

新北市立新北高工 111 學年度第 1 學期第一次段考試題										
科 目	英 文	命 題 教 師	鄭秀梅	審 題 教 師	施懿珊	年 級	一	科 別	應 用 英 語	電 腦 卡 作 答
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題目卷請與答案卡、答案卷一起繳回!!

I. Cloze 60%

[A]

Lisa awoke, feeling excited for her first day of high school. She rushed to the mirror to start getting ready, but she couldn't believe 1. There, on the tip of her nose, was a zit. She was upset 2 she was going to meet all her new classmates with this giant zit. To hide this 3 pimple, Lisa tried to skip school, but nothing worked. Hardly could she bear the thought of facing anyone. There was no doubt that the whole school would know her 4 "zit girl" forever.

At school, no one seemed to care about her zit, and the day 5 well. However, Lisa was sure they must see it. One of the reasons for it was 6 it looked huge and bright red in the mirror. A year later, Lisa and her friend Jane, starting their second year together, were chatting about the new year ahead. "I can tell you one thing for sure," said Lisa. "I'm glad this year is starting off better. I was so upset last year!"

"What do you mean?" asked Jane. "Did you have a bad first day last year?"

Lisa burst into laughter. "Are you kidding? I had a huge zit on my nose. And it really 7 me!" Lisa pointed at her nose to show where. "You don't remember?"

Jane laughed back. "I don't think I looked at anyone all day. I spilled juice all over my cute shirt in the morning. All I knew was that I 8 a giant carrot at that time!"

Lisa answered her, "I don't remember that at all."

Lisa came to realize most people only care about their own problems, not having time to think about others'. 9, Lisa let out a relief, and had this funny story left in the past. Now the zit story is 10 more than a funny experience.

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|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1. (A) what did she see | (B) what she saw | | |
| (C) that she sees | (D) to be seen | | |
| 2. (A) with | (B) for | (C) about | (D) that |
| 3. (A) embarrassing | (B) embarrassed | (C) embarrasses | (D) embarrassment |
| 4. (A) from | (B) to | (C) as | (D) for |
| 5. (A) went | (B) sounded | (C) did | (D) became |
| 6. (A) as | (B) that | (C) which | (D) what |
| 7. (A) depresses | (B) depressing | (C) depressed | (D) depression |
| 8. (A) looked | (B) looked out | (C) looked at | (D) looked like |

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|------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 9. (A) However | (B) Therefore | (C) For example | (D) In fact |
| 10. (A) anything | (B) something | (C) nothing | (D) everything |

[B]

The phrase, "survival of the fittest", coming from the Darwinian evolutionary theory provides the best explanation of why many animals have various sleeping habits. Take giraffes for example. The long-necked animal requires only 20 to 30 minutes of daily shut-eye 11! With dangerous animals around, giraffes can not stand up from their sleeping position very quickly, 12 they don't take naps for too long. Another example is the sea otter. Sleeping in the water is a 13 safer choice for them to stay away from danger. That's why they usually float on water on their backs and hold hands tightly to each other.

As for dolphins, it is reported 14 these animals are only ever half asleep. To perform important tasks, such as swimming to the top of the water for air or 15 predators, only half of its brain sleeps at one time. Then, 16 half can keep working. Besides, migratory birds like Alpine Swifts remain in the air for a long time. They eat insects, and take naps during their flights to and from Africa. They are afraid of landing since they might 17 by wild animals. In fact, these incredible little birds are able to stay in the sky longer than we can imagine. These four examples show 18. As you can see, they are an expert 19 surviving in its particular environment. 20, there are still plenty of animals in the animal kingdom showing different sleeping habits, waiting for us to explore more.

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|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| 11. (A) on average | (B) in wonder | (C) in flight | (D) on a journey |
| 12. (A) however | (B) but | (C) so | (D) therefore |
| 13. (A) much | (B) more | (C) worse | (D) less |
| 14. (A) for | (B) to | (C) by | (D) that |
| 15. (A) taking pauses to | (B) looking out for | | |
| (C) holding on to | (D) standing up from | | |
| 16. (A) another | (B) other | (C) one | (D) the other |
| 17. (A) catch | (B) caught | (C) be caught | (D) being caught |
| 18. (A) how are they amazing | (B) how amazing they are | | |
| (C) how they are amazing | (D) how are they amazed | | |
| 19. (A) at | (B) on | (C) with | (D) In |
| 20. (A) Therefore | (B) However | (C) In fact | (D) In addition |

II. Reading Comprehension: 12%

[A]

Children develop and grow up with many different influences. But it seems birth order is very important in shaping a child's personality. Whether birth order really has a strong effect on one's psychological development is a theory often challenged by researchers, and yet there has been plenty of concrete evidence to prove it.

The first born child gets a great deal of attention from both parents. Because the parents have no parenting experience, there is a tendency for them to try too hard in raising the child. While the mother may lavish attention on the first born, the father may be too strict. The result: a child that tends to be a perfectionist, somewhat pessimistic and possibly a loner.

