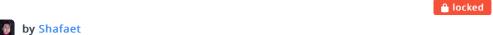
# Fraudulent Activity Notifications



Problem

**Submissions** 

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HackerLand National Bank has a simple policy for warning clients about possible fraudulent account activity. If the amount spent by a caparticular day is *greater than or equal to*  $2 \times$  the client's median spending for a trailing number of days, they send the client a notification potential fraud. The bank doesn't send the client any notifications until they have at least that trailing number of prior days' transaction

Given the number of trailing days d and a client's total daily expenditures for a period of n days, find and print the number of times the receive a notification over all n days.

For example, d=3 and expenditures=[10,20,30,40,50]. On the first three days, they just collect spending data. At day 4, we have expenditures of [10,20,30]. The median is 20 and the day's expenditure is 40. Because  $40 \ge 2 \times 20$ , there will be a notice. The next of trailing expenditures are [20,30,40] and the expenditures are 50. This is less than  $2 \times 30$  so no notice will be sent. Over the period, the one notice sent.

**Note:** The median of a list of numbers can be found by arranging all the numbers from smallest to greatest. If there is an odd number numbers, the middle one is picked. If there is an even number of numbers, median is then defined to be the average of the two middle (Wikipedia)

#### **Function Description**

Complete the function *activityNotifications* in the editor below. It must return an integer representing the number of client notifications activityNotifications has the following parameter(s):

- expenditure: an array of integers representing daily expenditures
- d: an integer, the lookback days for median spending

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains two space-separated integers n and d, the number of days of transaction data, and the number of trailing days' to calculate median spending.

The second line contains n space-separated non-negative integers where each integer i denotes expenditure[i].

## **Constraints**

- $1 \le n \le 2 \times 10^5$
- $1 \leq d \leq n$
- $0 \le expenditure[i] \le 200$

#### **Output Format**

Print an integer denoting the total number of times the client receives a notification over a period of n days.

# Sample Input 0

9 5 2 3 4 2 3 6 8 4 5

# Sample Output 0

On the sixth day, the bank has d=5 days of prior transaction data,  $\{2,3,4,2,3\}$ , and median=3 dollars. The client spends 6 dollar triggers a notification because  $6 \ge 2 \times median$ : notifications=0+1=1.

On the seventh day, the bank has d=5 days of prior transaction data,  $\{3,4,2,3,6\}$ , and median=3 dollars. The client spends 8 d which triggers a notification because  $8 \ge 2 \times median$ : notifications=1+1=2.

On the eighth day, the bank has d=5 days of prior transaction data,  $\{4,2,3,6,8\}$ , and median=4 dollars. The client spends 4 dollars notification because  $4<2\times median$ : notifications=2.

On the ninth day, the bank has d=5 days of prior transaction data,  $\{2,3,6,8,4\}$ , and a transaction median of **4** dollars. The client special dollars, which does not trigger a notification because  $5 < 2 \times median$ : notifications = 2.

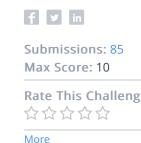
# Sample Input 1

```
5 4
1 2 3 4 4
```

# Sample Output 1

0

There are  $\bf 4$  days of data required so the first day a notice might go out is day  $\bf 5$ . Our trailing expenditures are [1,2,3,4] with a median The client spends  $\bf 4$  which is less than  $\bf 2 \times 2.5$  so no notification is sent.



```
Current Buffer (saved locally, editable) ?
                                                                                                  C
  1 ▼ #include <assert.h>
     #include <stdbool.h>
     #include <string.h>
     char* readline();
     char** split_string(char*);
     // Complete the activityNotifications function below.
 15 ▼ int activityNotifications(int expenditure_count, int* expenditure, int d) {
     }
     int main()
21 ▼ {
22
23
24
25
         FILE* fptr = fopen(getenv("OUTPUT_PATH"), "w");
         char** nd = split_string(readline());
         char* n_endptr;
         char* n_str = nd[0];
         int n = strtol(n_str, &n_endptr, 10);
         if (n_endptr == n_str || *n_endptr != '\0') { exit(EXIT_FAILURE); }
         char* d_endptr;
          int d = strtol(d_str, &d_endptr, 10);
```

if (d\_endptr == d\_str  $\mid \mid \star d_endptr != ' \setminus 0'$ ) { exit(EXIT\_FAILURE); }