

新北市立新北高工 107 學年度第一學期第一次期中考  
應用外語科一年級英文科(需讀卡與手寫)

Exam Coverage: Sanmin B1 U1,U2

Notice: Based on the contexts, please choose the best answer to each

I. Vocabulary: 《1.5% x 10=15%》

- 1.( ) We \_\_\_\_\_ that people can live on the moon soon.  
(A)deliver (B)calculate (C)grasp (D)shoot
- 2.( ) Language is an important tool for us to \_\_\_\_\_ with other people.  
(A)reply (B)interrupt (C)confuse (D)communicate
- 3.( ) On the first day of school, the \_\_\_\_\_ gave a welcome speech to the freshmen .  
(A)costume (B)role (C)principal (D)chat
- 4.( ) The plane needs to be carefully \_\_\_\_\_ before it takes off.  
(A)plucked up the courage (B)checked out  
(C)fitted in (D)made friends
- 5.( ) Job opportunities are not \_\_\_\_\_ in this small town. Most young people move out and seek jobs in big cities after graduation.  
(A)sudden (B)personal (C)plentiful (D)obvious
- 6.( ) The teenager earns some money by \_\_\_\_\_ milk every morning.  
(A)frightening (B)greeting (C)shooting (D)delivering
- 7.( ) It is a \_\_\_\_\_ to know that I passed the exam.  
(A)relief (B)delivery (C)community (D)grasp
- 8.( ) While Dorothy was chopping tomatoes, the knife suddenly \_\_\_\_\_ out of her hand and cut her finger.  
(A)returned (B)slipped (C)greeted (D)smoothed
- 9.( ) It \_\_\_\_\_ that the new policy does not improve the worsening economy.  
(A)wonders (B)seems (C)pounds (D)communicates
- 10.( ) There is something wrong with my car. I need to have it \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A)repaired (B)calculated (C)comforted (D)returned

II. Grammar: 《1.5% x 10=15%》

- 11.( ) You have a heavy cold. You had better \_\_\_\_\_ a good rest so as to get well soon.  
(A)taking (B)take (C)to take (D)taken
- 12.( ) The dishes your mother cooked \_\_\_\_\_ tasted \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) were; great (B) X; greatly  
(C) X; delicious (D) are; deliciously
- 13.( ) Angela can speak Japanese, and I can speak Japanese \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A)as well (B)either (C)as well as (D)also
- 14.( ) James saw the old man \_\_\_\_\_ some food to the poor hungry dog.  
(A)threw (B)thrown (C)to throw (D)throw
- 15.( ) Jason used to think that Tom was the only friend \_\_\_\_\_ he could rely on, but now he doesn't think so anymore.  
(A)whose (B)which (C)when (D)that
- 16.( ) The school has \_\_\_\_\_ a big library that the students can find books from over 20 countries there.  
(A)so (B)such (C)very (D)too
- 17 ( ) Mary felt \_\_\_\_\_ to hear the good news that her son was safe and sound.  
(A)relieved (B)relieving (C)to relieving (D)to relieve
- 18.( ) My aunt runs a bakery \_\_\_\_\_ best-selling product is handmade cookies.  
(A)whose (B)that (C)who (D)which
- 19.( ) Tell me \_\_\_\_\_ your car looks like so that I can find it in the parking lot at once.  
(A)how (B)when (C)which (D)what
- 20.( ) Jeremy was sorry for \_\_\_\_\_ in his homework late.  
(A)handed (B)hand (C)handing (D)to hand

### III. Cloze: 《2% x 20=40%》

1. Jack, a new student at a high school in the United States, is nervous on his first day at school. His heart is \_\_21\_\_ because this place looks so new to him. After taking a deep breath, Jack \_\_22\_\_ the courage to walk into the hall. There are many sports medals \_\_23\_\_ pictures of students who wear costumes in the school plays on the wall. Jack then meets his homeroom teacher. She \_\_24\_\_ him to keep two important numbers in mind. One is the number of his homeroom \_\_25\_\_ he has to go every day before class. The other is the number of his locker. It is \_\_26\_\_ big that he can put all his books and personal belongings in it. Later, Jack meets a boy named Ken. He is a kind, tall boy \_\_27\_\_ likes to play basketball. Ken invites Jack to play basketball together after school, but Jack must head home \_\_28\_\_ dinner before seven. Jack tells Ken his worry. However, Ken promised him that he will not be late for dinner because the classes end at half \_\_29\_\_ two. Jack is surprised \_\_30\_\_ that there are so many differences between schools in Taiwan and those in the United States. He hopes to fit in at his new school as soon as possible.

- 21. (A) chatting (B) pounding (C) confusing (D) communicating
- 22. (A) checks out (B) gets up (C) makes out (D) plucks up
- 23. (A) as well as (B) as well (C) but also (D) and both
- 24. (A) claims (B) shows (C) replies (D) reminds
- 25. (A) which (B) where (C) who (D) whom
- 26. (A) too (B) so (C) such (D) very
- 27. (A) which (B) who (C) whose (D) whom
- 28. (A) from (B) on (C) for (D) to
- 29. (A) over (B) past (C) under (D) than
- 30. (A) finding (B) to find (C) of finding (D) to be found

2. Being bored on one Saturday afternoon, my friend and I threw stones onto the roof of an old lady's house. I knew \_\_31\_\_ the old lady lived there because I delivered her newspapers every day. Suddenly, one of the stones that I threw hit a small window of the house and broke the glass. We then \_\_32\_\_ from the old lady's yard without thinking twice.

