

Influence of Urban Form on Car Ownership, Mode Choice, and Travel Distance in European Cities

Peter Berrill, Aneeqe Javaid,
Nikola Milojevic-Dupont, Florian Nachtigall,
Felix Wagner, Felix Creutzig

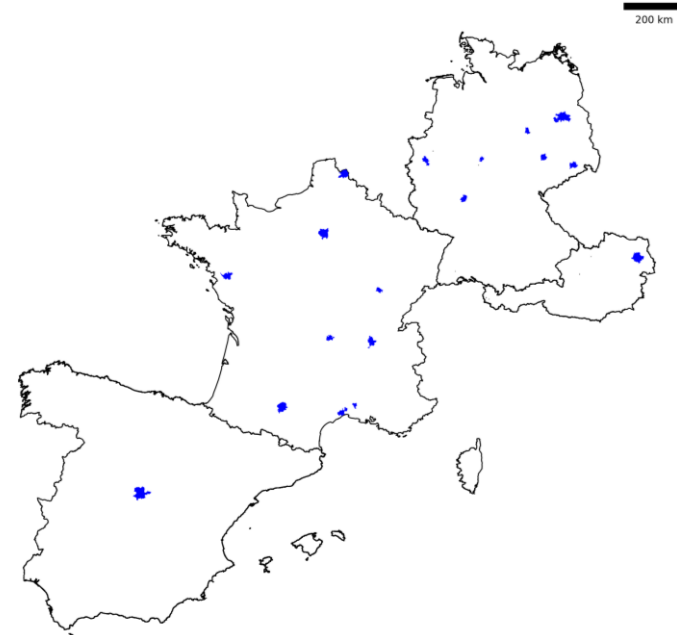


Background & Overarching questions

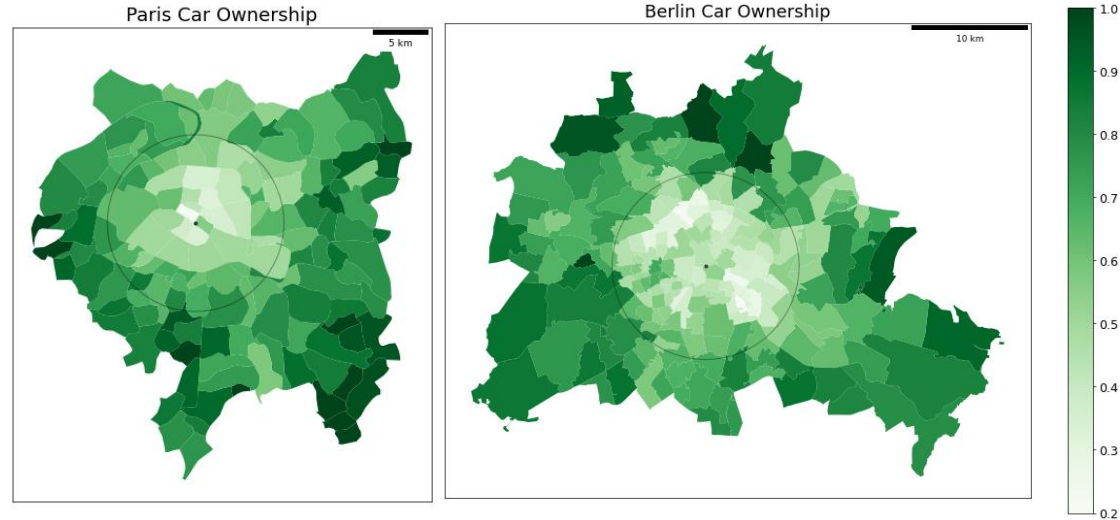
- Transport emissions growing fast, rebounding from 2019 drop
- Only sector in Europe where emissions continue to grow. 96% from road transport
- Emissions from urban mobility (c. 40% of transport emissions) arguably easiest to mitigate
- Which urban form features contribute to sustainable mobility outcomes?
- How consistent are urban form influences across cities, countries?

Resolution & scope

Scope – 19 cities in FR, DE, AT, ES



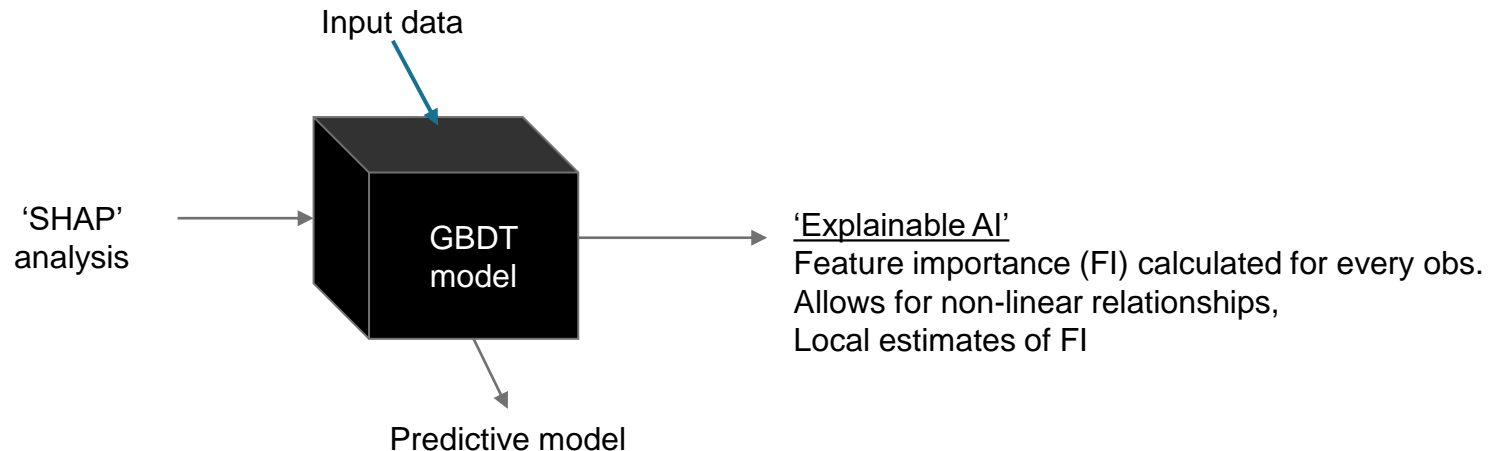
Resolution – Postcode or similar. $\sim 5\text{km}^2$ mean area



- Urban form features
 - **D**ensity (population, building, street intersection)
 - **A**ccessibility (**D**istance to city center & local subcenters)
 - **D**iversity (land use mix)
 - **D**istance to Transit
 - **D**esign of street networks (street length, streets per node)
- Urban mobility surveys, dependent variables:
 - Car ownership (household)
 - Trip distance (average by postcode)
 - Mode choice (individual trip)

