

MATHEMATICS FOR PROGRAMMING

WHAT IS THIS COURSE?

- Some basic math and logic
- But why?
 - To “talk” to the Computers
 - Computer can understand “programs”
 - Writing programs requires some logic and reasoning
 - Good background in basic math will help
- How?
 - Concept
 - Examples
 - Practice, practice and practice!

FACULTY

Past:

- B.Sc. in Computer Science and Engineering (BUET)
- Lecturer, United International University (UIU)

Current:

PhD in Computer Science

National University of Singapore (NUS)



WHAT IS A COMPUTER?

- A machine that computes something
- Tasks:
 - Accept data/input
 - Process data
 - Produce output/result
 - Store result
- Usage:
 - Writing documents
 - Browse the internet
 - Send emails
 - Play games
 - And many more ...!





COMPONENTS OF A COMPUTER

WHAT IS SOFTWARE?

- Computer programs
 - Set of instructions ...
in a way that the machine understands!!!
 - Associated data
 - Executes specific tasks



WHAT IS PROGRAMMING?

- Building software
- Writing instructions for the machine (in programming languages...)
 - “Coding”, sounds familiar?
- Telling the computer how to perform a task
- How can you get into programming?
 - Knowing a general-purpose programming language. C, C++, Java, Python etc.
 - Basic mathematics and logic
 - To solve a problem and to design the solution before writing code

HOW MUCH MATH SHOULD I KNOW?

- Short answer: Not much!
 - School level mathematics are more than enough for a top programmer
 - $+$, $-$, $/$, \times
 - $\%$ (mod), even-odd
 - Percentage
 - Coordinate system
 - Basic geometry
 - Number systems
 - But you must “understand” the concepts properly

HOW MUCH MATH SHOULD I KNOW?

- Long answer: It depends on what you are going to do in future!
 - Game development
 - 3D games and 3D graphics
 - Trigonometry, Linear Algebra, Matrices
 - Cryptography
 - Number theory
 - Machine Learning
 - Linear algebra, Calculus
 - Probability, Statistics
 - ...
- How about libraries and black-boxes?

LET'S BEGIN WITH...

NUMBER SYSTEMS

- Count from 0 to 12
- Easy, right?

1 → 2 → 3 → 4 → 5 → 6 → 7 → 8 → 9 → 10 → 11 → 12

HOW ABOUT THIS?

- 000
- 001
- 002
- 003
- 004
- 005
- 006
- 007
- 008
- 009
- 010
- 011
- 012

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 → 10 *digits* → *Decimal number system*

HOW ABOUT 2 DIGITS?

- 000
- 001
- 010
- 011
- 100
- 101
- 110
- 111
- ...

0, 1 → 2 digits → Binary number system

SUMMARY

- Goal of the course
- Computer, software and programming
- Relevance of mathematical knowledge in programming
- Number system introduction