

新北高工 113 學年度第 1 學期 段考			出題教師:劉欣潔老師			審題教師:林筱雯老師			班級		座號		成	需 答案卡
科目	英文閱讀		年級	二	科別	電訊			姓名				績	
閱讀測驗: 請選出最適當的答案									<div>6. What does this passage mainly about?</div> <div>(A) History of food sharing in Germany. (B) Stefan Simon’s research in Taiwan.</div> <div>(C) The issue of worldwide food waste. (D) The activity of public fridges in Taiwan.</div> <div>7. What does the word “them” in the fourth line mean?</div> <div>(A) People in need. (B) Public fridges. (C) Extra food. (D) Messages.</div> <div>8. Which of the following messages does not probably appear on the website of Foodsharing Taiwan?</div> <div>(A) How long the food can last. (B) How much the food costs.</div> <div>(C) When the food is available. (D) What the food is.</div> <div>9. What does the word “concept” mean?</div> <div>(A) 議題 (B) 中央研究院 (C) 概念 (D) 意見</div> <div>10. What is the meaning of the word “researcher” ?</div> <div>(A) 研究員 (B) 中研院 (C) 活動 (D) 助理</div> <div>Food waste is a serious international issue, and each of us can make a difference to reducing it. All it takes are a few simple changes. Cutting back on food waste starts in the kitchen. Before heading to the market, we should check what we have already have. Then, write a list of what food is needed and only buy those on the list. Besides, vegetables and fruit tend to be thrown away the most. Before they begin going bad, you can freeze them for later use. Frozen fruits can be used in smoothies, and frozen vegetables can be added to soups or stir-fried. If there is any unusable food, it should be placed in a garden or a compost bin. This is a way of returning food to soil instead of creating more pollution. Putting an end to food waste needs to be a worldwide effort.</div> <div>11. What is purpose of the passage?</div> <div>(A) To discuss various international issues. (B) To show ways of preparing different dishes.</div> <div>(C) To share opinions about recent pollution. (D) To introduce some ways of saving food.</div> <div>12. What does “ returning food to soil ” mean in this passage?</div> <div>(A) Food will become plants if it is thrown in soil. (B) Food can be composted in soil to help plants to grow.</div> <div>(C) Putting unusable food into soil to make it fresh again. (D) People can improve soil by feeding it a lot of good food.</div> <div>13. Which of the following is not mentioned to reduce food waste?</div> <div>(A) Turn a kitchen into a better place to store food. (B) Make a shopping list before buying food. (C) Make use of frozen vegetables and fruit. (D) Put unwanted food in a compost bin.</div> <div>14. What does the word “smoothie” mean?</div> <div>(A) 汙染 (B) 容器 (C) 奶昔 (D) 堆肥</div>					
<p>Today, a few structures, including temples and buildings, have been made out of recycled materials. For instance, the EcoArk is built by a Taiwanese company to attract people’s interest in recycling. It is made of 1.5 million recycled plastic bottles. Though the EcoArk is light in weight, it is very stable.</p> <p>Another special structure is the Temple of a Million Bottles in Thailand. It is made of over 1 million beer bottles. The beer bottles provide light, keep their color, and are easy to clean.</p> <p>These two examples show how using everyday materials and thinking creatively can help to save natural resources. In the meantime, they also draw people’s attention to the environmental protection in the modern world.</p> <p>1. What is this passage mainly about?</p> <p>(A) Great creations of recycled materials. (B) Some big structures in the world. (C) The successful beer business in Thailand. (D) The most valuable natural resources.</p> <p>2. Which of the following is statement about the EcoArk is not true?</p> <p>(A) It draws people’s attention to recycling. (B) It is not only stable but light.</p> <p>(C) It is made of used plastic bottles. (D) It cost 1.5 million dollars to make it.</p> <p>3. According to this passage, what is the similarity between the EcoArk and the Temple of a Million Bottles?</p> <p>(A) They are both made of extra building materials. (B) They are inventions of the same group of artists.</p> <p>(C) They are designed for environmental protection. (D) They are high-tech products in the modern world.</p> <p>4. What is the meaning of the word “stable” ?</p> <p>(A) 困難的 (B) 重要的 (C) 堅固的 (D) 奇怪的</p> <p>5. What does the word “environmental” mean ?</p> <p>(A) 古老的 (B) 自然環境的 (C) 明顯的 (D) 正式的</p> <p>There has been a different concept of saving food in Taiwan. The food sharing movement began in Germany in 2012, and today it is active in Taiwan thanks to Stefan Simon, a German researcher at Academia Sinica. Simon promoted “Foodsharing Taiwan” in 2016, and now there are several public fridges in Taipei. Public fridges are where people that have leftovers or extra ingredients can leave them and where people that need food can go take it. People leave messages online to provide information about the food they would put, like what the food is, when the food will be in a fridge, and the period in which the food is fresh and can be eaten. A few bakeries and restaurants also join in and provide food. Over time, the process of the activity and the rules have become more complete, so that people do not need to worry about whether the food is clean and safe. Humans should face the issue of food waste and take action.</p>														

15. What is the meaning of the word ”bin” ?

- (A) 容器 (B) 名人 (C) 解決辦法 (D) 投資

In the same way that understanding a culture helps in learning a language, learning a language helps in understanding a culture. Language is a way for us to express our culture. In Japan, a country which is known for its politeness, one word can have a lot of different forms. These forms, which range from “regular **polite**” to “sugar polite” are important to know, particularly when people speak to teachers, grandparents, and bosses. Culture also includes history, which can explain the use of certain words and the origin when it comes to language. For instance, there are plenty of words which come from Arabic in the Spanish language, as the country was once under **Muslim** rule. Likewise, the use of popular expressions in the Mandarin language reveals the value which ancient Chinese culture placed on family. To study a foreign language completely, learning about its culture is a part of the process.

16. What is this passage mainly about ?

- (A) The relationship between culture and language. (B) The change of language forms in history. (C) The reason of studying culture and history. (D) The way of knowing a foreign country.

17. According to this passage, which of the following classes might not appear for students in the English department ?

- (A) American culture. (B) The history of English. (C) American policy and law. (D) English common usage.

18. According to this passage, what can we know about the Japanese language?

- (A) Japanese people actually care about politeness less. (B) People can study Japanese culture to learn Japanese better. (C) Japanese culture has nothing to do with its language forms. (D) The higher social class decides the forms and use of Japanese.

19. What is the meaning of the word “Muslim” ?

- (A) 詞句 (B) 寶藏 (C) 專家 (D) 穆斯林

20. What does the word “polite” mean?

- (A) 艱苦的 (B) 古怪的 (C) 有禮貌的 (D) 最終的

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科目	English	年級		科別	體	姓名			績		

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