Methods

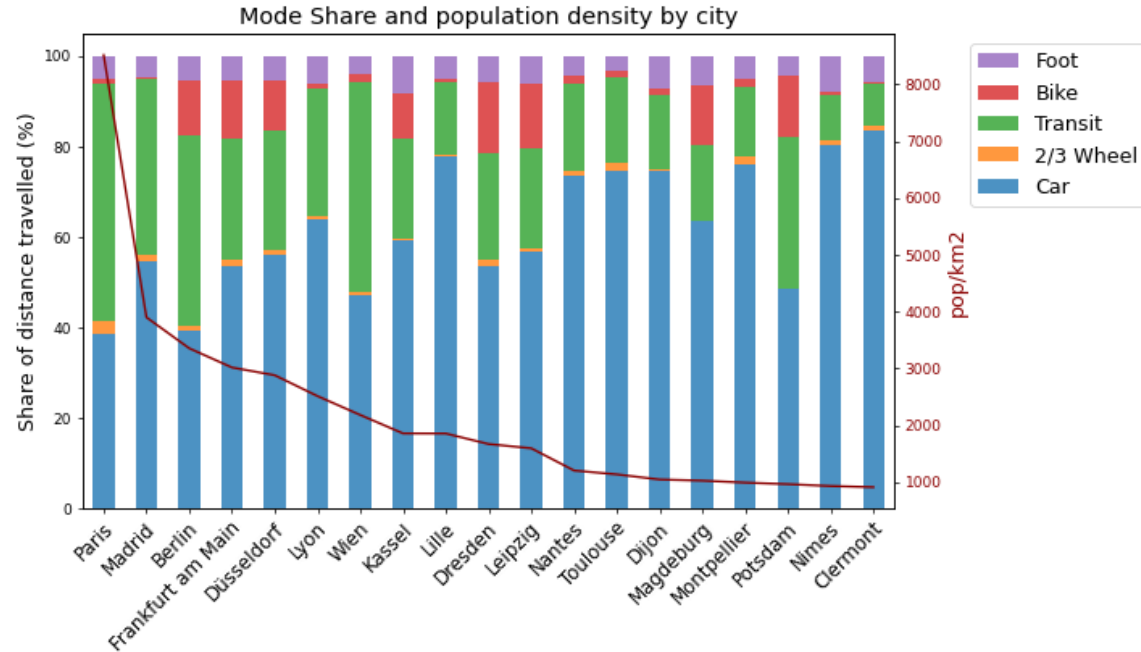
- Gradient Boosting Decision Tree classification/regression models
- SHAP values for explainable machine learning; interpret the black box



https://shap.readthedocs.io/en/latest/example_notebooks/overviews/An%20introduction%20to%20explainable%20AI%20with%20Shapley%20values.html#

Mode share vs city density

- Car mode share generally lower in denser cities
- Country effects also apparent



Car ownership and mode share vs income

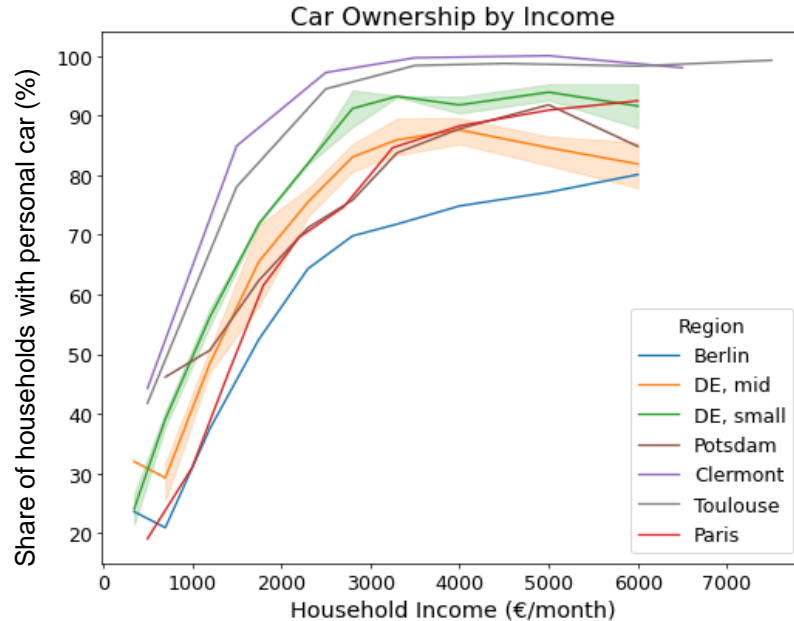
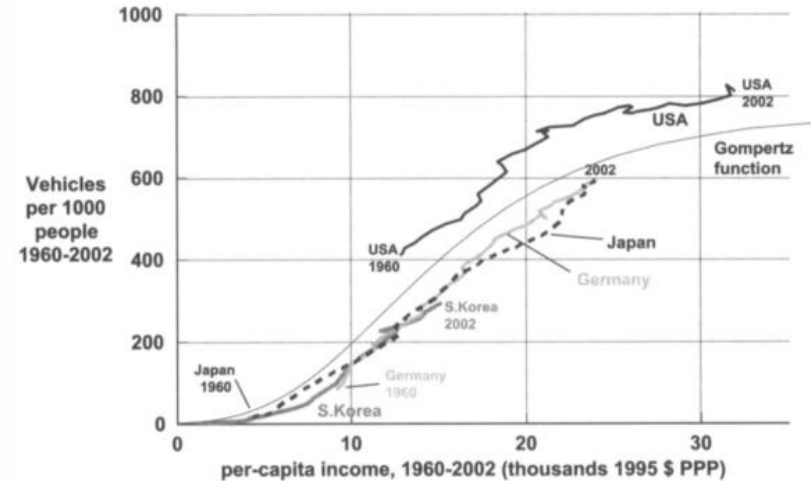


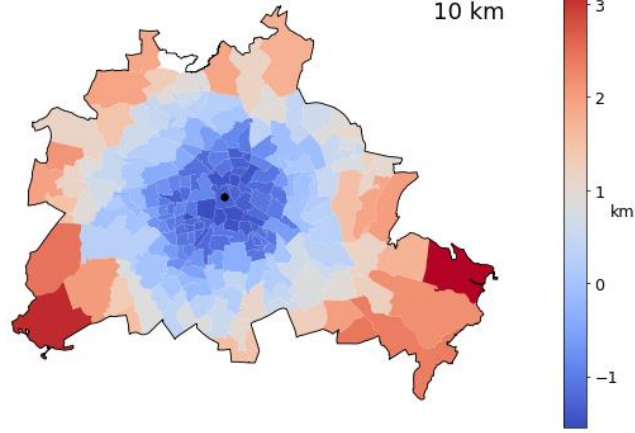
Figure 1. Vehicle Ownership and Per-Capita Income for USA, Germany, Japan, and South Korea, with an Illustrative Gompertz Function, 1960-2002



