

# PH-291 Physics Lab

Professor Corn-Agostini  
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## Lab # 2: Index of Refraction

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Read and sign Academic Integrity Statement:

*I hereby attest that I have not given or received any unauthorized assistance on this assignment.*

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Sign here

### Grading Rubric

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# 1 Purpose

In this lab, Pfund's Method and Snell's Law will be used to determine the index of refraction of an unknown liquid. Two methods will be used to find this index of refraction, the first utilizing Pfund's Method, while the second uses Snell's Law. The index of refraction of the glass petri dish is determined via Pfund's Method. This then allows us to proceed with both methods. As light is refracted through a medium, a small circular region is observed, surrounded by a darker region with a radius that can be used to calculate the unknown index of refraction via Pfund's Law. In the second method, the incident and reflected angles of the light are measured and plugged into Snell's Law. We can compare the two calculated values to determine the unknown substance.

## 2 Data

Measurement	Thickness (mm)
1	1.695
2	1.995
3	1.990
4	2.095
5	1.930
6	1.995
<b>Instrumental Error:</b> 0.005 mm <b>Random Error:</b> 0.055 mm <b>Thickness:</b> $1.950 \pm 0.005$ mm	

Table 1: Petri Dish Thickness

Measurement	Thickness (mm)
1	7.98
2	8.86
3	8.24
4	7.60
5	8.16
6	7.66
<b>Instrumental Error:</b> 0.02 mm <b>Random Error:</b> 0.19 mm <b>Thickness:</b> $8.08 \pm 0.02$ mm	

Table 2: Ring Diameter Without Liquid

Measurement	Diameter (mm)
1	19.68
2	19.60
3	19.58
4	19.58
5	19.56
6	19.62
<b>Instrumental Error:</b> 0.02 mm <b>Random Error:</b> 0.017 mm <b>Thickness:</b> $19.60 \pm 0.02$ mm	

Table 3: Ring Diameter With Liquid

Measurement	Incident Angle	Refracted Angle
1	50.0°	28.0°
2	28.0°	38.0°
3	36.0°	20.0°
4	17.0°	40.0°
5	43.0°	27.0°
6	28.0°	39.0°
<b>Instrumental Error: 0.5°</b>		

Table 4: Snell's Law

### 3 Calculations

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