

新北市立新北高級工業職業學校 113 學年度 第 2 學期 期末考 試題								班別		座號		電腦卡作答
科目	英語文	年級	高三	命題教師	林筱雯	審題教師	楊韻薇	科別	機電訊汽圖資(處)模鑄	姓名		是

一、字彙 40%

1. appropriate (A) 適當的 (B) 財務的 (C) 嚴重的 (D) 一年一度的

2. benefit (A) 使受益 (B) 傷害 (C) 嘗試 (D) 打擾

3. effect (A) 房地產 (B) 措施 (C) 利益 (D) 影響

4. severe (A) 有前途的 (B) 嚴重的 (C) 適當的 (D) 出租的

5. facilities (A) 風險 (B) 居民 (C) 概念 (D) 設施

6. 概念 (A) technique (B) management (C) concept (D) burden

7. 困難 (A) benefits (B) hardship (C) expansions (D) tourism

8. 安裝 (A) install (B) flock (C) expand (D) disturb

9. 建築師 (A) poet (B) lawyer (C) athlete (D) architect

10. 可到達的 (A) financial (B) practical (C) accessible (D) considerable

11. 導致 (A) transform into (B) benefit from (C) come across (D) result in

12. 關閉 (A) kick out (B) result in (C) open up (D) shut down

13. It would not be _____ to ask only one person to finish all these jobs in just a week.

(A) accessible (B) detailed (C) practical (D) financial

14. This small country village has no more than 200 _____.

(A) impacts (B) residents (C) measures (D) displays

15. Alice is seeking an opportunity to own a _____ abroad.

(A) property (B) benefit (C) burden (D) litter

16. Gary's health has improved _____ over the past few years.

(A) financially (B) considerably (C) respectfully (D) severely

17. I am really _____ the constant news about the election. Let's watch a movie instead.

(A) fed up with (B) equipped with (C) come up with (D) associated with

18. Selina manages to strike a _____ between family and work. She is a good model of a successful woman. (A) burden (B) balance (C) benefit (D) concept

19. With your _____ description, I believe the airline workers will find your luggage soon.

(A) brief (B) weird (C) detailed (D) general

20. Sarah has a problem on her _____. She lost the necklace her friend lent her.

(A) hands (B) feet (C) waist (D) shoulder

二、文法 20%

21. I heard a scream and rushed to find that Jane _____ on the wet floor.

(A) slips (B) slipping (C) has slipped (D) had slipped

22. Jessica _____ in Japan since she was five.

(A) lives (B) lived (C) has lived (D) had lived

23. The more countries Kevin traveled to, the _____ he missed Taiwan.

(A) most (B) much (C) more (D) many

24. The _____ you climb up the hill, the farther you can see.

(A) high (B) higher (C) highest (D) height

25. When Howard arrived at the theater, the show _____ already started.

(A) has (B) had (C) have (D) having

26. _____ the concept of "risk" in mind, Mina never puts all her eggs in one basket when it comes to her financial decisions.

(A) From (B) To (C) With (D) On

27. I would rather _____ breakfast and just sleep in instead.

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(A) skipping (B) skip (C) to skip (D) skipped

28. Sophie enjoys swimming in the ocean rather than _____ in the park.

(A) jogged (B) jogs (C) jogging (D) jog

29. The _____ you eat your meal, the more air you will swallow.

(A) faster (B) fast (C) more fast (D) fastest

30. My parents hid the Easter eggs so _____ that I couldn't find any of them.

(A) good (B) better (C) best (D) well

三、克漏字 15 %

(1) Barcelona, Spain, has become a popular tourist destination over the last thirty years. In fact, the city is now so popular that it 31 “overtourism.” With millions of people 32 Barcelona yearly, tourism has become trouble for its residents. Barcelona became very well-known internationally after it hosted the 1992 Olympics and tourists began visiting in large numbers. However, residents are tired 33 it all. Some complain that tourists have no respect for the city. Others complain that too many apartment owners prefer to offer their apartments 34 tourists instead of locals. In response, the government has put restrictions on the development of new hotels. 35 it's difficult, the government wants to manage tourism. Hopefully, following the government's action, Barcelona will be a wonderful city for everyone again.

