

市立新北高工 111 學年度第 2 學期開學考試題								班別		座號		電腦卡作答
科 目	英 文	命 題 教 師	溫 雅 君	審 題 教 師	鄭 秀 梅	年 級	一	科 別	應 用 英 語 科	姓 名		是

一、單字選擇：(10 題，每題 3 分，共 30 分)

1. () The Eiffel Tower is the symbol of Paris, so people always _____ it with that city.
 (A) destroy (B) associate (C) express (D) calculate
2. () Who, in your _____, is the greatest NBA basketball player? (A) opinion (B) horror (C) sketch (D) detail
3. () Jason has been feeling a lot of pressure recently because his mother is _____ him to get married to his long-time girlfriend as soon as possible. (A) profiting (B) purchasing (C) urging (D) offering
4. () Hannah suddenly had a strong _____ to have a hot pot meal, so she called several of her friends to join her.
 (A) strategy (B) urge (C) profit (D) purchase
5. () It is quite shocking that a farmer killed a bear with his _____ hands. It is said that the big bear was three times the size of the farmer. (A) bare (B) traditional (C) annual (D) plain
6. () As an artist, he is good at turning his ideas into _____ images.
 (A) messy (B) horrible (C) detailed (D) visual
7. () The shooting stars were _____ to the naked eye. I felt very lucky to have seen quite a few this evening.
 (A) aware (B) eventual (C) visible (D) profitable
8. () Stop being so rude. For example, “shut up” is not a polite _____.
 (A) opinion (B) expression (C) pollution (D) vision
9. () Daniel’s _____ in asking for a pay raise is to describe how he has achieved the sales targets many times.
 (A) strategy (B) purchase (C) display (D) offer
10. () The Edinburgh International Festival is a(n) _____ event that draws tens of thousands of tourists every August.
 (A) annual (B) potential (C) competitive (D) protective

二、文法選擇(課本句型)：(10 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)

11. () The harder you study, the _____ you will get good grades.
 (A) easily (B) more easily (C) easy (D) much easily
12. () I always bring a large bag with me so that _____.
 (A) carrying things that I buy (B) I can use the bag to carry things that I buy
 (C) to be able to carry things that I buy (D) being able to carry things that I buy
13. () Remember to start preparing for your final exam earlier. It _____ time to prepare well.
 (A) spends (B) costs (C) takes (D) pays
14. () My aunt is a fun-loving person, and she likes to invite a lot of people to her house for parties. She believes in the saying, “The more, _____. ” (A) merrier (B) the merry (C) the merrier (D) merriest
15. () The more calories you put into your body, _____.
 (A) the fatter you will need to burn (B) the more fat you will need to burn
 (C) and the more fat you will need to burn (D) and you will need to burn more fat
16. () Jim _____ his car washed while he went for a quick run on the nearby track.
 (A) had (B) asked (C) let (D) took
17. () Jill goes to gym every day _____ she can keep fit. (A) thus (B) so that (C) in order to (D) though
18. () Joe applied for this challenging job so that _____.
 (A) to earn more money (B) for him to earn more money
 (C) he would be able to earn more money (D) earning more money be possible
19. () Helen is trying to look completely different for her upcoming class reunion; this time around, she intends to have her hair _____ grey. (A) dye (B) died (C) dyeing (D) dyed
20. () The hotter it gets, _____.
 (A) more air conditioners will be turned on (B) more and more people will turn on their air conditioners
 (C) and the more air conditioners will be turned on (D) the more often people will turn on their air conditioners

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三、綜合測驗：(10 題，每格 2 分，共 20 分)

A new study published* yesterday shows just how convenience stores get you to part with your money. It seems these stores use many strategies __ (21) __ people will spend as much money as possible. Whenever a __ (22) __ walks into a convenience store, it is the store owners' goal to get him or her to spend as much time inside as they can. This is why they have now __ (23) __ seating areas in so many of them. Statistics* show that if you do sit down after making a purchase, it is likely that, a short time __ (24) __, you will buy something again. In short, __ (25) __ the store owners can keep you there, the more likely they are to increase their profits. Therefore, if you are looking to save money, the best strategy is to get in, buy only what you need, and then get out.

註：publish 發表；出版 statistics 統計數字

- () (21) (A) even if (B) as long as (C) so that (D) by the time
- () (22) (A) display (B) profit (C) purchase (D) customer
- () (23) (A) let out (B) set up (C) give up (D) help out
- () (24) (A) after (B) later (C) late (D) longer
- () (25) (A) the longer (B) longer (C) the longest (D) long

In recent years, many public schools in the United States have struggled to receive enough funding. It has taken a long time for the government to come around to this problem, and in a lot of smaller towns it is already too late. Scholars, schoolteachers, and politicians have been thinking more about __ (26) __ the amount of money available to public schools. That is, public schools do __ (27) __ receiving enough money. __ (28) __, the poorest schools can barely afford to provide lunches for their students, and in some schools the sports teams do not even have uniforms or equipment*. This makes it harder for children in those schools to live healthy lives, and makes it more difficult for talented young athletes to fully develop their __ (29) __. Public schools around the country cannot simply wait for __ (30) __ wealthy people to donate* money to them. The government should step in to help to provide sufficient funding for these schools, before it is too late!

