDEFINE	The PCSpec was removed by an undefined call while in the requested or active state.

Table 33: PCTerminationCondition Values

1165 Each row of this table corresponds to one of the possible stop conditions 1166 specified in 9.2.1.

#### 1167 **9.3.3 PCReport**

1164

1168 Each PCReportSpec in the PCSpec is associated with a PCReport.

	PCReport
1169	reportName : String
1170	eventReports : List <pceventreport></pceventreport>
1171	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>
1172	

## 1173 This ALE implementation constructs a PCReport as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
reportName	String	A copy of the reportName field from the corresponding PCReportSpec within the PCSpec that controlled this port cycle.
eventReport	List <pceventreport></pceventreport>	An unordered list of PCEventReport instances, one for each event occurred during the port cycle that matches the filter or trigger conditions of the corresponding PCReportSpec.

Table 34: PCReport Fields

1174

## 1175 9.3.4 PCEventReport

1176 A PCEventReport describes what happened during the processing of a 1177 single event that cause operations on a port to be processed.

	PCEventReport		
1178	id : String		
1179	opReports : List <pcopreport></pcopreport>		
1180	stats : List <pceventstat></pceventstat>		
1181	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>		
1182			

1183 This ALE implementation constructs a PCEventReport from operation pro-1184 cessed on a single Port, as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
id	String	A data value that identifies the event that caused the operation to be processed. This could be either a epc-tag or a trigger-urn if a trigger depending on what kind of matching event occurred.

opReports	List <pcopreport></pcopreport>	An unordered list of PCOpReport instances, one for each of the corresponding PCOpSpec instances in the corresponding PCReportSpec in the corresponding order.
Stats	List <pceventstat></pceventstat>	Null, if the statProfileNames parameter of the corresponding PCReportSpec is empty, omitted, or null. Otherwise, contains a PCEventStat for each statistics profile named in the statProfileNames parameter of the corresponding PCReportSpec, in the corresponding order.

Table 35: PCEventReport Fields

## 1186 **9.3.5 PCOpReport**

1185

1195

1187 A PCOpReport contains the result of a single PCOpSpec executing on a port 1188 during a port cycle.

	PCOpReport		
1189	state : Boolean // Conditional		
1190	opStatus : PCOpStatus		
1191	opName : String // Conditional		
1192	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>		
1193			

## 1194 This ALE implementation constructs a PCOpReport as follows:

Field	Туре	Description	
state	Boolean	(Conditional) The result of the operation, according to the table below, or null if an error occurred.	
opStatus	PCOpStatus	Specifies whether the operation succeeded or failed (see Section 9.3.6).	
opName	String	(Conditional) A copy of the opName parameter of the corresponding PCOpSpec. Omitted if the opName parameter was omitted from the corresponding PCOpSpec.	

Table 36: PCOpReport Fields

1196 The value of the data field is constructed according to the following table:

PCOpType Value	Description	state Value
READ	Read port status.	The boolean value that was read from the port status which indicates if the port is activated or not.
WRITE	Set port status.	The value is omitted.

Table 37: PCOpReport state Field Values

#### 1198 **9.3.6 PCOpStatus**

1197

1199 PCOpStatus is an enumerated value that lists the several possible outcomes 1200 for a given operation.

	< <enumerated type="">&gt;</enumerated>		
	PCOpStatus		
1201	SUCCESS		
1202	MISC_ERROR_TOTAL		
1203	MISC_ERROR_PARTIAL		
1204	PORT_NOT_FOUND_ERROR		
1205	OP_NOT_POSSIBLE_ERROR		
1206	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>		

- 1207 The codes that contain ERROR in their names are errors that arise during 1208 the interaction between the ALE implementation and the Port.
- 1209 This ALE implementation returns PCOpStatus codes according to the following table:

Status Code	Description
SUCCESS	The operation completed successfully.
MISC_ERROR_TOTAL	An error occurred during the processing of this operation that resulted in total failure. The state of the Port following the operation is unchanged. The ALE implementation returns this code only if no more specific code applies.
MISC_ERROR_PARTIAL	An error occurred during the processing of this operation that resulted in partial failure. The state of the Port following the operation attempt is indeterminate.

PORT_NOT_FOUND_ERROR	The specified port of the reader was not found.
OP_NOT_POSSIBLE_ERROR	The specified operation is not possible on the specified port or on the specified reader.

