

ASSIGNMENT 3

Junit Exercise

Exercise1:

- Create an Employee class with attributes such as id, name, and salary.
- Write JUnit test cases to verify the behavior of the Employee class.
- Use different types of assertions provided by JUnit to validate the attributes and behavior of the Employee class.
- Ensure that the Employee class methods are working correctly.

Hint:

1. Create Employee Classes

- a. `public class Employee { private int id; private String name; private double salary;`
- b. Generate getter and setter
- c. `public void raiseSalary(double amount) { this.salary += amount; }`

2. Create test class

- a. `public class EmployeeTest { @Test void testEmployeeAttributes() {`

i. **Employee employee = new Employee(1, "John Doe", 50000.0);**

ii. **Write assertEquals method for each attribute value**

b. void testRaiseSalary() {

i. **Employee employee = new Employee(1, "Jane Smith", 60000.0);**

ii. **Call raiseSalary(int amout)**

iii. **Write assertEquals method to check the salary values**

c. void testEmployeeEquality() {

i. **Create Two employee object**

ii. **Check for that both objects are not same.**

```
import java.util.Objects;

public class Employee {
    private int id;
    private String name;
    private double salary;
    public Employee(int id, String name, double salary) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    public int getId() {
        return id;
    }

    public void setId(int id) {
        this.id = id;
    }

    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }

    public void setName(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    }
}
```

```

    public double getSalary() {
        return salary;
    }

    public void setSalary(double salary) {
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    public void raiseSalary(double amount) {
        this.salary += amount;
    }

    @Override
    public boolean equals(Object obj) {
        if (this == obj) return true;
        if (obj == null || getClass() != obj.getClass()) return false;
        Employee employee = (Employee) obj;
        return id == employee.id &&
            Double.compare(employee.salary, salary) == 0 &&
            Objects.equals(name, employee.name);
    }

    @Override
    public int hashCode() {
        return Objects.hash(id, name, salary);
    }
}

```

```

import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.*;

```

```

public class test {

    @Test
    void testEmployeeAttributes() {
        Employee employee = new Employee(1, "kumar", 50000.0);

        assertEquals(1, employee.getId());
        assertEquals("kumar", employee.getName());

        assertEquals(50000.0, employee.getSalary(), 0.001);
    }

    @Test
    void testRaiseSalary() {
        Employee employee = new Employee(1, "ramar", 60000.0);
        employee.raiseSalary(5000.0);

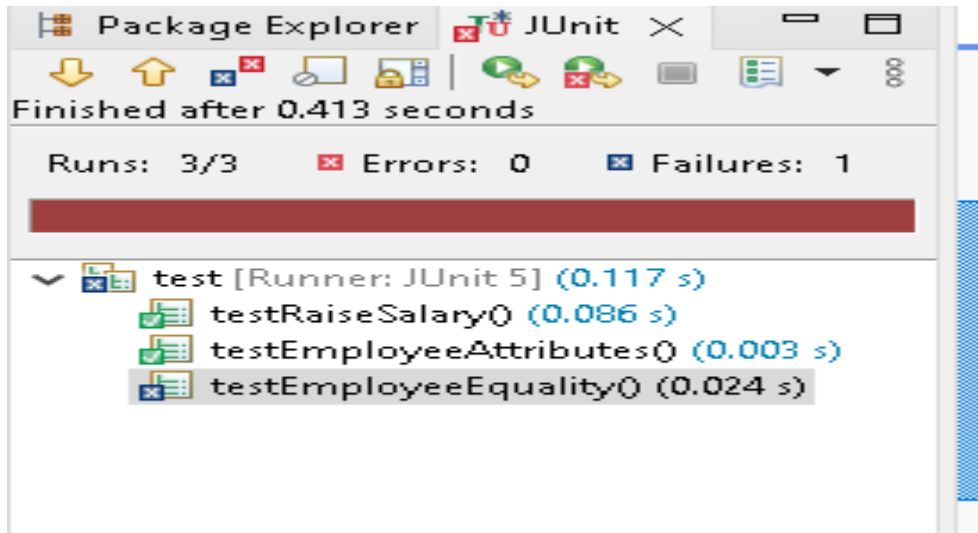
        assertEquals(65000.0, employee.getSalary(), 0.001);
    }

    @Test
    void testEmployeeEquality() {
        Employee employee1 = new Employee(1, "kumr", 50000.0);
        Employee employee2 = new Employee(1, "ramar", 50000.0);
    }
}

```

```
        assertEquals(employee1, employee2);  
        assertNotSame(employee1, employee2);  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT



Exercise2:

- Extend the Employee class with a new method to calculate the yearly bonus based on the salary.
- Write parameterized JUnit test cases to test the bonus calculation method with different salary values.
- Use parameterized tests to validate the correctness of the bonus calculation logic for various scenarios.

Hint:

1. Add the calculateYearlyBonus() method

```
public double calculateYearlyBonus() { return salary * 0.1; //  
10% of the salary as bonus }
```

2. Write parametized test

```
public class EmployeeParameterizedTest {  
  
    @ParameterizedTest  
    @ValueSource(doubles = {50000.0, 60000.0, 75000.0})  
    void testCalculateYearlyBonus(double salary) {  
  
        Employee employee = new Employee(1, "John Doe", salary);  
  
        double expectedBonus = salary * 0.1; // 10% of the salary as  
        bonus  
  
        assertEquals(expectedBonus,  
            employee.calculateYearlyBonus());  
    }  
}
```

```
package excercise2;  
  
public class Employee {  
    private int id;  
    private String name;  
    private double salary;  
  
    public Employee(int id, String name, double salary) {  
        this.id = id;  
        this.name = name;  
        this.salary = salary;  
    }  
  
    public void raiseSalary(double amount) {  
        this.salary += amount;  
    }  
  
    public double calculateYearlyBonus() {
```

```

        return salary * 0.1;
    }
}
package exercise2;
import org.junit.jupiter.params.ParameterizedTest;
import org.junit.jupiter.params.provider.ValueSource;

import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertEquals;

public class parameterizedtest {

    @ParameterizedTest
    @ValueSource(doubles = {50000.0, 60000.0, 75000.0})
    void testCalculateYearlyBonus(double salary) {
        Employee employee = new Employee(1, "kumar", salary);
        double expectedBonus = salary * 0.1;
        assertEquals(expectedBonus, employee.calculateYearlyBonus());
    }
}

```

OUTPUT

