PostgreSQL Replication Solutions

BRUCE MOMJIAN, ENTERPRISEDB

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Abstract

Replication is a complex feature. POSTGRESQL supports a variety of replication options.

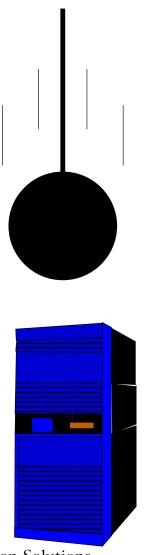
http://momjian.us/presentations

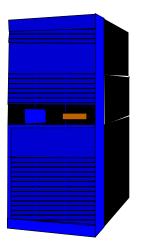
Uses for Replication



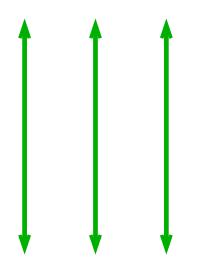
Theolotech.com

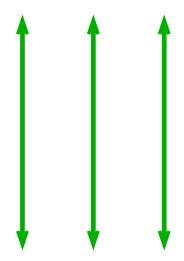
Fail Over

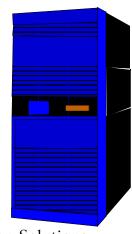


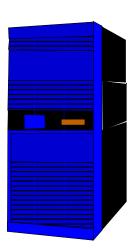


Load Balancing

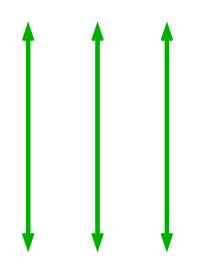


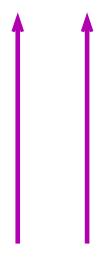


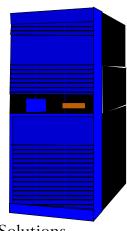