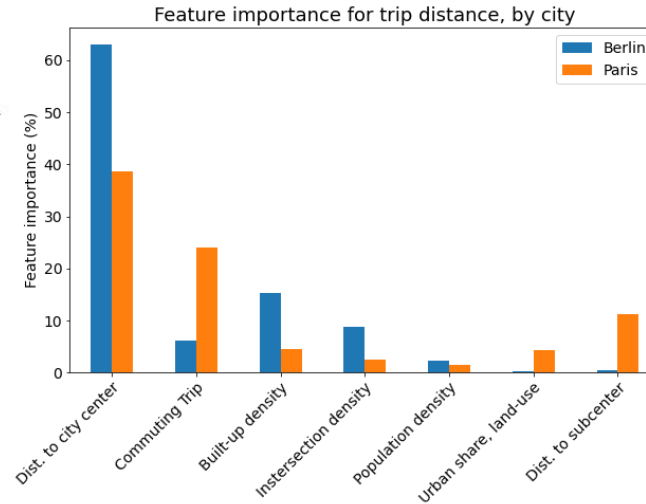
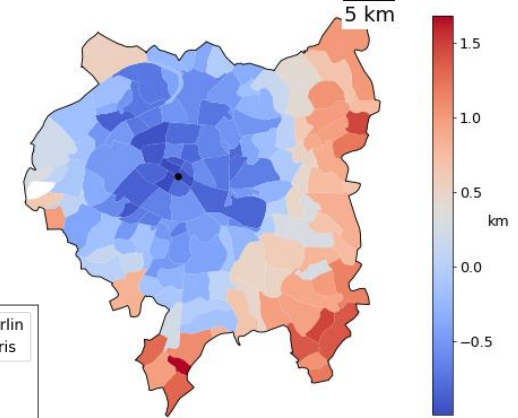
Dargay (2007)

Urban form and trip distance

a) Influence of Urban Form on average trip distance, Berlin

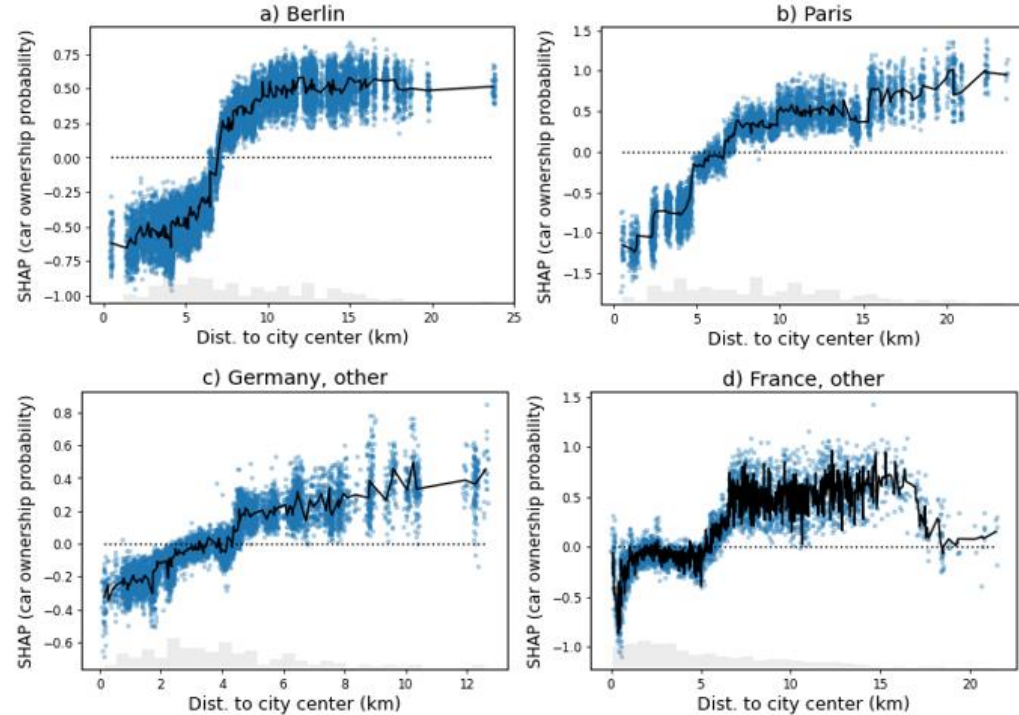
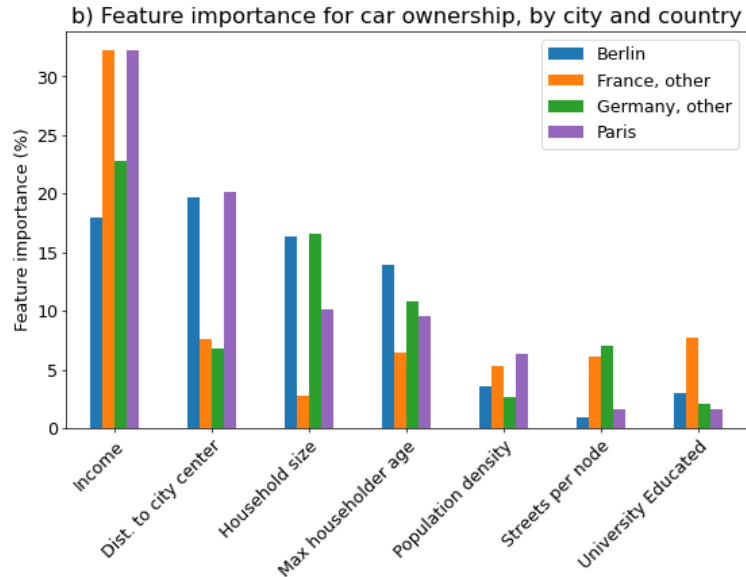


