

市立新北高工 113 學年度第 2 學期 補 考 試 題								
科 目	英 文 閱 讀	命 題 教 師	陳 玖 如	審 題 教 師	石 芸 熙	年 級	二	科 別 機 鑄 汽 模 圖 電 資 訊

共 20 題 請在答案卡上作答。請確實劃好座號，座號未劃記正確者酌扣十分！

(1-5) When he was still a child, Bo-Wei Yang became fascinated by cooking after watching a Japanese cooking show on TV. From that moment on, he **devoted** himself to becoming an international chef. He studied cooking in high school and gained experience by working part-time in hotels and restaurants. After college, Bo-Wei went to France, where he began his training at a restaurant. His talent and hard work brought him success as a chef and then as a manager at a top-quality, Three MICHELIN Star restaurant.

Having achieved his goal, Bo-Wei decided to return to Taiwan. He wanted to create special cuisine using his skills and Taiwanese ingredients. He became the chef of a hotel's French restaurant in Taitung, creating unique dishes with local ingredients. His story demonstrates that if people follow their passions with diligence, they can accomplish their goals eventually.

fascinated	著迷的	cuisine	料理
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- ( ) 1. What is the passage mainly about?
  - (A) The right way to choose a useful cooking show.
  - (B) The story of a cook working hard to pursue his dreams.
  - (C) The importance of going to France for cooking skills.
  - (D) A way of adding Taiwanese ingredients to cooking.
- ( ) 2. Which of the following about Yang is NOT true according to the passage?
  - (A) He received training at a restaurant in France.
  - (B) He is very diligent in pursuing his dreams.
  - (C) He has never been to a cooking school.
  - (D) He worked as a manager at a Three MICHELIN Star restaurant.
- ( ) 3. According to the passage, which of the following is a feature of Bo-Wei Yang's cuisine?
  - (A) The combination of his skills and Taiwanese ingredients.
  - (B) The use of top quality food in Taiwan.
  - (C) The different cooking skills in Japanese cuisine.
  - (D) The application of French cooking techniques.
- ( ) 4. Yang make up his mind to become a chef after he \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) watched a Japanese cooking show. (B) won a vegetable carving competition.
  - (C) met the principal of the High School. (D) got to know people in Changbin.
- ( ) 5. What does the word "**devoted**" mean?
  - (A) 激起 (B) 遭遇 (C) 建立 (D) 奉獻

班別		座號		電腦卡作答
姓名				是 P.1

(6-10) Twenty years ago, it was difficult to imagine a cashless society. Yet, nowadays more and more people do not carry cash with them no matter where they go. That does not mean they do not shop anymore—they simply choose to pay for goods or services with the help of their phones. Mobile payment apps, such as Apple Pay and Google Pay, allow people to do so online or in person. Many people also prefer PayPal, which is the oldest mobile payment app, because they think it is not only safe but also free of charge. Moreover, you can use your phone to **transfer** money to your friends, family, or anyone you want, even internationally. Thanks to this new technology, our society is changing into a cashless one. Perhaps before too long, it will become storeless as well.

goods 商品；貨品

- ( ) 6. What is the best title for this passage?
  - (A) How to Set Up Mobile Payments
  - (B) The Best Mobile Payment App
  - (C) The Advantages of a Storeless Society
  - (D) A World with No Cash
- ( ) 7. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?
  - (A) It was hard to imagine a cashless society twenty years ago.
  - (B) In a cashless society, many people pay with their phones.
  - (C) Our society may become cashless, but it is not likely to become storeless.
  - (D) People can buy items online or in person in a cashless society.
- ( ) 8. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word "**transfer**"?
  - (A) to give
  - (B) to turn
  - (C) to change
  - (D) to withdraw
- ( ) 9. According to the passage, what is the author's attitude toward a cashless society?
  - (A) Pessimistic (悲觀的).
  - (B) Optimistic (樂觀的).
  - (C) Neutral (中立的).
  - (D) It didn't say.
- ( ) 10. Why do many people prefer Paypal when it comes to mobile payment apps?
  - (A) Because Paypal is faster than other apps.
  - (B) Because they don't have to pay extra money for using Paypal.
  - (C) Because Paypal is more convenient in their countries.
  - (D) Because Paypal is a famous brand.

