

市立新北高工 110 學年度第 2 學期 高三 體育班 期末考 試題							班別		座號		電腦卡作答
科 目	英文	命題 教師	王懷嫻	審題教師	劉欣潔	科別:體育三甲	姓名			否 （卷上填答）	

一. 請將下列課本單字例句, 逐句完整翻譯為中文30%。每題 3 % （錯一處扣1分）

1. Hillary suffers from an eating **disorder** and often eats far less than she should.
2. A key **factor** in this restaurant’s success is its inexpensive fresh seafood.
3. Mr. Howard is a **resourceful** teacher who finds creative ways to teach his students.
4. The basketball coach complained his starters didn’t contribute much effort to tonight’s game.
5. Teresa only buys products that contain no artificial colors or flavors.
6. To demonstrate his love for his wife, Joe wrote a beautiful poem for her.
7. Nowadays, to be healthier, many people are reducing the amount of red meat they eat.
8. The ice cream flavors in this shop vary in price, so check the menu before you choose one.
9. We have to recognize the seriousness of bullying at school and do something about it.
10. I could hardly keep my balance on my bike due to the strong wind.

二. 選擇 14% 每題 1 分

1. ( ) Luckily, the sudden \_\_\_\_\_ of the tower didn’t kill or hurt anyone that was passing by. (A) collapse (B) nightmare (C) factor (D) recognition
2. ( ) There is a large amount of \_\_\_\_\_ showing that smoking can lead to lung cancer. (A) collapse (B) evidence (C) credit (D) balance
3. ( ) Ariel really \_\_\_\_\_ a vacation after working so hard for these three months. (A) balances (B) deserves (C) reduces (D) contributes

4. ( ) This chart clearly \_\_\_\_\_ how effective this new teaching method is at improving students’ grades. (A) reduces (B) deserves (C) contributes (D) demonstrates
5. ( ) This country is famous for its natural \_\_\_\_\_, such as oil and coal. (A) mysteries (B) factors (C) resources (D) contributions
6. ( ) After several new roads were built, there was a \_\_\_\_\_ in the traffic on this road. (A) variety (B) demonstration (C) reduction (D) disorder
7. ( ) Peter’s trip to Italy became a \_\_\_\_\_ after his passport and all of his money were stolen. (A) mystery (B) nightmare (C) reduction (D) balance
8. ( ) When the bomb exploded, the train station suddenly \_\_\_\_\_ and many people were seriously injured. (A) varied (B) balanced (C) collapsed (D) contributed
9. ( ) This company makes a useful \_\_\_\_\_ to the neighborhood by providing meals for elderly people living alone. (A) contribution (B) misery (C) disorder (D) resource
10. ( ) Zack is quite curious about the \_\_\_\_\_ event and determined to find out what actually happened. (A) artificial (B) evident (C) mysterious (D) resourceful
11. ( ) No matter how busy Richard is, he always spends some time with his children every day, which is a clear \_\_\_\_\_ of his love for them. (A) demonstration (B) reduction (C) resource (D) variety
12. ( ) In this movie, people in a small village were suddenly infected (感 染) with a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ disease and started to bite one another. (A) various (B) resourceful (C) evident (D) mysterious
13. ( ) The number of candles usually represents the age of the person \_\_\_\_\_ celebrated. (A) be (B) being (C) had (D) has
14. ( ) The award is only given to those who have made great \_\_\_\_\_ to the world, so it’s a huge honor to receive it. (A) demonstrations (B) reductions (C) varieties (D) contributions

(背面尚有試題)

三.閱讀 6% + 抄寫 50% (請注意大小寫,單字拼字,標點符號;錯一處扣 2 分;勿漏抄段落)

1. India is a very poor Asian country and has nearly 1.4 billion people. Every day, many Indians use trains to get to work or school. Unfortunately, many poor families also live near the country's huge network of train tracks. The parents of these families cannot afford to send their children to school, so the children go to nearby train stations to beg for money on the platforms instead.

A teacher named Inderjit Khurana saw this problem when riding the train every day to work. She knew the children couldn't leave the platform, so she decided to create a "train platform" school. On the platform, she would hold lessons in reading, math, health, music, and dancing. In the beginning, only 20 children came, but soon the news spread. Eventually, more than 100 children joined her classes. She wanted to help more children, so she created more schools and hired other teachers. Today, there are more than 70 schools, all located on different train platforms. With these schools, the children can earn money while also having hope for a brighter future.

( ) (1) What is the best title for the passage? (A) A Train Station Transports Rich and Poor People (B) A Teacher Helps Create a Friendly Train Station (C) A Unique School Brings Hope to Poor Children (D) A Gap between the Rich and the Poor Exists in India

( ) (2) Why do poor children hang around train platforms? (A) They ask people for money. (B) They call for equal education. (C) They want to make friends with rich children. (D) They actually live in the train station.

( ) (3) What does the word "all" refer to? (A) Lessons which are taught. (B) Poor children who need education. (C) Train stations in India. (D) "Train platform" schools.

文章抄寫: ➡ (請寫第二段) A teacher....

2. Bangladesh is a South Asian country located to the east of India. It is famous for its natural greenery\* and its large number of waterways.

The Sundarbans is one of the most popular spots in Bangladesh. It is an area that is home to many endangered\* animals, including the Bengal Tiger and the Ganges and Irrawaddy dolphins. One should not be shocked to also find deer, leopards, monkeys, and many other animals wandering about the Sundarbans.

Additionally, there are many rivers that can be found in Bangladesh. There are around three hundred rivers that stream across the country. These include the Ganges River, the Brahmaputra River, and the Meghna River. However, a lot of these rivers are now starting to become polluted. It has been reported that most of the fish that previously lived in these rivers are now dead, and the water is becoming black because of all the trash and waste that is being dumped into them.

Although Bangladesh is a very beautiful country filled with several rare animals, its waters will only continue to get dirtier unless people stop dumping their waste into its rivers.

( ) (1) What is this article mainly about? (A) An introduction to the location and climate of Bangladesh. (B) Rare animals and the problem of water pollution in Bangladesh. (C) Different kinds of plants people can expect to find in Bangladesh. (D) How people in Bangladesh earn money to support themselves.

( ) (2) What is the author's attitude toward the future of the rivers in Bangladesh? (A) Positive. (B) Hopeful. (C) Worried. (D) Amazed.

( ) (3) Which of the following rivers is NOT mentioned in this article? (A) The Rhine River. (B) The Meghna River. (C) The Ganges River. (D) The Brahmaputra River.

文章抄寫: ➡ (請寫第三段 Additionally....)