Table 38: PCOpStatus Values

#### 1211

#### 1212 **9.3.7 PCEventStat**

- 1213 A PCEventStat provides additional, implementation-defined information
- 1214 about each "occurring" of an event, which is, each time an event acquired
- 1215 by one of the Reader participating in the port cycle.

	PCEventStat		
1216	profile : PCStatProfileName		
1217	statBlocks : List <ecreaderstat></ecreaderstat>		
1218	< <extension point="">&gt;</extension>		
1219			

## The ALE implementation constructs a PCEventStat as follows:

Field	Туре	Description	
profile	PCStatProfileName	The name of the statistics profile that governed the generation of this PCEventStatinstance.	
statBlocks	List <ecreaderstat></ecreaderstat>	An unordered list containing an ECReaderStat instance for each Reader that occurred this event.	

Table 39: PCEventStat Fields

# 12201221

#### 1222 9.3.8 PCEventTimestampStat

- 1223 PCEventTimestampStat is a subclass of PCEventStat. The ALE imple-
- 1224 mentation includes one PCEventTimestampStat in a PCEventReport if the
- 1225 EventTimestamp statistics profile was included in the corresponding
- 1226 PCReportSpec.
- 1227 PCEventTimestampStat includes all of the fields in PCEventStat, plus the
- 1228 following additional fields:

	PCEventTimestampStat		
1229	firstOccurringTime : dateTime		
1230	lastOccurringTime : dateTime		
1231			

## 1232 The ALE implementation constructs a PCEventTimestampStat as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
profile	PCStatProfileName	This field contains the EventTimestamp value of PCStatProfileName.
statBlock	List <ecreaderstat></ecreaderstat>	This field contains an empty list.
firstOccurring Time	dateTime	This field contains the first time within this port cycle that the event occurred by any reader contributing to this port cycle.
lastOccurring Time	dateTime	This field contains the last time within this port cycle that the event occurred by any reader contributing to this port cycle.

Table 40: PCEventTimestampStat Fields

#### 1234 9.3.9 PCEventCountStat

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- 1235 PCEventCountStat is a subclass of PCEventStat. The ALE implementation
- 1236 includes one PCEventCountStat in a PCEventReport if the EventCount
- 1237 statistics profile was included in the corresponding PCReport Spec.
- 1238 PCEventCountStat includes all of the fields in PCEventStat, plus the fol-
- 1239 lowing additional fields:

	PCEventCountStat
1240	count : int
1241	

## 1242 The ALE implementation constructs a PCEventCountStat as follows:

Field	Туре	Description
profile	PCStatProfileName	This field contains the EventCount value of PCStatProfileName.
statBlock	List <ecreaderstat></ecreaderstat>	This field contains an empty list.
Count	int	This field contains the count how often this event occurred within this port cycle by any reader contributing to this port cycle.

Table 41: PCEventCountStat Fields

#### 1244 9.4 ALEPCCallback Interface

1245 The ALEPCCallback interface is the path by which this ALE implementation delivers asynchronous results from port cycles to subscribers.

Referring to the state transition tables in Section 5.6.1 of the ALE specification Document, whenever a transition specifies that "reports are delivered to subscribers" this ALE implementation attempts to deliver the results to each subscriber by invoking the callbackResults method of the ALEPC-1253 Callback interface once for each subscriber, passing the PCReports for the port cycle as specified by the notification URI for that subscriber as specified in the subscribe call. All subscribers receive an identical PCReports instance.

## 1257 10 Bindings for the Callback APIs

- 1258 This section specifies XML-based bindings for ALECallback, ALECCCallback
- 1259 and ALEPCCallback interfaces, through which the ALE Reading API, the
- 1260 ALE Writing API and the ccr Input and Output API, respectively, deliver
- 1261 asynchronous notifications to subscribers. Each binding of these interfaces
- 1262 specifies a syntax for notification URIs. A notification URI is supplied by
- 1263 an ALE client as a parameter of the subscribe and unsubscribe methods
- 1264 of the ALE Reading, Writing API or Digital Input and Output API. The
- notification URI both selects a binding of the callback interface to be used for
- 1266 that subscriber, and provides addressing information in a manner specified
- 1267 by each binding below.

