

## Underdamped Response 3

### Parallel RLC Underdamped Natural Response

$$v(t) = B_1 e^{-\alpha t} \cos(\omega_d t) + B_2 e^{-\alpha t} \sin(\omega_d t)$$

⊛ To determine  $B_1$  &  $B_2$ , we use the initial conditions for the circuit.

$$\textcircled{1} v(0^+) = B_1 \cancel{e^{-\alpha(0)}} \cos(\omega_d \cancel{(0)}) + B_2 \cancel{e^{-\alpha(0)}} \sin(\omega_d \cancel{(0)})$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{v(0^+) = B_1}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{dv(0^+)}{dt} = B_1 \left[ \cancel{e^{-\alpha t}} (-\omega_d \sin(\omega_d t)) + \cos(\omega_d t) (-\alpha) \cancel{e^{-\alpha t}} \right] \\ + B_2 \left[ \cancel{e^{-\alpha t}} (\omega_d \cos(\omega_d t)) + \sin(\omega_d t) (-\alpha) \cancel{e^{-\alpha t}} \right]$$

⊛ Using the product & chain rule;

$$\Rightarrow (\cos(ax))' = -a \sin(ax)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\sin(ax))' = a \cos(ax)$$

$$\Rightarrow (x \cdot y)' = x' y + y' x$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dv(0^+)}{dt} = B_1 \left[ \cancel{e^{(0)}} (-\omega_d \cancel{\sin(0)}) + \cos(0) (-\alpha) \cancel{e^{(0)}} \right] \\ + B_2 \left[ \cancel{e^{(0)}} (\omega_d \cancel{\cos(0)}) + \cancel{\sin(0)} (-\alpha) \cancel{e^{(0)}} \right] = \boxed{-\alpha B_1 + \omega_d B_2}$$