robin_stocks Documentation

Release 1.0.0

Joshua M Fernandes

Contents

1	User	: Guide				
	1.1	Introduction	3			
		1.1.1 Philosophy	4			
		1.1.2 License	5			
1.2		Installing	5			
		1.2.1 Using Pip	6			
		1.2.2 Get The Source Code	6			
	1.3	Quick Start	6			
		1.3.1 Importing and Logging In	7			
		1.3.2 Building Profile and User Data	8			
		1.3.3 Buying and Selling	8			
		1.3.4 Finding Options	9			
		1.3.5 Working With Orders	9			
		1.3.6 Saving to CSV File	9			
		1.3.7 Using Option Spreads	10			
	1.4	Advanced Usage	10			
		1.4.1 Making Custom Get and Post Requests	10			
	1.5	Robinhood Functions	11			
		1.5.1 Sending Requests to API	11			
		1.5.2 Logging In and Out	12			
		1.5.3 Loading Profiles	13			
		1.5.4 Getting Stock Information	18			
		1.5.5 Getting Option Information	28			
		1.5.6 Getting Market Information	32			
		1.5.7 Getting Positions and Account Information	37			
		1.5.8 Placing and Cancelling Orders	44			
		1.5.9 Getting Crypto Information	60			
		1.5.10 Export Information	63			
	1.6	TD Ameritrade Functions	64			
		1.6.1 Sending Requests to API	65			
		1.6.2 Logging In and Authentication	65			
		1.6.3 Getting Stock Information	66			
		1.6.4 Placing and Cancelling Orders	69			
		1.6.5 Getting Account Information	71			
		1.6.6 Getting Market Information	72			
	1.7	Gemini Functions	73			

In	dex			93			
Python Module Index							
2 Indices and tables							
	1.8	Examp	lle Scripts	87			
		1.7.5	Getting Account Information				
		1.7.4	Placing and Cancelling Orders	77			
		1.7.3	Getting Crypto Information	74			
		1.7.2	Logging In and Authentication				
		1.7.1	Sending Requests to API	73			



This library aims to create simple to use functions to interact with the Robinhood API. This is a pure python interface and it requires Python 3. The purpose of this library is to allow people to make their own robo-investors or to view stock information in real time.

Note: These functions make real time calls to your Robinhood account. Unlike in the app, there are no warnings when you are about to buy, sell, or cancel an order. It is up to **YOU** to use these commands responsibly.

Contents 1

2 Contents

CHAPTER 1

User Guide

Below is the table of contents for Robin Stocks. Use it to find example code or to scroll through the list of all the callable functions.

1.1 Introduction



1.1.1 Philosophy

I've written the code in accordance with what I consider the best coding practices. Some of these are part of PEP 20 standards and some are my own. They are as follows:

• Explicit is better than implicit

When writing code for this project, you want other developers to be able to follow all function calls. A lot of times in C++ it can be confusing when trying to figure out if a function is built-in, defined in the same file, defined in another object, or an alias for another function. In Python, it's a lot easier to see where a function comes from, but care must still be taken to make code as readable as possible. This is the reason why my code uses import robin_stocks. module as module instead of from module import *. This means that calls to a function from the module must be written as module. function instead of the simply function. When viewing the code, it's easy to see which functions come from which modules. However users do not have to explicitly call functions because of the following reason...

• Flat is better than nested

The __init__.py file contains an import of all the functions I want to be made public to the user. This allows the user to call robin_stocks.function for all functions. Without the imports, the user would have to call robin_stocks.module.function and be sure to use the correct module name every single time. This may seem contradictory to the first standard, but the difference is that whereas I (the developer) must make explicit calls, for the end user it is unnecessary.

· Three strikes and you refactor

If you find yourself copying and pasting the same code 3 or more times, then it means you should put that code in its own function. As an example of this, I created the robin_stocks.helper.request_get() function, and then provided input parameters to handle different use cases. This means that although functions I write may have very different logic for how they handle the get requests from Robinhood, none of this logic is contained in the functions themselves. It's all been abstracted away to a single function which means the code is easier to debug, easier to propagate changes, and easier to read.

• Type is in the name

A person should be able to look at the code and know the purpose of all the names they see. For this reason I have written names of functions as snake_case, the names of input parameters and local function variables as camelCase, the names of class names and enum names as PascalCase, and the names of global variables as UPPER_SNAKE_CASE.

In addition, the naming of each function is standardized in order to make searching for functions easier. Functions that load user account information begin with "load", functions that place orders begin with "order", functions that cancel orders begin with "cancel", functions that query begin with "find", and so on. If you are using a text editor/IDE with auto-complete (which I highly recommend!), then this naming convention makes it even easier to find the function you want. As long as you know what you want the function to do, then you know what word it starts with.

1.1.2 License

Copyright (c) 2018 Joshua M. Fernandes

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

1.2 Installing

1.2. Installing 5



1.2.1 Using Pip

This is the simplest method. To install Robin Stocks globally or inside a virtual environment, open terminal and run the command:

\$ pip install robin_stocks

1.2.2 Get The Source Code

If you prefer to install the source code directly, it can be found here, or you can clone the repository using:

\$ git clone https://github.com/jmfernandes/robin_stocks.git

Once the file has been downloaded or cloned, cd into the directory that contains the setup.py file and install using:

\$ pip install .

1.3 Quick Start



1.3.1 Importing and Logging In

The first thing you will need to do is to import Robin Stocks by typing:

```
>>> import robin_stocks
```

robin_stocks will need to added as a preface to every function call in the form of robin_stocks.function. If you don't want to have to type robin_stocks at the beginning of every call, then import Robin Stocks by typing

```
>>> from robin_stocks import *
```

Keep in mind that this method is not considered good practice as it obfuscates the distinction between Robin Stocks' functions and other functions. For the rest of the documentation, I will assume that Robin Stocks was imported as import robin_stocks.

Once you have imported Robin Stocks, you will need to login in order to store an authentication token.

Basic

```
>>> import robin_stocks.robinhood as r
>>> login = r.login(<username>, <password>)
```

You will be prompted for your MFA token if you have MFA enabled and choose to do the above basic example.

With MFA entered programmatically from Time-based One-Time Password (TOTP)

NOTE: to use this feature, you will have to sign into your robinhood account and turn on two factor authentication. Robinhood will ask you which two factor authorization app you want to use. Select "other". Robinhood will present you with an alphanumeric code. This code is what you will use for "My2factorAppHere" in the code below. Run the following code and put the resulting MFA code into the prompt on your robinhood app.

1.3. Quick Start 7

```
>>> import pyotp
>>> totp = pyotp.TOTP("My2factorAppHere").now()
>>> print("Current OTP:", totp)
```

Once you have entered the above MFA code (the totp variable that is printed out) into your Robinhood account, it will give you a backup code. Make sure you do not lose this code or you may be locked out of your account!!! You can also take the exact same "My2factorAppHere" from above and enter it into your phone's authentication app, such as Google Authenticator. This will cause the exact same MFA code to be generated on your phone as well as your python code. This is important to do if you plan on being away from your computer and need to access your Robinhood account from your phone.

Now you should be able to login with the following code,

```
>>> import pyotp
>>> import robin_stocks.robinhood as r
>>> totp = pyotp.TOTP("My2factorAppHere").now()
>>> login = r.login('joshsmith@email.com','password', mfa_code=totp)
```

Not all of the functions contained in the module need the user to be authenticated. A lot of the functions contained in the modules 'stocks' and 'options' do not require authentication, but it's still good practice to log into Robinhood at the start of each script.

1.3.2 Building Profile and User Data

The two most useful functions are build_holdings and build_user_profile. These condense information from several functions into a single dictionary. If you wanted to view all your stock holdings then type:

```
>>> my_stocks = robin_stocks.build_holdings()
>>> for key,value in my_stocks.items():
>>> print(key,value)
```

1.3.3 Buying and Selling

Trading stocks, options, and crypto-currencies is one of the most powerful features of Robin Stocks. There is the ability to submit market orders, limit orders, and stop orders as long as Robinhood supports it. Here is a list of possible trades you can make

Now let's try a slightly more complex example. Let's say you wanted to sell half your Tesla stock if it fell to 200.00. To do this you would type

```
>>> positions_data = robin_stocks.get_current_positions()
>>> ## Note: This for loop adds the stock ticker to every order, since Robinhood
>>> ## does not provide that information in the stock orders.
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
>>> ## This process is very slow since it is making a GET request for each order.
>>> for item in positions_data:
>>> item['symbol'] = robin_stocks.get_symbol_by_url(item['instrument'])
>>> TSLAData = [item for item in positions_data if item['symbol'] == 'TSLA']
>>> sellQuantity = float(TSLAData['quantity'])//2.0
>>> robin_stocks.order_sell_limit('TSLA',sellQuantity,200.00)
```

Also be aware that all the order functions default to 'gtc' or 'good until cancelled'. To change this, pass one of the following in as the last parameter in the function: 'gfd'(good for the day), 'ioc'(immediate or cancel), or 'opg'(execute at opening).

1.3.4 Finding Options

Manually clicking on stocks and viewing available options can be a chore. Especially, when you also want to view additional information like the greeks. Robin Stocks gives you the ability to view all the options for a specific expiration date by typing

1.3.5 Working With Orders

You can also view all orders you have made. This includes filled orders, cancelled orders, and open orders. Stocks, options, and cryptocurrencies are separated into three different locations. For example, let's say that you have some limit orders to buy and sell Bitcoin and those orders have yet to be filled. If you want to cancel all your limit sells, you would type

```
>>> positions_data = robin_stocks.get_all_open_crypto_orders()
>>> ## Note: Again we are adding symbol to our list of orders because Robinhood
>>> ## does not include this with the order information.
>>> for item in positions_data:
>>> item['symbol'] = robin_stocks.get_crypto_quote_from_id(item['currency_pair_id c'], 'symbol')
>>> btcOrders = [item for item in positions_data if item['symbol'] == 'BTCUSD' and_c'item['side'] == 'sell']
>>> for item in btcOrders:
>>> robin_stocks.cancel_crypto_order(item['id'])
```

1.3.6 Saving to CSV File

Users can also export a list of all orders to a CSV file. There is a function for stocks and options. Each function takes a directory path and an optional filename. If no filename is provided, a date stamped filename will be generated. The directory path can be either absolute or relative. To save the file in the current directory, simply pass in ":" as the directory. Note that ".csv" is the only valid file extension. If it is missing it will be added, and any other file extension will be automatically changed. Below are example calls.

1.3. Quick Start 9

1.3.7 Using Option Spreads

When viewing a spread in the robinhood app, it incorrectly identifies both legs as either "buy" or "sell" when closing a position. The "direction" has to reverse when you try to close a spread position.

I.e. direction="credit" when "action": "sell", "effect": "close"

in the case of a long call or put spread.

1.4 Advanced Usage



1.4.1 Making Custom Get and Post Requests

Robin Stocks depends on Requests which you are free to call and use yourself, or you could use it within the Robin Stocks framework by using robin_stocks.helper.request_get(), robin_stocks.helper.request_document(), and robin_stocks.helper.request_delete(). For example, if you wanted to make your own get request to the option instruments API endpoint in order to get all calls you would type:

```
>>> url = 'https://api.robinhood.com/options/instruments/'
>>> payload = { 'type' : 'call'}
>>> robin_stocks.request_get(url,'regular',payload)
```

Robinhood returns most data in the form:

```
{ 'previous' : None, 'results' : [], 'next' : None}
```

where 'results' is either a dictionary or a list of dictionaries. However, sometimes Robinhood returns the data in a different format. To compensate for this, I added the **dataType** parameter which defaults to return the entire dictionary listed above. There are four possible values for **dataType** and their uses are:

```
>>> robin_stocks.robinhood.request_get(url,'regular')
                                                          # For when you want
>>>
                                                # the whole dictionary
                                                # to view 'next' or
>>>
                                                # 'previous' values.
>>>
>>>
>>> robin_stocks.robinhood.request_get(url,'results')
                                                          # For when results contains a
                                                # list or single dictionary.
>>>
>>> robin_stocks.robinhood.request_get(url,'pagination') # For when results contains a
                                                # list, but you also want to
>>>
>>>
                                                # append any information in
>>>
                                                # 'next' to the list.
>>> robin_stocks.robinhood.request_get(url,'indexzero') # For when results is a list
                                                # of only one entry.
```

Also keep in mind that the results from the Robinhood API have been decoded using .json(). There are instances where the user does not want to decode the results (such as retrieving documents), so I added the robin_stocks. helper.request_document() function, which will always return the raw data, so there is no dataType parameter. robin_stocks.helper.request_post() is similar in that it only takes a url and payload parameter.

1.5 Robinhood Functions

Note: Even though the functions are written as robin_stocks.module.function, the module name is unimportant when calling a function. Simply use robin_stocks.function for all functions.

1.5.1 Sending Requests to API

Contains decorator functions and functions for interacting with global data.

Parameters

• **url** (*str*) – The url to send a get request to.

- **dataType** (Optional[str]) Determines how to filter the data. 'regular' returns the unfiltered data. 'results' will return data['results']. 'pagination' will return data['results'] and append it with any data that is in data['next']. 'indexzero' will return data['results'][0].
- **payload** (Optional[dict]) Dictionary of parameters to pass to the url. Will append the requests url as url/?key1=value1&key2=value2.
- **jsonify_data** (bool) If this is true, will return requests.post().json(), otherwise will return response from requests.post().

Returns Returns the data from the get request. If jsonify_data=True and requests returns an http code other than <200> then either '[None]' or 'None' will be returned based on what the dataType parameter was set as.

For a given url and payload, makes a post request and returns the response. Allows for responses other than 200.

Parameters

- url(str) The url to send a post request to.
- payload (Optional[dict]) Dictionary of parameters to pass to the url as url/?key1=value1&key2=value2.
- **timeout** (Optional[int]) The time for the post to wait for a response. Should be slightly greater than multiples of 3.
- **json** (bool) This will set the 'content-type' parameter of the session header to 'application/json'
- **jsonify_data** (bool) If this is true, will return requests.post().json(), otherwise will return response from requests.post().

Returns Returns the data from the post request.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.helper.request_delete(url)
```

For a given url and payload, makes a delete request and returns the response.

Parameters url (str) – The url to send a delete request to.

Returns Returns the data from the delete request.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.helper.request_document(url, payload=None)
```

Using a document url, makes a get request and returnes the session data.

Parameters url (str) – The url to send a get request to.

Returns Returns the session.get() data as opppose to session.get().json() data.

