

PRACTICE

COMPETE

JOBS

LEADERBOARD



Statistics Difficulty: Medium

Complexity:

Knowledge: stacks

Publish Date: Jun 19 2019

O(N)

Required

Time



Q Search ☐ ☐ ☐ pruthvishalcodi1 ➤

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Dinesh and Parsers



by pruthvishalcodi1

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A regular bracket sequence is defined as follows:

- S="" is regular.
- S="<" + S1 + ">" is regular, if S1 is regular.
- S=S1 concat S2 is regular, if S1 and S2 are regular.

If S is regular bracket sequence, for any i, number of closing brackets in S[0,i] should not exceed number of opening brackets. Also, if number of opening brackets is equal to number of closing brackets in S[0,i], S[0,i] is a regular bracket sequence.

Set by PruthvishE

```
Problem Setter's code:
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
    \verb"ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false)";
    cin.tie(NULL);
    string exp;
    int test;
    int sum=0;
    int d,b;
    cin >> test;
    while(test--){
        b=0;
        cin >> exp;
        const int len = exp.size();
        d=0:
         sum+=exp.size();
         for(int i=0;i<len;i++){</pre>
         if(exp.substr(i,1)==">")
             d--;
         else
             d++;
         if(d==0)
            b=i+1;
         else if(d<0)
             break;
        cout << b << endl;</pre>
return 0;
```

Tested by PruthvishE

Problem Tester's code:

```
for _ in range(int(input())):
   s = input()
   st = []
   i = 0
   ans = 0
   while i<len(s):
       if s[i] == '<':
           st.append('<')
       elif st:
           st.pop()
       else:
           break
       i += 1
       if not st:
           ans = i
   print(ans)</pre>
```

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