

新北市立新北高工 110 學年度第 2 學期補考試題											
科目	英語文	命題教師	鄭秀梅	審題教師	施懿珊	年級	一	科別	應用英語	電腦卡作答	是
										答案卷作答	否

(本試卷共 50 題，每題 2 分)

### Part 1: 單字選擇

- Elaine thought that she was ready to shine at the singing competition, but unfortunately, her talent was not \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A)appreciated (B)represented (C)resolved (D)furnished
- The vet tries very hard to cure and train the wounded wild duck, hoping one day it can be back to its \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A)audience (B)flock (C)spot (D)reputation
- Don't just sit and study all day. It is also important to go out and get \_\_\_\_\_ exercise that helps you stay healthy and more energetic.  
(A)adequate (B)ideal (C)mobile (D)vital
- Drinking lemon water in the morning offers many \_\_\_\_\_ to our body. It provides vitamin C, reduces wrinkles, and even helps us lose weight.  
(A)restrictions (B)ideals (C)benefits (D)materials
- Thanks to the professor's \_\_\_\_\_ advice, I knew exactly what I had to work on to achieve my goal.  
(A)desperate (B)affordable (C)constructive (D)imaginative
- The animals living in harsh cold areas \_\_\_\_\_ to the weather by storing food in their body.  
(A)tend (B)gather (C)regard (D)adapt
- May has a very \_\_\_\_\_ personality. Her mood changes so often that we don't know how to deal with her.  
(A)essential (B)satisfying (C)regional (D)complex
- While Eric was having a party last night, his neighbor called him and \_\_\_\_\_ about the loud noise they made.  
(A)detected (B)complained (C)neglected (D)assured
- Tim wasn't sure if Ellen liked him. He \_\_\_\_\_ asked her to have dinner with him.  
(A)ungratefully (B)involuntarily (C)similarly (D)hesitantly
- Irene has leadership \_\_\_\_\_ such as communication skills, a positive attitude, and confidence.  
(A)arguments (B)cottages (C)qualities (D)campaigns
- My aunt is a \_\_\_\_\_ businesswoman. She owns ten restaurants.  
(A)faithful (B)willing (C)similar (D)wealthy

- Frank has poor eyesight, so he can't see the small words on the bulletin board unless he \_\_\_\_\_ toward it.  
(A)crops (B)drifts (C)leans (D)roars
- The \_\_\_\_\_ will drop to ten degrees Celsius tomorrow. You have to put on your coat to keep warm.  
(A)temperature (B)contrast (C)achievement (D)formation
- The painkiller that Andy gave me was a good \_\_\_\_\_ for my headache. I felt much better after taking it.  
(A)remedy (B)incident (C)cabinet (D)pause
- The little girl \_\_\_\_\_ her father's coat and asked him to buy her the toy.  
(A)observed (B)seized (C)regretted (D)criticized
- Those who are excellent at controlling emotions usually can \_\_\_\_\_ with stress and frustration very well.  
(A)escape (B)cope (C)cheat (D)sting
- The student is deeply \_\_\_\_\_ when being called "fatty" or "piggy" by his classmates.  
(A)wounded (B)restored (C)exposed (D)reflected
- Cindy thinks that going mountain climbing is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ because this outdoor activity is sometimes dangerous.  
(A)possession (B)adventure (C)policy (D)encounter
- When the basketball team was about to lose, the shooter hit a three-pointer and \_\_\_\_\_ the game in the last minute.  
(A)put forward (B)pushed ahead (C)turned around (D)made sure
- Would you please help me \_\_\_\_\_ some new activities for children? The boys are getting tired of my old tricks!  
(A)refer to (B)come up with (C)grow up (D)work out

### Part 2: 克漏字

a.) Animal imagery is used in many expressions. \_\_21\_\_, most English speakers have heard of expressions such as "as quiet as a mouse" and "as wise as an owl." These expressions are meaningful because they are instantly understandable to most people. When someone says that a student becomes as quiet as a mouse after \_\_22\_\_, most people can understand what the speaker is trying to say right away.

Using animals to describe a person is quite common in every culture. It \_\_23\_\_ the characteristics of certain animals an interesting part of a language because such expressions create stronger images in people's minds. That is, you can use animal imagery to add color \_\_24\_\_ your talk or writing. Obviously, "He is stubborn" has a much less powerful effect than "He is as stubborn as a mule." Besides, calling

something “a white elephant” is more expressive than saying that this item is \_\_25\_\_.

In a word, you can use an animal expression to make your statement more meaningful and interesting.

21. (A) For instance (B) Likewise (C) Thus (D) Instead  
22. (A) be caught to cheat (B) been caught to cheat  
(C) being catching cheated (D) being caught cheating  
23. (A) gets (B) makes (C) lets (D) keeps  
24. (A) on (B) in (C) to (D) at  
25. (A) of no use (B) of use (C) out of use (D) in use

**b.)** Shipping containers sometimes can be seen as building materials. In the Netherlands, a construction company \_\_26\_\_ an innovative way to offer the local students low-cost apartments as well as developing a method for dealing with environmental issues. Referred to as “the Keetwonen student housing project,” the program has successfully turned recycled shipping containers into comfortable suites and has offered \_\_27\_\_ housing to more than 3,000 students in Amsterdam. Though \_\_28\_\_ of shipping containers, each suite is surprisingly large enough to have a kitchen, bathroom, and small balcony. More amazingly, these rooms are installed with floor-to-ceiling windows to bring in a lot of natural light, \_\_29\_\_ keeps the rooms even brighter and more attractive!

