ML LAB WEEK 3

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SECTION: C

1. **Which dataset achieved the highest accuracy and why?**
   Mushroom dataset 100% accuracy because one attribute almost perfectly separates edible vs poisonous.

2. **How does dataset size affect performance?**
   Larger datasets provides more training samples because the tree is deeper, but performance can be lower due to complexity and noise

3. **What role does the number of features play?**
   The number of features affects tree performance because too many multi-valued features make the tree bushy and prone to overfitting, while fewer or more informative features (Mushroom or TicTacToe) lead to simpler more accurate splits.

4. **How does class imbalance affect tree construction?**
   Class imbalance makes the tree biased toward majority classes, while binary features yield cleaner splits than multi-valued ones

5. **Which types of features (binary vs multi-valued) work better?**
   Binary features work better because they produce simpler splits and shallower trees, while multi-valued features create wider, more complex branches that increase overfitting risk.

6. **For which real-world scenarios is each dataset type most relevant?**

   Mushroom food safety and toxicology (edible vs poisonous detection). TicTacToe game AI and strategy learning. Nursery admission or recommendation systems based on social/family factors.

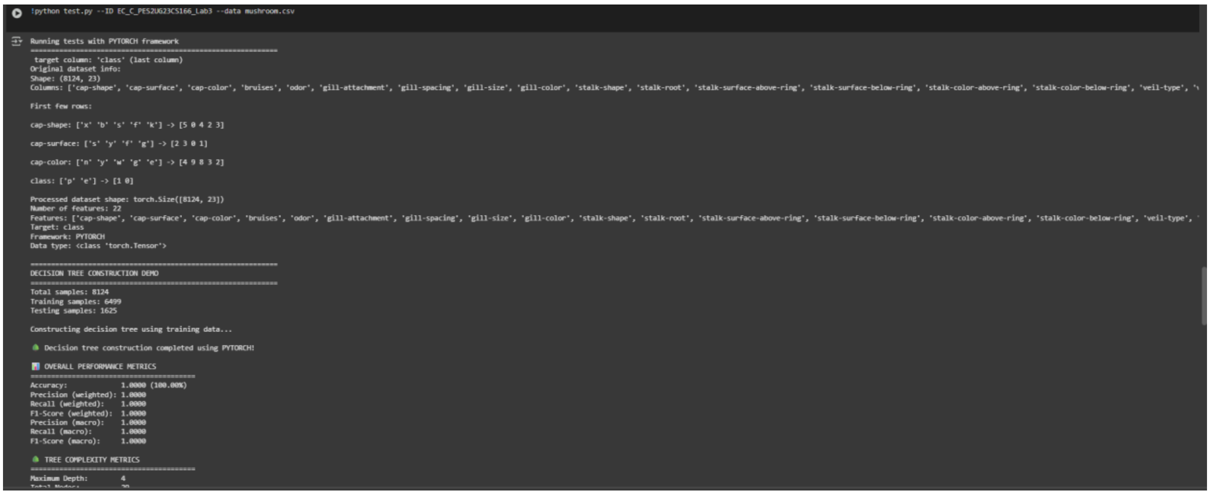
7. **What are the interpretability advantages for each domain?**

   Decision trees give clear if–else rules, making it easy to explain mushroom edibility by traits like odor, tic-tac-toe outcomes by board positions, and nursery admissions by social or family factors.

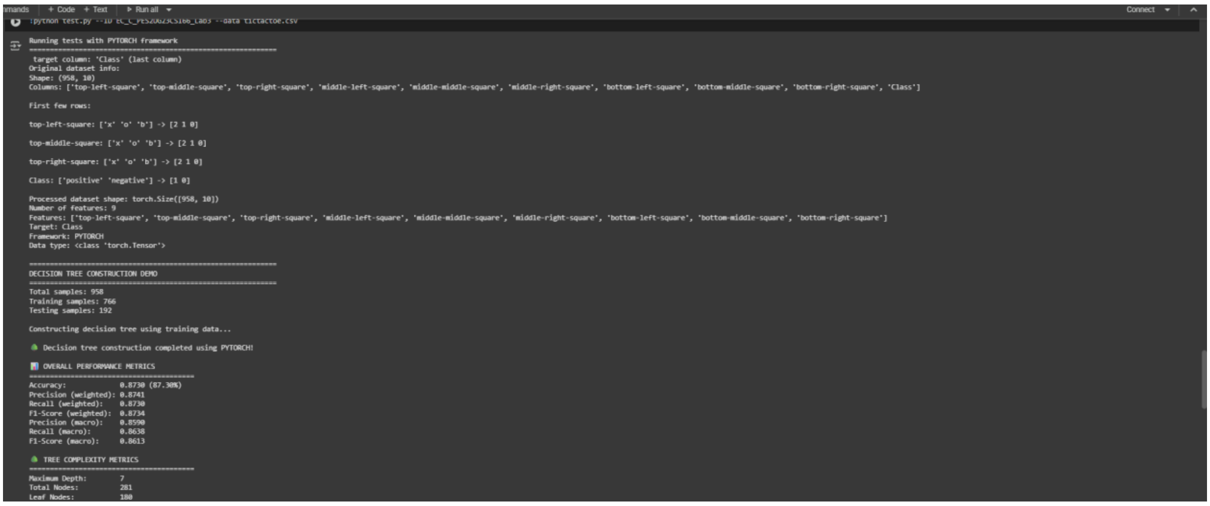
8. **How would you improve performance for each dataset?**

