Week 3 Quiz

In [1]:

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import pandas as pd

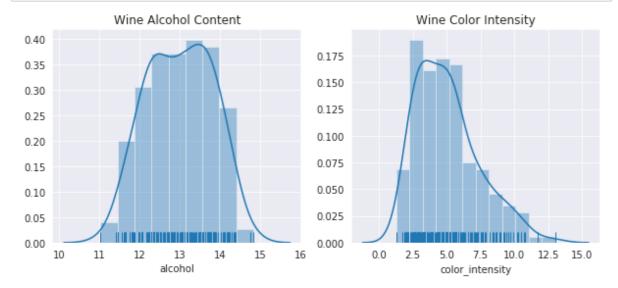
```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

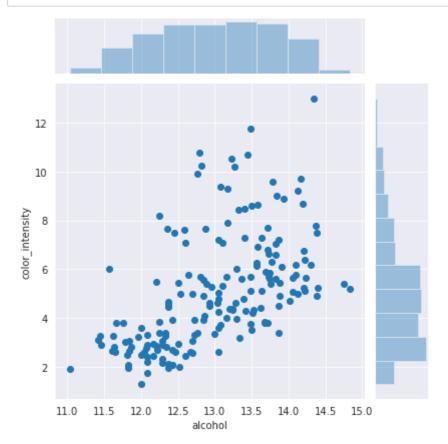
sns.set_style('darkgrid')
%matplotlib inline

In [2]: # Use pandas to read in 'wine_dataset.csv'
# This is a dataset of various wines with a target of categorical var
iable 'class'
df = pd.read_csv('../data/wine_dataset.csv')
```

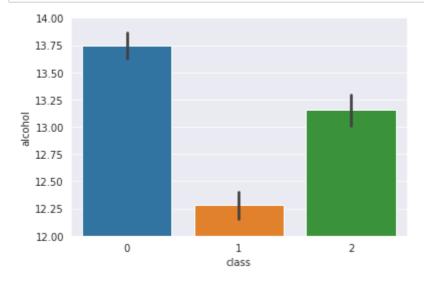
1. Create two axes using plt.subplots with 1 row , 2 columns, figsi ze=(10,4)fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(10,4)) # 2.1 In the first axis, plot the distribution of df.alcohol using sn s.distplot with rug=True sns.distplot(df.alcohol, rug=True, ax=ax[0]) # 2.2 Add the title 'Wine Alcohol Content' to ax[0] using set_title ax[0].set_title('Wine Alcohol Content') # 3.1 In the second axis, plot the distribution of df.color_intensity using sns.distplot with rug=True sns.distplot(df.color intensity,rug=True, ax=ax[1]); # 3.2 Add the title 'Wine Color Intensity' to ax[1] using set_title

ax[1].set title('Wine Color Intensity');





In [5]: # plot x=class vs y=alchohol using sns.barplot
ax = sns.barplot(x='class',y='alcohol',data=df);
set the y-axis limits to (12,14) using set_ylim
ax.set_ylim(12,14);



What's being plotted in the catplot?

The mean alcohol level for each category, with a 95% confidence interval.

Does it look like there is a difference in alcohol level between class? Why?

Yes, as there is no overlap in confidence intevals, there is likely a significant difference between the means of these groups.

(**Note** However, overlap does not necessarily mean there is no difference! See Section 2.6 of Statistical Rules of Thumb by Gerald van Belle <u>Chapter 2 pdf (http://www.vanbelle.org/chapters/webchapter2.pdf)</u>)

```
In [6]: # when completed,
# make sure you've replaced [Name] and [UNI] in the first cell and
filename
# use Print Preview, Print-> Save to pdf
# and post pdf to GradeScope
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