c) Influence of Urban Form on average trip distance, Paris



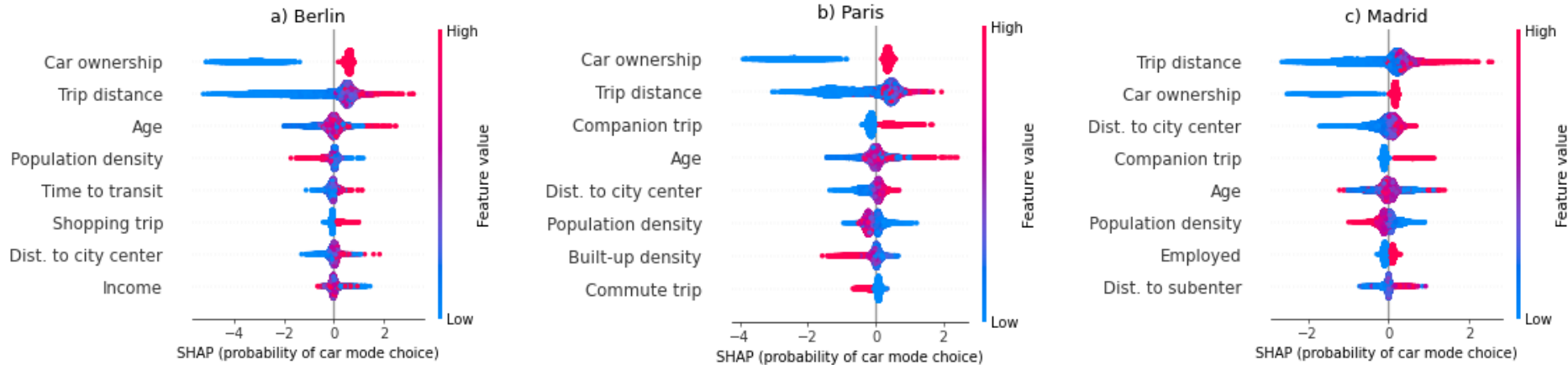
Urban form and car ownership

Threshold effect with distance to center, especially in Berlin



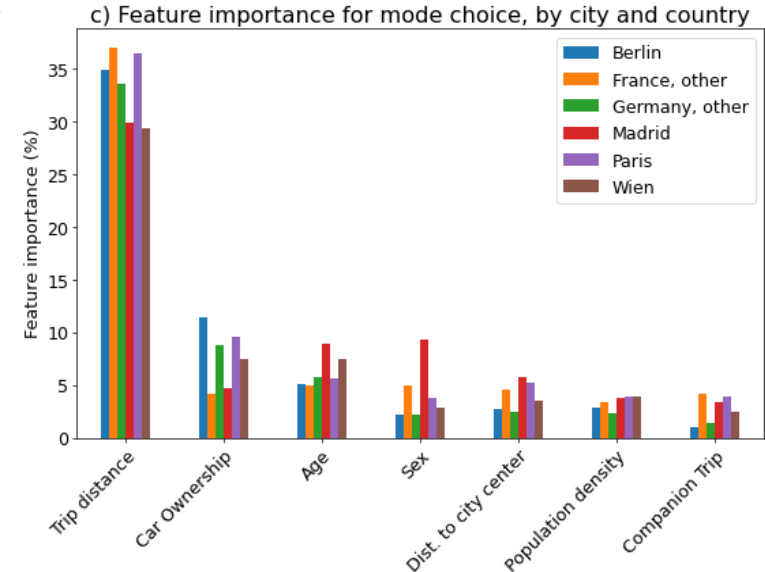
Urban form and mode choice

- Car ownership and trip distance are most important for mode choice = car
- NB companion trips, age, and distance to center

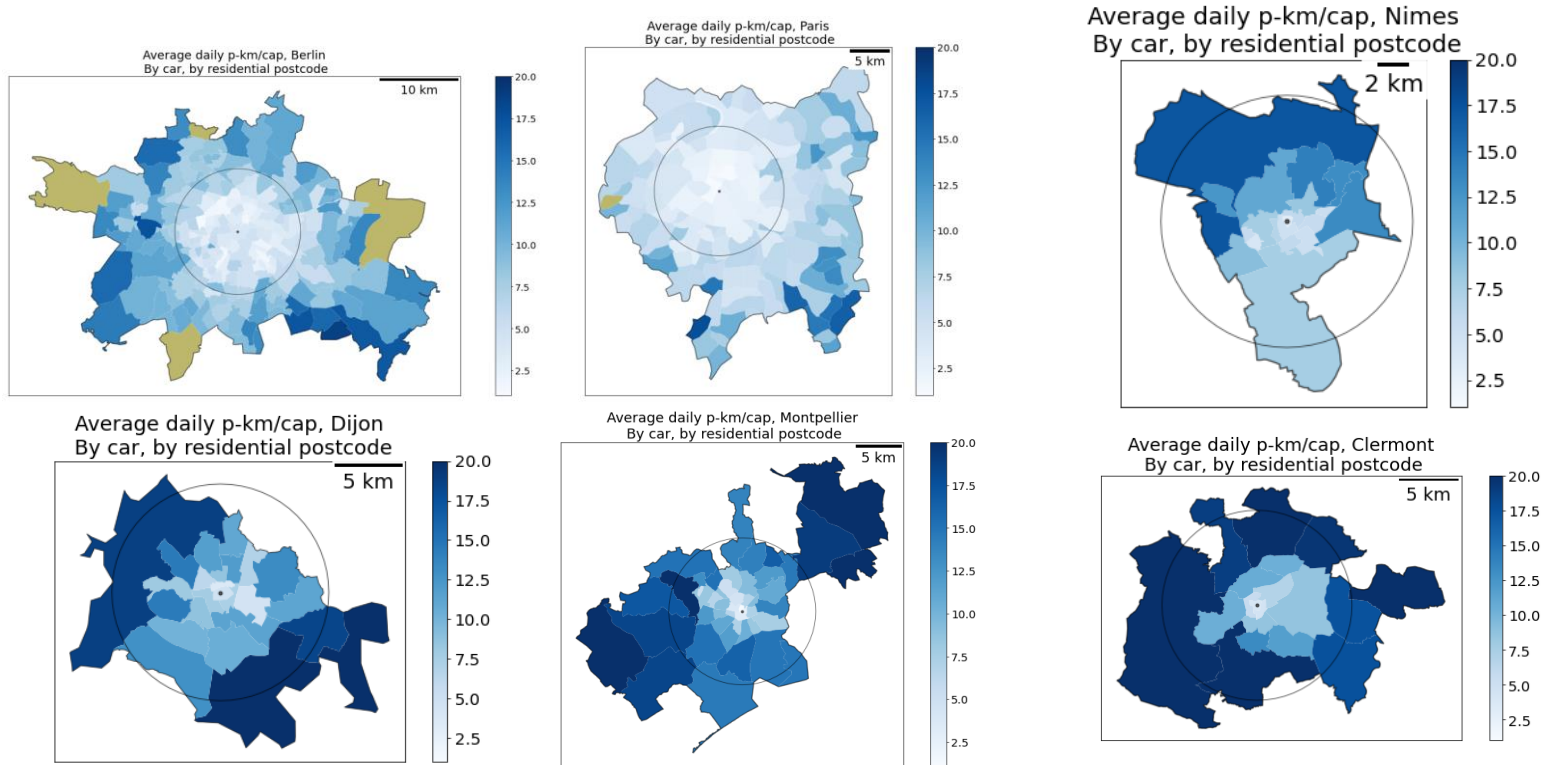


Urban form and mode choice

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Importance of small- and mid-size cities



