

市立新北高工 112 學年度第 1 學期 二段 試題										班別		座號		電腦卡作答
科 目	英文 閱讀	命題 教師	邱思潔	審題教師	高麗雯	年級	二	科別	機電訊汽圖資鑄模	姓名				是

一. (每題 5 分，共 10%)



- 1. Which of the following two couples are getting married?  
(a) Stacey and Peter; (b) Jerry and Susie; (c) Gary and Emily; (d) Julia and David  
(A) (a)(b) (B) (a)(c) (C) (b)(c) (D) (a)(d)
- 2. Which of the following statements about the weddings is **NOT** true?  
(A) Both weddings will be held in restaurants.  
(B) Both weddings are followed by dinner.  
(C) Both weddings are on weekends.  
(D) Both weddings begin in the afternoon.

二. (每題 5 分，共 15%)

My best friend’s Indian wedding last year reminded me of the interesting cultural differences that exist in this world. Unlike the usual one-day weddings in the States, Indian weddings usually last at least three days. It was a large event with over 300 people, as Indians tend to invite all of their friends and family members.

The main wedding activity took place in a large, grand room. Buffet stations were set up outside

and servers\* stood behind each station. I got so hungry as I eyed the huge selection of food, which included oven-baked bread, various types of curry\*, spiced chicken, and vegetables. I also couldn’t ignore the selection of desserts that included Indian ice cream and sweets made from nuts. Another Indian friend explained that these types of food were mostly from North India. If it had been a South Indian wedding, the food would have been mainly vegetarian\* and included many different rice dishes. They would have been served on banana leaves with no utensils provided. Who knew there could be such cultural differences in food alone?

\*server *n.* [C] 侍者 \*curry *n.* [C] 咖喱菜餚 \*vegetarian *adj.* 素食的

- 3. What would be the best title for the passage?  
(A) How to Serve Food on Banana Leaves  
(B) My Terrible Experience at a South Indian Wedding  
(C) A Cultural Difference that Embarrassed and Shocked Me  
(D) Cultural Differences: My Experience at an Indian Wedding
- 4. According to the passage, which of the following is true?  
(A) Traditional Indian weddings usually only last for a day.  
(B) At South Indian weddings, rice dishes are not common.  
(C) Indian weddings always take place in the open air.  
(D) South Indian wedding dishes usually don’t include meat.
- 5. What can we learn from the very last sentence of the passage?  
(A) The writer now knows cultural differences only apply to food.  
(B) The writer doubts whether food is an important part of culture.  
(C) The writer did not expect Indian weddings to be so different.  
(D) The writer is known for having very different opinions on food.

三. (每題 5 分，共 15%)

Corn has been consumed by Americans and people all over the world for centuries. Cornbread is made from corn and holds an important place in American cuisine\*.

When European settlers\* first moved to America, they discovered that the soil was not rich, so in many places, corn was the only thing that would grow. They used corn for everything from food to soap.

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However, eating “corn on the cob\*” like we do today was not common. Most corn was ground\* into powder and used to make cornbread.

Soon cornbread became the common table bread. Each family had their own recipe that they would pass down to their children. Cornbread was especially popular because it was so easy to make and required few ingredients. The most basic cornbread can be made with just ground corn, water, oil, and salt.

As time went on and people became richer, they started adding other ingredients such as eggs, milk, and sugar. These additional ingredients changed the heavy cornbread into the lighter and sweeter cornbread we know today.

\*cuisine *n. [C]* 菜餚    \*settler *n. [C]* 定居者    \*corn on the cob 整根玉米  
\*grind *vt.* 磨碎 (grind-ground-ground)

6. What is the main idea of this passage?
- (A) Cornbread is consumed by Americans and people around the world.  
(B) Cornbread has become popular because it is easy to make and corn is common.  
(C) There are many ways to make cornbread, so cornbread has become popular.  
(D) Corn can be used to make not only food but also soap.
7. Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Corn on the cob was popular among European settlers.  
(B) Many cornbread recipes have been lost.  
(C) The cornbread today is heavier and sweeter.  
(D) Oil and salt are the basic ingredients to make cornbread.
8. Why is corn a common plant across the US?
- (A) Corn can grow on poor soil.  
(B) European settlers loved corn.  
(C) European settlers brought corn to America.  
(D) Cornbread is badly needed.