註：equipment 裝備 donate 捐贈

- () (26) (A) how to increase (B) when to increasing (C) where to increase (D) what to increase
- () (27) (A) come across (B) look forward to (C) keep up (D) turn out
- () (28) (A) Luckily (B) Suddenly (C) Sadly (D) Rarely
- () (29) (A) competition (B) potential (C) delivery (D) tradition
- () (30) (A) a little (B) little (C) much (D) a few

四、閱讀測驗：(10 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)

One of the most important street artists today is Banksy, whom most people know very little about since this artist has kept his identity secret. However, this hasn't stopped Banksy from becoming famous.

Banksy's spray-painted images began to appear in cities in the United Kingdom in the late 1990s. His images were clever and made people think. One of Banksy's works, entitled *Slave Labour*, shows a poor child sewing British flags. Banksy created the image to argue against the use of sweatshops for making souvenirs for public celebrations. Another amazing work is *The Son of a Migrant from Syria*, produced at the height of the European migrant crisis. Here we see the late Apple cofounder Steve Jobs as a traveling migrant. Jobs's father was a Syrian migrant, and with this piece Banksy reminds people that migrants can really bring benefits to a country.

In 2015, Banksy went to Gaza and painted a cat on the remains of a house that had been bombed by Israeli soldiers. Banksy explained the reason behind this work: "I wanted to highlight the destruction in Gaza by posting photos on my website, but on the Internet, people only look at pictures of kittens."

Banksy has become so popular that the artist's works have entered the world of high art, earning tens of thousands of pounds at sales. **This just goes to show that the line separating street art and fine art isn't always clear.**

- () (31) What is the best title for this passage?
 (A) How Street Art Became High Art (B) Must-See Banksy Street Art around the World
 (C) Banksy—A Secretive Street Artist of All Time (D) The Best of Banksy's Street Art
- () (32) As for a person who has been forced to leave his country in order to seek protection, what policy may Banksy agree with?
 (A) Another country should keep its door open for him or her.
 (B) The government should encourage its people to migrate to another country.
 (C) The government should not accept any immigrants from Syria.
 (D) The government should set a tight limit on immigrants.
- () (33) When Banksy painted a cat on the remains of a house in war-torn Gaza, what idea did he want to express?
 (A) The government has done too little about animal protection.
 (B) People care more about kittens than human suffering.
 (C) A house without a cat is a house without laughter.
 (D) Gaza's people, like a cat with nine lives, can survive any attacks from Israel.
- () (34) From the last sentence of this passage, what can we learn?
 (A) There is a fine line between street art and fine art, but Banksy is nowhere near it.
 (B) It's hard to recognize the differences between the line of street art and the line of fine art.
 (C) It's impossible to bring street art in line with fine art.
 (D) It's difficult to tell street art from fine art.

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Christmas is a wonderful time of the year for giving and receiving gifts. But it could also be a time of stress if you don't know what to get for your loved ones. Of course, you could ask them what they want, but that would ruin the surprise. So how do you make sure you're getting the right gift?

Think about the person's interests and hobbies. Make a list of **these** and match each one with a gift idea. For example, if he or she loves to cook, then a nice cookbook or kitchen tool might be a cool present.

You could also ask yourself what that person needs. Is your husband trying to get in shape? Then buy him a fitness tracker. Does your mom work too hard? Why not get her a day pass to a fancy spa?

If all else fails, you could always give a little of yourself. Knit a scarf, bake some cookies, or create a piece of art for him or her. This lets the receiver know that you care about him or her, and that's the true Christmas spirit.

- () (35) What is the purpose of the passage?
 (A) To show how to react to good gifts.
 (B) To give the reasons why gift-giving is important at Christmastime.
 (C) To give advice on how to choose Christmas gifts.
 (D) To provide ideas to clerks about how to sell items to customers during the Christmas season.
- () (36) What do "these" refer to in the second paragraph?
 (A) Presents. (B) Things to buy. (C) Interests and hobbies. (D) Gift prices.
- () (37) In the passage, what example is given to show the Christmas spirit?
 (A) Receivers can feel satisfied about the gifts and be thankful to the givers.
 (B) Givers can always think about the receivers' needs and wants in order to show their thoughtfulness.
 (C) Receivers can do something nice in return as well to show their love and concern for the givers.
 (D) Givers can make gifts on their own to show that they really care about the receivers.

Convenience stores are great. It's easy to **pop into** one, and they are everywhere. However, convenience stores have not always been around.

Before convenience stores existed, there were local corner stores. Corner shops in England have been around for over a hundred years, selling daily items like eggs, milk, and bread. In Australia, these shops are called milk bars, and they showed up in the 1930s. General stores in America have been around for hundreds of years, selling daily goods, clothes, and farming supplies. In the early days, these shops were wonderful, but they weren't open long hours, and they were only open on certain days.

