

BACKGROUND↑ Life Time... $\mu\mu\mu$

Muons decay following

$$\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ + \nu + \bar{\nu} \quad (1)$$

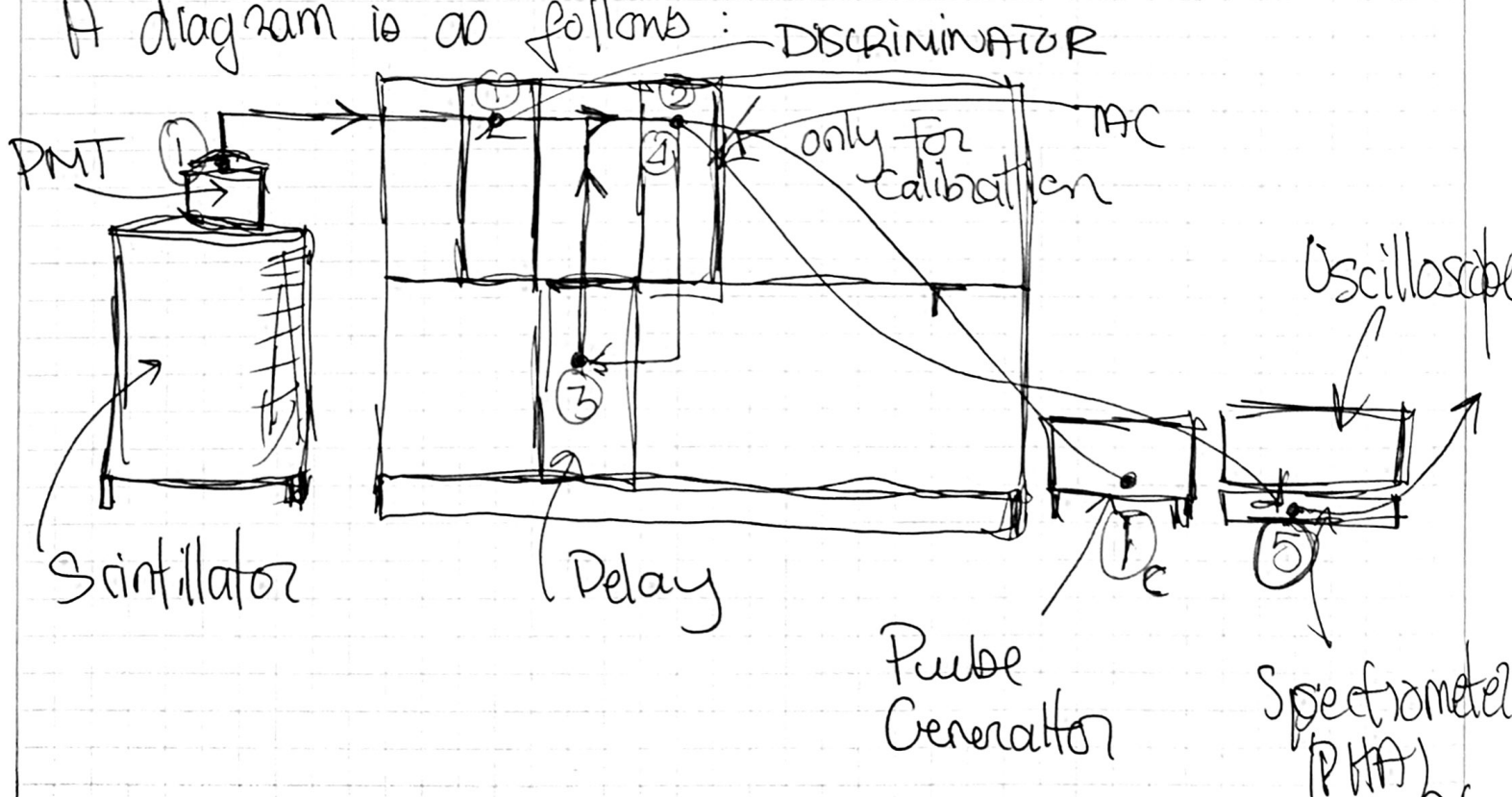
The rate of incoming muons can be modelled by

$$R(t) = R_0 \exp[-t/\tau] \quad (2)$$

where τ is the e-folding depth/time of the decay rate. Therefore, we call τ the mean half-life (life time).
 For an exponential distribution, τ is the mean and the standard deviation. So basically (2) is the relative probability of the decay of a muon.

EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

A diagram is as follows:



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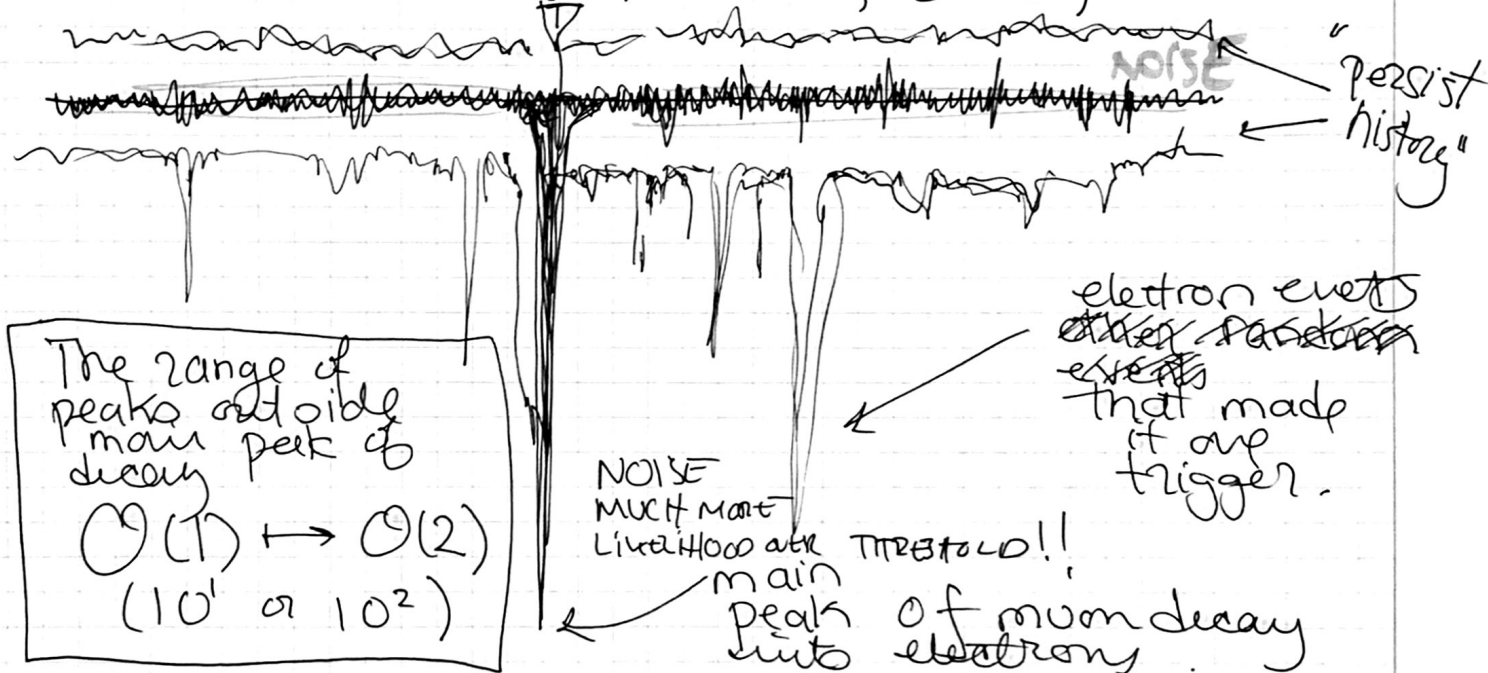