Now that the parents have experience in raising the firstborn, they have a tendency to relax the rules for the middle child. As a result, the middle child tends to be more outgoing and more sociable than their older sibling.

By the time the last born arrives, the parents have really loosened the reins when it comes to discipline. Often the last born receives a lot of attention from their older siblings and less attention from the parents. Later in life the last born may be honest and charming while having a moody side.

It is important to remember that the relationship between siblings as they grow up may also be a factor in the child's development. And the difference in ages can be another factor. If there is a several-year difference between siblings, the outcomes can be vastly different.

21. What's the main idea in this passage?

- (A) Most kids receive much attention from their parents.
- (B) Discipline plays a role to affect children development.
- (C) Birth order is closely related to children personality.
- (D) Parents raise their kids based on their parenting experiences.

22. Which of the following statements is INCORRECT about the last born in this passage?

- (A) They are often taken care of by their older brothers and sisters.
- (B) They are likely to suddenly become excited, and angry or upset.
- (C) They tend not to lie or hide facts from others.
- (D) They tend to be disciplined most often by both their parents.

23. Mike loves to be with a large circle of friends. Based on this article, which of the following statements may be true of him?

- (A) He may be the only child in his family.
- (B) He may be the last born in his family.
- (C) He may be the first born in his family.
- (D) He may be a middle child in his family.

[B]

Dylan is an exchange student at St. Paul High School in Thailand. During the first couple of weeks, he felt excited about being in a whole new country with a totally different lifestyle. However, today, when he received some LINE messages sent by Apinya, one of his best Thai friends, he began to think more deeply about the different environment he was in now.

Apinya:	Morning, Dylan.
Dylan:	Morning, my friend!
Apinya:	I need to talk to you. It's about something you did to me yesterday afternoon after basketball practice. In my country, people's heads are sacred. Only our king, monks, and parents have the right to touch our heads. I know you didn't mean anything bad by patting my head, but that just annoyed me.
Dylan:	I really don't know what to say, Apinya. I'm sorry. I didn't know that patting someone's head would be offensive in your culture. In my country, that's just an ordinary thing friends may do to encourage each other. Sorry for my rudeness. I won't do that to you again.
Apinya:	Apology accepted. And...there's one more thing.
Dylan:	Yes?
Apinya:	I am not used to those greeting kisses and hugs. I know they are French traditions and customs, but I would prefer we just say "hi," "hello," or maybe " sa-wad-di ."
Dylan:	OK. I've got it. Sorry about everything.
Apinya:	Are we still OK? No hard feelings?
Dylan:	Sure. You can be straight with me. We're cool.

24. According to the dialogue between Dylan and Apinya, what do you think their attitudes are?

- (A) Dylan is aggressive, and Apinya is passive.
- (B) Dylan is sincere, and Apinya is serious.
- (C) Dylan is humorous, and Apinya is determined.
- (D) Dylan is positive, and Apinya is annoying.

25. When do people usually say the Thai word **sa-wad-di**?

- (A) When they see their friends or colleagues.
- (B) When they want to say sorry to someone.
- (C) When they are about to go to bed.
- (D) When they find something they like.

26. What are the cultural mistakes that Dylan made in Thailand? (複選題)

- (A) He touched his friend's head.
- (B) He insulted the king.
- (C) He said rude words.
- (D) He hugged his classmates.
- (E) He kissed his classmates.

III. Vocabulary (20%) [請在答案卷上作答]

27. I felt so disappointed that the typhoon r_____ned our barbecue party at the Mid-Autumn Festival.

28. I was so f_____e to win the lottery that I bought last night in the Shilin night market.

29. Aftering see my pictures in high school, all vivid m_____ies came flooding back to my mind.

30. Linda wa surprised to see how tired she looked when she saw her r_____n in the mirror.

31. The traditional Taiwanese snacks r_____d Tom of his good old days when he was a kid.

32. People infected with Covid-19 will have mild symptoms and get better on their own, but some will have serious problems like a dry cough and shortness of b_____h.

33. Located near Haishan MRT Station, New Taipei Industrial Vocational High School is within five-minute walking d_____e of the station.

34. With the competition in the food delivery industry, app-based food delivery service like Uber Eats and foodpanda provde a wide v_____y of food options to attract customers.

35. A spider is a small c_____e with eight legs. It makes web to catch insect for food.

36. The American pop rock band, Maroon 5, made their young fans scream all night till the last minute with their i_____e singing performance in the concert.

IV. Translation: 8% [請在答案卷上作答]

(37-38 每題 1 分; 39-40 每題 3 分, 每格均有 2 個字以上, 錯一字扣 0.5)

37. 當陌生人抓住她的肩膀, Mary 驚訝地大叫一聲。

Mary _____ a cry of surprise when a stranger brabbed her shoulder.

38. 綠島聽起來是個不錯的渡假勝地。

Green Island _____ a wonderful place for a vacation

39. 那跑者一開始就跑得很好, 看來他會打破紀錄。

That runner got off _____, and it looked like he might break the record.

40. 我不知道上週五 Jim 做了什麼事。(請加入適當疑問詞, 並改為間接問句。)

I don't know _____.