The first convenience store, the Southland Ice Company, was opened in Dallas, Texas in 1927. The shop was instantly popular because it saved local people time by not needing to travel to faraway grocery stores. The shop went on to develop into the 7-Eleven chain. The name 7-Eleven came from the fact that it was open for long hours, from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. every day.

- Today, many convenience stores are open seven days a week and 24 hours a day. Now that's real convenience!
- () (38) Which of the following statements about the corner stores is true?
 (A) They are open every day.
 (B) They sell only farming supplies.
 (C) They have been around for less than fifty years in England.
 (D) They are called by different names in different countries.
- () (39) What can be inferred from this passage?
 (A) The 7-Eleven chain store got its name from its opening hours.
 (B) There were convenience chain stores before 1927 in America.
 (C) Grocery stores were close to where people lived back in 1927.
 (D) The first convenience store in Dallas was open 24 hours a day.
- () (40) What does the phrase "**pop into**" mean in the first paragraph?
 (A) To appear suddenly. (B) To visit a place briefly. (C) To go back into a place. (D) To run away from something.

五、混合題(素養題)：(5 題，每題 2 分，共 10 分)

The following passage is a summary of *A Christmas Carol*.

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A Christmas Carol is a novel written in 1843 by Charles Dickens. The story features a man named Ebenezer Scrooge, an old, cold-hearted miser*. Successful businessman that he was, he was unwilling to be generous to others and even showed disgust with many modern Christmas traditions. Then something strange happened to him on Christmas Eve. He was visited by a series of ghosts, starting with his old, dead business partner Marley Jacob, followed by the Ghosts of Christmas Past, Christmas Present, and Christmas Yet to Come. By the end of the story, Scrooge had been thoroughly transformed. He became a man of compassion and love, willing to help the poor and the weak. Dickens himself was a kind and giving person. He wrote the story to convey a message of empathy. Nowadays, the word Scrooge has come into the English language to refer to a person who is unkind or miserly.

註：miser 吝嗇的人



After reading the summary above, Sean wanted to know more about the novel. Therefore, he checked out one copy from his school library and began to read. As he read the book, he listed the series of events that form the story.

Title: <i>A Christmas Carol</i>	
Beginning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scrooge forced his only clerk to work in the cold. • Scrooge refused to donate money to a charity.
Middle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When Scrooge got home, his old business partner, whose name was ①_____, came to visit him. • The Ghost of Christmas Past showed him his childhood and failed marriage. • The Ghost of ②_____ took him to his clerk's house, where he met Tiny Tim, a cripple. • The Ghost of ③_____ made Scrooge witness his own death.
End	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scrooge woke up on Christmas Day and immediately bought a turkey for his poor clerk. • He became a second father to Tiny Tim.

- () (41) What was Dickens' intention in writing this story?
 (A) To gain more fame.
 (B) To promote the importance of being kind and generous to others.
 (C) To preach the importance of celebrating Christmas.
 (D) To create a symbolic word for a stingy person.
- () (42) Which of the following statements about the story is NOT true?
 (A) Scrooge had gotten married and divorced before. (B) There were four ghosts in the story.
 (C) Tiny Tim's real father turned out to be Scrooge. (D) The story happened on Christmas Eve.

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“When life gives you lemons, make lemonade!” is a popular saying used to encourage a positive attitude toward an unfortunate or even miserable situation. But in recent years, making lemonade also suggests a way for kids to learn the power of money. Scott Jones, a cofounder of the “Lemonade Day!” program launched in 2007, uses lemonade stands to teach kids valuable lessons in business and personal finance. Scott Jones even posts some of the participants’ success stories on his “Lemonade Day!” website. In 2019, two titles were added. Let’s take a look!

Lemonade Day!

Young Business People of the Year

2019 Champion Briana Liles—Miss B’s Lemonade

Briana Liles is an 8-year-old. She was diagnosed with leukemia a year ago. Due to her health condition, she is home schooled now. In this year’s program, she brought in an astonishing \$1,889 in profits in a day. As she said, the secret was their lemonade recipe, which included simple syrup she made with her mom.

2019 1ST Runner Up Matthew Noel—Matthew’s Rockin’ Lemonade Stand

Mathew Noel is a fifth grader now. He joined the competition in 2018, but only generated \$145 in a single day. This year, he lowered the price and changed the stand’s location. He pulled in \$1,648 in a day, making his stand the second most profitable in the competition.

- () (43) What might the word “lemons” imply in the saying, “**When life gives you lemons, make lemonade**”?
 - (A) A challenge. (B) A blessing. (C) A fruit stand. (D) A shop.
- () (44) According to the text, which of the following statements is NOT true about Briana Liles and Matthew Noel?
 - (A) Neither of them is a teenager.
 - (B) They both receive education at school.
 - (C) Their success was not accidental.
 - (D) In the 2019 Lemonade Day! competition, Briana Liles got first place and Matthew Noel got second.
- () (45) How long has this program been launched around?
 - (A) nine years. (B) ten years. (C) eleven years. (D) twelve years.