

市立新北高工 112 學年度 第 2 學期								期末考試題	班別	座號	電腦卡作答
科目	英文閱讀	命題教師	高麗雯	審題教師	張培倫	年級	三	科別	機電汽圖模鑄資訊	姓名	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 是

◎ 請將答案畫記在電腦答案卡上，同時畫記班級和座號，未畫者，酌扣總分 5 分！

I 素養題

Tour Guide WANTED

Skills:

- * A friendly and humorous attitude.
- * Fluency in English and Taiwanese.
- * Strong communication, storytelling, time management, and organizational skills.

Requirements:

Age: 22–50

Education: College diploma (minimum)

- * Ability to work in the evenings and on weekends.
- * Familiarity with the history of the UK, France, and Germany.
- * Prior experience as a tour guide (preferred).

Contact information:

Mail your personal information to havingfun@gmail.com
Call us: 04-8882224

- () 1. Which of the following is NOT true?
- People who want this job need to speak at least two languages.
 - People who are 51 will not be hired for this job.
 - People who worked as a storyteller before will surely be hired.
 - People who are interested can call or email.
- () 2. Which of the following people would most hopefully be hired?
- Alice, a 33-year old woman who speaks only Chinese and Japanese.
 - Carol, a recent college graduate who studied English.
 - Bob, a 20-year-old English history student.
 - Dave, a bad-tempered expert on European history.

Course description

- * This course aims to improve students' writing and speaking skills and their ability to cope with professional challenges in the future.
- * This course runs for a full year and is worth one credit.

Course outline

First semester	Second semester
Grammar, vocabulary, business email writing	Speeches and interviews, business email writing

Materials: You must bring these materials to class: textbook, notebook, and necessary stationery.

Grading: Your grade will be based on tests, homework, and class participation.

100–90	89–80	79–70	69–60	59 or below
A	B	C	D	F

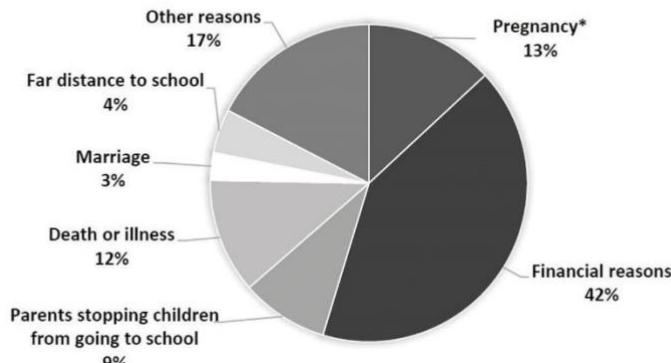
Homework: When homework is assigned, students must hand it in at the beginning of the next class.



- () 3. Which of the following is true?
- Students can improve their reading skills in this course.
 - Students can learn business email writing in both semesters.
 - Grades are only based on students' scores for tests.
 - Students who pass the course receive two credits.
- () 4. Which of the following is true about homework?
- A student who scores 78 will receive a B on their homework.
 - It does not affect the course grade.
 - There will be homework for every class.
 - It should be returned at the start of the following class.

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In Uganda, Africa, a large number of children don't finish their education. In fact, very few of them are able to **enroll at** university, while others drop out in high school or even earlier. The following pie chart shows the reasons why high school students quit school in Uganda.



- () 5. What does “**enroll at**” most likely mean?
 (A) Quit. (B) Build. (C) Find. (D) Attend.
 () 6. What is the most common reason why high school students quit school in Uganda? (A) They have problems with money. (B) They live too far from their schools.(C) They have family issues.(D) They suffer from serious diseases.



Whale Watching Tour

★★★★★ 200 Review | ► Hualien
 ① 2 hours 🛌 Hotel pickup offered
 📱 Mobile ticket 💬 Offered in English

Thank you for signing up for the whale watching tour! Here's some more information about the tour:

What's Included

- Guided boat tour
- Free ticket to try again in case of no sightings*
- Educational and interactive* focus
- Warm clothing provided for your comfort and safety—available in children's sizes!
- Wi-Fi on board
- Discounted ticket for the next month's Whales of Taiwan Exhibition—available for a small additional fee

* sighting n. [C] 目睹 * interactive adj. 互動的

- () 7. According to the passage, which of the following is **NOT** included in the tour?
 (A) A guided tour.(B) Warm clothing.(C) Wi-Fi on the boat.(D) A whale exhibition.
 () 8. Which of the following is true about the tour?
 (A) Children are not allowed to sign up for the tour.
 (B) There is a chance that the tourists won't see any whales.
 (C) There is an exhibition on the boat.
 (D) The tour will be canceled if the number of tourists is small.

二、閱讀測驗

Have you ever been to Barcelona? The capital of the Catalonia region of Spain, it is well-known for a number of sites. For example, the Sagrada Familia, or Holy Family church, is a must-see. Interestingly, the church is still under construction to this day! This is mainly due to construction issues and complex plans that other builders have found difficult to follow since the death of its original architect, Antoni Gaudi.

If you're a soccer fan, you can visit Camp Nou or even watch an FC Barcelona match live. The soccer stadium opened in 1957 and has been the home field for the FC Barcelona ever since. With over 99,000 seats, it is the largest soccer stadium in all of Europe, and the fourth-largest in the world.

Or, if you prefer a taste of history, you can walk around Barcelona's oldest district*, Ciutat Vella. Here visitors can get lost in the alleys, where there are still many sites from throughout the city's history. Anyone who visits Barcelona is sure to find something to excite them!