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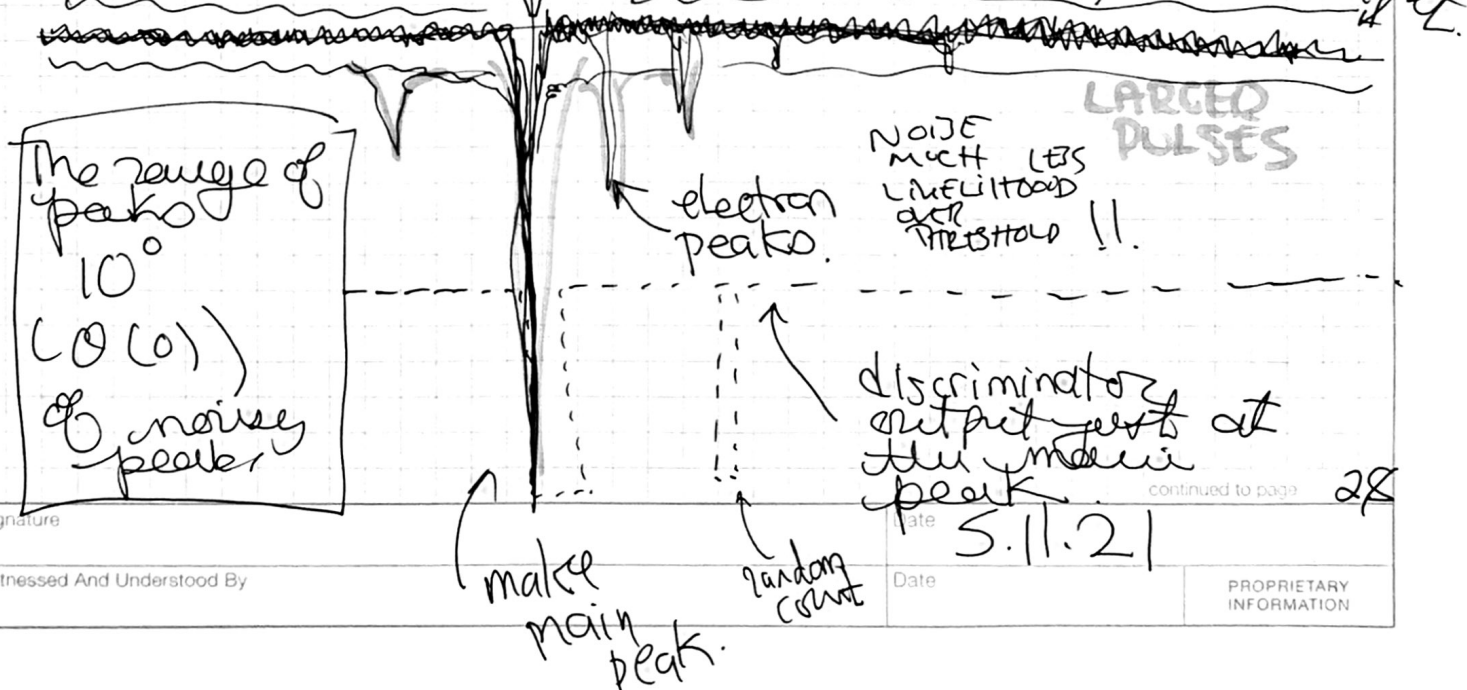
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EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