1.5.2 Logging In and Out

Contains all functions for the purpose of logging in and out to Robinhood.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.authentication.login(username=None, expiresIn=86400, by_sms=True, mfa_code=None) password=None, scope='internal', store_session=True,
```

This function will effectively log the user into robinhood by getting an authentication token and saving it to the session header. By default, it will store the authentication token in a pickle file and load that value on subsequent logins.

Parameters

- **username** (Optional[str]) The username for your robinhood account, usually your email. Not required if credentials are already cached and valid.
- **password** (Optional[str]) The password for your robinhood account. Not required if credentials are already cached and valid.
- **expiresIn** (Optional[int]) The time until your login session expires. This is in seconds.
- **scope** (Optional[str]) Specifies the scope of the authentication.
- **by_sms** (Optional[boolean]) Specifies whether to send an email(False) or an sms(True)
- **store_session** (Optional[boolean]) Specifies whether to save the log in authorization for future log ins.
- mfa_code (Optional[str]) MFA token if enabled.

Returns A dictionary with log in information. The 'access_token' keyword contains the access token, and the 'detail' keyword contains information on whether the access token was generated or loaded from pickle file.

robin_stocks.robinhood.authentication.logout()

Removes authorization from the session header.

Returns None

1.5.3 Loading Profiles

Contains functions for getting all the information tied to a user account.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles.load_account_profile(info=None)
```

Gets the information associated with the accounts profile, including day trading information and cash being held by Robinhood.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – The name of the key whose value is to be returned from the function.

Returns The function returns a dictionary of key/value pairs. If a string is passed in to the info parameter, then the function will return a string corresponding to the value of the key whose name matches the info parameter.

- url
- · portfolio_cash
- can_downgrade_to_cash
- user
- · account_number
- type
- · created_at
- updated_at

- · deactivated
- · deposit_halted
- only_position_closing_trades
- buying_power
- · cash_available_for_withdrawal
- cash
- cash_held_for_orders
- · uncleared_deposits
- sma
- sma_held_for_orders
- unsettled_funds
- unsettled_debit
- crypto_buying_power
- max_ach_early_access_amount
- cash_balances
- margin_balances
- sweep_enabled
- instant_eligibility
- option_level
- is_pinnacle_account
- rhs_account_number
- state
- active_subscription_id
- locked
- permanently_deactivated
- received_ach_debit_locked
- drip_enabled
- eligible_for_fractionals
- eligible_for_drip
- eligible_for_cash_management
- cash_management_enabled
- option_trading_on_expiration_enabled
- cash_held_for_options_collateral
- fractional_position_closing_only
- user_id
- rhs_stock_loan_consent_status

robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles.load_basic_profile(info=None)

Gets the information associated with the personal profile, such as phone number, city, marital status, and date of birth.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – The name of the key whose value is to be returned from the function.

Returns The function returns a dictionary of key/value pairs. If a string is passed in to the info parameter, then the function will return a string corresponding to the value of the key whose name matches the info parameter.

Dictionary Keys

- user
- address
- city
- state
- zipcode
- · phone_number
- · marital_status
- · date_of_birth
- citizenship
- · country of residence
- number_dependents
- · signup_as_rhs
- tax_id_ssn
- · updated_at

robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles.load_investment_profile(info=None)

Gets the information associated with the investment profile. These are the answers to the questionaire you filled out when you made your profile.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – The name of the key whose value is to be returned from the function.

Returns The function returns a dictionary of key/value pairs. If a string is passed in to the info parameter, then the function will return a string corresponding to the value of the key whose name matches the info parameter.

- user
- total_net_worth
- · annual income
- · source_of_funds
- investment_objective
- investment_experience
- liquid_net_worth

- · risk tolerance
- · tax bracket
- time_horizon
- liquidity_needs
- investment_experience_collected
- suitability verified
- option_trading_experience
- professional_trader
- understand_option_spreads
- interested_in_options
- · updated_at

robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles.load_portfolio_profile(info=None)

Gets the information associated with the portfolios profile, such as withdrawable amount, market value of account, and excess margin.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – The name of the key whose value is to be returned from the function.

Returns The function returns a dictionary of key/value pairs. If a string is passed in to the info parameter, then the function will return a string corresponding to the value of the key whose name matches the info parameter.

- url
- account
- start_date
- market_value
- equity
- extended_hours_market_value
- extended_hours_equity
- extended_hours_portfolio_equity
- · last core market value
- last_core_equity
- last_core_portfolio_equity
- excess_margin
- excess_maintenance
- excess_margin_with_uncleared_deposits
- excess_maintenance_with_uncleared_deposits
- equity_previous_close
- portfolio_equity_previous_close
- · adjusted_equity_previous_close

- · adjusted_portfolio_equity_previous_close
- · withdrawable_amount
- unwithdrawable_deposits
- unwithdrawable_grants

robin stocks.robinhood.profiles.load security profile(info=None)

Gets the information associated with the security profile.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – The name of the key whose value is to be returned from the function.

Returns The function returns a dictionary of key/value pairs. If a string is passed in to the info parameter, then the function will return a string corresponding to the value of the key whose name matches the info parameter.

Dictionary Keys

- user
- · object_to_disclosure
- · sweep_consent
- · control_person
- · control_person_security_symbol
- security_affiliated_employee
- security_affiliated_firm_relationship
- security_affiliated_firm_name
- security_affiliated_person_name
- security_affiliated_address
- security_affiliated_address_subject
- · security_affiliated_requires_duplicates
- stock_loan_consent_status
- agreed_to_rhs
- agreed_to_rhs_margin
- rhs_stock_loan_consent_status
- · updated at

robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles.load_user_profile(info=None)

Gets the information associated with the user profile, such as username, email, and links to the urls for other profiles.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – The name of the key whose value is to be returned from the function.

Returns The function returns a dictionary of key/value pairs. If a string is passed in to the info parameter, then the function will return a string corresponding to the value of the key whose name matches the info parameter.

Dictionary Keys

• url

- id
- id_info
- username
- email
- · email_verified
- first_name
- last_name
- origin
- profile_name
- created_at

1.5.4 Getting Stock Information

Contains information in regards to stocks.

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.find_instrument_data(query)

Will search for stocks that contain the query keyword and return the instrument data.

Parameters query (str) – The keyword to search for.

Returns [list] Returns a list of dictionaries that contain the instrument data for each stock that matches the query.

- id
- url
- quote
- fundamentals
- splits
- state
- market
- simple_name
- name
- tradeable
- tradability
- symbol
- bloomberg_unique
- margin_initial_ratio
- maintenance_ratio
- country

- day_trade_ratio
- list date
- min_tick_size
- type
- tradable chain id
- · rhs tradability
- · fractional_tradability
- · default_collar_fraction

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_earnings(symbol, info=None)

Returns the earnings for the different financial quarters.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns [list] Returns a list of dictionaries. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- symbol
- instrument
- year
- quarter
- eps
- report
- call

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_events(symbol, info=None)

Returns the events related to a stock that the user owns. For example, if you owned options for USO and that stock underwent a stock split resulting in you owning shares of newly created USO1, then that event will be returned when calling get_events('uso1')

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns [list] If the info parameter is provided, then the function will extract the value of the key that matches the info parameter. Otherwise, the whole dictionary is returned.

- · account
- cash_component
- chain_id
- created_at
- · direction

- · equity_components
- · event date
- id
- option
- position
- quantity
- state
- total_cash_amount
- type
- · underlying_price
- updated_at

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_fundamentals(inputSymbols, info=None)

Takes any number of stock tickers and returns fundamental information about the stock such as what sector it is in, a description of the company, dividend yield, and market cap.

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str or list) May be a single stock ticker or a list of stock tickers.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns [list] If info parameter is left as None then the list will contain a dictionary of key/value pairs for each ticker. Otherwise, it will be a list of strings where the strings are the values of the key that corresponds to info.

- open
- high
- low
- volume
- average_volume_2_weeks
- · average_volume
- high 52 weeks
- · dividend_yield
- float
- low_52_weeks
- market_cap
- pb_ratio
- pe_ratio
- · shares_outstanding
- · description
- instrument

- ceo
- · headquarters_city
- · headquarters_state
- sector
- · industry
- num_employees
- · year_founded
- symbol

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_instrument_by_url (url, info=None)

Takes a single url for the stock. Should be located at https://api.robinhood.com/instruments/ <id> where <id> id> is the id of the stock.

Parameters

- **url** (str) The url of the stock. Can be found in several locations including in the dictionary returned from get_instruments_by_symbols(inputSymbols,info=None)
- **info** (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns [dict or str] If info parameter is left as None then will return a dictionary of key/value pairs for a specific url. Otherwise, it will be the string value of the key that corresponds to info.

- id
- url
- quote
- · fundamentals
- splits
- state
- market
- simple_name
- name
- tradeable
- · tradability
- symbol
- bloomberg_unique
- margin_initial_ratio
- maintenance_ratio
- · country
- day_trade_ratio
- list date
- min_tick_size

- type
- · tradable_chain_id
- · rhs_tradability
- · fractional_tradability
- · default collar fraction

info=None)

Takes any number of stock tickers and returns information held by the market such as ticker name, bloomberg id, and listing date.

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str or list) May be a single stock ticker or a list of stock tickers.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns [list] If info parameter is left as None then the list will a dictionary of key/value pairs for each ticker. Otherwise, it will be a list of strings where the strings are the values of the key that corresponds to info.

- id
- url
- quote
- · fundamentals
- splits
- state
- · market
- simple_name
- name
- tradeable
- tradability
- symbol
- bloomberg_unique
- margin_initial_ratio
- maintenance_ratio
- country
- day_trade_ratio
- list_date
- min_tick_size
- type
- · tradable_chain_id

- · rhs_tradability
- fractional_tradability
- · default_collar_fraction

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_latest_price(inputSymbols, priceType=None, includeExtendedHours=True)

Takes any number of stock tickers and returns the latest price of each one as a string.

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str or list) May be a single stock ticker or a list of stock tickers.
- **priceType** (*str*) Can either be 'ask_price' or 'bid_price'. If this parameter is set, then includeExtendedHours is ignored.
- **includeExtendedHours** (bool) Leave as True if you want to get extendedhours price if available. False if you only want regular hours price, even after hours.

Returns [list] A list of prices as strings.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_name_by_symbol(symbol)
```

Returns the name of a stock from the stock ticker.

Parameters symbol (str) – The ticker of the stock as a string.

Returns [str] Returns the simple name of the stock. If the simple name does not exist then returns the full name.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_name_by_url(url)
```

Returns the name of a stock from the instrument url. Should be located at https://api.robinhood.com/instruments/<id> where <id> is the id of the stock.

Parameters url (str) – The url of the stock as a string.

Returns [str] Returns the simple name of the stock. If the simple name does not exist then returns the full name.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_news (symbol, info=None)
Returns news stories for a stock.
```

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns [list] Returns a list of dictionaries. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

- · api_source
- author
- num_clicks
- preview_image_url
- · published_at
- relay_url
- source
- summary

- title
- · updated at
- url
- uuid
- · related instruments
- preview text
- · currency_id

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_pricebook_by_id (stock_id, info=None)
Represents Level II Market Data provided for Gold subscribers

Parameters

- stock_id (str) robinhood stock id
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value. Possible options are url, instrument, execution_date, divsor, and multiplier.

Returns Returns a dictionary of asks and bids.

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_pricebook_by_symbol (symbol, info=None)
Represents Level II Market Data provided for Gold subscribers

Parameters

- symbol (str) symbol id
- **info** (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value. Possible options are url, instrument, execution_date, divsor, and multiplier.

Returns Returns a dictionary of asks and bids.

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_quotes (inputSymbols, info=None)
Takes any number of stock tickers and returns information pertaining to its price.

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str or list) May be a single stock ticker or a list of stock tickers.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns [list] If info parameter is left as None then the list will contain a dictionary of key/value pairs for each ticker. Otherwise, it will be a list of strings where the strings are the values of the key that corresponds to info.

- ask_price
- ask_size
- bid_price
- bid_size
- last_trade_price
- · last_extended_hours_trade_price
- · previous close
- · adjusted previous close

- previous_close_date
- symbol
- · trading_halted
- · has traded
- last trade price source
- · updated at
- instrument

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_ratings (symbol, info=None)
Returns the ratings for a stock, including the number of buy, hold, and sell ratings.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to contain a dictionary of values that correspond to the key that matches info. Possible values are summary, ratings, and instrument_id

Returns [dict] If info parameter is left as None then the list will contain a dictionary of key/value pairs for each ticker. Otherwise, it will contain the values that correspond to the keyword that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- summary value is a dictionary
- · ratings value is a list of dictionaries
- instrument_id value is a string
- ratings_published_at value is a string

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.**get_splits**(*symbol*, *info=None*)

Returns the date, divisor, and multiplier for when a stock split occureed.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker.
- **info** (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value. Possible options are url, instrument, execution_date, divsor, and multiplier.

Returns [list] Returns a list of dictionaries. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- url
- · instrument
- · execution_date
- multiplier
- divisor

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_stock_historicals(inputSymbols, interval='hour', span='week', bounds='regular', info=None)
```

Represents the historicl data for a stock.

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str or list) May be a single stock ticker or a list of stock tickers.
- interval (Optional[str]) Interval to retrieve data for. Values are '5minute', '10minute', 'hour', 'day', 'week'. Default is 'hour'.
- **span** (Optional[str]) Sets the range of the data to be either 'day', 'week', 'month', '3month', 'year', or '5year'. Default is 'week'.
- **bounds** (Optional[str]) Represents if graph will include extended trading hours or just regular trading hours. Values are 'extended', 'trading', or 'regular'. Default is 'regular'
- **info** (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns [list] Returns a list of dictionaries where each dictionary is for a different time. If multiple stocks are provided the historical data is listed one after another.

Dictionary Keys

- begins_at
- · open_price
- close_price
- high_price
- · low price
- volume
- session
- · interpolated
- · symbol

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_stock_quote_by_id(stock_id, info=None)
Represents basic stock quote information

Parameters

- stock_id (str) robinhood stock id
- **info** (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value. Possible options are url, instrument, execution_date, divsor, and multiplier.

Returns [dict] If the info parameter is provided, then the function will extract the value of the key that matches the info parameter. Otherwise, the whole dictionary is returned.

- ask_price
- ask_size
- bid_price
- bid_size
- last_trade_price
- last_extended_hours_trade_price
- previous_close
- adjusted_previous_close

- previous_close_date
- symbol
- · trading_halted
- · has_traded
- last_trade_price_source
- · updated at
- instrument

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_stock_quote_by_symbol (symbol, info=None)
Represents basic stock quote information

Parameters

- symbol robinhood stock id
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value. Possible options are url, instrument, execution_date, divsor, and multiplier.

Returns [dict] If the info parameter is provided, then the function will extract the value of the key that matches the info parameter. Otherwise, the whole dictionary is returned.

Dictionary Keys

- ask_price
- ask_size
- bid_price
- bid_size
- last_trade_price
- last_extended_hours_trade_price
- · previous_close
- · adjusted_previous_close
- previous_close_date
- symbol
- trading_halted
- has_traded
- last_trade_price_source
- · updated_at
- instrument

```
\verb"robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks.get_symbol_by\_url" (\textit{url})
```

Returns the symbol of a stock from the instrument url. Should be located at https://api.robinhood.com/instruments/<id> where <id> is the id of the stock.

