



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

▲ 0–49 50–89 90–100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint Time to Interactive

0.2 s 0.6 s

Speed Index Total Blocking Time

0.5 s 40 ms

Largest Contentful Paint Cumulative Layout Shift

0.5 s

View Original Trace

View Treemap

Leg More than just aborter lines an just aborter line

Show audits relevant to: All FCP TBT LCP CLS

DIAGNOSTICS

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 3 resources found

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
js/main.f6137468.js (localhost)	None	124 KiB
media/url-shortener.3cf5891webp (localhost)	None	17 KiB
css/main.e6c13ad2.css (localhost)	None	1 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests — 1 chain found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]

Maximum critical path latency: 30 ms

Initial Navigation

http://localhost:3000

...css/main.e6c13ad2.css (localhost) - 10 ms, 0.64 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 6 requests • 150 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	6	149.8 KiB
Script	1	124.5 KiB
Image	1	17.4 KiB
Other	2	6.3 KiB
Document	1	1.0 KiB
Stylesheet	1	0.6 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Font	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	0	0.0 KiB

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O Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More (LCP)

Element	
	h2.MuiTypography-root.MuiTypography-h2.MuiTypography-gutterBottom.css-p08hmt

Avoid long main-thread tasks — 2 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more [TBT]

URL	Start Time	Duration
js/main.f6137468.js (localhost)	497 ms	77 ms
js/main.f6137468.js (localhost)	574 ms	62 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (35)	Hide
Eliminate render-blocking resources	^
Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-c JS/styles. Learn more. FCP LCP	ritical
Properly size images	^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more.	
Defer offscreen images	^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Minify CSS	^

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Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

Minify JavaScript

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

Reduce unused CSS

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP [LCP]

Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 43 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>[LCP]</u>

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/main.f6137468.js (localhost)	124.5 KiB	43.2 KiB
/node_modules/react-dom/cjs/react-dom.production.min.js	38.7 KiB	11.2 KiB
/node_modules/@mui/material/Select/SelectInput.js	1.9 KiB	1.6 KiB
/node_modules/@babel/runtime/helpers/esm/regeneratorRuntime.js	1.9 KiB	1.5 KiB
/node_modules/@mui/material/ListItem/ListItem.js	1.5 KiB	1.4 KiB
/node_modules/@mui/material/LinearProgress/LinearProgress.js	1.6 KiB	1.3 KiB

Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more.

Enable text compression

Serve images in next-gen formats

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads

and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u>.

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> more. FCP (LCP)

Preconnect to required origins

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Learn more. (FCP) (LCP) Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more. [FCP] LCP URL Time Spent http://localhost:3000 0 ms Avoid multiple page redirects Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP] Preload key requests Consider using `<link rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn more. FCP [LCP] Use HTTP/2 HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more. Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more [LCP] Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. TBT Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 0 KiB Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More (TBT) **URL Potential Savings**

Consider adding 'preconnect' or 'dns-prefetch' resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins.

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URL		Potential Savings
js/main.f6137468.js (localhost)		0.0 KiB
main.f6137468.js:2	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

^

Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. (LCP)

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 154 KiB

^

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size
js/main.f6137468.js (localhost)	124.5 KiB
media/url-shortener.3cf5891webp (localhost)	17.4 KiB
/images/logo192.png (localhost)	5.5 KiB
/favicon.ico (localhost)	3.7 KiB
http://localhost:3000	1.0 KiB
/manifest.json (localhost)	0.8 KiB
css/main.e6c13ad2.css (localhost)	0.6 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 57 elements

^

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>(TBT)</u>

Statistic Element Value

Total DOM Elements 57

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Statistic	Element	Value
Maximum DOM Depth	path	11
Maximum Child Elements	div.MuiToolbar-root.MuiToolbar- gutters.MuiToolbar-regular.css-i6s8oy	6

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

JavaScript execution time — 0.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
js/main.f6137468.js (localhost)	225 ms	200 ms	11 ms
Unattributable	130 ms	6 ms	0 ms
http://localhost:3000	53 ms	3 ms	1 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.4 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	208 ms
Other	167 ms

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11 ms
10 ms
7 ms
3 ms
1 ms
^
arn more. FCP (LCP)
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rty providers and try to
required. <u>Learn more</u> .
^
largest contentful paint.
_
performance. <u>Learn</u>

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seconds. Learn more.