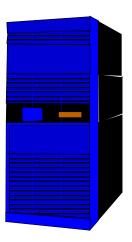


Data Warehousing

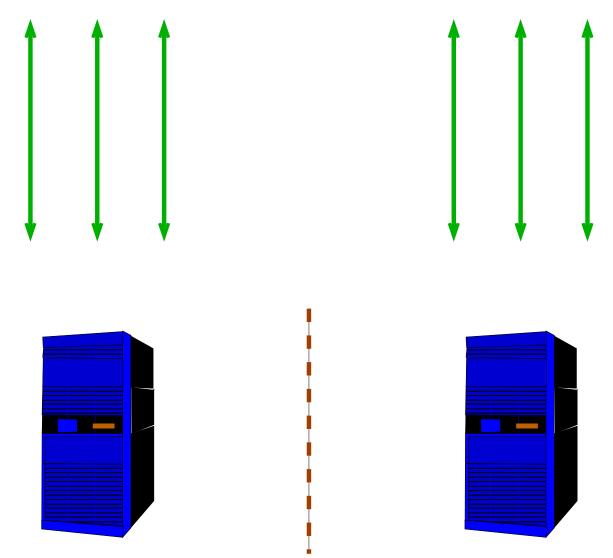






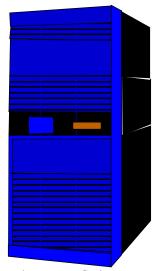


Remote Servers



Mobile Servers



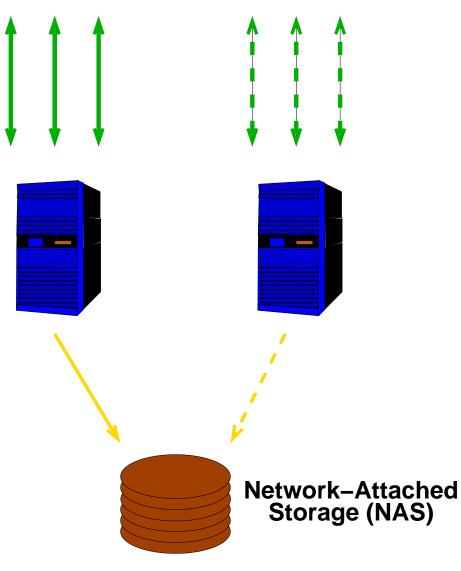


PostgreSQL Replication Solutions

Replication Solutions

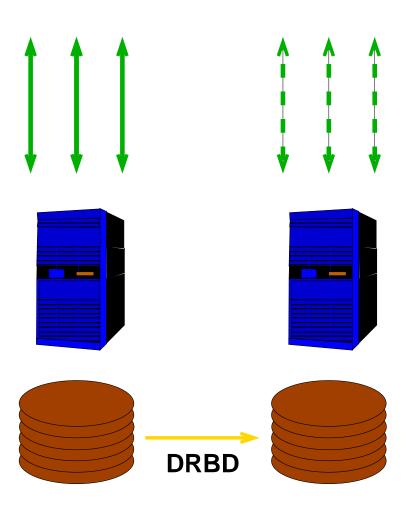


Shared Storage



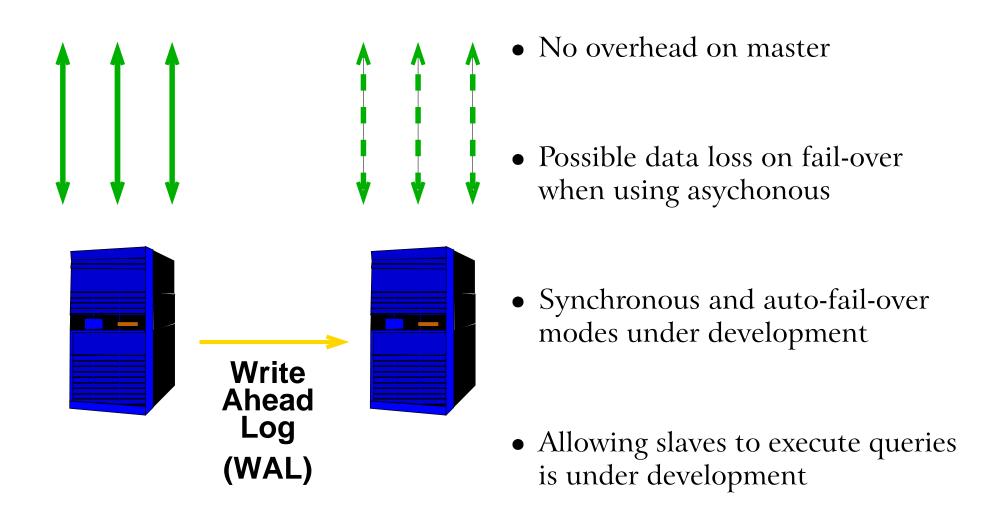
- No overhead
- No data loss on fail-over
- Slave cannot execute queries

Storage Mirroring

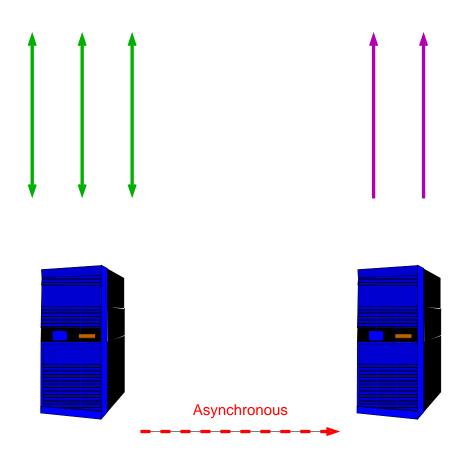


- No overhead on master
- Synchronous or asynchronous
- Possible data loss on fail-over when using asynchronous
- Slave cannot execute queries

Point-In-Time Recovery (PITR)