*district n. [C] 區

- () 9. Who is most likely to be interested in the passage?
 (A) Someone who likes traveling.(B) Someone who does construction work.
 (C) Someone who loves modern buildings. (D) Someone who is a model.
 () 10. Which of the following is **NOT** true? (A) The Sagrada Familia is a church.(B) Ciutat Vella is Barcelona's oldest district.(C) Camp Nou is the largest soccer stadium globally.(D) You can watch a live FC Barcelona match in Barcelona.
 () 11. Ellen is interested in art and architecture. Which place in Barcelona would be best for her to visit?
 (A) Camp Nou.(B) The Sagrada Familia.(C) The FC Barcelona stadium.(D) The Ciutat Vella.

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India is a very poor Asian country and has nearly 1.4 billion people. Every day, many Indians use trains to get to work or school. Unfortunately, many poor families also live near the country's huge network of train tracks. The parents of these families cannot afford to send their children to school, so the children go to nearby train stations to beg for money on the platforms instead.

A teacher named Inderjit Khurana saw this problem when riding the train every day to work. She knew the children couldn't leave the platform, so she decided to create a "train platform" school. On the platform, she would hold lessons in reading, math, health, music, and dancing. In the beginning, only 20 children came, but soon the news spread. Eventually, more than 100 children joined her classes. She wanted to help more children, so she created more schools and hired other teachers. Today, there are more than 70 schools, **all** located on different train platforms. With these schools, the children can earn money while also having hope for a brighter future.

- () 12. What is the best title for the passage?
 - (A) A Train Station Transports Rich and Poor People
 - (B) A Teacher Helps Create a Friendly Train Station
 - (C) A Gap between the Rich and the Poor Exists in India
 - (D) A Unique School Brings Hope to Poor Children

- () 13. Why do poor children hang around train platforms?
 - (A) They ask people for money.
 - (B) They call for equal education.
 - (C) They want to make friends with rich children.
 - (D) They actually live in the train station.

- () 14. What does the word "**all**" refer to?
 - (A) Lessons which are taught.
 - (B) Poor children who need education.
 - (C) "Train platform" schools.
 - (D) Train stations in India.

Education is one of the things that every person should have the right to. Unfortunately, not every kid is able to stay in school. Students might, for example, live in very poor or very remote areas where resources are limited. In some cases, natural disasters* such as flooding and earthquakes might also prevent them from attending class. Finally, serious pandemics* such as COVID-19 can interfere* with children's education as well, and even make going to school dangerous.

For most of these situations, there is only one practical solution that stands out: online learning. In China alone, for example, around 250 million students attended daily e-learning sessions in 2020. These virtual* classrooms made sure that learners, despite not being able to go to school, didn't stop their studies. Research has even suggested that online students are more productive*. They keep information better, and e-learning has been shown to take less time than regular schooling. All in all, online learning can be a lifeline for students everywhere.

* disaster *n. [C]* 災難 * pandemic *n. [C]* 大流行疾病 * interfere *vi.* 干擾 * virtual *adj.* 虛擬的 * productive *adj.* 富有成效的

- () 15. What is the main idea of this passage?
 - (A) COVID-19 has posed a great threat to students' education.
 - (B) Online learning is a solution for students who have difficulty going to school.
 - (C) Every person should have the right to education and stay in school.
 - (D) Online learning enabled Chinese students to keep learning during a pandemic.

- () 16. Which of the following is **NOT** mentioned as a reason why students can't stay in school?
 - (A) Natural disasters. (B) Low intelligence.. (C) Pandemics (D) Location.

- () 17. According to this passage, which of the following is one of the advantages of online learning?
 - (A) It can make students more focused on learning.
 - (B) It can help students remember information longer.
 - (C) It can reduce the gap between the rich and the poor.
 - (D) It can save students school tuition fees.

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Many places around the world are suffering from overtourism these days. This is leading to crowding and can even damage landmarks and local environments. In addition, it is also having a negative effect on the lives of local residents.

Fortunately, there are a few simple steps that tourists themselves can follow to help greatly improve things. First of all, they can do their best to avoid visiting the most popular travel destinations*, or at least try not to visit these hot spots during the main holiday season.

Secondly, when they do arrive at a certain tourist destination, they can also stay in accommodations* and go sightseeing* at places that aren't mentioned in the guidebook. There is no reason, after all, to simply follow the crowds, and travelers can often discover new places and new experiences by themselves.

Lastly, "good" visitors should always try to be more aware of how tourism impacts the lives of locals. If they do so, locals are sure to be more welcoming and helpful. Solving the problem of overtourism, therefore, starts with those who are on tour!

* destination *n. [C]* 目的地 * accommodation *n. [pl.]* 住宿 * sightseeing *n. [U]* 觀光

- () 18. What is the main idea of this passage?
 - (A) Local residents had better take action against tourists.
 - (B) Overtourism is doing great damage to natural environment.
 - (C) Everyone must avoid traveling to improve the tourist industry.
 - (D) Tourists should make an effort to reduce the problem of overtourism

- () 19. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as one of the negative impacts of overtourism?
 - (A) Crowding. (B) Damaging landmarks.
 - (C) Harming the environment. (D) Reduced job opportunities.

- () 20. Which of the following people has followed one of the author's tips?
 - (A) Kevin, who visited a popular village during the Chinese New Year.
 - (B) Jack, who booked a fancy hotel recommended in a travel guidebook.
 - (C) Linda, who scheduled three famous tourist spots to go to in one day.
 - (D) Alice, who spent a day strolling through an area outside of her tourist map.

Winners do what losers don't want to do.

勝利者做失敗者不願意做的事！