   Performance can be improved by pruning and feature selection for Mushroom, handling class imbalance and pruning for TicTacToe, and using pruning, resampling, or ensemble methods for Nursery.

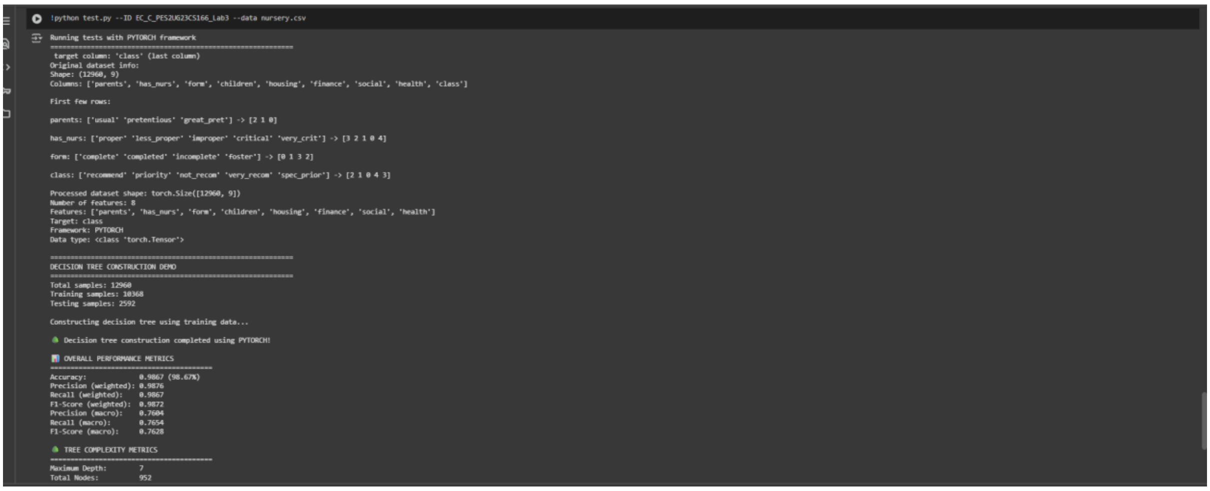
OUTPUT SCREENSHOTS



```
!python test.py --ID EC_C_PES2UG23CS166_Lab3 --data mushroom.csv

Running tests with PYTORCH framework
============================================================
 target column: 'class' (last column)
Original dataset info:
Shape: (8124, 23)
Columns: ['cap-shape', 'cap-surface', 'cap-color', 'bruises', 'odor', 'gill-attachment', 'gill-spacing', 'gill-size', 'gill-color', 'stalk-shape', 'stalk-root', 'stalk-surface-above-ring', 'stalk-surface-below-ring', 'stalk-color-above-ring', 'stalk-color-below-ring', 'veil-type', 'v

First few rows:

cap-shape: ['x' 'b' 's' 'f' 'k'] -> [5 0 4 2 3]

cap-surface: ['s' 'y' 'f' 'g'] -> [2 3 0 1]

cap-color: ['n' 'y' 'w' 'g' 'e'] -> [4 9 8 3 2]

class: ['p' 'e'] -> [1 0]

Processed dataset shape: torch.Size([8124, 23])
Number of features: 22
Features: ['cap-shape', 'cap-surface', 'cap-color', 'bruises', 'odor', 'gill-attachment', 'gill-spacing', 'gill-size', 'gill-color', 'stalk-shape', 'stalk-root', 'stalk-surface-above-ring', 'stalk-surface-below-ring', 'stalk-color-above-ring', 'stalk-color-below-ring', 'veil-type', '
Target: class
Framework: PYTORCH
Data type: <class 'torch.Tensor'>

============================================================
DECISION TREE CONSTRUCTION DEMO
============================================================
Total samples: 8124
Training samples: 6499
Testing samples: 1625

Constructing decision tree using training data...

🌳 Decision tree construction completed using PYTORCH!

📊 OVERALL PERFORMANCE METRICS
========================================
Accuracy:             1.0000 (100.00%)
Precision (weighted): 1.0000
Recall (weighted):    1.0000
F1-Score (weighted):  1.0000
Precision (macro):    1.0000
Recall (macro):       1.0000
F1-Score (macro):     1.0000

🌳 TREE COMPLEXITY METRICS
========================================
Maximum Depth:        4
Total Nodes:          29
```



```
!python test.py --ID EC_C_PES2UG23CS166_Lab3 --data tictactoe.csv

Running tests with PYTORCH framework
============================================================
 target column: 'Class' (last column)
Original dataset info:
Shape: (958, 10)
Columns: ['top-left-square', 'top-middle-square', 'top-right-square', 'middle-left-square', 'middle-middle-square', 'middle-right-square', 'bottom-left-square', 'bottom-middle-square', 'bottom-right-square', 'Class']

First few rows:

top-left-square: ['x' 'o' 'b'] -> [2 1 0]

top-middle-square: ['x' 'o' 'b'] -> [2 1 0]

top-right-square: ['x' 'o' 'b'] -> [2 1 0]

Class: ['positive' 'negative'] -> [1 0]

Processed dataset shape: torch.Size([958, 10])