四. (每題 5 分，共 10%)

### Volunteers Wanted

Are you worried about global warming? Do you want to reduce the pollution\* of the environment? Join *Green Force* to save the Earth.

**As a volunteer of *Green Force*, you can...**

- ✓ Tell the public about *Green Force*.
- ✓ Get more people to join *Green Force*.
- ✓ Participate in beach cleanups, recycling challenges, and many more activities!

If you have interest in *Green Force*, you're welcome to attend the orientation\* for more information!

**Orientation\***  
**Time:** 9:00 – 12:00, July 7  
**Location\*:** Oak Building (117, Pine Ave, New York City)  
**Contact:** Hanson Wu, (212) 386-1540

- Free drinks and snacks are offered.

Join the big family of *Green Force* today!

\* pollution *n. [U]* 污染    \* orientation *n. [U]* 說明會    \* location *n. [C]* 地點



9. Which of the following is **NOT** mentioned as a way for volunteers to help *Green Force*?
- (A) Telling people about *Green Force*.  
(B) Donating to *Green Force*.  
(C) Joining *Green Force*'s beach cleanups.  
(D) Getting *Green Force* more members.
10. Which of the following is true about the orientation?
- (A) The orientation will be held in the afternoon.  
(B) The orientation will take place in winter.  
(C) Hanson Wu is a new member of *Green Force*.  
(D) Visitors don't have to pay for drinks.

五. (每題 5 分，共 15%)

If you throw a plastic straw in the street, where will it go? Scientists report that about 4 to 12 million tons of plastic goes to the ocean every year. They also believe that by 2050 there will be more plastic in the ocean than fish.

Plastics are a part of our everyday lives. But a single plastic bottle takes about 450 years to break down completely. So one bottle dropped in the ocean today could be polluting the waters for many generations\* to come.

Although some plastic **degrades** into smaller pieces and sinks to the ocean floor, most of it turns out to drift\* to the middle of the ocean. Strong ocean currents push huge amounts of plastic into

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what’s known as “garbage patches\*.” The largest one is called the “Great Pacific\* Garbage Patch” and is located in the Pacific Ocean. The Great Pacific Garbage Patch is made up of 1.8 trillion pieces of trash.

To avoid destroying ocean life, plastic items should be reduced and recycled. As citizens of the earth, we should all try to use less plastic.

\*generation *n. [C]* 一代人 \*drift *vi.* 漂流 \*patch *n. [C]* 地塊 \*Pacific 太平洋

11. How does the author present the serious problem of plastic pollution in the first paragraph?

- (A) By giving scientific proof.
- (B) By telling real stories.
- (C) By sharing a news report.
- (D) By making a comparison.

12. What does “**degrades**” most likely mean in the third paragraph?

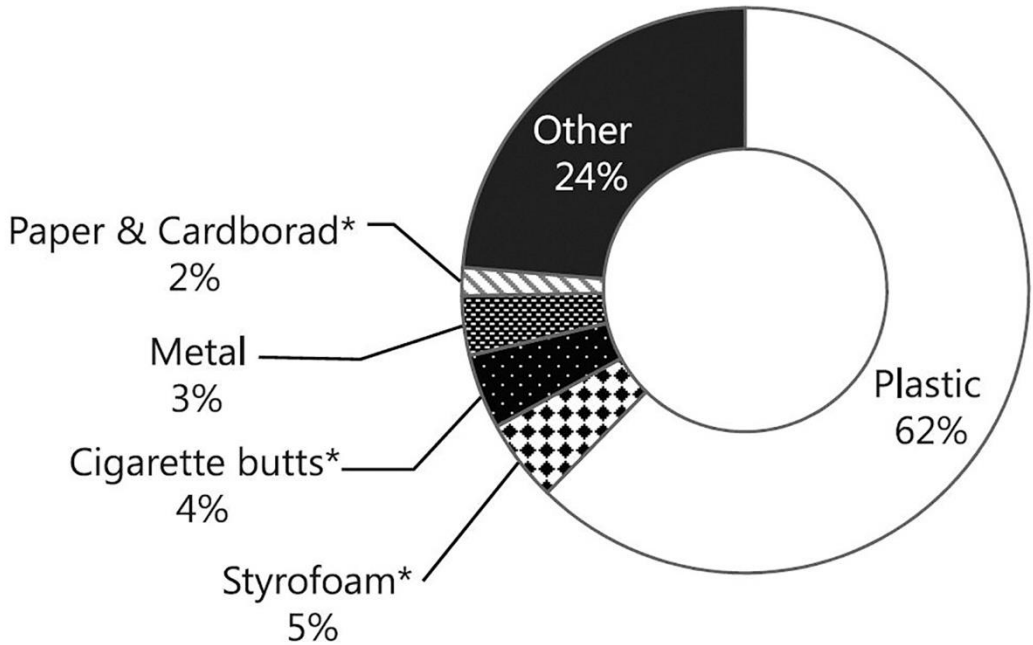
- (A) Breaks down.
- (B) Cleans up.
- (C) Gathers.
- (D) Disappears.