 Avoid non-composited animations 	^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn more</u> CLS	
Image elements have explicit width and height	^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn more</u> CLS	
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> to user input. <u>Learn more</u> . TBT	<u>delay</u>
Avoids unload event listeners	^
The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward C Use `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. <u>Learn more</u>	ache.



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Hide
^
^
^

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The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page

If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
 Custom controls have ARIA roles 	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more.	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technolog Learn more.</nav></main>	Jy.
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessibing teview.	<u>lity</u>
PASSED AUDITS (19)	Hide
[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Leaenger . More.	<u>rn</u>
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body> Learn more.</body>	`.
[aria-*] attributes have valid values	^

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Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more.

[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more.

Buttons have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA IDs are unique

The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.

Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.

html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.

Links have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lists contain only <1i>> elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u> more.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (25)

Hide

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn</u> more.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

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When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA meter elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When a 'progressbar' element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable

for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

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O ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusal for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	ble
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn me</td><td><u>ore</u>.</td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (`<dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>O [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><pre><frame> or <iframe> elements have a title</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><pre><input type="image"> elements have [alt] text</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understan the purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>ıd</td></tr><tr><td> List items () are contained within parent elements </td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers require list items (`') to be contained within a parent `' or `' to be announced properly. Lear more.</td><td><u>rn</u></td></tr><tr><td>The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>у</td></tr><tr><td>O <object> elements have alternate text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

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Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn more

Description Directive Severity

No CSP found in enforcement mode High

GENERAL

Detected JavaScript libraries

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All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more. Version Name Create React App Hide PASSED AUDITS (13) **Uses HTTPS** All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding mixed content, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more.

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Page has the HTML doctype	
Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from	switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more</u> .
Properly defines charset	
A character encoding declaration is required. It c the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn</u>	can be done with a ` <meta/> ` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or more.
Avoids deprecated APIs	
Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed fron	n the browser. <u>Learn more</u> .
No browser errors logged to the console	
Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved concerns. <u>Learn more</u>	problems. They can come from network request failures and other bro
No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devto	pols
	evtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network d other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTo
Page has valid source maps	
	nal source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition insider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Le</u>
URL	Map URL
js/main.f6137468.js (localhost)	js/main.f6137468.js.map (localhost)
APPLICABLE (1)	
APPLICABLE (1) Fonts with font-display: optional are preload	led



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MA	ANUALLY CHECK (1)	Hide
 Structured data is valid 		^
Run the <u>Structured Data T</u>	<u>Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn</u>	<u>more</u> .
Run these additional validators	on your site to check additional SEO best practices.	
PASSED AUDITS (11)		Hide
Has a <meta name="viewp</td><td>port"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^	
A ` <meta name="viewport to user input. Learn more.</td><td>t"/> ` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a</u>	300 millisecond delay	
Document has a <title:< td=""><td>> element</td><td>^</td></title:<>	> element	^
The title gives screen reac page is relevant to their se	der users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavil earch. <u>Learn more</u> .	y to determine if a
Document has a meta d	description	^
Meta descriptions may be	included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn mor	<u>e</u> .
Page has successful HT	ΓΤΡ status code	^
Pages with unsuccessful H	HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Links have descriptive to	ext	^
Descriptive link text helps	search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Links are crawlable		^
Search engines may use `	`href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of	anchor elements links

to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. <u>Learn More</u>

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Page isn't blocked from indexing	^
Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn	more.
robots.txt is valid	^
If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled condexed. Learn more.	or
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an emp attribute. Learn more.	ty alt
Document has a valid hreflang	^
hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region Learn more.	on.
Document avoids plugins	^
Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.	
NOT APPLICABLE (3)	Hide
O Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.	
O Document uses legible font sizes	^
Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Str have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more.	rive to
Tap targets are sized appropriately	^
Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, t easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more.	o be

Captured at Sep 25, 2022, 10:48 PM GMT+5:30 Initial page load Emulated Desktop with Lighthouse 9.6.2
Custom throttling

Single page load

Using Chromium 105.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 9.6.2 | File an issue

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