

市立新北高工 113 學年度 第 二 學期 期末考 英文閱讀試題										班級		座號		電腦畫卡
科目	英文 閱讀	命題教師	張哲璋	審題教師	陳旻旻	年級	三	科別	機鑄模汽圖電資訊	姓名				是

- ()9. What is an “**architect**” ?
- (A) A person who paints landscapes for a living.
 (B) A person who repairs household appliances.
 (C) A person who writes computer programs.
 (D) A person who designs buildings and oversees their construction.
- ()10. What does the phrase "to **be under construction**" mean?
- (A) To be falling apart and in need of repair
 (B) To be completely finished and ready to use
 (C) To be in the process of being built or repaired
 (D) To be closed forever and abandoned

Education is one of the things that every person should have the right to. Unfortunately, not every kid is able to stay in school. Students might, for example, live in very poor or very remote areas where **resources are limited**. In some cases, natural disasters such as flooding and earthquakes might also prevent them from attending class. Finally, serious pandemics such as COVID-19 can interfere with children's education as well, and even make going to school dangerous.

For most of these situations, there is only one practical solution stands out: online learning. In China alone, for example, around 250 million students attend daily e-learning sessions in 2020. These virtual classrooms made sure that learners, despite not being able to go to school, didn't stop their studies. Research has even suggested that online students are more productive. They keep information better, and e-learning has been shown to take less time than regular schooling. All in all, online learning can be a lifeline for students everywhere.

disaster 災難；pandemic 大流行病；interfere 干擾；virtual 虛擬的；productive 富有成效的

- ()11.What is the main idea of this passage?
- (A) COVID-19 has posed a great threat to students' education.
 (B) Every person should have the right to education and stay in school
 (C) Online learning is a solution for students who have difficulty going to school.
 (D) Online learning enabled Chinese students to keep learning during a pandemic.

- ()12. Which of the following is **NOT** mentioned as a reason why students can't stay in school?
- (A) Low intelligence. (B) Pandemics
 (C) Natural disasters. (D) Location.
- ()13 According to this passage, which of the following is one of the advantages of online learning?
- (A) It can make students more focused on learning.
 (B) It can save students school tuition fees.
 (C) It can reduce the gap between the rich and the poor.
 (D) It can help students remember information longer.
- ()14. When we say **resources are limited**, it means _____.
 (A) we have more than enough resources.
 (B) there are only a few resources available.
 (C) resources can be shared without a problem.
 (D) resources are easy to find and use.
- ()15. Which of the following is **NOT** a form of online learning?
- (A) Reading a printed textbook in the library.
 (B) Attending virtual class on Google Meets.
 (C) Listening to speeches on the radio.
 (D) Watching recorded videos on a learning platform.

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India is a very poor Asian country and has over 1.4 billion people. Every day, many Indians use trains to get to work or school. Unfortunately, many poor families also live near the country's huge network of train tracks. The parents of these families **cannot afford to** send their children to school, so the children go to nearby train stations to beg for money on the platforms instead.

A teacher named Inderjit Khurana saw this problem when riding the train every day to work. She knew the children couldn't leave the platform, so she decided to create a "train platform" school. On the platform, she would **hold lessons** in reading, math, health, music, and dancing. In the beginning, only 20 children came, but soon the news spread. Eventually, more than 10p children joined her classes. She wanted to help more children, so she created more schools and hired other teachers. Today, there are more than 70 schools, and **all** are located on different train platforms. With these schools, the children can earn money while also having hope for a brighter future.

- ()16. What is the best title for the passage?
(A) A Train Transports Rich and Poor People.
(B) A Gap between the Rich and the Poor Exists in India.
(C) A Teacher Helps Create a Friendly Train Station.
(D) A Unique School Brings Hope to Poor Children.
- ()17. Why do poor children hang around train platforms?
(A) They call for equal education.
(B) They ask people for money.
(C) They actually live in the train station.
(D) They want to make friends with rich children.
- ()18. What does the word "**all**" refer to?
(A) "Train Platform" schools.
(B) Lessons which are taught.
(C) Train stations in India.
(D) Poor children who need education.

- ()19. If you **cannot afford to do something**, you _____.
(A) always try to do it quickly.
(B) really enjoy doing it.
(C) do it without thinking carefully.
(D) don't have enough money or time to do it.
- ()20. What is the best meaning of "**hold lessons**"?
(A) To carry things like books for a class.
(B) To teach or give a class.
(C) To remember facts for a test.
(D) To stop or delay a class.