Parameters url (str) – The url of the stock as a string.

Returns [str] Returns the ticker symbol of the stock.

1.5.5 Getting Option Information

Contains functions for getting information about options.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.options.find_options_by_expiration(inputSymbols, expirationDate, optionType=None, info=None)
```

Returns a list of all the option orders that match the seach parameters

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str) The ticker of either a single stock or a list of stocks.
- **expirationDate** (*str*) Represents the expiration date in the format YYYY-MM-DD.
- optionType (Optional[str]) Can be either 'call' or 'put' or leave blank to get both.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for all options of the stock that match the search parameters. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.options.find_options_by_expiration_and_strike (inputSymbols, expirationDate, strikePrice, option-
Type=None, info=None)
```

Returns a list of all the option orders that match the seach parameters

Parameters

- **inputSymbols** (*str*) The ticker of either a single stock or a list of stocks.
- **expirationDate** (*str*) Represents the expiration date in the format YYYY-MM-DD.
- **strikePrice** (*str*) Represents the strike price to filter for.
- optionType (Optional[str]) Can be either 'call' or 'put' or leave blank to get both.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for all options of the stock that match the search parameters. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.options.find_options_by_specific_profitability(inputSymbols,
                                                                                          expi-
                                                                                          ra-
                                                                                          tionDate=None.
                                                                                          strikePrice=None,
                                                                                          op-
                                                                                          tion-
                                                                                          Type=None,
                                                                                          type-
                                                                                          Profit='chance_of_profit_shor
                                                                                          profit-
                                                                                          Floor=0.0,
                                                                                          profit-
                                                                                          Ceil-
                                                                                          ing=1.0,
                                                                                          info=None)
```

Returns a list of option market data for several stock tickers that match a range of profitability.

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str or list) May be a single stock ticker or a list of stock tickers.
- **expirationDate** (*str*) Represents the expiration date in the format YYYY-MM-DD. Leave as None to get all available dates.
- **strikePrice** (*str*) Represents the price of the option. Leave as None to get all available strike prices.
- optionType (Optional[str]) Can be either 'call' or 'put' or leave blank to get both.
- **typeProfit** (str) Will either be "chance_of_profit_short" or "chance_of_profit_long".
- **profitFloor** (int) The lower percentage on scale 0 to 1.
- **profitCeiling** (int) The higher percentage on scale 0 to 1.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for all stock option market data. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.options.find_options_by_strike(inputSymbols, strikePrice, op-
tionType=None, info=None)
Returns a list of all the option orders that match the seach parameters
```

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str) The ticker of either a single stock or a list of stocks.
- **strikePrice** (*str*) Represents the strike price to filter for.
- optionType (Optional[str]) Can be either 'call' or 'put' or leave blank to get both.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for all options of the stock that match the search parameters. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.options.find_tradable_options(symbol, expirationDate=None, strikePrice=None, option-Type=None, info=None)

Returns a list of all available options for a stock.

Parameters

- **symbol** (str) The ticker of the stock.
- **expirationDate** (str) Represents the expiration date in the format YYYY-MM-DD.
- **strikePrice** (*str*) Represents the strike price of the option.
- optionType (Optional[str]) Can be either 'call' or 'put' or left blank to get both.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for all calls of the stock. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.options.get_aggregate_positions(info=None) Collapses all option orders for a stock into a single dictionary.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each order. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.options.get_all_option_positions(info=None)
Returns all option positions ever held for the account.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each option. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.options.get_chains (symbol, info=None)
Returns the chain information of an option.

Parameters

- **symbol** (str) The ticker of the stock.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a dictionary of key/value pairs for the option. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.options.get_market_options(info=None)
Returns a list of all options.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each option. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

 ${\tt robin_stocks.robinhood.options.get_open_option_positions} \ ({\it info=None}) \\ {\tt Returns} \ all \ open \ option \ positions \ for \ the \ account.$

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each option. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.options.get_option_historicals(symbol, expirationDate, strikePrice, optionType, interval='hour', span='week', bounds='regular', info=None)
```

Returns the data that is used to make the graphs.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The ticker of the stock.
- **expirationDate** (str) Represents the expiration date in the format YYYY-MM-DD.
- **strikePrice** (*str*) Represents the price of the option.
- **optionType** (str) Can be either 'call' or 'put'.
- interval (Optional[str]) Interval to retrieve data for. Values are '5minute', '10minute', 'hour', 'day', 'week'. Default is 'hour'.
- **span** (Optional[str]) Sets the range of the data to be either 'day', 'week', 'year', or '5year'. Default is 'week'.
- **bounds** (Optional[str]) Represents if graph will include extended trading hours or just regular trading hours. Values are 'regular', 'trading', and 'extended'. regular hours are 6 hours long, trading hours are 9 hours long, and extended hours are 16 hours long. Default is 'regular'
- **info** (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns Returns a list that contains a list for each symbol. Each list contains a dictionary where each dictionary is for a different time.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.options.get_option_instrument_data(symbol, expirationDate, strikePrice, optionType, info=None)
```

Returns the option instrument data for the stock option.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The ticker of the stock.
- **expirationDate** (*str*) Represents the expiration date in the format YYYY-MM-DD.
- **strikePrice** (*str*) Represents the price of the option.
- optionType (str) Can be either 'call' or 'put'.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a dictionary of key/value pairs for the stock. If info parameter is provided, the value of the key that matches info is extracted.

```
{\tt robin\_stocks.robinhood.options.get\_option\_instrument\_data\_by\_id} \ (id, info=None)
```

Returns the option instrument information.

Parameters

- id(str) The id of the stock.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a dictionary of key/value pairs for the stock. If info parameter is provided, the value of the key that matches info is extracted.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.options.get_option_market_data(inputSymbols, expirationDate, strikePrice, optionType, info=None)
```

Returns the option market data for the stock option, including the greeks, open interest, change of profit, and adjusted mark price.

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str) The ticker of the stock.
- **expirationDate** (*str*) Represents the expiration date in the format YYYY-MM-DD.
- **strikePrice** (*str*) Represents the price of the option.
- optionType (str) Can be either 'call' or 'put'.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a dictionary of key/value pairs for the stock. If info parameter is provided, the value of the key that matches info is extracted.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.options.get_option_market_data_by_id(id, info=None)
```

Returns the option market data for a stock, including the greeks, open interest, change of profit, and adjusted mark price.

Parameters

- id(str) The id of the stock.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a dictionary of key/value pairs for the stock. If info parameter is provided, the value of the key that matches info is extracted.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.options.spinning_cursor()
This is a generator function to yield a character.
```

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.options.write_spinner()
```

Function to create a spinning cursor to tell user that the code is working on getting market data.

1.5.6 Getting Market Information

Contains functions for getting market level data.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.markets.get_all_stocks_from_market_tag(tag, info=None) Returns all the stock quote information that matches a tag category.
```

Parameters

- **tag** (str) The category to filter for. Examples include 'biopharmaceutical', 'upcoming-earnings', 'most-popular-under-25', and 'technology'.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each mover. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

- · ask_price
- ask_size

- bid_price
- bid_size
- last_trade_price
- last_extended_hours_trade_price
- · previous_close
- adjusted_previous_close
- previous_close_date
- symbol
- · trading_halted
- has_traded
- last_trade_price_source
- · updated_at
- · instrument

```
\verb|robin_stocks.robinhood.markets.get_currency_pairs| (info=None)
```

Returns currency pairs

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each currency pair. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- · asset_currency
- · display_only
- id
- max_order_size
- min_order_size
- min_order_price_increment
- min_order_quantity_increment
- name
- quote currency
- symbol
- tradability

robin_stocks.robinhood.markets.get_market_hours (market, date, info=None)

Returns the opening and closing hours of a specific market on a specific date. Also will tell you if market is market is open on that date. Can be used with past or future dates.

- market (str) The 'mic' value for the market. Can be found using get_markets().
- date (str) The date you want to get information for. format is YYYY-MM-DD.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a dictionary of key/value pairs for the specific market. If info parameter is provided, the string value for the corresponding key will be provided.

Dictionary Keys

- · date
- is open
- · opens_at
- closes_at
- extended_opens_at
- · extended closes at
- previous_open_hours
- · next_open_hours

robin_stocks.robinhood.markets.qet_market_next_open_hours(market,info=None)

Returns the opening and closing hours for the next open trading day after today. Also will tell you if market is market is open on that date.

Parameters

- market (str) The 'mic' value for the market. Can be found using get_markets().
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a dictionary of key/value pairs for the specific market. If info parameter is provided, the string value for the corresponding key will be provided.

Dictionary Keys

- date
- is_open
- · opens_at
- closes_at
- extended_opens_at
- extended_closes_at
- · previous_open_hours
- · next_open_hours

robin stocks.robinhood.markets.qet market next open hours after date(market, date.

info=None)

Returns the opening and closing hours for the next open trading day after a date that is specified. Also will tell you if market is market is open on that date.

Parameters

- market (str) The 'mic' value for the market. Can be found using get_markets().
- date (str) The date you want to find the next available trading day after. format is YYYY-MM-DD.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a dictionary of key/value pairs for the specific market. If info parameter is provided, the string value for the corresponding key will be provided.

Dictionary Keys

- · date
- is_open
- opens_at
- · closes at
- · extended_opens_at
- extended_closes_at
- previous_open_hours
- · next_open_hours

robin_stocks.robinhood.markets.get_market_today_hours(market, info=None)

Returns the opening and closing hours of a specific market for today. Also will tell you if market is market is open on that date.

Parameters

- market (str) The 'mic' value for the market. Can be found using get_markets().
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a dictionary of key/value pairs for the specific market. If info parameter is provided, the string value for the corresponding key will be provided.

Dictionary Keys

- date
- is_open
- opens_at
- · closes_at
- · extended_opens_at
- · extended_closes_at
- previous_open_hours
- next_open_hours

robin_stocks.robinhood.markets.get_markets(info=None)

Returns a list of available markets.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each market. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- url
- todays_hours
- mic
- · operating_mic
- acronym
- name

- city
- · country
- timezone
- · website

robin_stocks.robinhood.markets.get_top_100 (info=None)

Returns a list of the Top 100 stocks on Robin Hood.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each mover. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- ask_price
- ask_size
- bid_price
- bid_size
- last_trade_price
- last_extended_hours_trade_price
- · previous_close
- adjusted_previous_close
- previous_close_date
- symbol
- trading_halted
- has_traded
- last_trade_price_source
- updated_at
- instrument

robin_stocks.robinhood.markets.get_top_movers(info=None)

Returns a list of the Top 20 movers on Robin Hood.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each mover. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- ask_price
- ask_size
- bid_price
- bid_size
- last_trade_price
- · last_extended_hours_trade_price

- · previous_close
- adjusted_previous_close
- previous_close_date
- symbol
- · trading halted
- · has traded
- last_trade_price_source
- updated_at
- · instrument

robin_stocks.robinhood.markets.get_top_movers_sp500 (*direction*, *info=None*) Returns a list of the top S&P500 movers up or down for the day.

Parameters

- **direction** (str) The direction of movement either 'up' or 'down'
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each mover. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- · instrument url
- symbol
- updated_at
- price_movement
- · description

1.5.7 Getting Positions and Account Information

Contains functions for getting information related to the user account.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.build_holdings(with_dividends=False)
```

Builds a dictionary of important information regarding the stocks and positions owned by the user.

Parameters with_dividends (bool) – True if you want to include divident information.

Returns Returns a dictionary where the keys are the stock tickers and the value is another dictionary that has the stock price, quantity held, equity, percent change, equity change, type, name, id, pe ratio, percentage of portfolio, and average buy price.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.build_user_profile()
```

Builds a dictionary of important information regarding the user account.

Returns Returns a dictionary that has total equity, extended hours equity, cash, and divendend total.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.delete_symbols_from_watchlist(inputSymbols, name='My First List')
```

Deletes multiple stock tickers from a watchlist.

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str or list) May be a single stock ticker or a list of stock tickers.
- name (Optional[str]) The name of the watchlist to delete data from.

Returns Returns result of the delete request.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.deposit_funds_to_robinhood_account(ach_relationship, amount, info=None)
```

Submits a post request to deposit a certain amount of money from a bank account to Robinhood.

Parameters

- ach_relationship (str) The url of the bank account you want to deposit the money from
- amount (float) The amount of money you wish to deposit.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for the transaction.

Downloads all the documents associated with an account and saves them as a PDF. If no name is given, document is saved as a combination of the data of creation, type, and id. If no directory is given, document is saved in the root directory of code.

Parameters

- **doctype** (Optional[str]) The type of document to download, such as account_statement.
- **dirpath** (Optional[str]) The directory of where to save the documents.

Returns Returns the list of documents from get_documents(info=None)

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.download_document (url, name=None, dirpath=None)

Downloads a document and saves as it as a PDF. If no name is given, document is saved as the name that Robinhood has for the document. If no directory is given, document is saved in the root directory of code.
```

Parameters

- url (str) The url of the document. Can be found by using get_documents(info='download_url').
- name (Optional[str]) The name to save the document as.
- **dirpath** (Optional[str]) The directory of where to save the document.