### 1268 **10.1 HTTP Binding**

- 1269 The HTTP bindings of the ALECallback, ALECCCallback and ALEPCCallback
- 1270 interfaces provide for delivery of ECReports, CCReports or PCReports,
- 1271 respectively, in XML via the HTTP protocol using the POST operation.
- 1272 The syntax for HTTP notification URIs as used by these bindings is defined
- in RFC2616. Informally, an HTTP URI has one of the two following forms:
- 1274 http://host:port/remainder-of-URL
- 1275 http://host/remainder-of-URL
- 1276 where
- host is the DNS name or IP address of the host where the callback receiver is listening for incoming HTTP connections.
- port is the TCP port on which the callback receiver is listening for incoming HTTP connections. The port and the preceding colon character may be omitted, in which case the port defaults to 80.
- remainder-of-URL is the URL to which an HTTP POST operation will be directed.
- 1284 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- tation delivers event cycle, command cycle or port cycle reports by sending
- an HTTP POST request to the callback receiver designated in the URI, where
- 1287 remainder-of-URL is included in the HTTP request-line, and where the
- 1288 payload is the ECReports instance, CCReports instance or PCReports in-
- 1289 stance encoded in XML according to the schema.
- 1290 This ALE implementation does not interpret the response code value re-
- 1291 turned by the callback receiver. Therefore the implementation interprets
- 1292 any response code that is not null as a normal response, not indicative of
- 1293 any error.

#### 1294 **10.2 TCP Binding**

- 1295 The TCP binding of the ALECallback, ALECCCallback and ALEPCCallback
- 1296 interfaces provide for delivery of ECReports, CCReports or PCReports,
- 1297 respectively, in XML via a raw TCP connection.

- 1298 The syntax for TCP notification URIs as used by these bindings is defined in
- 1299 RFC2396. Informally, a TCP URI has the following form:
- 1300 tcp://host:port
- 1301 where
- host is the DNS name or IP address of the host where the callback receiver is listening for incoming TCP connections.
- port is the TCP port on which the callback receiver is listening for incoming TCP connections.
- 1306 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 1307 tation delivers event cycle, command cycle or port cycle reports by opening
- 1308 a new TCP connection to the specified host and port, writing to the connec-
- 1309 tion the ECREports instance, CCReports instance or PCReports instance,
- 1310 encoded in XML according to the schema and then closing the connection.
- 1311 The implementation does not require a reply or acknowledgement.

#### 1312 **10.3 UDP Binding**

- 1313 The UDP binding of the ALECallback, ALECCCallback and ALEPCCallback
- 1314 interfaces provide for delivery of ECReports, CCReports or PCReports,
- 1315 respectively, in XML via a raw UDP connection.
- 1316 The syntax for UDP notification URIs as used by these bindings is defined
- in RFC2396. Informally, a UDP URI has the following form:
- 1318 udp://host:port
- 1319 where
- host is the DNS name or IP address of the host where the callback receiver is listening for incoming UDP data.
- port is the UDP port on which the callback receiver is listening for incoming UDP data.
- 1324 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor imple-
- 1325 mentation delivers event cycle, command cycle or port cycle reports by
- 1326 directly writing the ECREports instance, CCReports instance or PCReports
- instance, encoded in XML according to the schema, to the UDP socket. The
- 1328 implementation does not require a reply or acknowledgement.

## 1329 **10.4 SQL Binding**

- 1330 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 1331 tation provides different SQL bindings of the ALECallback, ALECCCallback
- 1332 and ALEPCCallback interfaces for delivery of ECReports, CCReports or
- 1333 PCReports, in SQL statement via the an SQL INSERT operation. The follow-
- ing chapters will describe the different SQL bindings and in chapter 10.4.2
- the mapping option for all these bindings will be described as well.
- 1336 The database drivers to access H2 databases are included in this implemen-
- 1337 tation, all other drivers, e.g. MySQL, PostgreSQL or Microsoft SQL, must
- 1338 be installed manually. Please contact HARTING IT Software Development
- 1339 GmbH & Co KG to request the necessary drivers.

