

新北市立新北高工 110 學年度第 1 學期期末考試題									
科 目	英語 文	命題 教師	鄭秀梅	審題 教師	施懿珊	年級	一	科別	應用 英語
								電腦卡作答	是
								答案卷作答	是

題目卷請與同答案卡、答案卷一起繳回!!

第 1~26 題以電腦卡作答；第 27~42 題以答案卷作答。

I. Cloze 60% (共 20 題，1 題 3 分)

a.) You may be surprised that common items around the house often have a wide range of uses. Actually, some things in our daily life have 1 than we can imagine. Sugar cubes are a great example. When it comes to sugar cubes, they are typically used 2 drinks. However, people apply them to keep food 3 by putting them inside containers. Do you know 4? The secret behind the trick is 5 sugar cubes can take in moisture from the air, stopping the cookies from turning soft.

6 example is the adoption of baby oil or citrus peels. They are both useful for getting rid of stains that are difficult to clean, and 7 from potato chips. Put a few drops of oil on a stain, leave it a few minutes, and then carefully remove it with a cloth. You will notice the stain gradually 8 away! The same can be done by squeezing a few drops of citrus peel juice onto the stain. This works because the organic substances and the acid content 9 down stains make it effortless dirty spots removed.

Once you start using simple tricks of science in daily life, they will make 10 easier for you to live a life. Science is not only useful in the laboratory but it can be helpful in regular life.

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|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 1 . (A) used more | (B) used much | (C) more uses | (D) much use |
| 2 . (A) to sweeten | (B) to sweetening | (C) to sweets | (D) to sweet |
| 3 . (A) to crisp | (B) to crisper | (C) crisp | (D) the crisp |
| 4 . (A) how to work | (B) how does it work | | |
| | (C) how do they work | (D) how they work | |
| 5 . (A) why | (B) what | (C) how | (D) that |
| 6 . (A) The other | (B) Another | (C) Other | (D) Some |
| 7 . (A) so can the oil | (B) so the oil can | | |
| | (C) so the oil is | (D) so is the oil | |
| 8 . (A) fade | (B) faded | (C) to fade | (D) is fading |
| 9 . (A) to break | (B) breaking | (C) broken | (D) be broken |
| 10 . (A) what | (B) them | (C) that | (D) it |

b.) Mary Shelley's *Frankenstein* is considered one of the greatest horror fictions ever. It talks about a scientist, Victor Frankenstein, who has a strong passion 11 science created a creature from parts of dead bodies 12 from the graves. In the end, the creature turns into a monster that he cannot control, he running away in horror.

At first, Frankenstein enjoyed his experiments 13 much that he worked on his project day and night in order to know the secret to make living beings. After he spent much time 14 experiments, he finally made his creation come alive. Much to his 15, it not only had a scary face, but also failed to follow his rules. The monster escaped from Frankenstein's laboratory and headed to a nearby town. Unfortunately, no one wanted to get close to it 16 its ugly face made people frightened to death. As the grief grew stronger, the monster made up its mind to kill Frankenstein's brother in revenge.

Instead of feeling a sense of achievement, Frankenstein regretted 17 the monster to life. He blamed himself for his brother's death. Soon after, the monster turned up, asking Frankenstein to make a female creature for it so that it wouldn't be lonely. Afraid of living a 18 life, Frankenstein agreed at first. However, he 19 destroying his half-finished creature because he came to realize that two monsters might bear children. Out of anger, the monster killed one of Frankenstein's friends. 20, Frankenstein's bride also got killed on their wedding night. Even Frankenstein himself died from the cold in the North Pole.

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|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| 11. (A) with | (B) at | (C) for | (D) in |
| 12. (A) to steal | (B) stole | (C) stealing | (D) stolen |
| 13. (A) so | (B) very | (C) even | (D) more |
| 14. (A) to conduct | (B) conducting | (C) conducted | (D) conduct |
| 15. (A) horrified | (B) horrifying | (C) horrible | (D) horror |
| 16. (A) although | (B) in spite of | (C) because | (D) because of |
| 17. (A) bringing | (B) to bring | (C) for bringing | (D) to brining |
| 18. (A) far horrible | (B) much horrible | | |
| | (C) even much horrible | (D) much more horrible | |
| 19. (A) mixed up | (B) ended up | (C) turned up | (D) wiped up |
| 20. (A) Besides | (B) Therefore | (C) However | (D) In fact |

Go on to the next page!

II. Reading Comprehension: 12% (共 8 題，1 題 1.5 分)

a.) It is no exaggeration to say that Coca-Cola is the most popular drink around the world today. From America, Asia, to even the remote areas in Africa, Coca-Cola is readily available to people who want to quench their thirst. However, Coca-Cola didn't start out as a refreshing drink sold in convenience stores or McDonald's.

In 1886, John Pemberton, a pharmacist in Atlanta, Georgia, invented a new type of syrup, using coca leaves, sugar and cola nuts, plus a few other secret ingredients. His partner Frank Robinson named it Coca-Cola and created the classic script that is still in use today. Mixed with carbonated water, the syrup was sold as a medicine. Since coca leaves and cola nuts are respectively the sources if cocaine and caffeine, the syrup could raise people's spirits and give them an energy boost.

However, Pemberton's medicine didn't sell well, so he sold his secret formula to Asa Candler, who promoted Pemberton's medicine as a soda drink and successfully increased its sales. Before long, other people became interested in the product, including a couple of businessmen who wanted to sell it in bottles. They were then licensed to bottle the drink, and the unique bottle of Coca-Cola was designed in 1916. Its **emblematic** shape has effectively set the brand apart from its competitors.

