

Open**ZFS**

Securing the Cloud w/ ZFS Encryption

...



Triton - Cloud Orchestration

Manta - Storage

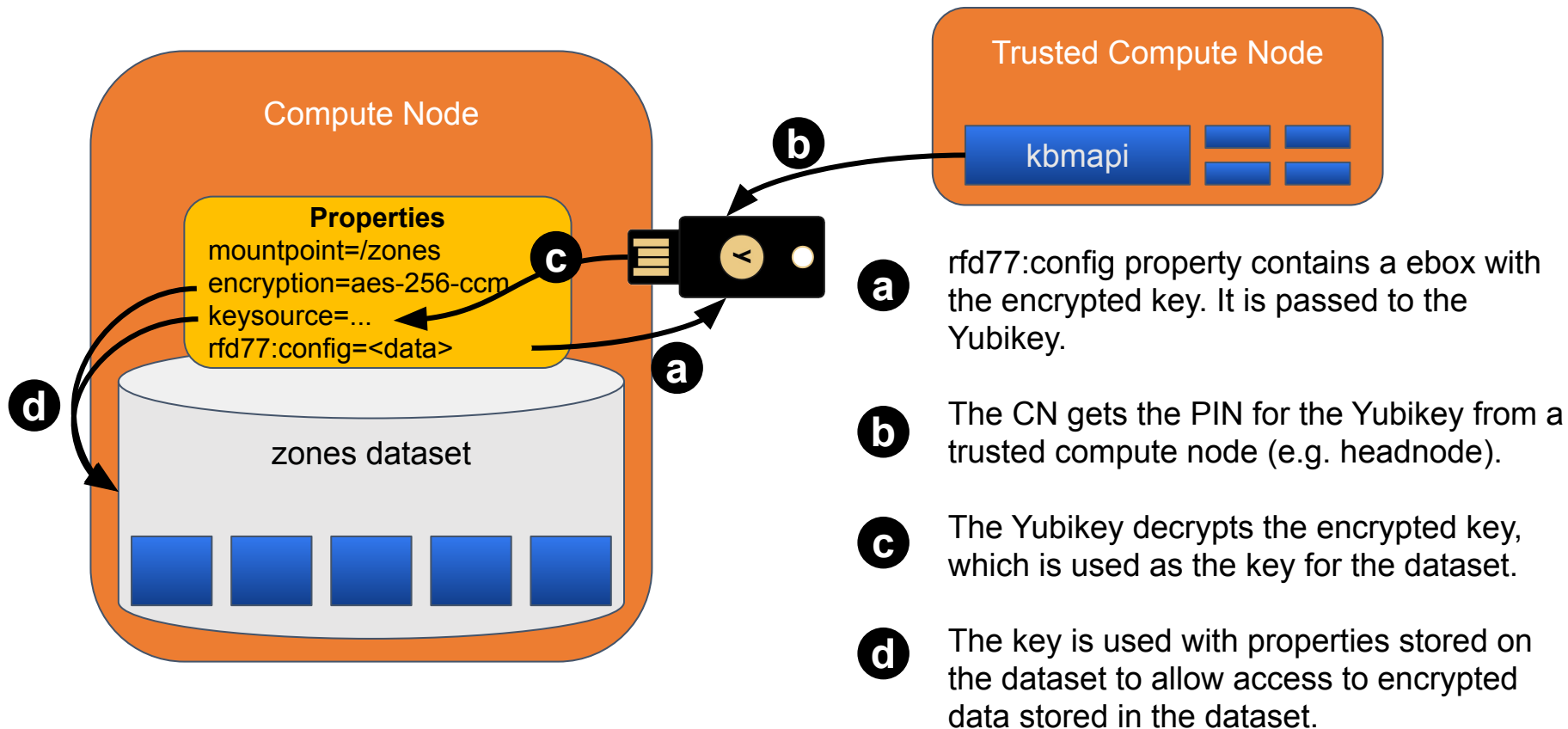
- Both built on SmartOS
- Both heavily rely on ZFS
- Want to provide ability to protect data at rest



- Use ZFS Encryption!
- How to manage keys?

- Key backup and management
- Two main components:
 - KBMAPI - Head node service
 - kbmd - Daemon running on compute nodes
- Encrypt entire zpool
 - Heavy use of snapshot and cloning in Triton makes finer grained keying less useful
- Use PIV tokens (e.g. Yubikeys) to protect zpool key
 - Analogous to two factor authentication
 - PIV tokens store public/private key pairs
 - Use public key to protect zpool key
 - Save result in 'ebox' -- encrypted zpool key plus metadata, stored as dataset property
 - Only PIV token can decrypt contents of ebox (requires PIN)

Unlocking a dataset



- Initialize PIV token
 - PIV generates public/private key pairs -- private key never leaves token
 - Generate random PIN
 - Register PIV token w/ KBMAPI service
- Generate random zpool key
- Create ebox
- Create zpool w/ zpool key and ebox stored as root dataset property

- What happens if PIV token is lost/damaged?
 - Keep an escrowed copy of zpool key in ebox
 - Split into M parts (decided by operator)
 - Set threshold value of N parts required to obtain key
 - Each part is encrypted by PIV token assigned to key employees
 - Info about M parts (PIV GUID, public key, etc) + threshold amount == Recovery Config
 - Perform challenge/response until N parts have been processed
 - Unlock pool, replace system PIV token
- Provide mechanism to push new recovery configs



- <https://github.com/joyent/rfd/blob/master/rfd/0077/README.adoc>
- <https://github.com/joyent/rfd/blob/master/rfd/0173/README.adoc>