- Measured discriminator threshold voltage: 0.302 V on meter
 $= 30.2 \text{ mV}$ from discriminator
- PMT High voltage: Kept at preset, -1500 V .
- NOISE TRIGGER LEVEL (-7.52 mV , $5 \mu\text{s}$):



- MAIN PEAK LEVEL (30.2 mV , 100 ns)



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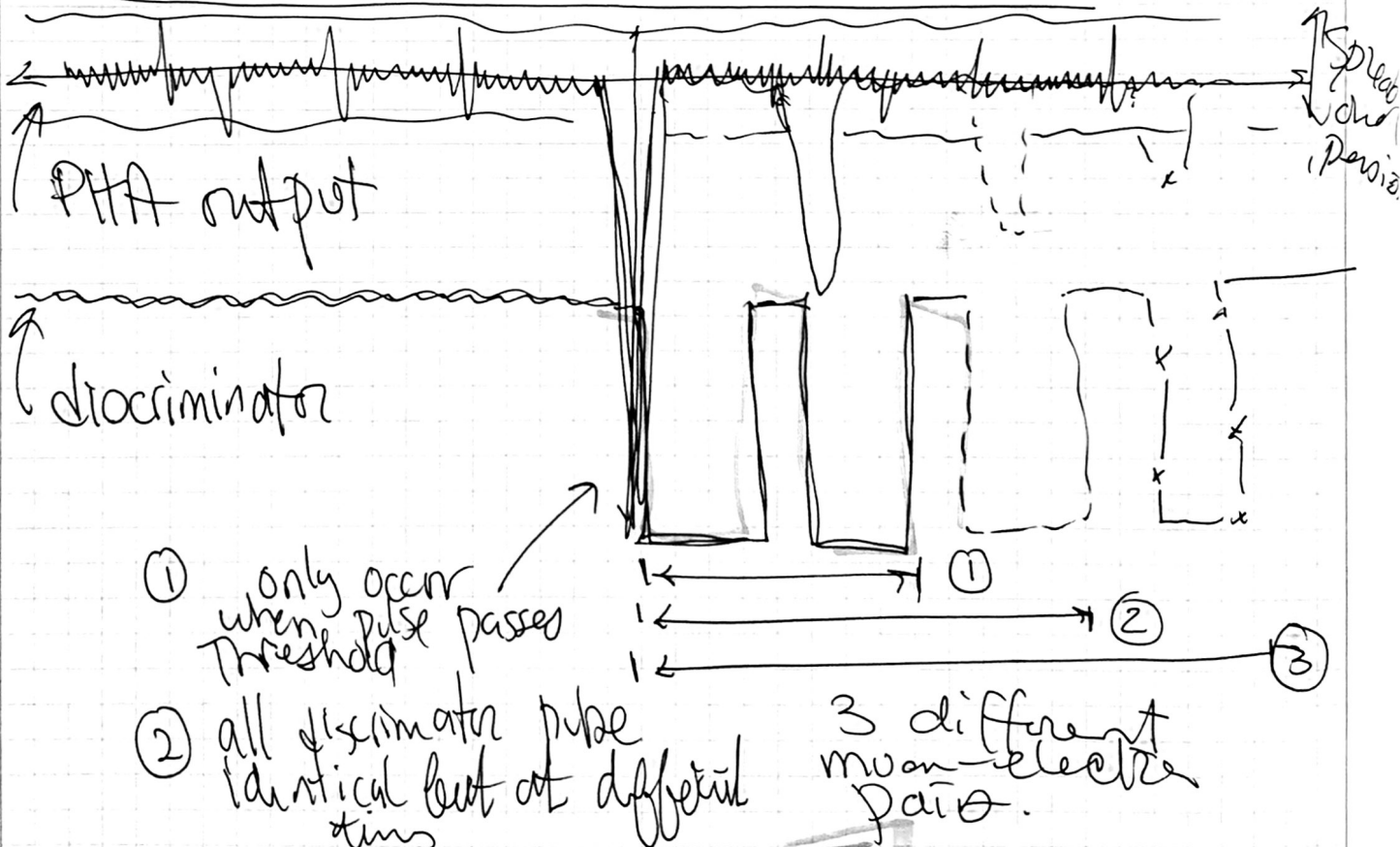
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Muon-Electron Pairs (30.2 mV, 100 ns)



Discriminator Muon-Electron Pairs (30.2 mV, 100 ns)



FINAL PMT VOLTAGE: -1800 V . UNCHANGED.