Returns Returns the data from the get request.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_all_positions (info=None)
Returns a list containing every position ever traded.
```

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns [list] Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each ticker. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- url
- instrument

- · account
- · account number
- · average_buy_price
- pending_average_buy_price
- quantity
- intraday_average_buy_price
- · intraday_quantity
- shares_held_for_buys
- shares_held_for_sells
- shares_held_for_stock_grants
- shares_held_for_options_collateral
- shares_held_for_options_events
- shares_pending_from_options_events
- · updated at
- · created at

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_all_watchlists(info=None)

Returns a list of all watchlists that have been created. Everyone has a 'My First List' watchlist.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of the watchlists. Keywords are 'url', 'user', and 'name'.

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_bank_account_info(id, info=None)
Returns a single dictionary of bank information

Parameters

- id(str) The bank id.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a dictinoary of key/value pairs for the bank. If info parameter is provided, the value of the key that matches info is extracted.

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_bank_transfers (direction=None, info=None)
Returns all bank transfers made for the account.

Parameters

- **direction** (Optional[str]) Possible values are 'received'. If left blank, function will return all withdrawls and deposits that are initiated from Robinhood. If the value is 'received', function will return transfers intiated from your bank rather than Robinhood.
- **info** (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value. 'direction' gives if it was deposit or withdrawl.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each transfer. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_card_transactions(cardType=None, info=None)
Returns all debit card transactions made on the account

- cardType (Optional[str]) Will filter the card transaction types. Can be 'pending' or 'settled'.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value. 'direction' gives if it was debit or credit.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each transfer. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_day_trades(info=None)
Returns recent day trades.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each day trade. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_dividends(info=None)

Returns a list of dividend trasactions that include information such as the percentage rate, amount, shares of held stock, and date paid.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns [list] Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each divident payment. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- id
- url
- · account
- instrument
- amount
- rate
- position
- withholding
- record_date
- payable_date
- paid_at
- · state
- · nra_withholding
- drip_enabled

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_dividends_by_instrument(instrument, dividend_data) divi-

Returns a dictionary with three fields when given the instrument value for a stock

- **instrument** (str) The instrument to get the dividend data.
- **dividend_data** (list) The information returned by get_dividends().

Returns dividend_rate – the rate paid for a single share of a specified stock total_dividend – the total dividend paid based on total shares for a specified stock amount_paid_to_date – total amount earned by account for this particular stock

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_documents(info=None)

Returns a list of documents that have been released by Robinhood to the account.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each document. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

 $\verb"robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_latest_notification" () \\$

Returns the time of the latest notification.

Returns Returns a dictionary of key/value pairs. But there is only one key, 'last_viewed_at'

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_linked_bank_accounts (info=None)
Returns all linked bank accounts.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each bank.

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_margin_calls(symbol=None)

Returns either all margin calls or margin calls for a specific stock.

Parameters symbol (Optional[str]) – Will determine which stock to get margin calls for.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each margin call.

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_margin_interest(info=None)
Returns a list of margin interest.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each interest. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_notifications(info=None)
Returns a list of notifications.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each notification. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_open_stock_positions(info=None)
Returns a list of stocks that are currently held.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns [list] Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each ticker. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- url
- · instrument
- · account
- account_number
- · average_buy_price

- pending_average_buy_price
- quantity
- intraday_average_buy_price
- · intraday_quantity
- shares_held_for_buys
- shares held for sells
- shares_held_for_stock_grants
- shares_held_for_options_collateral
- shares_held_for_options_events
- shares_pending_from_options_events
- updated_at
- created_at

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_referrals(info=None)
Returns a list of referrals.
```

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each referral. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_stock_loan_payments(info=None)
Returns a list of loan payments.
```

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each payment. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_subscription_fees(info=None)
Returns a list of subscription fees.
```

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each fee. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_total_dividends()
```

Returns a float number representing the total amount of dividends paid to the account.

Returns Total dollar amount of dividends paid to the account as a 2 precision float.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_watchlist_by_name(name='My First List', info=None)
```

Returns a list of information related to the stocks in a single watchlist.

Parameters

- name (Optional[str]) The name of the watchlist to get data from.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries that contain the instrument urls and a url that references itself.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.get_wire_transfers(info=None)
Returns a list of wire transfers.
```

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each wire transfer. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.load_phoenix_account(info=None)
Returns unified information about your account.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns [list] Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- account_buying_power
- · cash_available_from_instant_deposits
- cash_held_for_currency_orders
- · cash_held_for_dividends
- cash_held_for_equity_orders
- cash_held_for_options_collateral
- cash_held_for_orders
- crypto
- crypto_buying_power
- · equities
- extended_hours_portfolio_equity
- · instant_allocated
- levered_amount
- near_margin_call
- options_buying_power
- · portfolio_equity
- portfolio_previous_close
- previous_close
- regular_hours_portfolio_equity
- total_equity
- total_extended_hours_equity
- total_extended_hours_market_value
- total_market_value
- total_regular_hours_equity
- · total_regular_hours_market_value
- uninvested_cash
- · withdrawable_cash

robin_stocks.robinhood.account.post_symbols_to_watchlist(inputSymbols, name='My First List')

Posts multiple stock tickers to a watchlist.

Parameters

- inputSymbols (str or list) May be a single stock ticker or a list of stock tickers.
- name (Optional[str]) The name of the watchlist to post data to.

Returns Returns result of the post request.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.unlink_bank_account(id) Unlinks a bank account.
```

Parameters id(str) – The bank id.

Returns Information returned from post request.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.account.withdrawl_funds_to_bank_account (ach_relationship, amount, info=None)
```

Submits a post request to withdraw a certain amount of money to a bank account.

Parameters

- ach_relationship (str) The url of the bank account you want to withdrawl the money to.
- **amount** (*float*) The amount of money you wish to withdrawl.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for the transaction.

1.5.8 Placing and Cancelling Orders

Contains all functions for placing orders for stocks, options, and crypto.

Returns Returns the order information for the orders that were cancelled.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.cancel_all_option_orders()
Cancels all option orders.
```

Returns Returns the order information for the orders that were cancelled.

Returns The list of orders that were cancelled.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.cancel_crypto_order(orderID) Cancels a specific crypto order.
```

Parameters orderID (str) – The ID associated with the order. Can be found using get_all_crypto_orders(info=None).

Returns Returns the order information for the order that was cancelled.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.cancel_option_order(orderID) Cancels a specific option order.
```

Parameters orderID (str) – The ID associated with the order. Can be found using get_all_option_orders(info=None).

Returns Returns the order information for the order that was cancelled.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.cancel_stock_order(orderID) Cancels a specific order.

Parameters orderID (str) – The ID associated with the order. Can be found using get_all_stock_orders(info=None).

Returns Returns the order information for the order that was cancelled.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.find_stock_orders(**arguments)

Returns a list of orders that match the keyword parameters.

Parameters arguments (str) – Variable length of keyword arguments. EX. find_orders(symbol='FB',cancel=None,quantity=1)

Returns Returns a list of orders.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.get_all_crypto_orders (info=None)

Returns a list of all the crypto orders that have been processed for the account.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each option order. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.get_all_open_crypto_orders (info=None)
Returns a list of all the crypto orders that have been processed for the account.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each option order. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.get_all_open_option_orders(info=None)
Returns a list of all the orders that are currently open.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each order. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.get_all_open_stock_orders(info=None)
Returns a list of all the orders that are currently open.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each order. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.get_all_option_orders(info=None)
Returns a list of all the option orders that have been processed for the account.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each option order. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.get_all_stock_orders (info=None)
Returns a list of all the orders that have been processed for the account.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each order. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.get_crypto_order_info(order_id)
Returns the information for a single crypto order.

Parameters order_id (str) – The ID associated with the option order.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for the order.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.get_option_order_info(order_id)
Returns the information for a single option order.

Parameters order_id (str) - The ID associated with the option order.

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for the order.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.get_stock_order_info(orderID) Returns the information for a single order.

Parameters orderID (str) – The ID associated with the order. Can be found using get_all_orders(info=None) or get_all_orders(info=None).

Returns Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for the order.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order(symbol, quantity, side, limitPrice=None, stop-Price=None, timeInForce='gtc', extendedHours=False, isonify=True)

A generic order function.

Parameters

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to sell.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to sell.
- **side** (*str*) Either 'buy' or 'sell'
- **limitPrice** (*float*) The price to trigger the market order.
- **stopPrice** (*float*) The price to trigger the limit or market order.
- **timeInForce** (str) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- extendedHours (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase or selling of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

Submits a market order for a crypto by specifying the amount in dollars that you want to trade. Good for share fractions up to 8 decimal places.

- **symbol** (str) The crypto ticker of the crypto to trade.
- amountInDollars (float) The amount in dollars of the crypto you want to buy.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled.

• **jsonify** (Optional[str]) - If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the buying of crypto, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

Submits a market order for a crypto by specifying the decimal amount of shares to buy. Good for share fractions up to 8 decimal places.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The crypto ticker of the crypto to trade.
- quantity (float) The decimal amount of shares to buy.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the buying of crypto, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_buy_crypto_limit(symbol, quantity, limit-
Price, timeInForce='gtc', jsonify=True)
```

Submits a limit order for a crypto by specifying the decimal amount of shares to buy. Good for share fractions up to 8 decimal places.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The crypto ticker of the crypto to trade.
- quantity (float) The decimal amount of shares to buy.
- **limitPrice** (*float*) The limit price to set for the crypto.
- timeInForce (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the buying of crypto, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

Submits a limit order for a crypto by specifying the decimal price to buy. Good for share fractions up to 8 decimal places.

- **symbol** (str) The crypto ticker of the crypto to trade.
- amountInDollars (float) The amount in dollars of the crypto you want to buy.
- **limitPrice** (*float*) The limit price to set for the crypto.

- timeInForce (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the buying of crypto, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_buy_fractional_by_price(symbol, amountIn-
Dollars, timeIn-
Force='gfd', ex-
tendedHours=False,
jsonify=True)
```

Submits a market order to be executed immediately for fractional shares by specifying the amount in dollars that you want to trade. Good for share fractions up to 6 decimal places. Robinhood does not currently support placing limit, stop, or stop loss orders for fractional trades.

Parameters

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to purchase.
- **amountInDollars** (float) The amount in dollars of the fractional shares you want to buy.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_buy_fractional_by_quantity(symbol, quantity, timeIn-
Force='gfd', extended-
Hours=False, isonify=True)
```

Submits a market order to be executed immediately for fractional shares by specifying the amount that you want to trade. Good for share fractions up to 6 decimal places. Robinhood does not currently support placing limit, stop, or stop loss orders for fractional trades.

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker of the stock to purchase.
- quantity (float) The amount of the fractional shares you want to buy.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_buy_limit(symbol, quantity, limitPrice, timeIn-
Force='gtc', extendedHours=False,
jsonify=True)
```

Submits a limit order to be executed once a certain price is reached.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker of the stock to purchase.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to buy.
- limitPrice (float) The price to trigger the buy order.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_buy_market (symbol, quantity, timeInForce='gtc', extendedHours=False, jsonify=True)

Submits a market order to be executed immediately.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker of the stock to purchase.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to buy.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- extendedHours (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_buy_option_limit (positionEffect, creditOrDebit, price, symbol, quantity, expirationDate, strike, optionType='both', timeIn-Force='gtc', jsonify=True')
```

Submits a limit order for an option. i.e. place a long call or a long put.

- **positionEffect** (*str*) Either 'open' for a buy to open effect or 'close' for a buy to close effect.
- **creditOrDebit** (*str*) Either 'debit' or 'credit'.
- **price** (*float*) The limit price to trigger a buy of the option.

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to trade.
- quantity (int) The number of options to buy.
- **expirationDate** (str) The expiration date of the option in 'YYYY-MM-DD' format.
- **strike** (*float*) The strike price of the option.
- optionType (str) This should be 'call' or 'put'
- timeInForce (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day. 'ioc' = immediate or cancel. 'opg' execute at opening.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the buying of options, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_buy_option_stop_limit (positionEffect, creditorDebit, limitPrice, stopPrice, symbol, quantity, expirationDate, strike, optionType='both', timeInForce='gtc', jsonify=True)
```

Submits a stop order to be turned into a limit order once a certain stop price is reached.

Parameters

- **positionEffect** (*str*) Either 'open' for a buy to open effect or 'close' for a buy to close effect.
- **creditOrDebit** (*str*) Either 'debit' or 'credit'.
- limitPrice (float) The limit price to trigger a buy of the option.
- **stopPrice** (float) The price to trigger the limit order.
- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to trade.
- quantity (int) The number of options to buy.
- **expirationDate** (str) The expiration date of the option in 'YYYY-MM-DD' format.
- **strike** (*float*) The strike price of the option.
- optionType (str) This should be 'call' or 'put'
- timeInForce (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day. 'ioc' = immediate or cancel. 'opg' execute at opening.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the buying of options, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_buy_stop_limit (symbol, quantity, limitPrice, stop-
Price, timeInForce='gtc', extend-
edHours=False, jsonify=True)
```

Submits a stop order to be turned into a limit order once a certain stop price is reached.

Parameters

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to purchase.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to buy.
- limitPrice (float) The price to trigger the market order.
- **stopPrice** (*float*) The price to trigger the limit order.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

Submits a stop order to be turned into a market order once a certain stop price is reached.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker of the stock to purchase.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to buy.
- **stopPrice** (*float*) The price to trigger the market order.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_buy_trailing_stop(symbol, quantity, trailAmount, trailType='percentage', timeInForce='gtc', extended-Hours=False, jsonify=True)
```

Submits a trailing stop buy order to be turned into a market order when traling stop price reached.

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to buy.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to buy.
- **trailAmount** (*float*) how much to trail by; could be percentage or dollar value depending on trailType
- **trailType** (str) could be "amount" or "percentage"
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.

- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_crypto(symbol, side, quantityOrPrice, amountIn='quantity', limitPrice=None, timeInForce='gtc', jsonify=True)
```

Submits an order for a crypto.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The crypto ticker of the crypto to trade.
- **side** (*str*) Either 'buy' or 'sell'
- **quantityOrPrice** (float) Either the decimal price of shares to trade or the decimal quantity of shares.
- amountIn (Optional[str]) If left default value of 'quantity', order will attempt to trade cryptos by the amount of crypto you want to trade. If changed to 'price', order will attempt to trade cryptos by the price you want to buy or sell.
- limitPrice (Optional[float]) The price to trigger the market order.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of crypto, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_option_credit_spread(price, symbol, quantity, spread, time-InForce='gtc', jsonify=True)
```

Submits a limit order for an option credit spread.

- **price** (*float*) The limit price to trigger a sell of the option.
- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker of the stock to trade.
- quantity (int) The number of options to sell.
- **spread** (dict) A dictionary of spread options with the following keys:
 - expirationDate: The expiration date of the option in 'YYYY-MM-DD' format.
 - strike: The strike price of the option.
 - optionType: This should be 'call' or 'put'.
 - effect: This should be 'open' or 'close'.
 - action: This should be 'buy' or 'sell'.

- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day. 'ioc' = immediate or cancel. 'opg' = execute at opening.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the trading of options, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

Submits a limit order for an option debit spread.