*destination n. [C] 目的地

31. (A) focuses on (B) comes up with (C) suffers from (D) tries to

32. (A) visit (B) to visit (C) visited (D) visiting

33. (A) in (B) of (C) at (D) up

34. (A) up (B) to (C) on (D) with

35. (A) With (B) Instead (C) Although (D) Despite

四、對話 15%

36. **Larry:** Are you sure this is the right way to go?

Albert: I think so.

Larry: 36

Albert: Alright. Let me check the map again.

(A) I have confidence in you.

(B) I'm worried that we might get lost.

(C) You don't have to go through all this trouble.

(D) You must be proud of it.

37. **Kelly:** Can I borrow your camera?

Ken: Why?

Kelly: 37

Ken: I see. How long will you need it?

(A) It's a pity. (B) Congratulations!

(C) Mine is broken. (D) I doubt it.

38. **Greg:** Why are you home? I thought you were out with your friends.

Jenny: 38 I can barely stand on it now.

Greg: Oh, I'm sorry about that.

Jenny: No worries.

(A) I kept it a secret. (B) That's because I hurt my ankle.

(C) Yes, I would like to go out with you. (D) I am not a fan of hiking.

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39. **Vicky:** Will you attend the English class tomorrow?

Ethan: Yes, I will. What's up?

Vicky: Would you mind lending me your notes after it?

Ethan: Not at all. 39

- (A) See you tomorrow night. (B) I will skip the English class.
 (C) I should have taken some notes. (D) I don't want to do it again.

40. **Donna:** What are you doing?

Jerry: Adding some more salt to the soup.

Donna: 40 It's salty enough.

Jerry: OK then.

- (A) The kitchen is so crowded. (B) I wouldn't do that if I were you.
 (C) I suggest you fill the gas tank first. (D) Please feel free to ask me.

五、閱讀測驗 10%

Many places around the world are suffering from overtourism these days. This is leading to crowding and can even damage landmarks and local environments. In addition, it is also having a negative effect on the lives of local residents.

Fortunately, there are a few simple steps that tourists themselves can follow to help greatly improve things. First of all, they can do their best to avoid visiting the most popular travel destinations, or at least try not to visit these hot spots during the main holiday season.

Secondly, when they do arrive at a certain tourist destination, they can also stay in **accommodations** and go **sightseeing** at places that aren't mentioned in the guidebook. There is no reason, after all, to simply follow the crowds, and travelers can often discover new places and new

experiences by themselves.

Lastly, "good" visitors should always try to be more aware of how tourism impacts the lives of locals. If they do so, locals are sure to be more welcoming and helpful. Solving the problem of overtourism, therefore, starts with those who are on tour!

* destination *n. [C]* 目的地

41. What is the main idea of this passage?

- (A) Local residents had better take action against tourists.
 (B) Overtourism is doing great damage to natural environment.
 (C) Everyone must avoid traveling to improve the tourist industry.
 (D) Tourists should make an effort to reduce the problem of overtourism.

42. Which of the following is "NOT" mentioned as one of the negative impacts of overtourism?

- (A) Reduced job opportunities. (B) Damaging landmarks.
 (C) Harming the environment. (D) Crowding.

43. Which of the following person has followed one of the author's tips?

- (A) Kevin, who visited a popular village during the Chinese New Year.
 (B) Jack, who booked a fancy hotel recommended in a travel guidebook.
 (C) Linda, who scheduled three famous tourist spots to go to in one day.
 (D) Alice, who spent a day strolling through an area outside of her tourist map.

44. What does the word "**accommodations**" mean?

- (A) 住宿 (B) 觀光 (C) 旅遊指南 (D) 過度觀光

45. What does the word "**sightseeing**" mean?

- (A) 住宿 (B) 觀光 (C) 旅遊指南 (D) 過度觀光