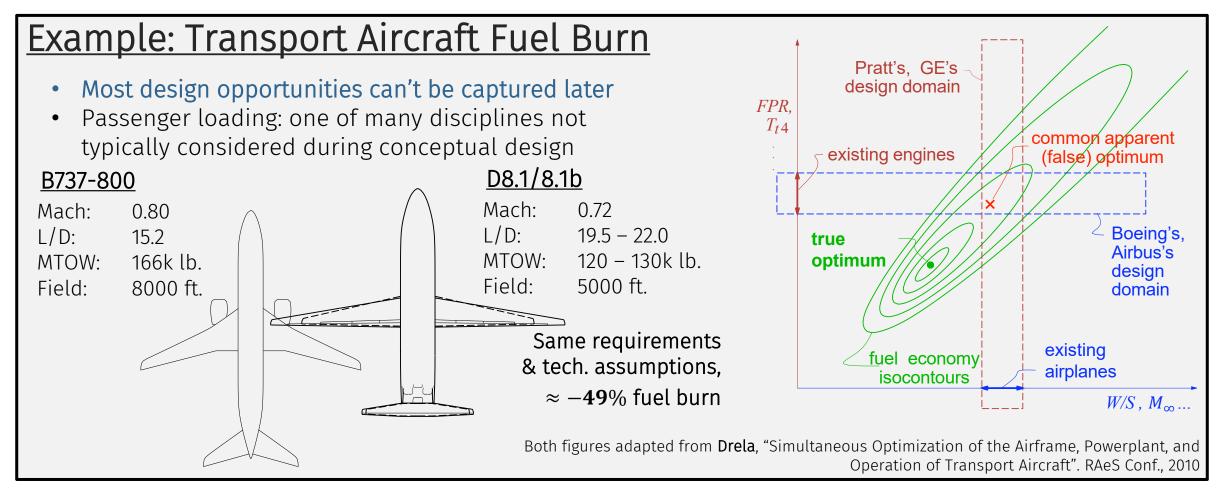
Reason 1: >80% of the performance of the final design is determined by early-stage design decisions



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Example: eVTOL Noise

- Most design regrets can't be fixed later
- Noise: one of many disciplines not typically considered during conceptual design

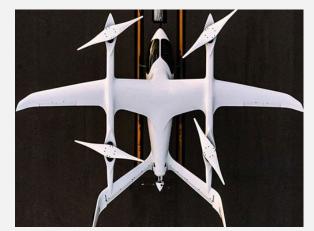
On Joby's conceptual design:
"The very next design principle,
behind safety, was noise."

-Joby Aviation [1]

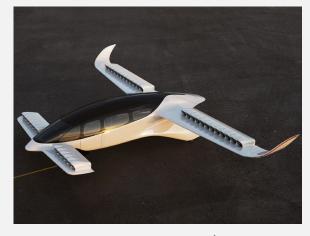
Joby Aviation S4



BETA Alia-250



Lilium Jet



More noise

All images reproduced from their respective manufacturers

Less noise

Reason 2: These days, new technologies are enabling more early-stage aircraft design space exploration than ever before

Example: Drones / UAVs

- Able to take more risks with exotic designs:
 - Shorter design cycles, lower cost
 - Minimal certification and safety risks
- New trade spaces to explore
 - Packaging/folding every mm³ counts!
 - Autonomy & computing SWaP
 - Payload miniaturization
 - New missions: dull, dirty, and dangerous
 - Attritable design and cost optimization
 - Physics: scaling laws
 - Square-cube
 - Reynolds numbers



MIT Firefly (Mach 0.8, rocketpropelled micro-UAV)



Transonic DP
545 mph dynamic-soaring glider
100 G sustained turn capability
(Photo: Spencer Lisenby)



MIT Perdix (Air-launched ALE-55-class ISR UAV)



Black Hornet Nano 18-gram ISR helicopter (Photo: Richard Watt/MOD)

Reason 2: These days, new technologies are enabling more early-stage aircraft design space exploration than ever before

Example: Urban Air Mobility / eVTOLs

- After a decade, still no clear consensus on the "right" way to use electric propulsion.
- Electric propulsion is fundamentally different:

| | Conventional | Electric |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Energy Storage | Kerosene | Batteries |
| Energy Transmission | Combustion engines | Electric motors |



Reason 3: The true value of conceptual MDO isn't only in answering questions ("the point design") – it's in determining which questions we should be asking

Requirements Feedback

- Which requirements are driving, and which are unimportant?
- How should we negotiate requirements?
 - Where can we give margin, and where do we need margin?

Market Identification & Competitive Analysis

- Given our technologies and capabilities, which customers should we be pitching to?
- Where are the market gaps in competitor offerings?

Risk Reduction

- How much margin do we have to various constraints?
- Which key model assumptions are we sensitive to?
- What's the most costeffective way to reduce uncertainty in our ability to deliver?