Now, daily servings of Coca-Cola drinks are estimated at 1.9 billion globally. As for the famous formula, it is probably the world's most valuable secret. The exact ingredients for making Coca-Cola are only known to a handful of people. One thing for sure is that the "coca" in the original drink as eliminated in 1903. Today's Coca-Cola contains caffeine, but not cocaine!

21. What's the main purpose of this passage?

- (A) To explain why Coca-Cola is popular around the world.
- (B) To introduce the gradual development of Coca-Cola.
- (C) To show the ingredients in Coca-Cola.
- (D) To compliment John Pemberton's achievement.

22. According to this passage, what effect did Coca-Cola have as a "medicine"?

- (A) It could improve the quality of sleep.
- (B) It could help people get energy.
- (C) It could relieve headaches and fevers.
- (D) It could prevent people from getting addicted to drugs.

23. Which of the following statements is true?

- (A) Frank Robinson is the first person who created Coca-Cola as a drink.
- (B) Coca-Cola started out as an illegal drug in the form of syrup.
- (C) Asa Candler was the owner of the rights to Coca-Cola's formula.
- (D) Coca-Cola contains a small amount of cocaine nowadays.

24. Which of the following words is closest in meaning to "emblematic" in the third paragraph?

- (A) Symbolic.
- (B) Expensive.
- (C) Mysterious.
- (D) Ancient.

b.) **Reviews on Tripadvisor**

#2 of 455 in Hanoi City, Vietnam.



in 2,897 travelers' reviews



Danny Yeh
Seattle, US

Reviewed January 23, 2020

We were first taken here in December as parts of a Hanoi Street Food Tour. [1]The flavors of Bun Bo Nam Bo were amazing and left a sensory memory in my brain that stayed for the rest of the month. We returned to Hanoi yesterday and went back for dinner tonight. A month ago, we shared portions; tonight we had full bowls and oh boy, it was out of this world! [2]No frills, inexpensive and great with a beer.



MaxLL
Melbourne,
Australia

Reviewed January 12, 2020

[3]This place seems to deserve its good reputation, although I worry that it's being "spoiled" by excessive tourist numbers. At peak times, there are often lines of people out of the door...and more backpackers than locals cramming the tables. I wasn't able to give the place a try on my last visit.

However, it seems to have a major **lull** between the obvious meal times, particularly in the morning. I looked in at about 9:30 am one day last week, and found it deserted—the breakfast rush having just passed.



Sean0425
Taichung,
Taiwan

Reviewed January 1, 2020

Their trademark Bun Bo Nam Bo—a beef salad with plenty of lukewarm rice noodles, on a bed of lettuce—is certainly very good, and quite a generous portion. [4]But it is priced at 65k—but you can get this dish for 35 or 40 from many back-alley vendors.

They have a few other dishes as well, which might be worth going back to try—although when the place is too busy, they get impatient with people hesitating over their order.



Bawsquee
Queenstown,
NZ

Reviewed December 18, 2019

[5]This place is hard to find even with Google maps. We got help from local people to show us the location. The restaurant is narrow and packed with hungry locals and tourists. [6]We ordered Bun Bo Nam Bo. Quite honestly, it was way too greasy to me, though it was reasonably priced. [7]Hygiene could've been improved coz I had diarrhea that night.

25.What can be inferred from Danny Yeh's review?

- (A) He left this comment after his visit to the restaurant.
- (B) His son loved the food as well.
- (C) The beer was cheap and awesome.
- (D) He thought highly of the restaurant.

26.What does the word "lull" mean in MaxLL's review?

- (A) A quiet period of time
- (B) A big discount on the dish
- (C) A large amount of food
- (D) A great atmosphere at the restaurant

[27.28 題請在答案卷上作答]

27. According to the four reviews, write down the **NAMES** of the reviewer(s) who made the following comments.

	Who complained that the restaurant was too crowded?	Who complained about the taste of Bun Bo Nam Bo?
Name(s)		

Go on to the next page!

28. Choose one sentence from sentences number 1 to number 7 that comments on the cleanliness of the dining environment. Write down the **NUMBER** of the sentence below.

42. 大家昨晚都熬夜準備今天的英文期末考，但結果(turn)它很簡單。

Everyone stayed up late last night preparing for today's English final exam, but it _____.

III. Vocabulary: 20% (共 10 題，1 題 2 分) [請在答案卷上作答]

29. The Olympic flag has five rings in its center, which represent the unity and friendship among athletes from five continents around the world.

30. Religion often gives courage to people in difficulty because they deeply believe that their gods is always with them.

31. My grandfather takes a walk after dinner every day. That is one of his daily routines.

32. Before natural disasters, animals seem to be able to sense something is coming and have strange behaviors.

33. The serious car accident happening earlier this week leads the family to live in a more conditions and the public urge the government to toughen penalties for drunk driving.

34. Certain employees of Evergreen Marine Corp, the largest container shipping company in Taiwan, received year-end bonuses of as much as 40 months salaries far beyond their expectations.

35. Because of the scientific research, we know more about the relationship between smoking and lung cancer.

36. Some stains just don't come off even if you use strong cleaning products.

37. Marty carelessly spilled the milk on the table, but he used a rag to absorb it right away.

38. In addition to fireworks display, it has become a custom to invite artists and singers to ring in the countdown parties with their interactive performances to welcome the new year.

IV. Translation: 8% [請在答案卷上作答]

(共 4 題，1 題 2 分;每格均有 3 個字以上，錯一字扣 0.5 分)

39. 這家餐廳比那家餐廳提供更多選擇。

This restaurant provides _____ than that one.

40. 如果你有去除污漬的困難，可以試試小蘇打粉

Try baking soda if you _____.

41. 我喜歡看星星在夜空中閃耀的樣子。那真是美極了。

I enjoy _____ in the night sky. It is so beautiful.

The end! Good luck! 😊