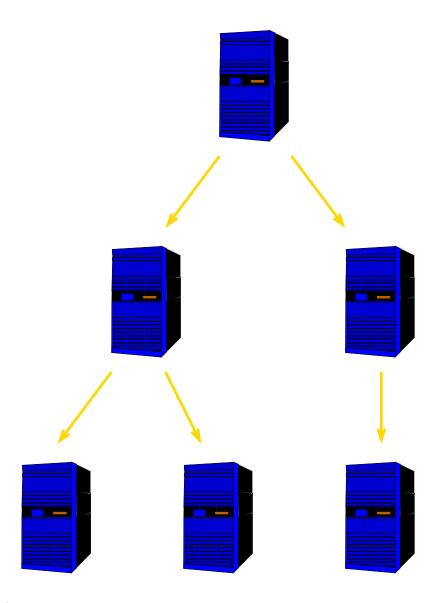


Slony

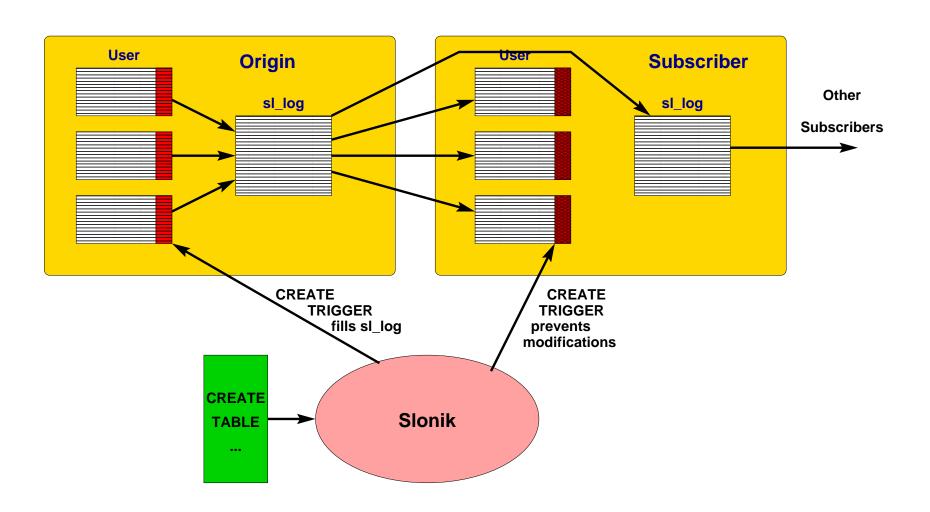


- Triggers add overhead to the master
- Possible data loss on fail-over
- Replication possible even over slow links
- Slave can execute read-only queries
- Table-level granularity allows complex data partitioning configurations