Recommendations

1. Concentrate residential development and population growth close to existing centers
2. Reduce car mode share for longer trips
3. Focus on subgroups for reducing car dependency, e.g. companion trips, lower income groups living further from center
4. Focus on (tech and policy) solutions for small and mid-size cities

Thank you

Contact:

peter.berrill@tu-berlin.de

Project website:

<https://peterberr.github.io/sufficcs/>

Preprint:

<https://www.researchsquare.com/article/rs-2924076/v1>

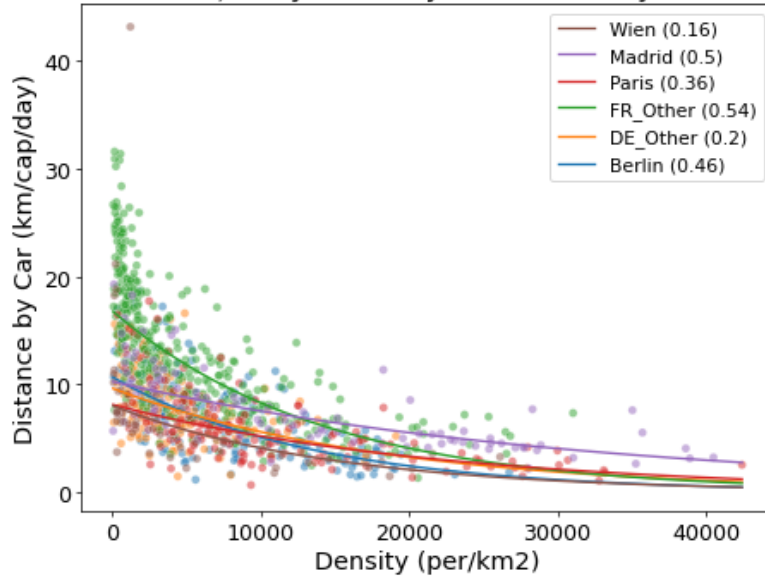
This project (SUFFICCS) has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie grant agreement No 101027476.



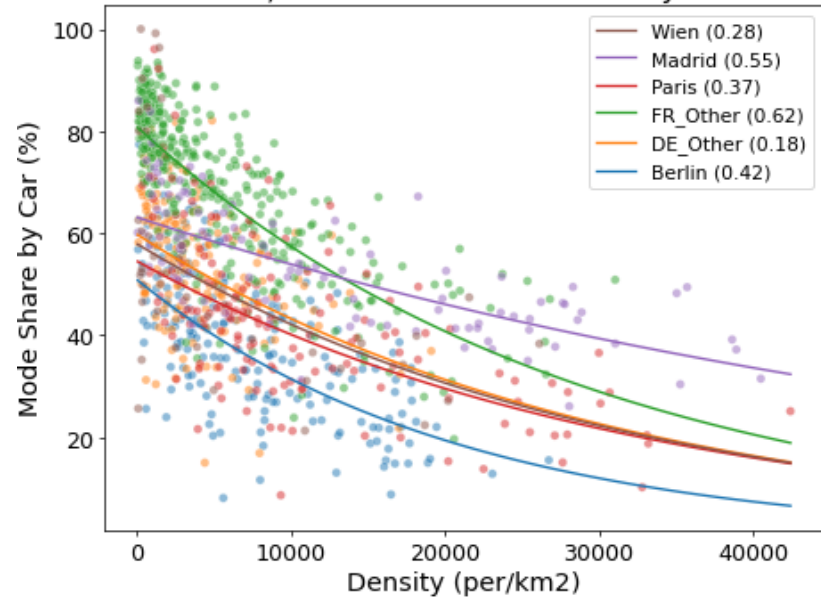
Extra slides

Car travel and mode share vs Density

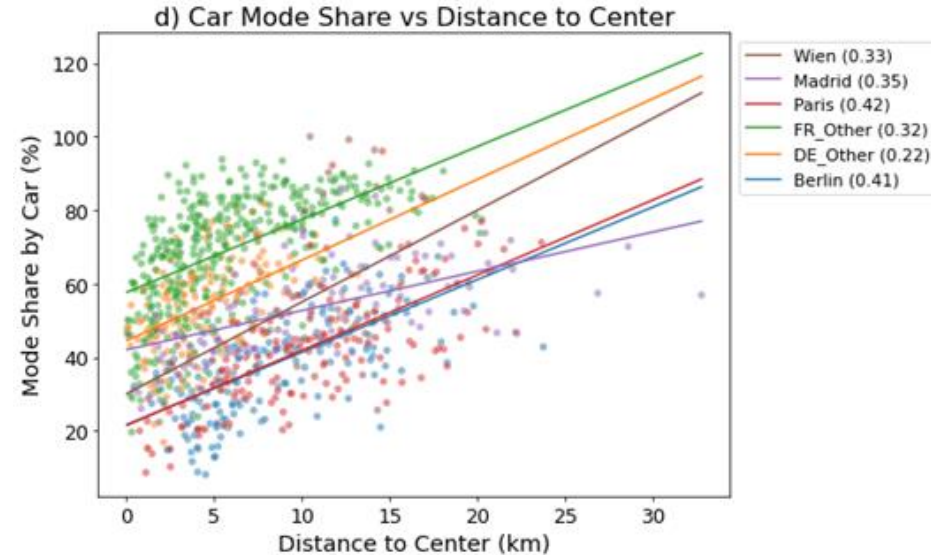
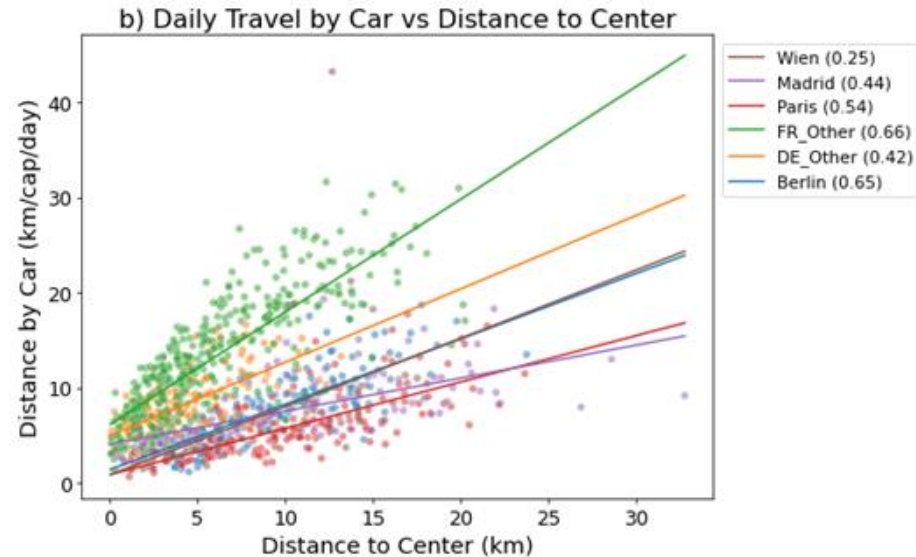
a) Daily Travel by Car vs Density