Parameters

- **price** (*float*) The limit price to trigger a sell of the option.
- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker of the stock to trade.
- quantity (int) The number of options to sell.
- **spread** (dict) A dictionary of spread options with the following keys:
 - expirationDate: The expiration date of the option in 'YYYY-MM-DD' format.
 - strike: The strike price of the option.
 - optionType: This should be 'call' or 'put'.
 - effect: This should be 'open' or 'close'.
 - action: This should be 'buy' or 'sell'.
- timeInForce (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day. 'ioc' = immediate or cancel. 'opg' execute at opening.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the trading of options, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_option_spread(direction, price, symbol, quan-
tity, spread, timeInForce='gtc',
jsonify=True)
```

Submits a limit order for an option spread. i.e. place a debit / credit spread

- **direction** (str) Can be "credit" or "debit".
- **price** (*float*) The limit price to trigger a trade of the option.
- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to trade.
- quantity (int) The number of options to trade.
- **spread** (dict) A dictionary of spread options with the following keys:
 - expirationDate: The expiration date of the option in 'YYYY-MM-DD' format.
 - strike: The strike price of the option.
 - optionType: This should be 'call' or 'put'.

- effect: This should be 'open' or 'close'.
- action: This should be 'buy' or 'sell'.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day. 'ioc' = immediate or cancel. 'opg' execute at opening.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the trading of options, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_sell_crypto_by_price(symbol, amountInDol-
lars, timeInForce='gtc', isonify=True)
```

Submits a market order for a crypto by specifying the amount in dollars that you want to trade. Good for share fractions up to 8 decimal places.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The crypto ticker of the crypto to trade.
- amountInDollars (float) The amount in dollars of the crypto you want to sell.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of crypto, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

Submits a market order for a crypto by specifying the decimal amount of shares to buy. Good for share fractions up to 8 decimal places.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The crypto ticker of the crypto to trade.
- quantity (float) The decimal amount of shares to sell.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of crypto, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_sell_crypto_limit(symbol, quantity, limit-
Price, timeInForce='gtc', jsonify=True)
```

Submits a limit order for a crypto by specifying the decimal amount of shares to sell. Good for share fractions up to 8 decimal places.

Parameters

• **symbol** (str) – The crypto ticker of the crypto to trade.

- quantity (float) The decimal amount of shares to sell.
- limitPrice (float) The limit price to set for the crypto.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of crypto, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_sell_crypto_limit_by_price(symbol, amountIn-Dollars, limitPrice, time-InForce='gtc', jsonify=True)
```

Submits a limit order for a crypto by specifying the decimal price to sell. Good for share fractions up to 8 decimal places.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The crypto ticker of the crypto to trade.
- amountInDollars (float) The amount in dollars of the crypto you want to sell.
- limitPrice (float) The limit price to set for the crypto.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the buying of crypto, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_sell_fractional_by_price(symbol, amountIn-Dollars, time-InForce='gfd', extended-Hours=False, isonify=True)
```

Submits a market order to be executed immediately for fractional shares by specifying the amount in dollars that you want to trade. Good for share fractions up to 6 decimal places. Robinhood does not currently support placing limit, stop, or stop loss orders for fractional trades.

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker of the stock to purchase.
- **amountInDollars** (float) The amount in dollars of the fractional shares you want to buy.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- extendedHours (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_sell_fractional_by_quantity (symbol, quantity, time-InForce='gfd', price-
Type='bid_price', extended-
Hours=False, jsonify=True)
```

Submits a market order to be executed immediately for fractional shares by specifying the amount that you want to trade. Good for share fractions up to 6 decimal places. Robinhood does not currently support placing limit, stop, or stop loss orders for fractional trades.

Parameters

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to purchase.
- quantity (float) The amount of the fractional shares you want to buy.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin\_stocks.robinhood.orders.order\_sell\_limit (symbol, quantity, limitPrice, timeIn-force='gtc', extendedHours=False, jsonify=True)
```

Submits a limit order to be executed once a certain price is reached.

Parameters

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to sell.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to sell.
- limitPrice (float) The price to trigger the sell order.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_sell_market (symbol, quantity, timeInForce='gtc', extendedHours=False, jsonify=True)

Submits a market order to be executed immediately.
```

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to sell.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to sell.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- extendedHours (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_sell_option_limit (positionEffect, creditOrDebit, price, symbol, quantity, expirationDate, strike, optionType='both', timeIn-Force='gtc', jsonify=True)
```

Submits a limit order for an option. i.e. place a short call or a short put.

Parameters

- **positionEffect** (*str*) Either 'open' for a sell to open effect or 'close' for a sell to close effect.
- **creditOrDebit** (*str*) Either 'debit' or 'credit'.
- **price** (*float*) The limit price to trigger a sell of the option.
- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to trade.
- quantity (int) The number of options to sell.
- **expirationDate** (*str*) The expiration date of the option in 'YYYY-MM-DD' format.
- **strike** (*float*) The strike price of the option.
- optionType (str) This should be 'call' or 'put'
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day. 'ioc' = immediate or cancel. 'opg' execute at opening.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of options, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf robin\_stocks.robinhood.orders.order\_sell\_option\_stop\_limit} & (positionEffect, creditorDebit, limitPrice, stopPrice, symbol, quantity, expirationDate, strike, optionType='both', timeInForce='gtc', jsonify=True) \\ \end{tabular}
```

Submits a stop order to be turned into a limit order once a certain stop price is reached.

- **positionEffect** (*str*) Either 'open' for a buy to open effect or 'close' for a buy to close effect.
- **creditOrDebit** (*str*) Either 'debit' or 'credit'.
- **limitPrice** (*float*) The limit price to trigger a buy of the option.
- **stopPrice** (*float*) The price to trigger the limit order.
- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to trade.
- quantity (int) The number of options to buy.
- **expirationDate** (*str*) The expiration date of the option in 'YYYY-MM-DD' format.
- **strike** (*float*) The strike price of the option.
- optionType (str) This should be 'call' or 'put'
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day. 'ioc' = immediate or cancel. 'opg' execute at opening.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the buying of options, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_sell_stop_limit(symbol, quantity, limitPrice, stopPrice, timeInForce='gtc', extendedHours=False, jsonify=True)
```

Submits a stop order to be turned into a limit order once a certain stop price is reached.

Parameters

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to sell.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to sell.
- limitPrice (float) The price to trigger the market order.
- **stopPrice** (*float*) The price to trigger the limit order.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin\_stocks.robinhood.orders.order\_sell\_stop\_loss (symbol, quantity, stopPrice, timeInForce='gtc', extended-Hours=False, jsonify=True)
```

Submits a stop order to be turned into a market order once a certain stop price is reached.

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to sell.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to sell.

- **stopPrice** (*float*) The price to trigger the market order.
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin\_stocks.robinhood.orders.order\_sell\_trailing\_stop (symbol, quantity, trailAmount, trailType='percentage', timeInForce='gtc', extendedHours=False, jsonify=True) \\
```

Submits a trailing stop sell order to be turned into a market order when traling stop price reached.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The stock ticker of the stock to sell.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to sell.
- **trailAmount** (*float*) how much to trail by; could be percentage or dollar value depending on trailType
- **trailType** (*str*) could be "amount" or "percentage"
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the selling of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders.order_trailing_stop(symbol, quantity, side, trailAmount, trailType='percentage', timeIn-Force='gtc', extendedHours=False, jsonify=True)
```

Submits a trailing stop order to be turned into a market order when traling stop price reached.

- **symbol** (str) The stock ticker of the stock to trade.
- quantity (int) The number of stocks to trade.
- **side** (str) buy or sell
- **trailAmount** (*float*) how much to trail by; could be percentage or dollar value depending on trailType

- trailType (str) could be "amount" or "percentage"
- **timeInForce** (Optional[str]) Changes how long the order will be in effect for. 'gtc' = good until cancelled. 'gfd' = good for the day.
- **extendedHours** (Optional[str]) Premium users only. Allows trading during extended hours. Should be true or false.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to False, function will return the request object which contains status code and headers.

Returns Dictionary that contains information regarding the purchase of stocks, such as the order id, the state of order (queued, confired, filled, failed, canceled, etc.), the price, and the quantity.

1.5.9 Getting Crypto Information

Contains functions to get information about crypto-currencies.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto.get_crypto_currency_pairs (info=None) Gets a list of all the cypto currencies that you can trade.
```

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns [list] If info parameter is left as None then the list will contain a dictionary of key/value pairs for each ticker. Otherwise, it will be a list of strings where the strings are the values of the key that corresponds to info.

Dictionary Keys

- · asset_currency
- · display_only
- id
- max_order_size
- min_order_size
- min_order_price_increment
- min_order_quantity_increment
- name
- quote_currency
- symbol
- · tradability

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto.get_crypto_historicals(symbol, interval='hour', span='week', bounds='24_7', info=None)
```

Gets historical information about a crypto including open price, close price, high price, and low price.

- **symbol** (*str*) The crypto ticker.
- **interval** (*str*) The time between data points. Can be '15second', '5minute', '10minute', 'hour', 'day', or 'week'. Default is 'hour'.

- **span** (str) The entire time frame to collect data points. Can be 'hour', 'day', 'week', 'month', '3month', 'year', or '5year'. Default is 'week'
- **bound** (str) The times of day to collect data points. 'Regular' is 6 hours a day, 'trading' is 9 hours a day, 'extended' is 16 hours a day, '24_7' is 24 hours a day. Default is '24_7'
- **info** (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns [list] If info parameter is left as None then the list will contain a dictionary of key/value pairs for each ticker. Otherwise, it will be a list of strings where the strings are the values of the key that corresponds to info.

Dictionary Keys

- begins_at
- open_price
- close_price
- high_price
- low_price
- · volume
- session
- · interpolated
- symbol

robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto.get_crypto_info(symbol, info=None)
Gets information about a crpyto currency.

Parameters

- **symbol** (*str*) The crypto ticker.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns [dict] If info parameter is left as None then will return a dictionary of key/value pairs for each ticker. Otherwise, it will be a strings representing the value of the key.

Dictionary Keys

- asset_currency
- display only
- id
- max_order_size
- min_order_size
- min_order_price_increment
- min_order_quantity_increment
- name
- quote_currency
- symbol
- · tradability

robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto.get_crypto_positions(info=None)
Returns crypto positions for the account.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – Will filter the results to get a specific value.

Returns [list] Returns a list of dictionaries of key/value pairs for each option. If info parameter is provided, a list of strings is returned where the strings are the value of the key that matches info.

Dictionary Keys

- · account id
- · cost_basis
- · created_at
- · currency
- id
- quantity
- quantity_available
- quantity_held_for_buy
- quantity_held_for_sell
- updated_at

 $\verb|robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto.get_crypto_quote| (symbol, info=None) \\$

Gets information about a crypto including low price, high price, and open price

Parameters

- **symbol** (str) The crypto ticker.
- **info** (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns [dict] If info parameter is left as None then the list will contain a dictionary of key/value pairs for each ticker. Otherwise, it will be a list of strings where the strings are the values of the key that corresponds to info.

Dictionary Keys

- ask_price
- bid_price
- high_price
- id
- low_price
- mark_price
- open_price
- · symbol
- volume

robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto.get_crypto_quote_from_id (id, info=None)

Gets information about a crypto including low price, high price, and open price. Uses the id instead of crypto ticker.

- id (str) The id of a crypto.
- info (Optional[str]) Will filter the results to have a list of the values that correspond to key that matches info.

Returns [dict] If info parameter is left as None then the list will contain a dictionary of key/value pairs for each ticker. Otherwise, it will be a list of strings where the strings are the values of the key that corresponds to info.

Dictionary Keys

- ask_price
- bid_price
- high_price
- id
- low_price
- mark_price
- · open_price
- symbol
- volume

```
\verb|robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto.load_crypto_profile| (info=None)
```

Gets the information associated with the crypto account.

Parameters info (Optional[str]) – The name of the key whose value is to be returned from the function.

Returns [dict] The function returns a dictionary of key/value pairs. If a string is passed in to the info parameter, then the function will return a string corresponding to the value of the key whose name matches the info parameter.

Dictionary Keys

- apex_account_number
- created_at
- id
- rhs_account_number
- status
- · status reason code
- updated_at
- user_id

1.5.10 Export Information

robin_stocks.robinhood.export.create_absolute_csv (dir_path, file_name, order_type)

Creates a filepath given a directory and file name.

- **dir_path** (str) Absolute or relative path to the directory the file will be written.
- **file_name** (str) An optional argument for the name of the file. If not defined, filename will be stock_orders_{current date}
- file_name Will be 'stock', 'option', or 'crypto'

Returns An absolute file path as a string.

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.export.export_completed_crypto_orders(dir_path, file name=None)
```

Write all completed crypto orders to a csv file

Parameters

- **dir_path** (*str*) Absolute or relative path to the directory the file will be written.
- **file_name** (Optional[str]) An optional argument for the name of the file. If not defined, filename will be crypto_orders_{current date}

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.export.export_completed_option_orders(dir_path, file_name=None)
```

Write all completed option orders to a csv

Parameters

- **dir_path** (*str*) Absolute or relative path to the directory the file will be written.
- **file_name** (Optional[str]) An optional argument for the name of the file. If not defined, filename will be option_orders_{current date}

```
robin\_stocks.robinhood.export.\textbf{export\_completed\_stock\_orders} (\textit{dir\_path}, \\ \textit{file\_name=None})
```

Write all completed orders to a csv file

Parameters

- **dir_path** (*str*) Absolute or relative path to the directory the file will be written.
- **file_name** (Optional[str]) An optional argument for the name of the file. If not defined, filename will be stock_orders_{current date}

```
robin_stocks.robinhood.export.fix_file_extension (file_name)
Takes a file extension and makes it end with .csv
```

Parameters file_name (str) – Name of the file.

Returns Adds or replaces the file suffix with .csv and returns it as a string.

1.6 TD Ameritrade Functions

Note: Even though the functions are written as robin_stocks.module.function, the module name is unimportant when calling a function. Simply use robin_stocks.function for all functions.

1.6.1 Sending Requests to API

robin_stocks.tda.helper.request_get (url, payload, parse_json)
Generic function for sending a get request.

Parameters

- url(str) The url to send a get request to.
- **payload** (dict) Dictionary of parameters to pass to the url. Will append the requests url as url/?key1=value1&key2=value2.
- parse_json (bool) Requests serializes data in the JSON format. Set this parameter true to parse the data to a dictionary using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry is the response and the second entry will be an error message from the get request. If there was no error then the second entry in the tuple will be None. The first entry will either be the raw request response or the parsed JSON response based on whether parse_json is True or not.

robin_stocks.tda.helper.request_post (url, payload, parse_json)
Generic function for sending a post request.

Parameters

- **url** (str) The url to send a post request to.
- **payload** (dict) Dictionary of parameters to pass to the url. Will append the requests url as url/?key1=value1&key2=value2.
- parse_json (bool) Requests serializes data in the JSON format. Set this parameter true to parse the data to a dictionary using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry is the response and the second entry will be an error message from the get request. If there was no error then the second entry in the tuple will be None. The first entry will either be the raw request response or the parsed JSON response based on whether parse json is True or not.

1.6.2 Logging In and Authentication

robin_stocks.tda.authentication.login_first_time(encryption_passcode, client_id, authorization token, refresh token)

Stores log in information in a pickle file on the computer. After being used once, user can call login() to automatically read in information from pickle file and refresh authorization tokens when needed.

- **encryption_passcode** (*str*) Encryption key created by generate_encryption_passcode().
- **client_id** (*str*) The Consumer Key for the API account.
- authorization_token (str) The authorization code returned from post request to https://developer.tdameritrade.com/authentication/apis/post/token-0
- **refresh_token** (*str*) The refresh code returned from post request to https://developer.tdameritrade.com/authentication/apis/post/token-0

```
robin stocks.tda.authentication.login(encryption passcode)
```

Set the authorization token so the API can be used. Gets a new authorization token every 30 minutes using the refresh token. Gets a new refresh token every 60 days.