1340 The syntax for SQL notification URIs as used by this binding is defined 1341 below. Informally, a SQL URI has one of two the following forms:

```
1342 sql://?connection=$ConnectionString$
             &table=$TableName$
1343
             &plain=$ColumnName$
1344
1345
1346 sql://?connection=$ConnectionString$
1347
             &table=$TableName$
             &storage=$StorageName$
1348
             &init=$InitTable$
1349
             &clear=$ClearTable$
1350
1351
             &drop=$DropTable$
             &$ColumnMappingList$
1352
1353
```

#### 1354 where

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1356

1357

- connection specifies the JDBC connection string of the database
   (i.e. for MySQL: jdbc:mysql://<MySQL Server Host>:3306/db1 or
   for in memory data storage: jdbc:h2:mem:db1).
- table specifies a table name of the table within the database.
- plain specifies a column name within the table where the implementation will write to the ECReports instance, CCReports instance or the PCReports instance encoded in XML according to the schema. If omitted the column mapping will be used instead.
- storage optionally specifies a name to allow exporting the table entries (via HTTP GET with a text/plain response formatted in CSV) and to be able to delete them (via HTTP DELETE) while the subscriber is active. Note, this only works correctly when defining the ColumnMappingList.
- init optionally specifies whether the database table will be created on a subscribe call.
- clear optionally specifies whether the database table entries will be deleted on a subscribe call.
- drop optionally specifies whether the database table will be dropped on a unsubscribe call.
- ColumnMappingList is a list of query parameters that will map specific information from an ECReports, CCReports or PCReports instance into the specified column within the table. This ALE implementation will interpret these parameters as defined in section 10.4.2.
- 1377 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-1378 tation delivers event cycle, command cycle or port cycle reports by sending 1379 one or more INSERT operations to the specified table and columns within 1380 the database, and where the values are the ECReports instance, CCReports 1381 instance or PCReports instance information mapped on columns as speci-1382 fied through the URI see section 10.4.2 for mapping options.

#### 1383 10.4.1 SQL Timeout Options

- 1384 This ALE implementation provides no option to set a general socket or
- 1385 connect timeout for connections to remote databases. Please set the vendor
- 1386 specific socket or connect timeout parameter in the JDBC connection string.

#### 1387 10.4.2 SQL Binding Mapping Options

- 1388 This ALE implementation provides the two mapping options plain and col-
- 1389 umn mapping. If the plain parameter is specified the implementation will
- 1390 insert the complete ECReports, CCReports or PCReports instance en-
- 1391 coded in XML according to schema in a single column within the table.
- 1392 If omitted the column mapping will be used instead, where one INSERT
- 1393 operation will be send to the database for each
- 1394 ECReportGroupListMember within an ECReports, CCOpReport within a
- 1395 CCReports or PCOpReport within a PCReports. The implementation recog-
- 1396 nizes the parameters defined in the next three sub-sections for the column
- 1397 mapping options.

#### 1398 **10.4.2.1 ECReports**

- 1399 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-
- 1400 tation provides SQL binding mapping parameters for ECReports as specified
- 1401 in the below table.

Parameter	Related Information	Description
spec	ECReports.spec	If specified the spec parameter within the ECReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. spec=SpecColumn)
date	ECReports.date	If specified the date parameter within the ECReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. date=DateColumn)
total Milli seconds	ECReports.total Milliseconds	If specified the totalMilliseconds parameter within the ECReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. totalMilliseconds= TotalMillisecondsColumn)
initiation Condition	ECReports.initiation Condition	If specified the initiationCondition parameter within the ECReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. initiationCondition= InitiationConditionColumn)

initiation Trigger	ECReports.initiation Trigger	If specified the initiationTrigger parameter within the ECReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. initiationTrigger= InitiationTriggerColumn)
termination Condition	ECReports.termination Condition	If specified the terminationCondition parameter within the ECReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. terminationCondition= TerminationConditionColumn)
termination Trigger	ECReports.termination Trigger	If specified the terminationTrigger parameter within the ECReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. terminationTrigger= TerminationTriggerColumn)
report	ECReports.ECReport. reportName	If specified the reportName parameter within the ECReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. report=ReportNameColumn)
group	ECReports.ECReport. ECReportGroup. groupName	If specified the groupname parameter within the ECReporGroup will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. group=GroupNameColumn)