Number of features: 9
Features: ['top-left-square', 'top-middle-square', 'top-right-square', 'middle-left-square', 'middle-middle-square', 'middle-right-square', 'bottom-left-square', 'bottom-middle-square', 'bottom-right-square']
Target: Class
Framework: PYTORCH
Data type: <class 'torch.Tensor'>

============================================================
DECISION TREE CONSTRUCTION DEMO
============================================================
Total samples: 958
Training samples: 766
Testing samples: 192

Constructing decision tree using training data...

🌳 Decision tree construction completed using PYTORCH!

📊 OVERALL PERFORMANCE METRICS
========================================
Accuracy:             0.8730 (87.30%)
Precision (weighted): 0.8741
Recall (weighted):    0.8730
F1-Score (weighted):  0.8734
Precision (macro):    0.8590
Recall (macro):       0.8638
F1-Score (macro):     0.8613

🌳 TREE COMPLEXITY METRICS
========================================
Maximum Depth:        7
Total Nodes:          281
Leaf Nodes:           180
```



```
!python test.py --ID EC_C_PES2UG23CS166_Lab3 --data nursery.csv

Running tests with PYTORCH framework
============================================================
 target column: 'class' (last column)
Original dataset info:
Shape: (12960, 9)
Columns: ['parents', 'has_nurs', 'form', 'children', 'housing', 'finance', 'social', 'health', 'class']

First few rows:

parents: ['usual' 'pretentious' 'great_pret'] -> [2 1 0]

has_nurs: ['proper' 'less_proper' 'improper' 'critical' 'very_crit'] -> [3 2 1 0 4]

form: ['complete' 'completed' 'incomplete' 'foster'] -> [0 1 3 2]

class: ['recommend' 'priority' 'not_recom' 'very_recom' 'spec_prior'] -> [2 1 0 4 3]

Processed dataset shape: torch.Size([12960, 9])
Number of features: 8
Features: ['parents', 'has_nurs', 'form', 'children', 'housing', 'finance', 'social', 'health']
Target: class
Framework: PYTORCH
Data type: <class 'torch.Tensor'>

============================================================
DECISION TREE CONSTRUCTION DEMO
============================================================
Total samples: 12960
Training samples: 10368
Testing samples: 2592

Constructing decision tree using training data...

🌳 Decision tree construction completed using PYTORCH!

📊 OVERALL PERFORMANCE METRICS
========================================
Accuracy:             0.9867 (98.67%)
Precision (weighted): 0.9876
Recall (weighted):    0.9867
F1-Score (weighted):  0.9872
Precision (macro):    0.7604
Recall (macro):       0.7654
F1-Score (macro):     0.7628

🌳 TREE COMPLEXITY METRICS
========================================
Maximum Depth:        7
Total Nodes:          952
```

Python notebook is uploaded in the git hub
https://github.com/pes2ug23cs166/ML_C_PES2UG23CS166_DELISHA_RIYONA_DSOUZA