Parameters encryption_passcode (str) – Encryption key created by generate_encryption_passcode().

```
robin_stocks.tda.authentication.generate_encryption_passcode()
Returns an encryption key to be used for logging in.
```

Returns Returns a byte object to be used with cryptography.

1.6.3 Getting Stock Information

```
robin_stocks.tda.stocks.get_instrument (cusip, jsonify=None)
Gets instrument data for a specific stock.
```

Parameters

- **cusip** (str) The CUSIP for a stock.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

```
\label{lem:contract_type='ALL', strike_count='10', include_quotes='FALSE', strategy='SINGLE', interval=None, strike_price=None, range_value='ALL', from_date=None, underlying_price=None, interest_rate=None, days_to_expiration=None, exp_month='ALL', option_type='ALL', jsonify=None)
```

Gets instrument data for a specific stock.

- **ticker** (*str*) The stock ticker.
- **contract_type** (Optional[str]) Type of contracts to return in the chain. Can be CALL, PUT, or ALL. Default is ALL.
- **strike_count** (Optional[str]) The number of strikes to return above and below the at-the-money price.
- include_quotes (Optional[str]) Include quotes for options in the option chain. Can be TRUE or FALSE. Default is FALSE.
- **strategy** (Optional[str]) Passing a value returns a Strategy Chain. Possible values are SINGLE, ANALYTICAL (allows use of the volatility, underlyingPrice, interestRate, and daysToExpiration params to calculate theoretical values), COVERED, VERTICAL, CALENDAR, STRANGLE, STRADDLE, BUTTERFLY, CONDOR, DIAGONAL, COLLAR, or ROLL. Default is SINGLE.
- **interval** (Optional[str]) Strike interval for spread strategy chains (see strategy param).

- **strike_price** (Optional[str]) Provide a strike price to return options only at that strike price.
- range_value (Optional[str]) Returns options for the given range. Default is ALL. Possible values are:
 - ITM: In-the-money
 - NTM: Near-the-money
 - OTM: Out-of-the-money
 - SAK: Strikes Above Market
 - SBK: Strikes Below Market
 - SNK: Strikes Near Market
 - ALL: All Strikes
- **from_date** (Optional[str]) Only return expirations after this date. For strategies, expiration refers to the nearest term expiration in the strategy. Valid ISO-8601 formats are: yyyy-MM-dd and yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ssz.
- **to_date** (Optional[str]) Only return expirations before this date. For strategies, expiration refers to the nearest term expiration in the strategy. Valid ISO-8601 formats are: yyyy-MM-dd and yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ssz.
- **volatility** (Optional[str]) Volatility to use in calculations. Applies only to ANALYTICAL strategy chains (see strategy param).
- underlying_price (Optional[str]) Underlying price to use in calculations. Applies only to ANALYTICAL strategy chains (see strategy param).
- interest_rate (Optional[str]) Interest rate to use in calculations. Applies only to ANALYTICAL strategy chains (see strategy param).
- days_to_expiration (Optional[str]) Days to expiration to use in calculations. Applies only to ANALYTICAL strategy chains (see strategy param).
- **exp_month** (Optional[str]) Return only options expiring in the specified month. Month is given in the three character format. Example: JAN. Default is ALL.
- option_type (Optional[str]) Type of contracts to return. Default is ALL. Possible values are:
 - S: Standard contracts
 - NS: Non-standard contracts
 - ALL: All contracts
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

Gets the price history of a stock.

- ticker (str) The stock ticker.
- **period_type** (str) The type of period to show. Valid values are day, month, year, or ytd (year to date). Default is day.
- **frequency_type** (str) The type of frequency with which a new candle is formed. Valid frequencyTypes by period_type (defaults marked with an asterisk):
 - day: minute*
 - month: daily, weekly*
 - year: daily, weekly, monthly*
 - ytd: daily, weekly*
- **frequency** (*str*) The number of the frequencyType to be included in each candle. Valid frequencies by frequencyType (defaults marked with an asterisk):

```
- minute: 1*, 5, 10, 15, 30
```

- daily: 1*
- weekly: 1*
- monthly: 1*
- **period** (Optional[str]) The number of periods to show. Valid periods by period-Type (defaults marked with an asterisk):

```
- day: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10*
```

- month: 1*, 2, 3, 6
- year: 1*, 2, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20
- ytd: 1*
- **start_date** (Optional[str]) Start date as milliseconds since epoch. If startDate and endDate are provided, period should not be provided.
- end_date (Optional[str]) End date as milliseconds since epoch. If startDate and endDate are provided, period should not be provided. Default is previous trading day.
- needExtendedHoursData (Optional[str]) true to return extended hours data, false for regular market hours only. Default is true.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

```
robin_stocks.tda.stocks.get_quote (ticker, jsonify=None)
Gets quote information for a single stock.
```

Parameters

- **ticker** (*str*) The ticker of the stock.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

robin_stocks.tda.stocks.get_quotes(tickers, jsonify=None)

Gets quote information for multiple stocks. The stock string should be comma separated with no spaces.

Parameters

- ticker (str) The string list of stock tickers.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

robin_stocks.tda.stocks.search_instruments (ticker_string, projection, jsonify=None)
Gets a list of all the instruments data for tickers that match a search string.

Parameters

- ticker_string (str) Value to pass to the search. See projection description for more information.
- **projection** (*str*) The type of request:
 - symbol-search: Retrieve instrument data of a specific symbol or cusip
 - symbol-regex: Retrieve instrument data for all symbols matching regex. Example: symbol=XYZ.* will return all symbols beginning with XYZ
 - desc-search: Retrieve instrument data for instruments whose description contains the word supplied. Example: symbol=FakeCompany will return all instruments with Fake-Company in the description.
 - desc-regex: Search description with full regex support. Example: symbol=XYZ.[A-C] returns all instruments whose descriptions contain a word beginning with XYZ followed by a character A through C.
 - fundamental: Returns fundamental data for a single instrument specified by exact symbol.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

1.6.4 Placing and Cancelling Orders

robin_stocks.tda.orders.cancel_order(account_id, order_id, jsonify=None)
Cancel an order for a given account.

- account_id (str) The account id.
- order id (str) The order id.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

robin_stocks.tda.orders.get_order(account_id, order_id, jsonify=None)
Gets information for an order for a given account.

Parameters

- account id (str) The account id.
- order_id (str) The order id.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

```
robin_stocks.tda.orders.get_orders_for_account (account_id, max_results=None, from_time=None, to_time=None, status=None, jsonify=None)
```

Gets all the orders for a given account.

Parameters

- account id (Optional[str]) The account id.
- max_results (Optional[str]) The max number of orders to retrieve.
- **from_time** (Optional[str]) Specifies that no orders entered before this time should be returned. Valid ISO-8601 formats are: yyyy-MM-dd. Date must be within 60 days from today's date. 'toEnteredTime' must also be set.
- **to_time** (Optional[str]) Specifies that no orders entered after this time should be returned. Valid ISO-8601 formats are: yyyy-MM-dd. 'fromEnteredTime' must also be set.
- **status** (Optional[str]) Specifies that only orders of this status should be returned. Possible values are AWAITING_PARENT_ORDER, AWAITING_CONDITION, AWAITING_MANUAL_REVIEW, ACCEPTED, AWAITING_UR_OUT, PENDING_ACTIVATION, QUEUED WORKING, REJECTED, PENDING_CANCEL, CANCELED, PENDING_REPLACE, REPLACED, FILLED, EXPIRED
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

robin_stocks.tda.orders.place_order(account_id, order_payload, jsonify=None)
Place an order for a given account.

- account_id (str) The account id.
- order_payload (str) A dictionary of key value pairs for the infromation you want to send to order.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

1.6.5 Getting Account Information

robin_stocks.tda.accounts.get_account (id, options=None, jsonify=None)
Get account information for a specific account.

Parameters

- id (str) The account id.
- **options** (*str*) Balances displayed by default, additional fields can be added here by adding positions or orders As a comma separated list. Example: "positions, orders"
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error

robin_stocks.tda.accounts.get_accounts(options=None, jsonify=None)
Gets all accounts associated with your API keys.

Parameters

- **options** (str) Balances displayed by default, additional fields can be added here by adding positions or orders As a comma separated list. Example:"positions, orders"
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

robin_stocks.tda.accounts.get_transaction (account_id, transaction_id, jsonify=None)
Get account information for a specific account.

Parameters

- account_id (str) The account id.
- transaction_id(str) The transaction id.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

```
robin\_stocks.tda.accounts. \textbf{get\_transactions} (id, type\_value=None, start\_date=None, end\_date=None, jsonify=None) \\ \\ symbol=None, end\_date=None, end\_date=None, jsonify=None) \\ \\
```

Get account information for a specific account.

- **id** (str) The account id.
- **type_value** (Optional[str]) Only transactions with the specified type will be returned. ALL, TRADE, BUY_ONLY, SELL_ONLY, CASH_IN_OR_CASH_OUT, CHECKING, DIVIDEND, INTEREST, OTHER, ADVISOR_FEES

param symbol: Only transactions with the specified symbol will be returned. :type symbol: Optional[str] param start_date: Only transactions after the Start Date will be returned. Note: The maximum date range is one year. Valid ISO-8601 formats are :yyyy-MM-dd. :type start_date: Optional[str] param end_date: Only transactions before the End Date will be returned. Note: The maximum date range is one year. Valid ISO-8601 formats are :yyyy-MM-dd. :type end_date: Optional[str] :param jsonify: If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format. :type jsonify: Optional[str] :returns: Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

1.6.6 Getting Market Information

robin_stocks.tda.markets.get_hours_for_market (market, date, jsonify=None)
Gets market hours for a specific market.

Parameters

- market (str) The market for which you're requesting market hours, comma-separated. Valid markets are EQUITY, OPTION, FUTURE, BOND, or FOREX.
- date (str) The date for which market hours information is requested. Valid ISO-8601 formats are: yyyy-MM-dd and yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ssz.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

robin_stocks.tda.markets.get_hours_for_markets (markets, date, jsonify=None) Gets market hours for various markets.

Parameters

- markets (str) The markets for which you're requesting market hours, commaseparated. Valid markets are EQUITY, OPTION, FUTURE, BOND, or FOREX.
- date (str) The date for which market hours information is requested. Valid ISO-8601 formats are: yyyy-MM-dd and yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ssz.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error

robin_stocks.tda.markets.**get_movers** (market, direction, change, jsonify=None) Gets market hours for a specific market.

- market (str) The market for which you're requesting market hours, comma-separated. Valid markets are \$DJI, \$COMPX, or \$SPX.X.
- **direction** (*str*) To return movers with the specified directions of "up" or "down".
- change (str) To return movers with the specified change types of "percent" or "value".
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

1.7 Gemini Functions

Note: Even though the functions are written as robin_stocks.module.function, the module name is unimportant when calling a function. Simply use robin_stocks.function for all functions.

1.7.1 Sending Requests to API

robin_stocks.gemini.helper.request_get (url, payload, parse_json)
Generic function for sending a get request.

Parameters

- **url** (*str*) The url to send a get request to.
- **payload** (dict) Dictionary of parameters to pass to the url. Will append the requests url as url/?key1=value1&key2=value2.
- parse_json (bool) Requests serializes data in the JSON format. Set this parameter true to parse the data to a dictionary using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry is the response and the second entry will be an error message from the get request. If there was no error then the second entry in the tuple will be None. The first entry will either be the raw request response or the parsed JSON response based on whether parse_json is True or not.

robin_stocks.gemini.helper.request_post (url, payload, parse_json)
Generic function for sending a post request.

Parameters

- **url** (*str*) The url to send a post request to.
- **payload** (*dict*) Dictionary of parameters to pass to the url. Will append the requests url as url/?key1=value1&key2=value2.
- parse_json (bool) Requests serializes data in the JSON format. Set this parameter true to parse the data to a dictionary using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry is the response and the second entry will be an error message from the get request. If there was no error then the second entry in the tuple will be None. The first entry will either be the raw request response or the parsed JSON response based on whether parse_json is True or not.

1.7.2 Logging In and Authentication

```
robin_stocks.gemini.authentication.login(api_key, secret_key)
Set the authorization token so the API can be used.

robin_stocks.gemini.authentication.heartbeat(jsonify=None)
Generate a heartbeat response to keep a session alive.

Returns {"result": "ok"}
```

1.7.3 Getting Crypto Information

```
robin_stocks.gemini.crypto.get_notional_volume (jsonify=None)
Gets information about notional volume
```

Parameters jsonify (Optional[str]) – If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- date UTC date in yyyy-MM-dd format
- last_updated_ms Unix timestamp in millisecond of the last update
- web_maker_fee_bps Integer value representing the maker fee for all symbols in basis point for web orders
- web_taker_fee_bps Integer value representing the taker fee for all symbols in basis point for web orders
- web_auction_fee_bps Integer value representing the auction fee for all symbols in basis point for web orders
- api_maker_fee_bps Integer value representing the maker fee for all symbols in basis point for API orders
- api_taker_fee_bps Integer value representing the taker fee for all symbols in basis point for API orders
- api_auction_fee_bps Integer value representing the auction fee for all symbols in basis point for API orders
- fix_maker_fee_bps Integer value representing the maker fee for all symbols in basis point for FIX orders
- fix_taker_fee_bps Integer value representing the taker fee for all symbols in basis point for FIX orders

- fix_auction_fee_bps Integer value representing the auction fee for all symbols in basis point for FIX orders
- block_maker_fee_bps Integer value representing the maker fee for all symbols in basis point for block orders
- block_taker_fee_bps Integer value representing the taker fee for all symbols in basis point for block orders
- notional_30d_volume Maker plus taker trading volume for the past 30 days, including auction volume
- notional_1d_volume A list of 1 day notional volume for the past 30 days

```
robin_stocks.gemini.crypto.get_price(ticker, side)
```

Returns either the bid or the ask price as a string.

Parameters

- **ticker** (str) The ticker of the crypto.
- **side** (str) Either 'buy' or 'sell'.

Returns Returns the bid or ask price as a string.

```
robin_stocks.gemini.crypto.get_pubticker(ticker, jsonify=None)
Gets the publicker information for a crypto.
```

Parameters

- **ticker** (*str*) The ticker of the crypto.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- bid The highest bid currently available
- · ask The lowest ask currently available
- last The price of the last executed trade
- volume Information about the 24 hour volume on the exchange

```
robin_stocks.gemini.crypto.get_symbol_details(ticker, jsonify=None)
Gets detailed information for a crypto.
```

Parameters

- **ticker** (*str*) The ticker of the crypto.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

• symbol - BTCUSD etc.