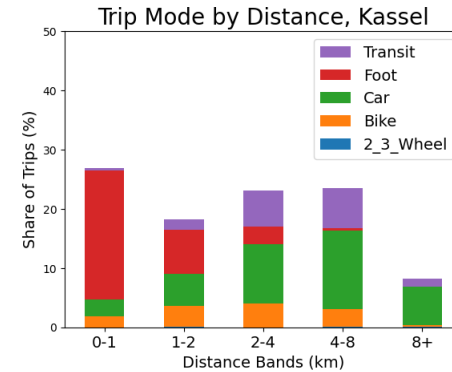
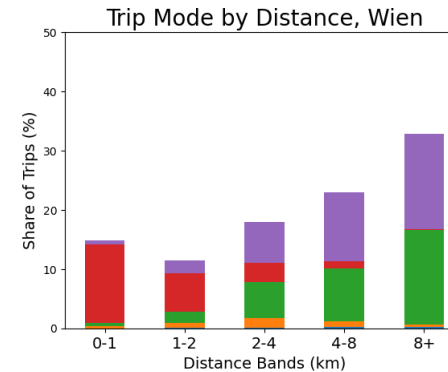
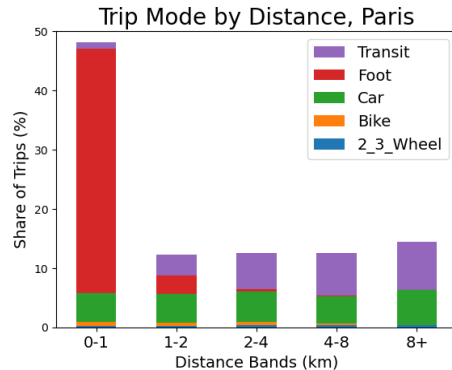
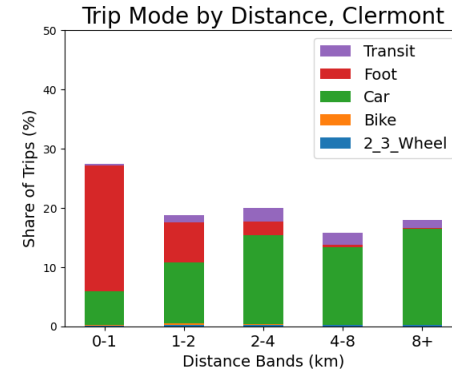
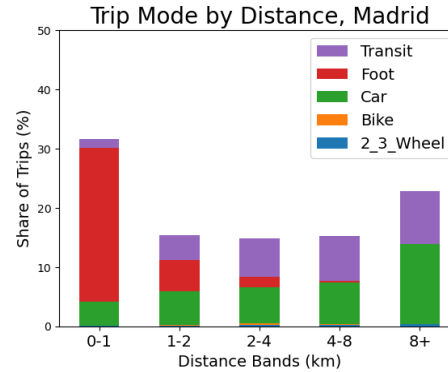
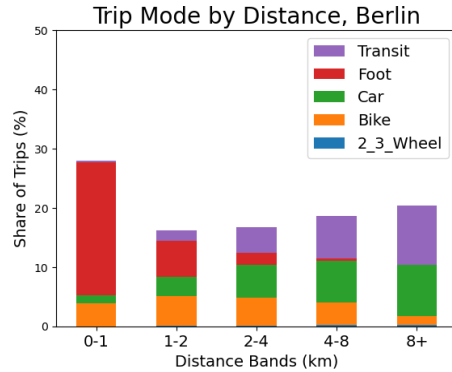
c) Car Mode Share vs Density



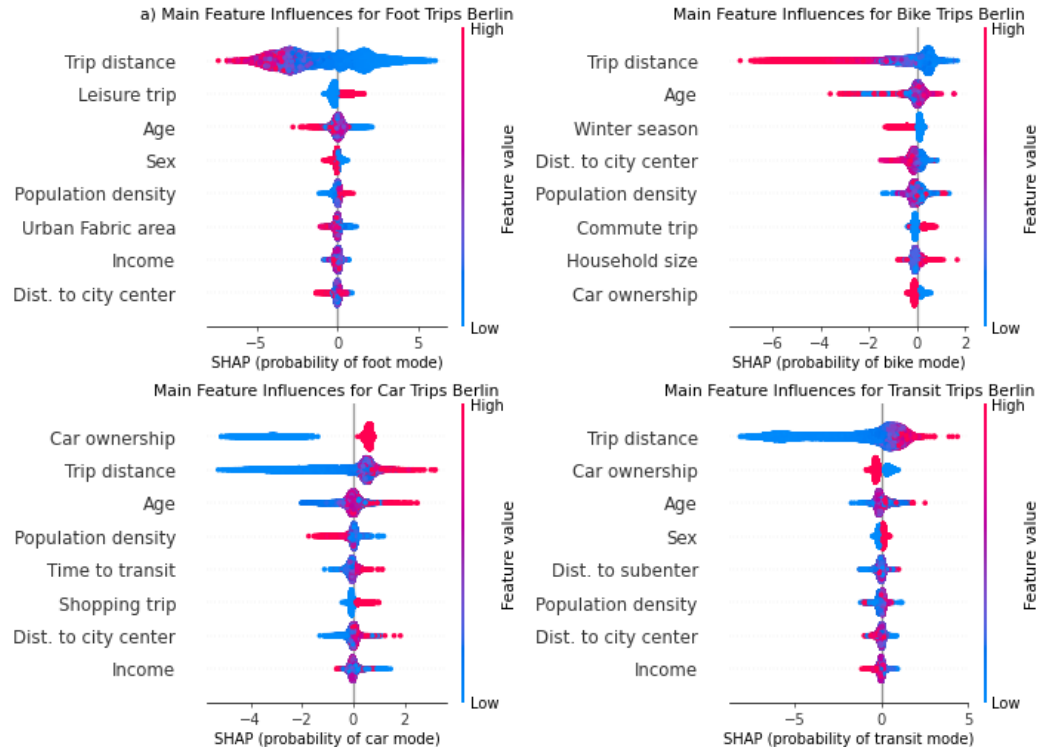
Car travel and mode share vs Distance to Center



