



Dinesh and Parsers

locked

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Problem

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Editorial

Dinesh is now very keen on compiler development. :)

he knows that one of the most important components of a compiler, is its parser.

A parser is, in simple terms, a software component that processes text, and checks it's semantic correctness, or, if you prefer, if the text is properly built.

As an example, in declaring and initializing an integer, in C/C++, you can't do something like:

```
int = x ;4
```

as the semantics of such statement is incorrect, as we all know that the datatype must precede an identifier and only afterwards should come the equal sign and the initialization value, so, the corrected statement should be:

```
int x = 4;
```

Today, Dinesh is concerned with an abstract instruction which is composed of the characters "<" and ">" , which he will use on the design of her language, D++ :D.

he is using it as an abstraction for generating XML code Tags in an easier fashion and he understood that, for an expression to be valid, a "<" symbol must always have a corresponding ">" character somewhere (not necessary immediately) after it. Moreover, each ">" symbol should correspond to exactly one "<" symbol.

So, for instance, the instructions:

<<>>

<>

<><>

are all valid. While:

>

<<<

are not.

Given some expressions which represent some instructions to be analyzed by Dinesh's compiler, you should tell the length of the longest prefix of each of these expressions that is valid, or 0 if there's no such a prefix.

Input Format

Input will consist of an integer T denoting the number of test cases to follow.

Then, T strings follow, each on a single line, representing a possible expression in D++.

Constraints

- $1 \leq T \leq 500$
- $1 \leq \text{The length of a single expression} \leq 10^6$

- The total size all the input expressions is no more than $5 \cdot 10^6$

Output Format

For each expression you should output the length of the longest prefix that is valid or 0 if there's no such a prefix.

Sample Input 0

```
3
<<>>
><
<>>>
```

Sample Output 0

```
4
0
2
```

Explanation 0

```
Longest Matching prefix is 4
Longest Matching prefix is 0
Longest Matching prefix is 2
```

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Current Buffer (saved locally, editable)  

C  

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3 #include <math.h>
4 #include <stdlib.h>
5
6 int main() {
7
8     /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT */
9     return 0;
10 }
```

Line: 1 Col: 1

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