

## N-Body Gravity Simulation Evaluation

For all cases, the following values will be consistent:

```
Unset  
val EPSILON = 10 // softening value to prevent division by 0  
val G = 6.67e-11 // gravitational constant  
  
val THETA = 1.0 // for barnes-hut only
```

The approach to evaluating and comparing between the performance of the naive algorithm (brute forced) and the barnes-hut + parallelization algorithm will be of the following:

Cases	NUM_BODIES	BODY_MASS (units)	RADII (px)
1	100	10e14	(2, 4, 6)
2	1,000	10e13	(1, 2, 3)
3	10,000	10e11	(0.5, 1.0, 1.5)
4	50,000	10e10	(0.2, 0.4, 0.6)
5	100,000	10e9	(0.2, 0.4, 0.6)