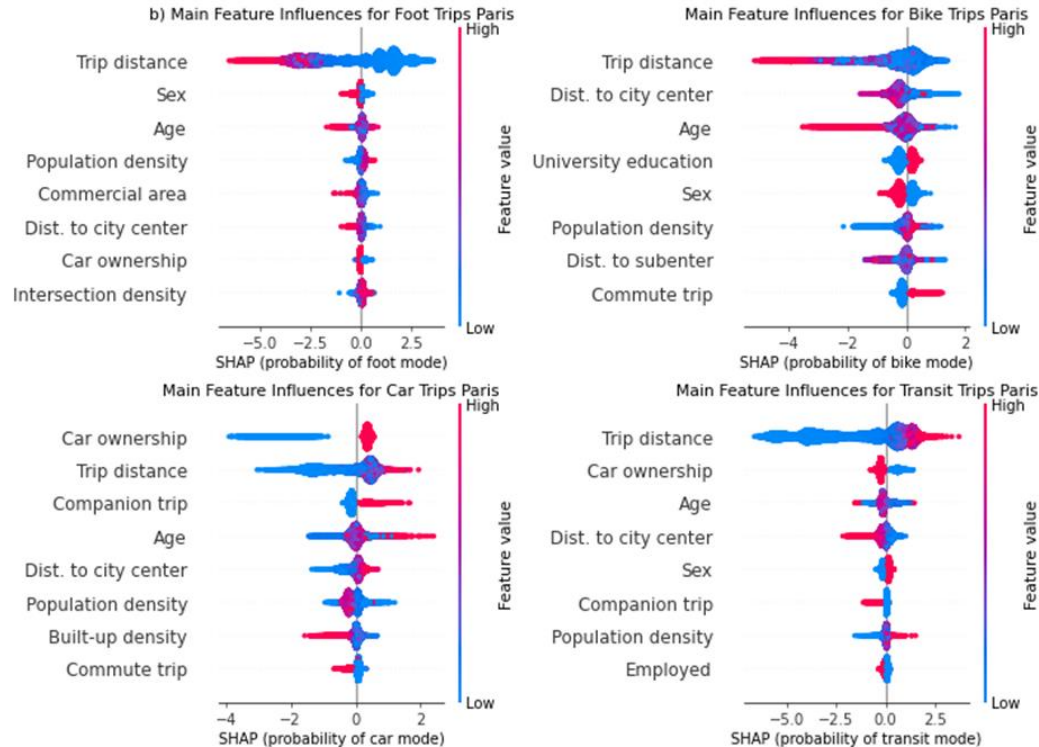
Trip Mode by Distance – selected cities



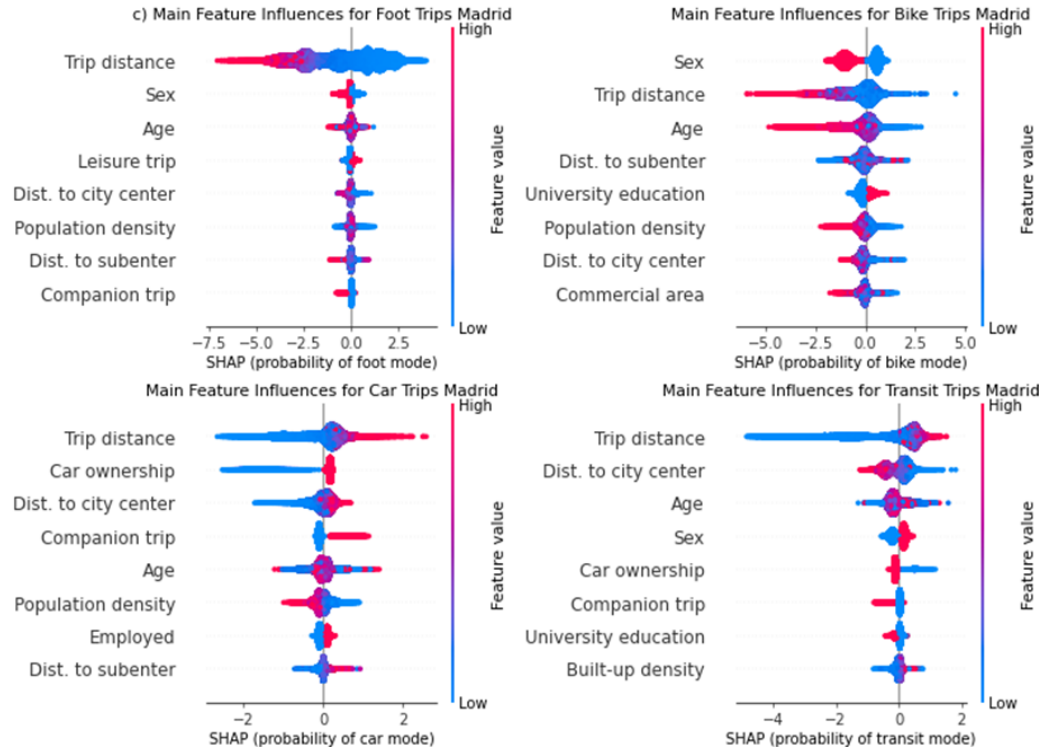
Feature influences for mode choice, Berlin



