Assignment 1

HMTH407/HFM307 (Partial Differential Equations)

September 2022

1. For each of the following equations, state the order and whether it is nonlinear, linear inhomogeneous or linear homogeneous.

(a) $(\cos xy^2)u_x - y^2u_{xxy} = \tan(x^2 + y^2)$

(b) $\frac{u_x}{\sqrt{1+u_x^2}} + \frac{u_y}{\sqrt{1+u_y^2}} = 0.$

2. Solve the equation $(1+x^2) u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0.$

Sketch some of the characteristic curves.

3. Solve the equation

$$\sqrt{1-x^2} u_x + u_y = 0, \quad u(0,y) = y$$

4. Solve

$$u_x + u_y + u = e^{x+y}$$
 $u(x,0) = 0$.

5. Consider the one-dimensional wave equation

$$u_{tt} - c^2 u_{xx} = 0, \quad c > 0$$

- (a) Show that the wave equation is hyperbolic.
- (b) By using the method of characteristics, deduce that the general formula for the wave equation is given by

$$u(x,t) = F(x+ct) + G(x-ct),$$

where F, G are arbitrary.

(c) The wave equation is supplemented with the initial conditions

$$u(x,0) = f(x), \quad u_t(x,0) = g(x).$$

Deduce d'Alembert's formula:

$$u(x,t) = \frac{1}{2}[f(x+ct) + f(x-ct)] + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} g(s) \ ds.$$

- (d) Show that the d'Alembert formula above satisfies the wave equation. (You may assume that f''(x) and g'(x) exist and are continuous.
- (e) Solve the wave equation

$$u_{tt} - 25u_{xx} = 0,$$

 $u(x,0) = e^{-x^2},$
 $u_t(x,0) = 4 + x.$

- 6. Consider the equation $u_{xx} 2u_{xy} + u_{yy} + 3u_x u_y = 0$.
 - (a) What is its type (elliptic/parabolic/hyperbolic)?
 - (b) Reduce it to standard form.
 - (c) Find its general solution.