Script 02

- Grouping geometric primitives into 3D models.
- Instantiating models and setting position, size and orientation.
- Simple illumination to perceive 3D shape.
- Simple animation: moving models and moving the camera around.

2.1 Grouping geometric primitives into 3D models

Open the file threejs_ex_02_01_models.html

Questions:

- Which **models** make up the scene?
- What are **helper primitives** useful for?

Analyze the **createTree**() function:

- Which primitives are instantiated?
- How are they grouped into a composite model?
- Notice the appropriate positioning that needs to be done.

Tasks:

- Add more trees to the scene --- assign different sizes to them.
- Create a car model, using a box primitive and four cylinder primitives.
- Create a **robot model** using a **box primitive** for the body, a **sphere primitive** for the head and four **cylinder primitives** for the legs.
- Add **several** of those **models** to the scene assign different positions, orientations and sizes to them.

2.2 Simple illumination

Open the file threejs_ex_02_02_illumination.html

Analyze how simple illumination was added to the scene:

• A point light source was added.

• The material defining each object is now reflecting light.

Tasks:

- Add **illumination** to your previous example.
- Replace the plane helper geometry by a plane geometry.

2.3 Simple animation

Open the file threejs_ex_02_03_animation.html

Analyze how tree model is now being animated:

- What are the changes? How is the rendering being done?
- How is the tree position being changed from frame to frame?
- Where is the **camera** and how is it oriented?

Tasks:

- Add **animation** to your previous example.
- **Different models** should have **different behavior**.

2.4 Improving you example

Tasks:

- Create two intersecting streets, with buildings, trees and cars.
- Add some animation to the cars.
- Add soma animation to the camera.