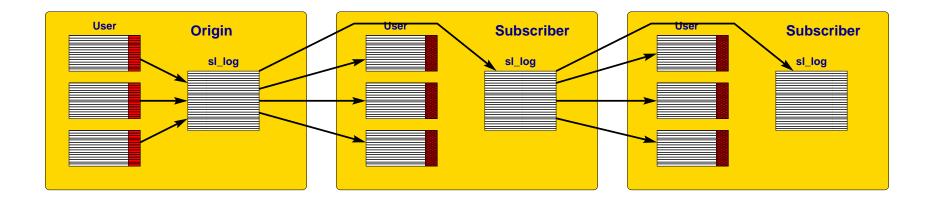
Slony - Cascading Slaves



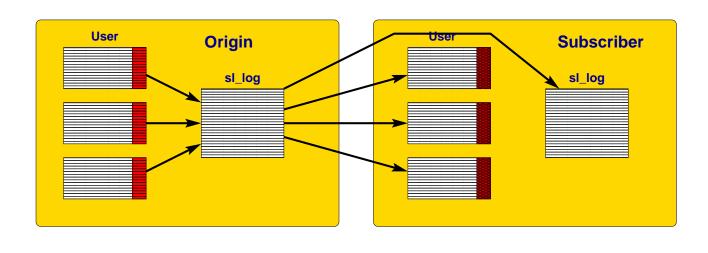
Slony Internals

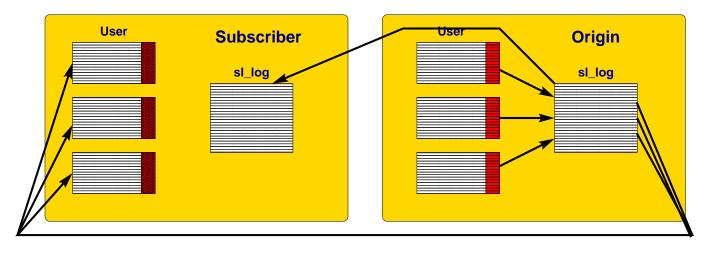


Slony Multi-Slave

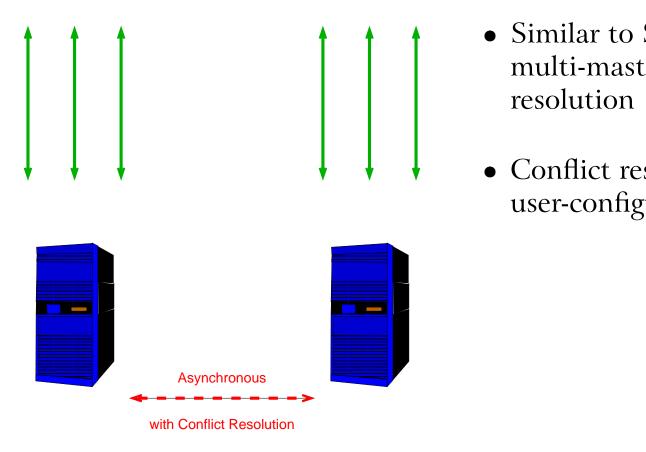


Slony Master Switching



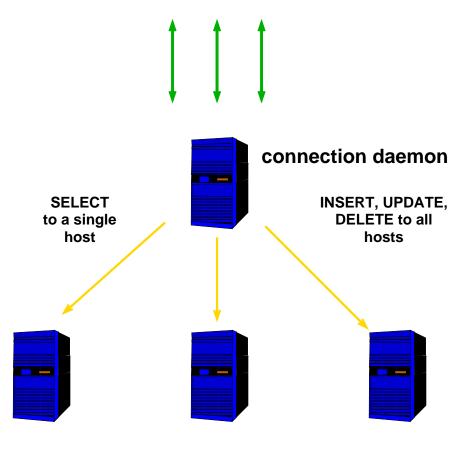


Bucardo



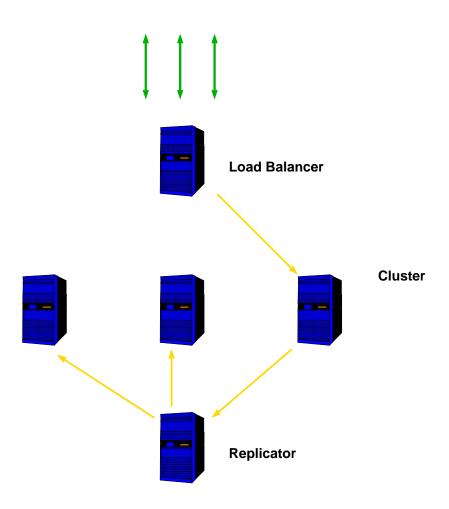
- Similar to Slony, except multi-master with conflict resolution
- Conflict resolution rules are user-configurable

Pgpool II



- Automatically load-balances read queries
- Queries with non-deterministic behavior can cause inconsistency
- Allows parallel query execution on all nodes
- Also does connection pooling and query caching

PGCluster



- High performance cost
- Still experimental

Summary

Feature	Shared Disk Fail-over	File System Replication	Warm Standby Using PITR	Warm Slave Replication	Statement- Based Replication Middleware	Asynch- chronous Multi- Master Replication	Synch- chronous Multi- Master Replication
Most Popular Implementation	NAS	DRBD	PITR	Slony	pgpool-II	Bucardo	pgcluster
Communication Method	shared disk	disk blocks	WAL	table rows	SQL	table rows	table rows & row locks
No Special hardware required		•	•	•	•	•	•
Allows multiple master servers					•	•	•
No master server overhead	•		•		•		
No waiting for multiple servers	•		•	•		•	
Master failure will never lose data	•	•			•		•
Slaves accept read-only queries				•	•	•	•
Per-table granularity				•		•	•
No conflict resolution necessary	•	•	•	•			•