Aside from being inexpensive and warm, these shipping containers have other benefits. For example, since they are designed to carry heavy cargo, they are firm. \_\_30\_\_ way people place them, they can fit together like LEGO pieces. Perhaps the most important benefit is that they are environmentally friendly. Recycling steel is energy-consuming while reusing the shipping containers is not. Thanks to the Keetwonen project, these “boxes” have been used more practically and also help protect the environment.

26. (A) worked out (B) came up with (C) carried out (D) let in  
27. (A) recent (B) courageous (C) ideal (D) affordable  
28. (A) build (B) building (C) built (D) to be built  
29. (A) which (B) that (C) what (D) and  
30. (A) Whether (B) No matter (C) No matter which (D) However

**c.)** People who live in different places may choose to eat different foods. However, what makes people choose certain foods over others? After \_\_31\_\_ this issue, experts have found several factors that influence people's choices of food. Cultural belief should come as the first and most important factor. In Korea, it's common to see people enjoy a hot bowl of seaweed soup on their birthdays, since they believe that the nutrition of it can bring them health and make them live longer. Similarly, dumplings in China are \_\_32\_\_ the food that leads to wealth. Making dumplings on Chinese New Year's Eve is helpful in making more money for the coming year, and \_\_33\_\_ eating them.

Unlike the food with certain images, some foods are chosen simply because they fit the geographical features of a certain place. \_\_34\_\_ millet, for example. Millet grows well in hot weather, so it is widely grown as the main crop in tropical countries. Another example comes from the North Pole \_\_35\_\_ the Inuit live. The Inuit mostly rely on seals and whales for the fat and protein they need.

People choose to eat certain foods based on their customs and living environment.

Understanding this may keep you from losing your appetite when you travel around the world.

31. (A) digging in (B) turning down (C) digging into (D) keeping in mind  
32. (A) considered of (B) regarded (C) referred to (D) thought of as  
33. (A) neither is (B) so is (C) neither does (D) so does  
34. (A) Make (B) Have (C) Regard (D) Take  
35. (A) , where (B) which (C) where (D) what

**d.)** Many people love to buy cheap clothes, but they often don't realize the costs behind making clothes. For some companies, they want to sell clothing cheaply while still making money, they pay their workers very low \_\_36\_\_. In addition, the workers often work in dirty and unsafe environments, and the companies don't spend money on \_\_37\_\_ their working environments.

People are not aware of the workers' poor working conditions, so they keep buying cheap clothes. If people \_\_38\_\_ a chance to know about the truth, they \_\_38\_\_ buy products from companies that violate workers' rights.

What's more, people also need to consider the materials that are \_\_39\_\_ make clothes. Sometimes, to ensure people keep buying new clothes, clothing companies use materials that don't last long. In this way, people will buy more and more clothes; meanwhile, more and more wastes end up in landfills. Although it may seem difficult, people have the power and the duty to \_\_40\_\_ this situation \_\_40\_\_. All they can do is stop supporting the companies that are not willing to improve workers' working conditions.

36. (A) styles (B) wages (C) industries (D) processes  
37. (A) improving (B) improve (C) to improve (D) improved  
38. (A) were had; might not (B) have had; might  
(C) had; might not (D) were; might  
39. (A) using for (B) used to (C) using to (D) used as  
40. (A) put; forward (B) hand; out (C) look; for (D) turn; around

Part 3: 文意選填

(A) classic	(B) factors	(C) regarded	(D) major	(E) thought of as
(AB) unique	(AC) dig into	(AD) perfect	(AE) role	(BC) adapted

Some thought “chicken tikka masala” was originally a spicy Indian curry. But now, it is \_\_41\_\_ as a national dish in Britain. It has a(n) \_\_42\_\_ flavor that mixes the mild tastes of yogurt and tomato with hot spices. According to a recent survey, curry is Britain’s best-loved food. And among the various types of curry, chicken tikka masala has achieved the status of a \_\_43\_\_ dish.

Let’s \_\_44\_\_ the history: how did a dish from another region of the world become so popular in Britain? Many \_\_45\_\_ have contributed to its popularity, but they are all related to the steady immigration from South Asia since 1947. It was the year that India gained independence from Britain. Many South Asian immigrants opened restaurants and \_\_46\_\_ recipes to suit British tastes. Therefore, today there are thousands of curry houses all over Britain.

While London and Birmingham are two of the \_\_47\_\_ curry “hotspots” in England, chicken tikka masala is thought to have been invented in an Indian restaurant in Glasgow, Scotland. The story goes that a chef there made the dish for a customer who wanted his spicy chicken to be served with a sauce. The customer said the flavor was \_\_48\_\_ and the rest is history. It’s funny to think chicken tikka masala is now \_\_49\_\_ an important part of Britain’s food culture! Especially, the fact that there is no standard recipe has probably also played a \_\_50\_\_ in its success. It allows the chef to be flexible with the ingredients.