- base_currency CCY1 or the top currency. (ie BTC in BTCUSD)
- quote_currency CCY2 or the quote currency. (ie USD in BTCUSD)
- tick_size The number of decimal places in the quote_currency
- quote_increment The number of decimal places in the base_currency
- min_order_size The minimum order size in base_currency units.
- status Status of the current order book. Can be open, closed, cancel_only, post_only, limit_only.

```
robin_stocks.gemini.crypto.get_symbols (jsonify=None)
Gets a list of all available crypto tickers.
```

Parameters jsonify (Optional[str]) – If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a list of strings and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error.

```
robin_stocks.gemini.crypto.get_ticker(ticker, jsonify=None)
Gets the recent trading information for a crypto.
```

Parameters

- **ticker** (str) The ticker of the crypto.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- symbol BTCUSD etc.
- open Open price from 24 hours ago
- high High price from 24 hours ago
- low Low price from 24 hours ago
- close Close price (most recent trade)
- changes Hourly prices descending for past 24 hours
- bid Current best bid
- · ask Current best offer

```
robin_stocks.gemini.crypto.get_trade_volume (jsonify=None)
```

Gets information about trade volume. The response will be an array of up to 30 days of trade volume for each symbol.

Parameters jsonify (Optional[str]) – If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- symbol The symbol.
- base_currency quantity is denominated in this currency.
- notional_currency price is denominated as the amount of notional currency per one unit of base currency. Notional values are denominated in this currency.
- data_date UTC date in yyyy-MM-dd format.
- total_volume_base Total trade volume for this day.
- maker_buy_sell_ratio Maker buy/sell ratio is the proportion of maker base volume on trades where the account was on the buy side versus all maker trades. If there is no maker base volume on the buy side, then this value is 0.
- buy_maker_base Quantity for this day where the account was a maker on the buy side of the trade.
- buy_maker_notional Notional value for this day where the account was a maker on the buy side of the trade.
- buy_maker_count Number of trades for this day where the account was a maker on the buy side of the trade.
- sell_maker_base Quantity for this day where the account was a maker on the sell side of the trade.
- sell_maker_notional Notional value for this day where the account was a maker on the sell side of the trade.
- sell_maker_count Number of trades for this day where the account was a maker on the sell side of the trade.
- buy_taker_base- Quantity for this day where the account was a taker on the buy side of the trade.
- buy_taker_notional Notional value for this day where the account was a taker on the buy side of the trade.
- buy_taker_count Number of trades for this day where the account was a taker on the buy side of the trade.
- sell_taker_base Quantity for this day where the account was a taker on the sell side of the trade.
- sell_taker_notional Notional value for this day where the account was a taker on the sell side of the trade.
- sell_taker_count Number of trades for this day where the account was a taker on the sell side of the trade.

1.7.4 Placing and Cancelling Orders

robin_stocks.gemini.orders.active_orders(jsonify=None)
Get a list of all active orders.

Parameters jsonify (Optional[str]) – If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a list of dictionaries parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionaries are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- order id The order id
- client_order_id An optional client-specified order id
- symbol The symbol of the order
- exchange Will always be "gemini"
- price The price the order was issued at
- avg_execution_price The average price at which this order as been executed so far. 0 if the
 order has not been executed at all.
- side Either "buy" or "sell".
- type Description of the order.
- options An array containing at most one supported order execution option.
- timestamp The timestamp the order was submitted. Note that for compatibility reasons, this is returned as a string. We recommend using the timestampms field instead.
- timestampms The timestamp the order was submitted in milliseconds.
- is_live true if the order is active on the book (has remaining quantity and has not been canceled)
- is_cancelled true if the order has been canceled. Note the spelling, "cancelled" instead of "canceled". This is for compatibility reasons.
- reason Populated with the reason your order was canceled, if available.
- was_forced Will always be false.
- executed_amount The amount of the order that has been filled.
- remaining_amount The amount of the order that has not been filled.
- original_amount The originally submitted amount of the order.
- is_hidden Will always return false unless the order was placed with the indication-ofinterest execution option.

```
robin_stocks.gemini.orders.cancel_all_active_orders (jsonify=None)
Cancel all orders for all sessions opened by the account.
```

Parameters jsonify (Optional[str]) – If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- result
- · details

```
robin_stocks.gemini.orders.cancel_all_session_orders(jsonify=None)
Cancel all orders opened by the session.
```

Parameters jsonify (Optional[str]) – If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- · result
- · details

robin_stocks.gemini.orders.cancel_order(order_id, jsonify=None)
Cancel a specific order based on ID.

Parameters

- **order_id** (*str*) The id of the order. This is not the same as the client order ID.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- order id The order id
- client_order_id An optional client-specified order id
- symbol The symbol of the order
- exchange Will always be "gemini"
- price The price the order was issued at
- avg_execution_price The average price at which this order as been executed so far. 0 if the
 order has not been executed at all.
- side Either "buy" or "sell".
- type Description of the order.
- options An array containing at most one supported order execution option.
- timestamp The timestamp the order was submitted. Note that for compatibility reasons, this is returned as a string. We recommend using the timestampms field instead.
- timestampms The timestamp the order was submitted in milliseconds.
- is_live true if the order is active on the book (has remaining quantity and has not been canceled)
- is_cancelled true if the order has been canceled. Note the spelling, "cancelled" instead of "canceled". This is for compatibility reasons.
- reason Populated with the reason your order was canceled, if available.
- was_forced Will always be false.
- executed_amount The amount of the order that has been filled.
- remaining amount The amount of the order that has not been filled.
- original_amount The originally submitted amount of the order.

 is_hidden - Will always return false unless the order was placed with the indication-ofinterest execution option.

```
robin_stocks.gemini.orders.get_trades_for_crypto(ticker, limit_trades=50, times-tamp=None, jsonify=None)
```

Gets a list of all transactions for a certain crypto.

Parameters

- ticker (str) The ticker of the crypto.
- limit_trades (Optional[int]) The maximum number of trades to return. Default is 50, max is 500.
- **timestamp** (Optional[str]) Only return trades on or after this timestamp. If not present, will show the most recent orders
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a list of dictionaries parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionaries are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- price
- · amount
- timestamp
- timestampms
- type
- aggressor
- fee_currency
- fee_amount
- tid
- order_id
- exchange
- is_auction_fill
- client_order_id

A generic order that can be used for any cryptocurrency.

- **ticker** (str) The ticker of the crypto.
- quantity (str) The amount to trade.
- **side** (str) Either "buy" or "sell".
- price (Optional[str]) Set this value to set a limit price.
- **stop_limit_price** (Optional[str]) Set this value to set a stop price.

- min_amount (Optional[str]) Minimum decimal amount to purchase, for block trades only.
- **options** (Optional[str]) An optional array containing at most one supported order execution option.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- order_id The order id
- client_order_id An optional client-specified order id
- symbol The symbol of the order
- exchange Will always be "gemini"
- price The price the order was issued at
- avg_execution_price The average price at which this order as been executed so far. 0 if the
 order has not been executed at all.
- side Either "buy" or "sell".
- type Description of the order.
- options An array containing at most one supported order execution option.
- timestamp The timestamp the order was submitted. Note that for compatibility reasons, this is returned as a string. We recommend using the timestampms field instead.
- timestampms The timestamp the order was submitted in milliseconds.
- is_live true if the order is active on the book (has remaining quantity and has not been canceled)
- is_cancelled true if the order has been canceled. Note the spelling, "cancelled" instead of "canceled". This is for compatibility reasons.
- reason Populated with the reason your order was canceled, if available.
- was_forced Will always be false.
- executed_amount The amount of the order that has been filled.
- remaining amount The amount of the order that has not been filled.
- original_amount The originally submitted amount of the order.
- is_hidden Will always return false unless the order was placed with the indication-of-interest execution option.

robin_stocks.gemini.orders.order_market (ticker, quantity, side, jsonify=None)

Gemini does not directly support market orders. This function will try to immediately place an order or it will cancel it.

Parameters

- **ticker** (*str*) The ticker of the crypto.
- **quantity** (*str*) The amount to trade.

- **side** (*str*) Either "buy" or "sell".
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- order_id The order id
- client_order_id An optional client-specified order id
- symbol The symbol of the order
- exchange Will always be "gemini"
- price The price the order was issued at
- avg_execution_price The average price at which this order as been executed so far. 0 if the
 order has not been executed at all.
- side Either "buy" or "sell".
- type Description of the order.
- options An array containing at most one supported order execution option.
- timestamp The timestamp the order was submitted. Note that for compatibility reasons, this is returned as a string. We recommend using the timestampms field instead.
- timestampms The timestamp the order was submitted in milliseconds.
- is_live true if the order is active on the book (has remaining quantity and has not been canceled)
- is_cancelled true if the order has been canceled. Note the spelling, "cancelled" instead of "canceled". This is for compatibility reasons.
- reason Populated with the reason your order was canceled, if available.
- was_forced Will always be false.
- executed_amount The amount of the order that has been filled.
- remaining_amount The amount of the order that has not been filled.
- original_amount The originally submitted amount of the order.
- is_hidden Will always return false unless the order was placed with the indication-ofinterest execution option.

robin_stocks.gemini.orders.order_status(order_id, jsonify=None)
Get the status for an order.

Parameters

- **order_id** (str) The id of the order. This is not the same as the client order ID.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- order id The order id
- client_order_id An optional client-specified order id
- symbol The symbol of the order
- exchange Will always be "gemini"
- price The price the order was issued at
- avg_execution_price The average price at which this order as been executed so far. 0 if the
 order has not been executed at all.
- side Either "buy" or "sell".
- type Description of the order.
- options An array containing at most one supported order execution option.
- timestamp The timestamp the order was submitted. Note that for compatibility reasons, this is returned as a string. We recommend using the timestampms field instead.
- timestampms The timestamp the order was submitted in milliseconds.
- is_live true if the order is active on the book (has remaining quantity and has not been canceled)
- is_cancelled true if the order has been canceled. Note the spelling, "cancelled" instead of "canceled". This is for compatibility reasons.
- reason Populated with the reason your order was canceled, if available.
- was_forced Will always be false.
- executed_amount The amount of the order that has been filled.
- remaining_amount The amount of the order that has not been filled.
- original_amount The originally submitted amount of the order.
- is_hidden Will always return false unless the order was placed with the indication-of-interest execution option.

1.7.5 Getting Account Information

robin_stocks.gemini.account.check_available_balances(jsonify=None)

Gets a list of all available balances in every currency.

Parameters jsonify (Optional[str]) – If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a list of dictionaries parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionaries are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- currency The currency code.
- amount The current balance
- available The amount that is available to trade

- availableForWithdrawal The amount that is available to withdraw
- type "exchange"

robin_stocks.gemini.account.check_notional_balances(jsonify=None)

Gets a list of all available balances in every currency.

Parameters jsonify (Optional[str]) – If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a list of dictionaries parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionaries are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- currency The currency code.
- amount The current balance
- amountNotional Amount, in notional
- available The amount that is available to trade
- availableNotional Available, in notional
- availableForWithdrawal The amount that is available to withdraw
- availableForWithdrawalNotional AvailableForWithdrawal, in notional

robin_stocks.gemini.account.check_transfers(timestamp=None, limit_transfers=10, show_completed_deposit_advances=False, jsonify=None)

Gets a list of all transfers.

Parameters

- **timestamp** (Optional[str]) Only return transfers on or after this timestamp. If not present, will show the most recent transfers.
- limit_transfers (Optional[int]) The maximum number of transfers to return. Default is 10, max is 50.
- **show_completed_deposit_advances** (Optional[int]) Whether to display completed deposit advances. False by default. Must be set True to activate.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a list of dictionaries parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionaries are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- type Transfer type. Deposit or Withdrawal.
- status Transfer status. Advanced or Complete.
- timestampms The time that the trade was executed in milliseconds
- eid Transfer event id
- advanceEid Deposit advance event id
- currency Currency code
- · amount The transfer amount

- method Optional. When currency is a fiat currency, the method field will attempt to supply ACH, Wire, or SEN. If the transfer is an internal transfer between subaccounts the method field will return Internal.
- txHash Optional. When currency is a cryptocurrency, supplies the transaction hash when available.
- outputIdx Optional. When currency is a cryptocurrency, supplies the output index in the transaction when available.
- destination Optional. When currency is a cryptocurrency, supplies the destination address when available.
- purpose Optional. Administrative field used to supply a reason for certain types of advances.

robin_stocks.gemini.account.get_account_detail (jsonify=None)
Gets information about the profile attached to your API key.

Parameters jsonify (Optional[str]) – If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- account Contains information on the requested account accountName The name of the account provided upon creation. Will default to Primary shortName Nickname of the specific account (will take the name given, remove all symbols, replace all "" with "-" and make letters lowercase) type The type of account. Will return either exchange or custody created The timestamp of account creation, displayed as number of milliseconds since 1970-01-01 UTC. This will be transmitted as a JSON number
- users Contains an array of JSON objects with user information for the requested account

 name Full legal name of the user lastSignIn Timestamp of the last sign for the user.

 Formatted as yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS'Z' status Returns user status. Will inform
 of active users or otherwise not active countryCode 2 Letter country code indicating
 residence of user. isVerified Returns verification status of user.
- memo reference code Returns wire memo reference code for linked bank account.

robin_stocks.gemini.account.get_approved_addresses (network, jsonify=None) Allows viewing of Approved Address list.

Parameters

- **network** (*str*) The network of the approved address. Network can be bitcoin, ethereum, bitcoincash, litecoin, zeash, or filecoin
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

• approvedAddresses - Array of approved addresses on both the account and group level.

network - The network of the approved address. Network can be bitcoin, ethereum, bitcoincash, litecoin, zcash, or filecoin - scope - Will return the scope of the address as either "account" or "group" - label - The label assigned to the address - status - The status of the address that will return as "active", "pending-time" or "pending-mua". The remaining time is exactly 7 days after the initial request. "pending-mua" is for multi-user accounts and will require another administator or fund manager on the account to approve the address. - createdAt - UTC timestamp in millisecond of when the address was created. - address - The address on the approved address list.

Parameters

- **network** (*str*) network can be bitcoin, ethereum, bitcoincash, litecoin, zcash, filecoin.
- **timestamp** (Optional[str]) Only returns addresses created on or after this timestamp.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a list of dictionaries parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionaries are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

- address String representation of the new cryptocurrency address.
- timestamp Creation date of the address.
- label Optional. if you provided a label when creating the address, it will be echoed back here.

Before you can withdraw cryptocurrency funds to an approved address, you need three things:

- 1. You must have an approved address list for your account
- 2. The address you want to withdraw funds to needs to already be on that approved address list
- 3. An API key with the Fund Manager role added

Parameters

- **currency_code** (*str*) the three-letter currency code of a supported crypto-currency, e.g. btc or eth.
- **address** (*str*) Standard string format of cryptocurrency address.
- amount (str) Quoted decimal amount to withdraw.
- **jsonify** (Optional[str]) If set to false, will return the raw response object. If set to True, will return a dictionary parsed using the JSON format.

Returns Returns a tuple where the first entry in the tuple is a requests reponse object or a dictionary parsed using the JSON format and the second entry is an error string or None if there was not an error. The keys for the dictionary are listed below.

