```
Lab #: 7
Course: EEL4768C
Due date: March 25th, Spring 2019
Below is lab7.c source code:
/* Author: Peter A. Dranishnikov
* Lab #: 7
 * Course: EEL4768C
 * Due date: March 25th, Spring 2019
 * /
// These include headers refer to files supplied with the Keil
uVision installation
#include "stm32f2xx hal.h" // when using HAL for control of HW
config/interface
#include "Board GLCD.h"
                         // functions for GLCD
to GLCD functions
// These include headers are supplied by the professor (earlier
less-integrated files from Keil)
// that will temporarily allow easier access to some board
peripherals
#include "serial.h" // RS-232 driver
#include "I2C.h"
                  // required for communication with the
joystick hardware
#include "JOY.h"
                      // the joystick driver the Keil board
extern GLCD FONT GLCD Font 16x24; // Used by GLCD SetFont,
references the 16 pixel wide by 24 pixels tall font
// We humans don't care what the numbers are, so let C's "enum"
statement determine it - also helps
// with warnings when compiling
```

```
Author: Peter A. Dranishnikov
Lab #: 7
Course: EEL4768C
Due date: March 25<sup>th</sup>, Spring 2019
enum STATE {GEAR 0, GEAR 1, GEAR 2, GEAR 3, GEAR 4, GEAR 5,
GEAR 6};
enum STATE state = GEAR 0;  // sets initial state
void fsm reaction(bool, bool);
int main(void)
{
     SystemCoreClockUpdate(); // Makes sure that the variable
tracking the cycles/second (declared in
     // system stm32f2xx.h) is consistent with the initialized
clock rate - i.e. always call this first
     JOY Init();
     SER Init(115200); // 115200 baud (8 data bits, 1 stop
bits, no flow control is hard-coded))
     HAL_Init();
                              // Uses provided functions/config
values to setup the HAL, also enables the SysTick Interrupt.
     GLCD Initialize();
     GLCD SetBackgroundColor(GLCD COLOR PURPLE);
     GLCD ClearScreen();
     GLCD SetFont (&GLCD Font 16x24);
     // configures and enables the interrupt for the USART 3
serial port.
     USART3->CR1 |= USART CR1 RXNEIE;
```

```
Author: Peter A. Dranishnikov
Lab #: 7
Course: EEL4768C
Due date: March 25<sup>th</sup>, Spring 2019
     NVIC \rightarrow ISER[USART3 IRQn/32] = (1UL << (USART3 IRQn%32));
     NVIC \rightarrow IP[USART3 IRQn] = 0x80;
     //set inital state to screen & serial (for user
friendliness)
     fsm reaction(false, false);
     for(;;)
     {
           // infinite loop - background code
     }
}
// The SysTick Handler is configured by the HAL to interrupt
every millisecond.
// One way to create periodic actions is to count the desired
number of interrupts.
// The example below generates two periodic actions.
void SysTick Handler(void)
{
     //const uint32 t PERIOD IN MSEC1 = 1000;
     //const uint32 t PERIOD IN MSEC2 = 5000;
     static int32 t joystick;
     int32 t newjoystick;
```

```
Lab #: 7
Course: EEL4768C
Due date: March 25<sup>th</sup>, Spring 2019
     //static uint32 t text = 'A';
     //static uint32 t count1 = 0, count2 = 0;
     HAL IncTick(); // This increments the internal clock of the
micro- THIS *MUST* be in the SysTick Handler!!!
     // periodic process 1 - prints a character to the upper
left of the LCD display on the board
     /*
     count1++;
     if (count1 >= PERIOD IN MSEC1)
     {
          count1 = 0;
          GLCD DrawChar(0,0,text);
          text++;
          if (text > 'Z') text = 'A';
     }
     // periodic process 2 - triggers a reaction based on the
tick input
     // A tick is generated periodically and by manually
pressing the joystick (sometimes useful for debugging)
     count2++;
     if (count2 >= PERIOD IN MSEC2)
     {
          count2 = 0;
          fsm reaction(true, false);
     }
```

```
Author: Peter A. Dranishnikov
Lab #: 7
Course: EEL4768C
Due date: March 25<sup>th</sup>, Spring 2019
     */
     newjoystick = JOY GetKeys();
     if (joystick != newjoystick && joystick == JOY UP)
     {
           fsm reaction(true, false);
     }
     else if (joystick != newjoystick && joystick == JOY DOWN)
     {
           fsm reaction(false, true);
     }
     else;
     joystick = newjoystick;
}
void fsm reaction(bool up, bool down)
{
     /*
     Lab Spec:
     Alter the program to implement the finite state machine
[image].
```

The upshift input (up) to the FSM must come from receiving a 'U' or 'u' on the serial port, or detecting that the joystick was pressed downward relative to the screen.

