

ABSTRACT

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1. INTRODUCTION

In this research paper, we assess an application of spatial smoothing in visual data; that is, we induce continuity among data elements. The spatial smoothing application is particularly targeted to be applied for unsupervised pattern recognition. To be more specific, our focus is to model a biomedical application in the field of metabolomics. Furthermore, we limit the scope of applied unsupervised machine learning techniques to the branch of topic modelling.

The characteristics of our utilised metabolomics data are expressed in the form of mass spectrometry imaging (MSI). Effectively, we use MSI to visualise the metabolomics data in the form of spatial distribution. Speaking of the metabolomics data, it contains information about ionised metabolites. Note that metabolites are molecules produced by the chemical process of metabolism; whereas by ionisation, we refer to the method used to sample metabolites. In other words, MSI data is a visualisation of ion (sampled metabolite) distributions: the complete dataset is the whole image; the image's pixel is a particular sampling region; and each region contains intensities of ions with unique mass-over-charge m/z values.

Speaking of our machine learning application, topic modelling is a technique used to infer unlabelled topic distributions based on data's underlying semantic structure. With respect to MSI data, we can model the topic distributions over an image and its every pixel; furthermore, topic modelling can express the types of ions corresponding to particular topics. Since a topic model is a statistical approach to perceive real metabolomics data, the utilised topic models are tuned to reflect the metabolomics environment as good as possible. Relating to our research targets, spatial smoothing is one of such environment settings.

The basis of the project's research problems comes from the limitations of current metabolite sampling techniques. The main limitation is the loss of information caused by the metabolite ionisation. As a consequence, the MSI data is noisy. To expand on the noisiness, it is caused by metabolite fragmentation and the limitation to tune different metabolite retention times. By metabolite fragmentation, we refer to a metabolite split; the split would cause the captured ions to possess unexpected values. Speaking of the retention time, the intensity value of each ion types varies with respect to time; therefore, since each ion is captured at a different state of its retention, each ion type would possess

some variance with respect to its intensity. Finally, note that the loss of information might be also caused by overlapping ion topics. Since different ion topics can contain same ion types, the topic possessing a lower ion intensity value would be overwhelmed and, thus, not reflected in the MSI data.

In this paper, we contribute to the research in MSI by carrying an extensive assessment of the spatial smoothing application. The assessment is carried in both quantitative and qualitative manners: we assess the performance on a number of diverse datasets; also, our experiments are designed to reflect the nature of the MSI data reflecting computational metabolomics. Furthermore, we provide a Python implementation of a tuned topic model; also, we establish maintainable experiment settings. By the tuned topic model, we mean that the model's implementation is particularly designed to meet the characteristics of the MSI data. Speaking of the experiment settings, note that we are carrying the experiments using Jupyter notebooks. Effectively, the use of the notebooks creates a portable and well-documented environment to initialise the experiment settings and execute the topic modelling. As a result, external parties could run the released notebooks and reproduce the experiment results in a swift manner.

The paper is organised in the following order: in Section 2, we discuss the background of the research project; in Section 3, we provide a formal definition of the assessed research problems; in Section 4, we review the results of the relevant research; in Section 5, we establish the rationale of the applied methodology; in Section 6, we introduce the experiments results; finally, in Section 7, we conclude the findings.

2. BACKGROUND

The background section covers the basis of the concepts used throughout the paper. At the start, we provide a high-level overview of the general topic modelling concepts. Then, we define the terminology used throughout the paper. Finally, we introduce the characteristic qualities of the MSI data.

2.1 Preliminaries

The research project targets a specific branch of topic models. The branch consists of Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA) derivatives. Note that the initial LDA model was introduced by Blei et al. [1]. One of the model's key characteristics is the three-level hierarchical treatment of the data. In the context of the utilised MSI data, the hierarchical structure can be perceived as follows: in the highest, level we have an MSI image; in the middle level, we have a pixel of an MSI image; and in the lowest level, we have the intensities of particular ions in a pixel.

Another model's key characteristic is the generative treatment of the data. By the generative model, we mean that the latent data instances are treated as a result of a mixture of underlying parameters drawn from probability distributions. In other words, the generative data treatment induces randomness in the end products of the data; however, note that the source of the data – the lowest level parameters of the probability distributions – remain the same. The key aspect of the generative model is the degree of freedom in the connections of random variables; this notion allows modelling more realistic, thus, more complex data relations. Ultimately, the rationale of the generative model is based

on recovering the underlying probability distributions. Effectively, in order to recover the generative process of the data, we delve into the applications of Bayesian methods.

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2.2 Terminology

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In the context of MSI data, *the corpus* is the whole image of a sample; *the document* is an MSI image's pixel; and the word is a chosen range of an ion's mass-over-charge values. Note that with respect to every the range of the mass-over-charge values

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2.3 MSI Data Characteristics

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3. STATEMENT OF PROBLEM

To start with, we set the hypothesis of this research project to *‘The noisiness of MSI pixels can be reduced by applying a topic model tuned for spatial smoothing’*. By spatial smoothing, it is meant that the topic model would have an autoregressive treatment among the pixels. As an example, we assume that adjacent pixels would have similar latent topic distributions. This assumption corresponds to the nature of our datasets – a metabolite construction (i.e., a topic) is continuous throughout nearby regions (i.e., sets of adjacent pixels).

The impact of proving the hypothesis would bring the following contributions:

- Improving the detection of overlapping topics;
- Reducing the noisiness of MSI data;
- Motivating the further research in applying spatial smoothing to MSI data.

Speaking of the overlapping topic detection and the reduced noisiness, both contributions would improve the performance of MSI pattern recognition. Additionally, we measure the changes in the performances upon varying the complexity of the data. Ultimately, if a naive spatial smoothing application displayed performance improvements, we would set a basis to apply state-of-the-art autoregression approaches on MSI data.

To my knowledge, the impact of the spatial smoothing application to the MSI domain has not yet been thoroughly studied. For the latter reason, this research project will serve as an exploratory assessment on the spatial smoothing application: we will introduce the rationale behind the applied methodology; also, we will clearly define the range of the experiment settings. To give a brief intuition about the methodology, the study will assess the domain-specific parameter tuning and its impact on a diverse range of synthetic datasets.

4. RELEVANT RESEARCH

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5. METHODOLOGY

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6. EXPERIMENTS

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7. CONCLUSION

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