Dictionary Keys

• address - Standard string format of the withdrawal destination address.

- amount The withdrawal amount.
- txHash Standard string format of the transaction hash of the withdrawal transaction. Only shown for ETH and GUSD withdrawals.
- withdrawalID A unique ID for the withdrawal. Only shown for BTC, ZEC, LTC and BCH withdrawals.
- message A human-readable English string describing the withdrawal. Only shown for BTC, ZEC, LTC and BCH withdrawals.

1.8 Example Scripts



Example python scripts can be found at https://github.com/jmfernandes/robin_stocks

CHAPTER 2

Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search

Python Module Index

robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles, 13
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks, 18
robin_stocks.tda.accounts, 71

robin_stocks.tda.authentication,65

robin_stocks.tda.helper,65 robin_stocks.tda.markets,72 robin_stocks.tda.orders,69 robin_stocks.tda.stocks,66

r

92 Python Module Index

A		D
active_orders() (in robin_stocks.gemini.orders),77	module	<pre>delete_symbols_from_watchlist() (in mod- ule robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 37</pre>
В		<pre>deposit_funds_to_robinhood_account() (in</pre>
build_holdings() (in robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 37	module	<pre>download_all_documents() (in module</pre>
build_user_profile() (in robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 37	module	download_document() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 38
С		E
cancel_all_active_orders() (in robin_stocks.gemini.orders),78	module	export_completed_crypto_orders() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.export), 64
<pre>cancel_all_crypto_orders() (in</pre>	module	<pre>export_completed_option_orders() (in mod- ule robin_stocks.robinhood.export), 64</pre>
cancel_all_option_orders() (in robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 44	module	export_completed_stock_orders() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.export), 64
cancel_all_session_orders() (in robin_stocks.gemini.orders), 78	module	F
<pre>cancel_all_stock_orders() (in</pre>	module	find_instrument_data() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 18
cancel_crypto_order() (in robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 44	module	find_options_by_expiration() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 28
<pre>cancel_option_order() (in</pre>	module	<pre>find_options_by_expiration_and_strike() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 28</pre>
cancel_order() (in robin_stocks.gemini.orders), 79	module	<pre>find_options_by_specific_profitability() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 28</pre>
cancel_order() (in robin_stocks.tda.orders), 69	module	find_options_by_strike() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 29
cancel_stock_order() (in robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 45	module	find_stock_orders() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 45
check_available_balances() (in robin_stocks.gemini.account), 83	module	
check_notional_balances() (in robin_stocks.gemini.account), 84	module	fix_file_extension() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.export), 64
check_transfers() (in robin_stocks.gemini.account), 84	module	G
create_absolute_csv() (in robin_stocks.robinhood.export), 63	module	<pre>generate_encryption_passcode() (in module robin_stocks.tda.authentication), 66</pre>

get_account() (in	module	get_day_trades() (in	module
robin_stocks.tda.accounts), 71	1 1	robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 40	1 1
get_account_detail() (in	module	get_deposit_addresses() (in	module
robin_stocks.gemini.account), 85	1 1	robin_stocks.gemini.account), 86	1 1
get_accounts() (in	module	get_dividends() (in	module
robin_stocks.tda.accounts), 71		robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 40	, ,
<pre>get_aggregate_positions() (in</pre>	module	<pre>get_dividends_by_instrument() (in</pre>	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 30		robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 40	
<pre>get_all_crypto_orders() (in</pre>	module	get_documents() (in	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 45		robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 41	
<pre>get_all_open_crypto_orders() (in</pre>	module	<pre>get_earnings()</pre>	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 45		robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 19	
<pre>get_all_open_option_orders() (in</pre>	module	get_events() (in	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 45		robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 19	
<pre>get_all_open_stock_orders() (in</pre>	module	<pre>get_fundamentals() (in</pre>	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 45		robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 20	
<pre>get_all_option_orders() (in</pre>	module	get_hours_for_market() (in	module
$robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 45$		robin_stocks.tda.markets), 72	
<pre>get_all_option_positions() (in</pre>	module	<pre>get_hours_for_markets() (in</pre>	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 30		robin_stocks.tda.markets), 72	
<pre>get_all_positions() (in</pre>	module	get_instrument() (in	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 38		robin_stocks.tda.stocks), 66	
<pre>get_all_stock_orders() (in</pre>	module	<pre>get_instrument_by_url() (in</pre>	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 45		robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 21	
<pre>get_all_stocks_from_market_tag()</pre>	(in mod-	<pre>get_instruments_by_symbols() (in</pre>	module
ule robin_stocks.robinhood.markets),		robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 22	
<pre>get_all_watchlists() (in</pre>	module	<pre>get_latest_notification() (in</pre>	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 39		robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 41	
<pre>get_approved_addresses() (in</pre>	module	<pre>get_latest_price() (in</pre>	module
robin_stocks.gemini.account), 85		robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 23	
get_bank_account_info() (in	module	get_linked_bank_accounts() (in	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 39		robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 41	
<pre>get_bank_transfers() (in</pre>	module	get_margin_calls() (in	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 39		robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 41	
get_card_transactions() (in	module	get_margin_interest() (in	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 39	mounic	robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 41	mounic
get_chains() (in	module	get_market_hours() (in	module
robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 30	тошис	robin_stocks.robinhood.markets), 33	тошис
get_crypto_currency_pairs() (in	module		module
robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto), 60	тошие	robin_stocks.robinhood.markets), 34	тошие
**	madula		da+ a ()
get_crypto_historicals() (in	module	<pre>get_market_next_open_hours_after_ (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.</pre>	
robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto), 60	a deel a	(in module robin_stocks.robinnood.i 34	narkeis),
get_crypto_info() (in	module		madula
robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto), 61	11 .	get_market_options() (in	module
<pre>get_crypto_order_info() (in</pre>	module	robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 30	1 1
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 45		<pre>get_market_today_hours() (in</pre>	module
<pre>get_crypto_positions() (in</pre>	module	robin_stocks.robinhood.markets), 35	
robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto), 61	7 7	<pre>get_markets()</pre>	module
get_crypto_quote() (in	module	robin_stocks.robinhood.markets), 35	,
robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto), 62		<pre>get_movers() (in module robin_stocks.tda.</pre>	markets),
<pre>get_crypto_quote_from_id() (in</pre>	module	72	, .
robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto), 62		get_name_by_symbol() (in	module
<pre>get_currency_pairs()</pre>	module	robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 23	÷ =
robin_stocks.robinhood.markets), 33		get_name_by_url() (in	module

robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 23	<pre>get_stock_quote_by_id() (in module</pre>
get_news() (in module	robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 26
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 23	<pre>get_stock_quote_by_symbol() (in module</pre>
get_notifications() (in module	robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 27
$robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 41$	<pre>get_subscription_fees() (in module</pre>
get_notional_volume() (in module	$robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 42$
robin_stocks.gemini.crypto), 74	<pre>get_symbol_by_url() (in module</pre>
<pre>get_open_option_positions() (in module</pre>	robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 27
robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 30	<pre>get_symbol_details()</pre>
<pre>get_open_stock_positions() (in module</pre>	robin_stocks.gemini.crypto), 75
robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 41	<pre>get_symbols()</pre>
get_option_chains() (in module	robin_stocks.gemini.crypto), 76
robin_stocks.tda.stocks), 66	<pre>get_ticker()</pre>
<pre>get_option_historicals() (in module</pre>	robin_stocks.gemini.crypto), 76
robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 30	get_top_100() (in module
<pre>get_option_instrument_data() (in module</pre>	robin_stocks.robinhood.markets), 36
robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 31	<pre>get_top_movers()</pre>
<pre>get_option_instrument_data_by_id() (in</pre>	robin_stocks.robinhood.markets), 36
module robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 31	<pre>get_top_movers_sp500() (in module</pre>
get_option_market_data() (in module	robin_stocks.robinhood.markets), 37
robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 31	<pre>get_total_dividends() (in module</pre>
<pre>get_option_market_data_by_id() (in module</pre>	robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 42
robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 32	<pre>get_trade_volume()</pre>
<pre>get_option_order_info() (in module</pre>	robin_stocks.gemini.crypto), 76
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 46	<pre>get_trades_for_crypto() (in module</pre>
get_order() (in module robin_stocks.tda.orders), 70	robin_stocks.gemini.orders), 80
get_orders_for_account() (in module	<pre>get_transaction()</pre>
robin_stocks.tda.orders), 70	robin_stocks.tda.accounts), 71
<pre>get_price() (in module robin_stocks.gemini.crypto), 75</pre>	<pre>get_transactions() (in module robin_stocks.tda.accounts), 71</pre>
<pre>get_price_history()</pre>	<pre>get_watchlist_by_name() (in module</pre>
robin_stocks.tda.stocks), 67	robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 42
<pre>get_pricebook_by_id() (in module</pre>	<pre>get_wire_transfers()</pre>
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 24	robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 42
<pre>get_pricebook_by_symbol() (in module</pre>	
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 24	Н
<pre>get_pubticker()</pre>	heartbeat() (in module
robin_stocks.gemini.crypto), 75	robin_stocks.gemini.authentication), 74
<pre>get_quote() (in module robin_stocks.tda.stocks), 68</pre>	_ 0
get_quotes() (in module	L
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 24	<pre>load_account_profile() (in module</pre>
<pre>get_quotes() (in module robin_stocks.tda.stocks), 68</pre>	robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles), 13
get_ratings() (in module	load_basic_profile() (in module
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 25	robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles), 14
get_referrals() (in module	load_crypto_profile() (in module
$robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 42$	robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto), 63
get_splits() (in module	load_investment_profile() (in module
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 25	robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles), 15
<pre>get_stock_historicals() (in module</pre>	load_phoenix_account() (in module
robin_stocks.robinhood.stocks), 25	robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 43
get_stock_loan_payments() (in module	<pre>load_portfolio_profile() (in module</pre>
robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 42	robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles), 16
<pre>get_stock_order_info() (in module</pre>	load_security_profile() (in module
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 46	robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles), 17

<pre>load_user_profile() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles), 17</pre>	order_sell_crypto_by_quantity() (in mod- ule robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 54
login() (in module	<pre>order_sell_crypto_limit() (in module</pre>
robin_stocks.gemini.authentication), 74	robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 54
login() (in module	<pre>order_sell_crypto_limit_by_price() (in</pre>
robin_stocks.robinhood.authentication), 12	module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 55
login() (in module robin_stocks.tda.authentication), 65	<pre>order_sell_fractional_by_price() (in mod- ule robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 55</pre>
login_first_time() (in module robin_stocks.tda.authentication), 65	order_sell_fractional_by_quantity() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 56
logout() (in module	order_sell_limit() (in module
robin_stocks.robinhood.authentication), 13	robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 56
	order_sell_market() (in module
O	robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 56
order() (in module robin_stocks.gemini.orders), 80	order_sell_option_limit() (in module
order() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 46	$robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 57$
order_buy_crypto_by_price() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 46	<pre>order_sell_option_stop_limit() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 57</pre>
order_buy_crypto_by_quantity() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 47	<pre>order_sell_stop_limit() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 58</pre>
order_buy_crypto_limit() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 47	order_sell_stop_loss() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 58
order_buy_crypto_limit_by_price() (in	order_sell_trailing_stop() (in module
module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 47	robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 59
order_buy_fractional_by_price() (in mod-	order_status() (in module
ule robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 48	robin_stocks.gemini.orders), 82
order_buy_fractional_by_quantity() (in	order_trailing_stop() (in module
module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 48	$robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 59$
order_buy_limit() (in module	D
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 49	P
	<pre>place_order() (in module robin_stocks.tda.orders),</pre>
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 49	70
order_buy_option_limit() (in module	<pre>post_symbols_to_watchlist() (in module</pre>
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 49	robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 43
order_buy_option_stop_limit() (in module	Б
$robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 50$	R
order_buy_stop_limit() (in module	request_delete() (in module
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 50	robin_stocks.robinhood.helper), 12
order_buy_stop_loss() (in module	request_document() (in module
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 51	$robin_stocks.robinhood.helper), 12$
order_buy_trailing_stop() (in module	request_get() (in module
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 51	robin_stocks.gemini.helper), 73
order_crypto() (in module	request_get() (in module
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 52	$robin_stocks.robinhood.helper),\ 11$
order_market() (in module	
	<pre>request_get() (in module robin_stocks.tda.helper),</pre>
robin_stocks.gemini.orders), 81	65
order_option_credit_spread() (in module	65 request_post() (in module
order_option_credit_spread() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 52	65 request_post() (in module robin_stocks.gemini.helper), 73
order_option_credit_spread() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 52 order_option_debit_spread() (in module	request_post() (in module robin_stocks.gemini.helper), 73 request_post() (in module
order_option_credit_spread() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 52 order_option_debit_spread() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 53	request_post() (in module robin_stocks.gemini.helper), 73 request_post() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.helper), 12
order_option_credit_spread() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 52 order_option_debit_spread() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 53 order_option_spread() (in module	request_post() (in module robin_stocks.gemini.helper), 73 request_post() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.helper), 12 request_post() (in module module
order_option_credit_spread() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 52 order_option_debit_spread() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.orders), 53	request_post() (in module robin_stocks.gemini.helper), 73 request_post() (in module robin_stocks.robinhood.helper), 12

```
robin_stocks.gemini.authentication(mod-
       ule), 74
robin_stocks.gemini.crypto(module), 74
robin_stocks.gemini.helper(module), 73
robin_stocks.gemini.orders(module),77
robin stocks.robinhood.account (module),
robin_stocks.robinhood.authentication
       (module), 12
robin_stocks.robinhood.crypto (module), 60
robin_stocks.robinhood.export (module), 63
robin_stocks.robinhood.helper(module), 11
robin_stocks.robinhood.markets (module),
       32
robin_stocks.robinhood.options (module),
robin_stocks.robinhood.orders (module), 44
robin_stocks.robinhood.profiles (module),
robin stocks.robinhood.stocks (module), 18
robin_stocks.tda.accounts(module),71
robin_stocks.tda.authentication (module),
       65
robin stocks.tda.helper(module), 65
robin_stocks.tda.markets(module),72
robin_stocks.tda.orders(module), 69
robin_stocks.tda.stocks(module), 66
                                      module
search_instruments()
                             (in
       robin_stocks.tda.stocks), 69
spinning_cursor()
                                      module
       robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 32
U
unlink bank account()
                              (in
                                      module
       robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 44
W
withdraw_crypto_funds()
                               (in
                                      module
       robin_stocks.gemini.account), 86
withdrawl_funds_to_bank_account()
       module robin_stocks.robinhood.account), 44
write_spinner()
                                      module
       robin_stocks.robinhood.options), 32
```