count	ECReports.ECReport. ECReportGroup. groupCount	If specified the groupCount parameter within the ECReportGroup will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. group=GroupNameColumn)
epc	ECReports.ECReport. ECReportGroup ECReportGroupList Member.epc	If specified the epc parameter within the ECReportGroupListMember will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. epc=EPCColumn)
tag	ECReports.ECReport. ECReportGroup ECReportGroupList Member.tag	If specified the tag parameter within the ECReportGroupListMember will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. tag=TagColumn)
rawHex	ECReports.ECReport. ECReportGroup ECReportGroupList Member.rawHex	If specified the rawHex parameter within the ECReportGroupListMember will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. rawHex=RawHexColumn)
field	ECReports.ECReport. ECReportGroup ECReportGroupList Member.ECReport MemberField.value	A parameter to specify a comma separated list of column names. If specified the value parameter of each member of the fieldList parameter within the ECReportGroupListMember will be inserted in order of their appearance in the next specified column. (i.e. field=Field1, Field2, Field3) If fiewer columns then fields are specified the remaining fields will be omitted from the INSERT operation.

Table 42: ECReports SQL Binding Parameter

Through the notification URI each parameter could be assigned to a column within the database table. If a parameter is omitted the related information from the ECReports will be omitted in the INSERT operation as well.

#### 1406 **10.4.2.2 CCReports**

1407 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-1408 tation provides SQL binding mapping parameters for CCReports as specified 1409 in the below table.

Parameter	Related Information	Description
spec	CCReports.spec	If specified the spec parameter within the CCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. spec=SpecColumn)
date	CCReports.date	If specified the date parameter within the CCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. date=DateColumn)
total Milli seconds	CCReports.total Milliseconds	If specified the totalMilliseconds parameter within the CCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. totalMilliseconds= TotalMillisecondsColumn)
initiation Condition	CCReports.initiation Condition	If specified the initiationCondition parameter within the CCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. initiationCondition= InitiationConditionColumn)
initiation Trigger	CCReports.initiation Trigger	If specified the initiationTrigger parameter within the CCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. initiationTrigger= InitiationTriggerColumn)
termination Condition	CCReports.termination Condition	If specified the terminationCondition parameter within the CCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. terminationCondition= TerminationConditionColumn)

termination Trigger	CCReports.termination Trigger	If specified the terminationTrigger parameter within the CCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. terminationTrigger= TerminationTriggerColumn)
report	CCReports.CCCmdReport.cmdSpecName	If specified the cmdSpecName parameter within the CCCmdReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. report=ReportNameColumn)
id	CCReports.CCCmdReport.CCTagReport.id	If specified the id parameter within the CCTagReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. group=IdColumn)
name	CCReports.CCCmdReport.CCTagReport.CCOpReportopName	If specified the opName parameter within the CCOpReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. name=NameColumn)
status	CCReports.CCCmdReport.CCTagReport.cCOpReport opStatus	If specified the opStatus parameter within the CCOpReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. tag=StatusColumn)
data	CCReports.CCCmdReport. CCTagReport.CCOpReport data	If specified the data parameter within the CCOpReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. data=DataColumn)

Table 43: CCReports SQL Binding Parameter

1411 Through the notification URI each parameter could be assigned to a column 1412 within the database table. If a parameter is omitted the related information

1413 from the CCReports will be omitted in the INSERT operation as well.

#### 1414 **10.4.2.3 PCReports**

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1415 The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implemen-1416 tation provides SQL binding mapping parameters for PCReports as specified 1417 in the below table.

Parameter	Related Information	Description
spec	PCReports.spec	If specified the spec parameter within the PCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. spec=SpecColumn)

date	PCReports.date	If specified the date parameter within the PCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. date=DateColumn)
total Milli seconds	PCReports.total Milliseconds	If specified the totalMilliseconds parameter within the PCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. totalMilliseconds= TotalMillisecondsColumn)
initiation Condition	PCReports.initiation Condition	If specified the initiationCondition parameter within the PCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. initiationCondition= InitiationConditionColumn)
initiation Trigger	PCReports.initiation Trigger	If specified the initiationTrigger parameter within the PCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. initiationTrigger= InitiationTriggerColumn)
termination Condition	PCReports.termination Condition	If specified the terminationCondition parameter within the PCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. terminationCondition= TerminationConditionColumn)
termination Trigger	PCReports.termination Trigger	If specified the terminationTrigger parameter within the PCReports will be inserted in the column according to the value. (i.e. terminationTrigger= TerminationTriggerColumn)
report	PCReports.PCReport. reportName	If specified the reportName parameter within the PCEventReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. report=ReportNameColumn)
id	PCReports.PCReport. PCEventReport.id	If specified the id parameter within the PCEventReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. group=IdColumn)
name	PCReports.PCReport. PCEventReport. PCOpReport.opName	If specified the opName parameter within the PCOpReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. name=NameColumn)

