

Binary Tree Level Order Traversal

Reverse Level Order Traversal

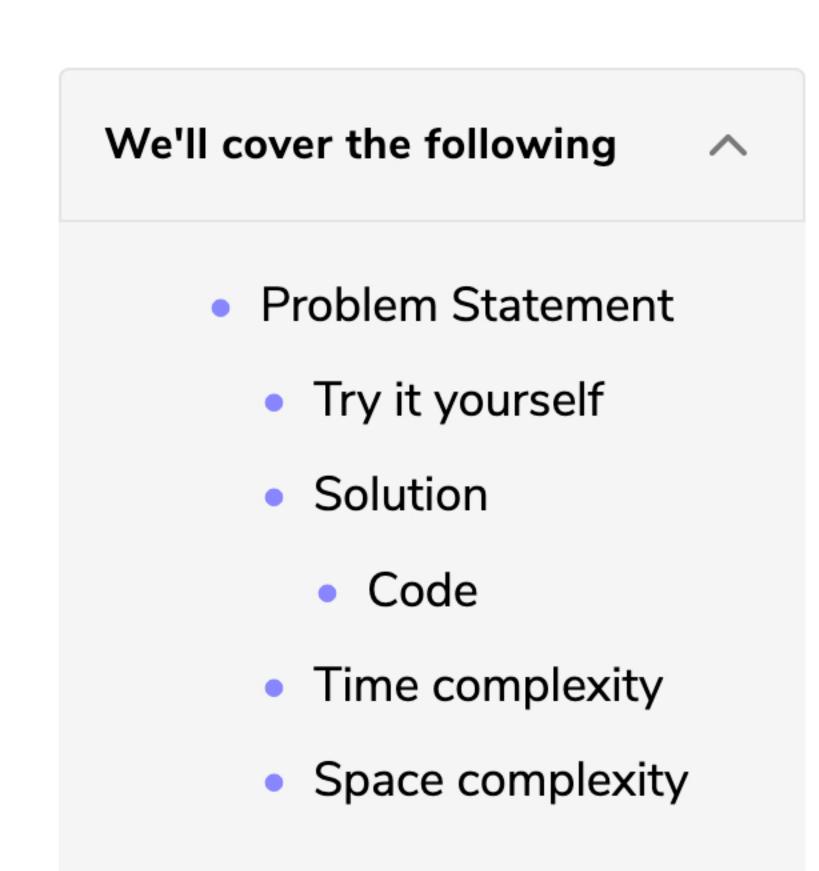
(easy)

(easv)

Reverse every K-element Sub-list (medium)

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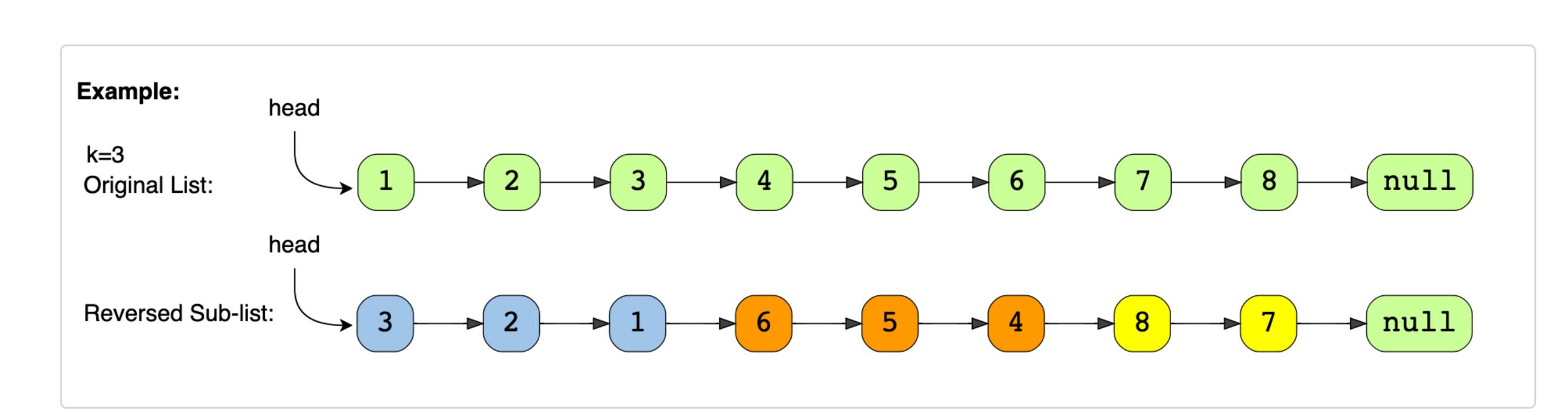
? Ask a Question



Problem Statement

Given the head of a LinkedList and a number 'k', reverse every 'k' sized sub-list starting from the head.

If, in the end, you are left with a sub-list with less than 'k' elements, reverse it too.



Try it yourself

Try solving this question here:

```
Python3
                        JS JS
                                   € C++
👙 Java
      int value = 0;
      ListNode next;
      ListNode(int value) {
        this.value = value;
 9
10
    class ReverseEveryKElements {
13
      public static ListNode reverse(ListNode head, int k) {
14
        // TODO: Write your code here
16
        return head;
17
18
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        ListNode head = new ListNode(1);
20
        head.next = new ListNode(2);
21
        head.next.next = new ListNode(3);
22
23
        head.next.next.next = new ListNode(4);
24
        head.next.next.next.next = new ListNode(5);
25
        head.next.next.next.next = new ListNode(6);
26
        head.next.next.next.next.next = new ListNode(7);
27
        head.next.next.next.next.next.next = new ListNode(8);
28
        ListNode result = ReverseEveryKElements.reverse(head, 3);
29
        System.out.print("Nodes of the reversed LinkedList are: ");
30
        while (result != null) {
 Run
                                                                                      Save
```

Solution

The problem follows the **In-place Reversal of a LinkedList** pattern and is quite similar to Reverse a Sub-list. The only difference is that we have to reverse all the sub-lists. We can use the same approach, starting with the first sub-list (i.e. p=1, q=k) and keep reversing all the sublists of size 'k'.

Code

Most of the code is the same as Reverse a Sub-list; only the highlighted lines have a majority of the changes:

```
Python3
                        ⊗ C++
                                     Js JS
👙 Java
    import java.util.*;
    class ListNode {
      int value = 0;
      ListNode next;
 6
      ListNode(int value) {
        this.value = value;
 9
10
11
    class ReverseEveryKElements {
13
      public static ListNode reverse(ListNode head, int k) {
14
        if (k <= 1 || head == null)</pre>
15
16
          return head;
17
        ListNode current = head, previous = null;
18
19
        while (true) {
20
          ListNode lastNodeOfPreviousPart = previous;
          // after reversing the LinkedList 'current' will become the last node of the sub-list
21
          ListNode lastNodeOfSubList = current;
          ListNode next = null; // will be used to temporarily store the next node
23
24
          // reverse 'k' nodes
25
          for (int i = 0; current != null && i < k; i++) {</pre>
26
            next = current.next;
27
            current.next = previous;
            previous = current;
Run
                                                                                                   Reset
                                                                                          Save
```

Time complexity

The time complexity of our algorithm will be O(N) where 'N' is the total number of nodes in the LinkedList.

Space complexity

We only used constant space, therefore, the space complexity of our algorithm is O(1).

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Let Back

Reverse a Sub-list (medium)

Problem Challenge 1

Mark as Completed