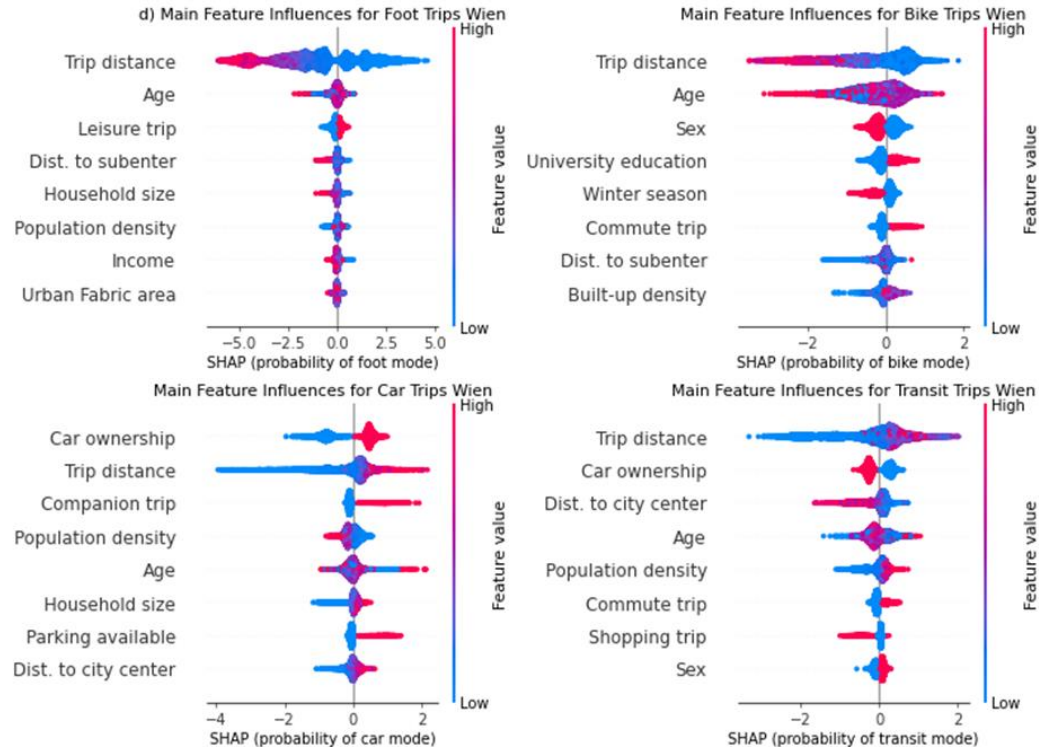
Feature influences for mode choice, Paris



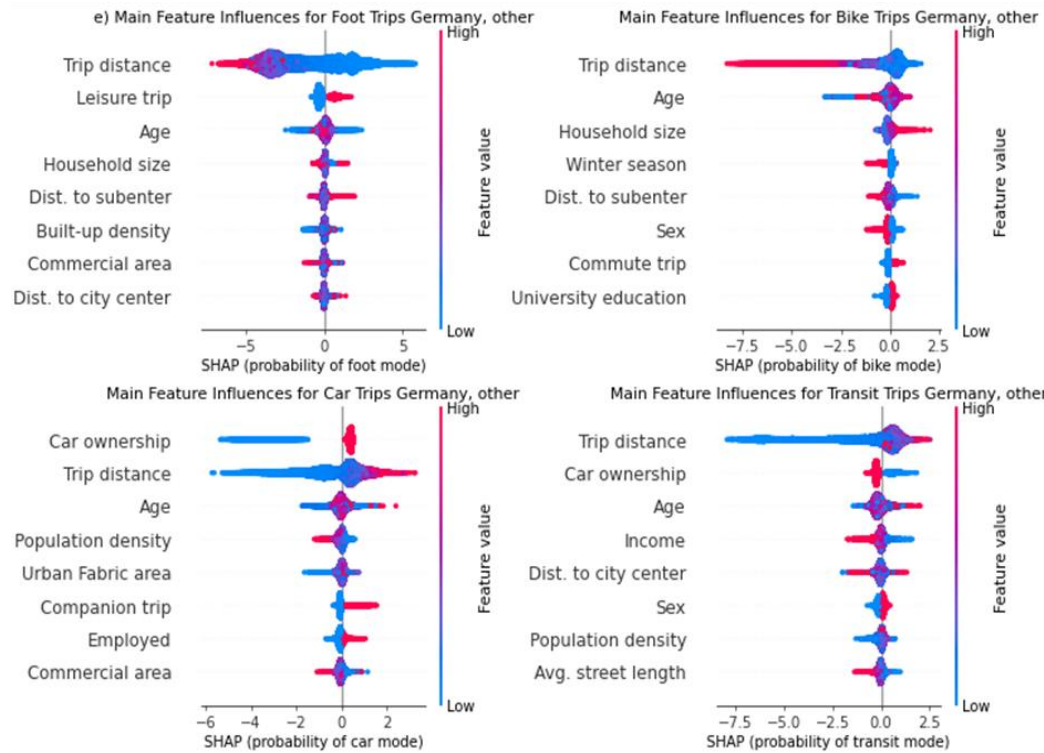
Feature influences for mode choice, Madrid



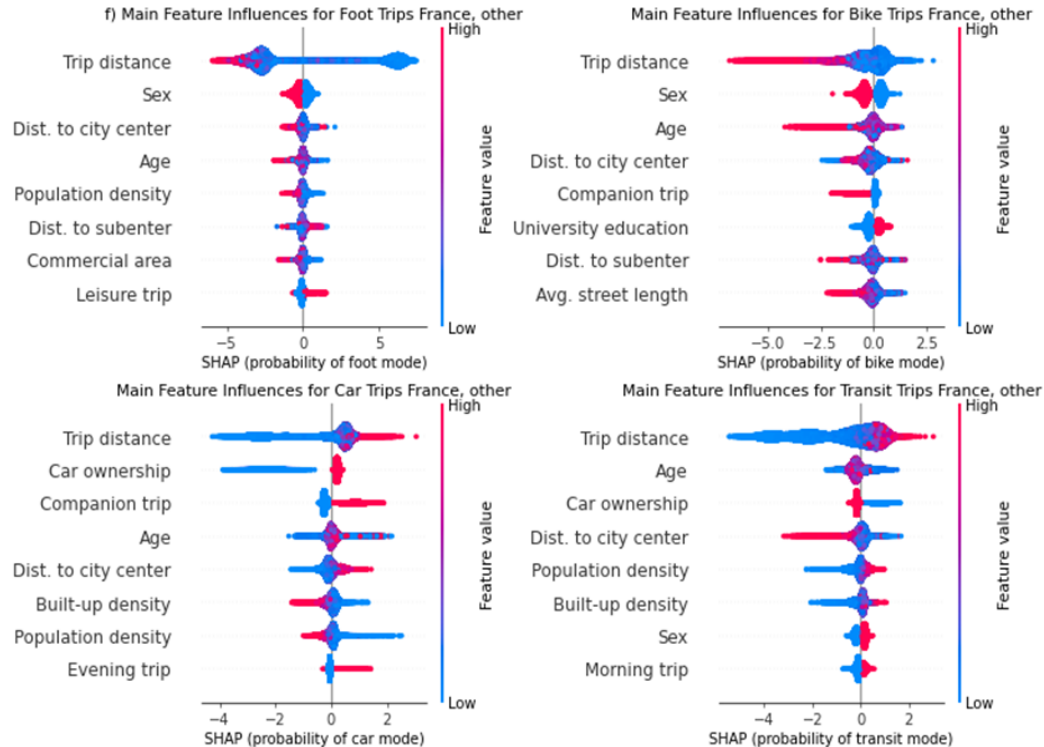
Feature influences for mode choice, Wien



Feature influences for mode choice, other Germany



Feature influences for mode choice, other France



Network diagram of variable groups