status	PCReports.PCReport. PCEventReport. PCOpReport.opStatus	If specified the opStatus parameter within the PCOpReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. tag=StatusColumn)
data	PCReports.PCReport. PCEventReport. PCOpReport.data	If specified the data parameter within the PCOpReport will be inserted in the column according to the value.(i.e. data=DataColumn)

Table 44: PCReports SQL Binding Parameter

Through the notification URI each parameter could be assigned to a column within the database table. If a parameter is omitted the related information

1421 from the PCReports will be omitted in the INSERT operation as well.

## 1422 **10.5 MQTT Binding**

- 1423 The MQTT bindings of the ALECallback, ALECCCallback and ALEPCCallback
- 1424 interfaces provide for delivery of ECReports, CCReports or PCReports,
- 1425 respectively, as JSON strings via the MQTT publish method.
- 1426 The syntax for MQTT notification URIs as used by these binding is defined
- in RFC3986 and must be percent-encoded. Informally, a MQTT URI has one
- 1428 of the following forms:

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- username is the username for the authentication. The username and the following password may be omitted, in which case no user and password is used for authorization nor authentication.
- password is the password for the authorization of the user. The password and the preceding colon character may be omitted, in which case no password is used for authorization.
  - host is the DNS name or IP address of the MQTT Broker where the callback receiver is listening for incoming MQTT connections.
    - port is the TCP port on which the callback receiver is listening for incoming MQTT connections. The port and the preceding colon character may be omitted, in which case the port defaults to 1883.
    - topic is the topic on which the report will be published. A topic consists of one or more topic levels, where each level is separated by a forward slash. Each topic must have at least 1 charater to be valid and it can also contain spaces. Also a topic is case sensitive. Additionally the forward slash alone is a valid topic, too. A topic can contain one or more placeholders, which will be replaced by the values of the current report. Each placeholder must be in curly brackets. (i.e /{report}/{reader}/{antenna}). If the value is not available in the

- current report the placeholder will be replaced by an empty string.
  This ALE implementation will interpret these placeholders as defined in section Placeholder.
- clientid is the id of the client which will be used to established the MQTT connection
- qos is the quality of service value which will be used to publish.
   (0 = At most once; 1 = At least once, 2 = exactly once)
- The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation delivers event cycle, command cycle or port cycle reports by executing a MQTT publish command to the specified MQTT Broker and topic, while the message will be encoded in JSON format.

## 1464 11 ALE Web Service URLs

The HARTING IT Software Development GmbH & Co KG vendor implementation provides the following ALE web service URIs:

```
ALE Web Service URIs
1467
      EC: http://<Container Host>:8888/services/ALE/EC?wsdl
1468
1469
      LR: http://<Container Host>:8888/services/ALE/LR?wsdl
1470
1471
      TM: http://<Container Host>:8888/services/ALE/TM?wsdl
1472
1473
      CC: http://<Container Host>:8888/services/ALE/CC?wsdl
1474
1475
      PC: http://<Container Host>:8888/services/ALE/PC?wsdl
1476
1477
      Trigger: http://<Container Host>:8888/services/ALE/trigger/
```

## 1478 12 Appendix

## **1479 13 Glossary**

## 1480 14 References

#### 1481 Literary References

1482 --

#### 1483 Internet References

```
-- The ALE Specification Part 1, EPCglobal
1484
         http://www.gsl.org/sites/default/files/docs/epc/ale_1_1_
1485
         1-standard-core-20090313.pdf
1486
         EPCglobal, Version 1.1.1
1487
       -- The ALE Specification Part 2, EPCglobal
1488
1489
         http://www.gsl.org/sites/default/files/docs/epc/ale_1_1_
1490
         1-standard-XMLandSOAPbindings-20090313.pdf
         EPCglobal, Version 1.1.1
1491
```