13. According to the passage, what causes the “garbage patches”?

- (A) Weather.
- (B) The ocean floor.
- (C) Sea movements.
- (D) Strong winds.

六. (每題 5 分，共 10%)

Make-up\* of Ocean Trash



\* make-up *n. [sing.]* 組成 \* cardboard *n. [U]* 紙板 \* cigarette butt 菸蒂 \* Styrofoam *n. [U]* 保麗龍

14. What does the chart above tell us?

- (A) What ocean litter is more or less made up of.
- (B) Which materials are usually used to make ships.
- (C) How much cleaning up ocean trash.
- (D) Why plastic is more useful than other materials.

15. What is true according to the chart?

- (A) A quarter of people in the world still smoke.
- (B) Nearly two thirds of ocean trash is plastic.
- (C) There’s more metal than Styrofoam in the sea.
- (D) Most ocean trash is paper or cardboard.

七. (每題 5 分，共 15%)

**ZERO WASTE SHOPPING TIPS**

*Shopping zero waste means shopping for items without plastic bags and packaging. The below are zero waste shopping tips!*

**1. REUSABLE SHOPPING BAGS**

*Use these to carry all of your shopping items.*

**2. BULK BIN BAGS\***

*Fill these with dry goods from bulk bins, like cereal, rice, dried fruit, etc.*

**3. NET BAGS**

*Use washable cotton net bags so that your produce items can easily be seen and weighed.*

**4. REUSABLE CONTAINERS\***

*Use your own containers such as glass containers and silicone\* baggies when buying meat, fish, or cheese, or glass jars for liquid. You can put these directly into your fridge when arriving home.*

\*bulk bin bag 儲物袋 \*container *n. [C]* 容器 \*silicone *n. [U]* 矽膠

16. What kind of bags are **NOT** necessary for zero waste shoppers?

- (A) Plastic bags.
- (B) Bulk bin bags.
- (C) Net bags.
- (D) Silicone baggies.

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17. Lin went zero waste shopping for some steak. What container(s) may she most likely use?

- (A) Bulk bin bags. (B) Net bags. (C) Glass jars. (D) Glass containers.

18. What is the function of net bags?

- (A) They are washable and pretty.  
(B) They can carry all our shopping items.  
(C) Food can be stored in a fridge quickly.  
(D) The items inside can be checked easily.

八. (每題 5 分，共 10%)

When I first moved to Taipei last year, I noticed something strange about the buildings. Many of **them** didn’t seem to have a fourth floor. The floor numbers in the elevators often went from 3 to 5. I asked my local friend the reason for this. He told me that four is a very unlucky number in Taiwan because it sounds like the Chinese word for death. That’s why in most hospitals, the fourth floor is not listed. Many people also don’t want the number four in their phone numbers or on their license plates\*. Moreover\*, people who live on the fourth floor of apartment buildings usually pay less rent. “Less rent?” I said. “Let me call my landlord!”

\*license plate 車輛牌照 \*moreover 此外；而且

19. What is the best title for this reading?

- (A) How to Avoid Bad Luck.  
(B) The Unlucky Number.  
(C) Strange Buildings in Taipei.  
(D) The Missing Floors.

20. What does the word “**them**” in the second sentence mean?

- (A) License plates. (B) Elevators. (C) Buildings. (D) Phone numbers.

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