The downshift input (dn) to the FSM must come from receiving a 'D' or 'd' on the serial port, or detecting that the joystick was pressed upward relative to the screen.

```
Lab #: 7
Course: EEL4768C
Due date: March 25<sup>th</sup>, Spring 2019
     The output gear must write the corresponding character to
both the middle of the graphic LCD screen and to the serial
port.
     Inputs: up, dn : pure
     Output: gear : character
     * /
     switch (state)
     {
          //NOTE: for readability purposes, all transitions
(including same state) are mapped as if statements
          case GEAR 0:
               if (up && !down) // check guard on transition
arrow.
                {
                     SER PutChar('1'); // generate output
                     GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'1');
                                              // Perform action
if an extended FSM
                     state = GEAR_1;  // set new state
               }
               else if (up && down)
                {
                     SER PutChar('0');
                     GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'0');
                     state = GEAR 0;
                }
               else if (!up && down)
```

```
Author: Peter A. Dranishnikov
Lab #: 7
Course: EEL4768C
Due date: March 25<sup>th</sup>, Spring 2019
                      SER PutChar('0');
                      GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'0');
                      state = GEAR 0;
                 }
                 else
                 {
                      SER PutChar('0');
                      GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'0');
                 }
                 break;
           case GEAR 1:
                 if (up && !down)
                 {
                      SER PutChar('2');
                      GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'2');
                      state = GEAR 2;
                 }
                 else if (up && down)
                 {
                      SER PutChar('1');
                      GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'1');
                      state = GEAR 1;
                 }
                 else if (!up && down)
                 {
                      SER PutChar('0');
```

Author: Peter A. Dranishnikov Lab #: 7 Course: EEL4768C Due date: March 25th, Spring 2019 GLCD_DrawChar(0,0,'0'); state = GEAR 0; } else; break; case GEAR 2: if (up && !down) { SER PutChar('3'); GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'3');state = GEAR 3; } else if (up && down) { SER PutChar('2'); GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'2'); state = GEAR 2; } else if (!up && down) { SER PutChar('1'); GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'1'); state = GEAR 1;

}

else;

break;

```
Author: Peter A. Dranishnikov
Lab #: 7
Course: EEL4768C
Due date: March 25<sup>th</sup>, Spring 2019
           case GEAR 3:
                 if (up && !down)
                 {
                      SER PutChar('4');
                      GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'4');
                      state = GEAR 4;
                 }
                 else if (up && down)
                 {
                      SER PutChar('3');
                      GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'3');
                      state = GEAR 3;
                 }
                 else if (!up && down)
                 {
                      SER PutChar('2');
                      GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'2');
                      state = GEAR 2;
                 }
                 else;
                 break;
           case GEAR 4:
                 if (up && !down)
                 {
                      SER PutChar('5');
                      GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'5');
```

Lab #: 7

Course: EEL4768C

Due date: March 25th, Spring 2019

```
state = GEAR 5;
     }
     else if (up && down)
     {
          SER PutChar('4');
          GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'4');
          state = GEAR 4;
     }
     else if (!up && down)
     {
          SER PutChar('3');
          GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'3');
         state = GEAR 3;
     }
     else;
     break;
case GEAR 5:
     if (up && !down)
     {
          SER PutChar('6');
          GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'6');
          state = GEAR 6;
     }
     else if (up && down)
     {
```

Author: Peter A. Dranishnikov Lab #: 7 Course: EEL4768C Due date: March 25th, Spring 2019 SER PutChar('5'); GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'5'); state = GEAR 5; } else if (!up && down) { SER PutChar('4'); GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'4'); state = GEAR 4;} else; break; case GEAR 6: if (up && !down) { SER PutChar('6'); GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'6'); state = GEAR 6; } else if (up && down) { SER PutChar('6');

GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'6');

state = GEAR 6;

}

```
Author: Peter A. Dranishnikov
Lab #: 7
Course: EEL4768C
Due date: March 25<sup>th</sup>, Spring 2019
                else if (!up && down)
                {
                      SER PutChar('5');
                     GLCD DrawChar(0,0,'5');
                     state = GEAR 5;
                }
                else;
                break;
           default:
                for(;;){} // infinite loop to catch incorrect
execution
     }
}
// Interrupt service routine for the serial port. It is
triggered upon receiving any character
void USART3 IRQHandler(void)
{
           int32 t treceiveChar;
           treceiveChar = SER GetChar();
           if (treceiveChar == 'd' || treceiveChar == 'D')
           {
                fsm reaction(false, true);
           }
           else if(treceiveChar == 'u' || treceiveChar == 'U')
```

```
Author: Peter A. Dranishnikov
Lab #: 7
Course: EEL4768C
Due date: March 25<sup>th</sup>, Spring 2019
{

fsm_reaction(true, false);
}
else;
}
```