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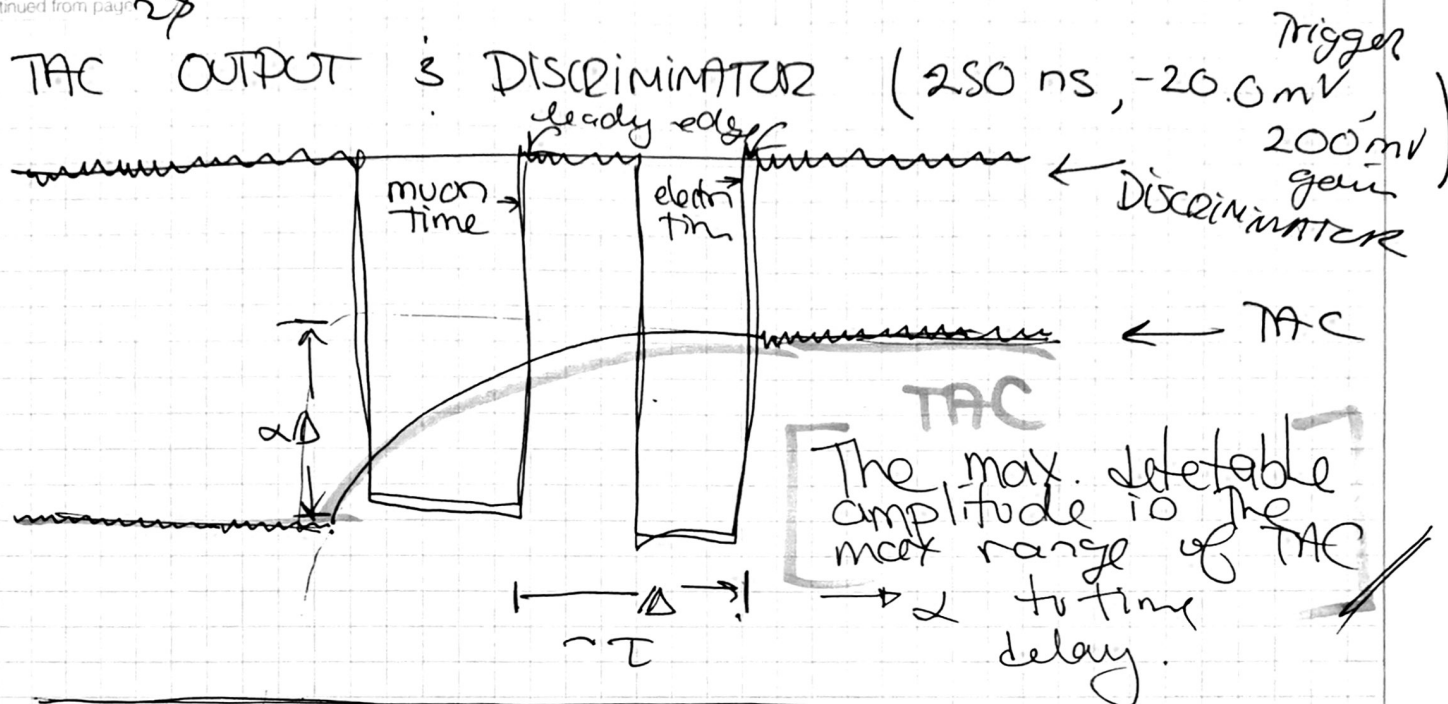
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PULSE DELAY	CHANNELS (START / STOP)	\propto
(1) $7.60 \pm 0.20 \mu s$	230	
(2) $2.40 \pm 0.2 \mu s$	70	
(3) $10.20 \pm 0.2 \mu s$	318	
(4) $13.30 \pm 0.2 \mu s$	419	
Calibration Day		
(1) $10.80 \pm 0.2 \mu s$	335	
(2) $14.80 \pm 0.20 \mu s$	460	
(3) $8.30 \pm 0.2 \mu s$	257	
(4) $5.40 \pm 0.2 \mu s$	184 165	
(5) $2.20 \pm 0.2 \mu s$	64	

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① if: no delay box \Rightarrow no diff. between start & stop triggers so whole pulse method breaks.

② if: stop \leftrightarrow start \Rightarrow just recording delay.

$$\exp[t/\tau] = \exp[t/(\tau + \Delta t)]$$

$$\sim \exp[-t/c]$$

absorbed into R_0 of

$$R_0 e^{-t/\tau}$$

Just include t_p as we only really get to measure muons decaying entering from the top

$$\frac{\pi (\frac{4\pi}{2})^2 + (\frac{4\pi}{2} \cdot \tau)}{\pi (\frac{4\pi}{2})^2 + (\frac{4\pi}{2} \cdot \tau)}$$

$$\approx 1321 \text{ muon/min}$$

we measured

1381

per 6×10^5 sec

\rightarrow Both 10^3 order \checkmark

$$1381 \neq 5250 / 1 \approx 0.26 \text{ muon/cm}^2/\text{min.}$$

which is an percentage error of 0.46 or 46%

$$53 \frac{\text{muon}}{\text{min}} \times \frac{\text{min}}{\text{muon}} \times \text{muon}$$

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