I started to feel \_\_33\_\_ for what I had done. Every day, the old lady smiled at me when I gave her the paper, but now I could hardly look her straight \_\_34\_\_ the \_\_34\_\_. Finally, I decided to save some money to \_\_35\_\_ her window.

After several weeks, I collected seven dollars and put them in an envelope. I also wrote a note saying I was sorry for \_\_36\_\_ her window. When it got dark, I walked to the old lady's house and \_\_37\_\_ the envelope under her door. After doing that, I could finally be at peace with myself.

The next day, I handed the old lady her paper, happily returning the warm smile \_\_38\_\_ she gave me. I was not frightened of \_\_39\_\_ anymore. She thanked me \_\_40\_\_ the paper and said, "Here, I made some cookies for you." Later, I couldn't help but feel surprised when I found my seven dollars in the bag, along with a short note saying, "I'm very proud of you!"

- 31. (A) which (B) that (C) how (D) who
- 32. (A) crashed (B) slipped (C) escaped (D) shot
- 33. (A) guilty (B) guilt (C) like guilt (D) as guilty
- 34. (A) in; eyes (B) in; eye (C) from; eyes (D) from; eye
- 35. (A) forgive (B) relieve (C) repair (D) receive
- 36. (A) broken (B) break (C) to break (D) breaking
- 37. (A) greeted (B) calculated (C) smoothed (D) slipped
- 38. (A) who (B) what (C) that (D) who
- 39. (A) blaming (B) being blamed (C) blamed (D) blame
- 40. (A) for (B) about (C) on (D) in

#### IV. Reading Comprehension: 《2% x 4=8%》

A study shows that many young Chinese can forgive the Japanese soldiers for what they did in China in the 1930s. Many other people might be angry about this. They might say that Japanese soldiers shouldn't be forgiven. But forgiveness is not something that you give to other people. It's something you give to yourself.

Mother Theresa once said, "If we really want to love, we must learn how to forgive." Mahatma Gandhi said that forgiveness is something that only the strong can give, not the weak. They were both right. When somebody hurts you, you might feel angry. You might want to hurt him or her in return. However, anger hurts nobody but you. Anger stops you from feeling free and happy. It also stops you from enjoying life. Therefore, to live a happy life, learning to forgive is important.

Everybody knows it is difficult to forgive others, especially if they haven't told you they're sorry. But being difficult doesn't mean being impossible. Always remember that nobody is perfect, and anybody can make a mistake. As long as you can keep **this** in mind, you can get rid of bad feelings. After you learn how to forgive others, you will feel much better. You will finally be freed from the past and be ready for a bright future.

41. According to the author, forgiveness is something \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) one gives to other people instead of to oneself  
(B) one gives to oneself rather than to other people  
(C) strong people give to weak people  
(D) weak people give to strong people
42. It can be inferred from the passage that if you follow the rule of an eye for an eye, \_\_\_\_\_ will be hurt at last.  
(A) nobody (B) people whom you hate (C) only you (D) weak people
43. In the third paragraph, "**this**" refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) the mistake that you made  
(B) the fact that being difficult doesn't mean being impossible  
(C) the fact that it is not easy to forgive others  
(D) the fact that nobody is perfect and that anybody can make a mistake

44. Which of the following statements is NOT true?  
(A) The author agrees with Mother Theresa and Mahatma Gandhi.  
(B) Hate will stop people who can't forgive others from living happy lives.  
(C) Many young Chinese no longer hate the Japanese soldiers for what they did in China in the 1930s.  
(D) Forgiveness has nothing to do with living a happy life.
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#### V. Vocabulary: 《1% x 6=6%》請依句意做適當的字詞變化

45. After the party, Romeo c\_\_\_\_\_t into the Capulets' garden sneakly and looked at Juliet's bedroom window.
46. Jack did not show up in class. The teacher w\_\_\_\_\_red if he was too sick to go to school.
47. All the guests wore funny c\_\_\_\_\_es to the Halloween party.
48. The student didn't study at home and thus couldn't r\_\_\_\_\_y to the teacher's question.
49. You've been complaining about everything of the trip without \_\_\_\_\_ (interrupt). How I wish that I was traveling alone!
50. We are worried about Tom's overly \_\_\_\_\_ (drama) reaction to the break-up with his girlfriend. We hope he can let it go and move on.

#### VI. Guided Translation: 《1% x 10=10%》請依句意做適當的字詞變化

51. 我們害怕被爸爸處罰。  
We are f (1) (2) (3) punished by Father.
52. Tom 個性隨和，很快便融入並與新同學交朋友。  
Tom is easygoing; he (1) (2) soon and (3) (4) (5) his new classmates.
53. Edward 幫我們忙，所以我們送禮物答謝他。  
Edward did us a favor, so we gave him a present (1) (2) .

#### VII. Translation: 《3% x 2=6%》請依句意做適當的字詞變化

54. 當 May 發現高中生活與國中生活有這麼多不同時，她覺得很困惑。
55. 在她教導下，我們變成了快樂的學生且迫不及待地要上她的課。

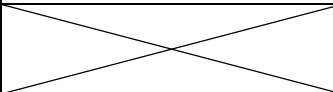
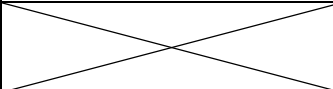
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班級：\_\_\_\_\_ 座號：\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_

**V. Vocabulary: 《1% x 6=6%》**

45.	46.	47.
48.	49.	50.

**VI. Guided Translation: 《1% x 10=10%》**

51.	(1)	(2)	(3)
52.	(1)	(2)	
	(3)	(4)	(5)
53.	(1)	(2)	

**VII. Translation: 《3% x 2=6%》**

54.	
55.	