(請翻頁繼續作答)

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(11-15) I am so tired that I want to sleep for a week! Then I want to go back to Taitung. It would be worth the trip just for the bento at Chishang's Lunchbox Museum. It was so delicious! Our visit was during the hot air balloon festival, and it was amazing to see various giant balloons in the air. Thankfully, we could not go up in the balloons—I am scared of heights. I especially loved the walkway at Seashore Park which was so shady and cool. My favorite part of the trip was having dinner at Sinasera 24 restaurant. The food was **incredible**, and we were very lucky to meet the chef, Nick Yang, who is so talented. I hope I can visit Taitung again soon.

walkway 人行通道 shady 陰涼的

- ( ) 11. Which of the following places is **NOT** included in the passage?
  - (A) Seashore Park.
  - (B) Sinasera 24 restaurant.
  - (C) Taitung Forest Park.
  - (D) Chishang's Lunchbox Museum.
- ( ) 12. Why was the author glad that she could not go up in the balloons?
  - (A) The author wanted to visit Chishang's Lunchbox Museum.
  - (B) The author was too tired to give it a try.
  - (C) The author could not wait to go to Sinasera 24 restaurant.
  - (D) The author is afraid of heights.
- ( ) 13. What does this passage mainly talk about?
  - (A) Having bentos at a museum.
  - (B) A trip to Taitung.
  - (C) Methods of beating the fear of heights.
  - (D) Nick Yang, a chef in Taitung.
- ( ) 14. What does the word "**incredible**" mean?
  - (A) awful
  - (B) amazing
  - (C) offensive
  - (D) stable
- ( ) 15. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?
  - (A) Chishang is famous for its lunchbox.
  - (B) The author lives in Taitung.
  - (C) The chef of Sinasera 24 is also its owner.
  - (D) The author slept for a week after he/she went to Taitung.

班 別		座 號		電 腦 卡 作 答
姓 名				是 P.2

(16-20) The differences between American English and British English may cause misunderstandings to happen between American and British people. Take vocabulary for example. In American English, a subway means "an underground railway." If an American lady who gets lost in London wants to know where she can find a subway, she may become even more confused after asking for help. It is because in British English a subway means "an underground passage (通道) for people to walk in." In the same way, an American might get angry if he finds out that his British friend wants to give him some biscuits in the afternoon, thinking that the biscuits are left over from breakfast, because in American English, biscuits are a type of bread.

Besides language use, some traffic rules may also be different. For example, unlike traffic rules in America, the rules in England ask drivers to keep to the left. So, it's best to learn something about a foreign country before you visit it, even though you and the people there speak the same language.

- ( ) 16. What is the main idea of this article?
  - (A) The same language American and British people speak.
  - (B) The traffic and breakfast in London.
  - (C) The differences between American English and British English.
  - (D) Different traffic rules between America and England.
- ( ) 17. About the differences between America and England, which of the following is **NOT** mentioned in the article?
  - (A) Language.
  - (B) Traffic rules.
  - (C) Breakfast.
  - (D) Vocabulary.
- ( ) 18. What does a subway mean in British English?
  - (A) An underground railway.
  - (B) A kind of breakfast.
  - (C) A type of biscuit
  - (D) An underground passage.
- ( ) 19. What is a biscuit in American English?
  - (A) A type of bread.
  - (B) A type of candy.
  - (C) A type of cookie.
  - (D) A type of tea.
- ( ) 20. According to the article, what are drivers in England asked to do?
  - (A) To speak American English.
  - (B) To take the subway.
  - (C) To keep to the right.
  - (D) To keep to the left.