COMP4 Coursework

Analysis

Introduction

Client Identification

My client is St. Andrew's Street Baptist Church, the administration consists of a team of up to five people of various ages with little experience with computers apart from performing basic tasks such as word processing and using simple spreadsheets. Currently the church has a simple file sharing between a small network of 5 computers, these computers include Apple and Windows computers.

All of the members of the administrative team at St. Andrew's Street Baptist are required to attend various meetings and complete certain tasks, all of which have potential to be confidential. The team provides pastoral care and other supportive services to people all across Cambridgeshire and sometimes further. Being a large city centre church, the membership and the composition of the administrative team is subject to change on a regular basis.

The Church has expressed a desire to use a computer system to organise, centralise and control all of the data involved in operating the Church. With the proposed system, the admin team would like to be able to keep a record of all of their meetings and tasks as well as keep track of the quantities of a few finite resources used in the offices.

Define the Current System

The current system in place is a manual paper based system which involves each member of the administrative team writing down details of meetings, appointments and tasks and recording it in a personal dairy and/or planner. This information includes: a title for that meeting, appointment or task, who else is meant to attend, the location of the meeting or appointment and the date & time at which this meeting will take place.

If a meeting involves more than one person (as most meetings do!) then the team relies on either verbal or email communication of the key pieces of information for that meeting, the person receiving the request for meeting then replies to that email to confirm or deny their attendance to the meeting, if the accept the meeting, they then add a copy of the information to their planner, if not they archive the email and take no further action.

There is also a central list of the resources available to the office staff which is updated on a regular basis with the new amounts of the various resources. All members of the administrative team have access to this list, and there is shared responsibility of who goes to purchase additional resources if the current stock is depleted.

Describe the Problems

The current system should work well, in theory, however there have been many occasions when a meeting has been missed because an email failed to send or the organiser forgot to tell them. Often the office has ran out of a particular resource because nobody updated the list or nobody saw that they were running out. Each person has a separate copy of each meeting that they are due to attend which could (and often does) lead to inconsistencies in the information that each person has, also the duplication of the data requires a large amount of physical space. The Church also plans to move it's offices so having a large amount of data increases the risk of data being lost or damaged during the move. Furthermore, the data is not stored in a secure location, it is either left in an office which is not always locked during the day, while the Church is open to the public or it is with it's owner who is liable to drop/forget/lose it which means the data is not secure.

Insert the questionnaire here.

Investigation

The current system

Data sources and Destinations

In the current system, there is a definite flow of data between the different people working in the office, each person is both a source and destination of data. When a person creates a meeting they will write it in their own personal diary, and then they will either email or speak the information about that meeting to whoever they are requesting to attend. The person who is being asked to attend sends information accepting or rejecting the request of attendance back to the person who 'owns' the meeting.

Source	Data	Example Data	Destination
Meeting Owner	location, meeting date &	Coffee with Steve; Ian's Coffee House; Tuesday 13 th October 10:15am; with Steve, Joel and Sabrina	Meeting Attendees
Meeting Attendee	Meeting title, Confirm Attendance?	Coffee with Steve, Attending	Meeting Owner
Task Owner	Task title and a brief description of the task	Refile the copier paper; Make sure you use the yellow paper for this week's service sheets.	
Team member	Resource name, resource quantity, resource cost etc	Teabags, 50, 4.30	The resources book
Resources book	Resource name, enough of this resource available?		Any member of staff

Algorithms

In the current system, there are a few basic algorithms used. The first of which is for checking if a meeting will have all of the requested people in attendance.

```
AllAgreed ← True
Attendees ← [A list of attendees]

FOR index ← 1 TO length(Attendees) DO

IF(Attendees[index] = False) THEN

AllAgreed ← False

END IF

END FOR

IF(AllAgreed = True)THEN

Meeting goes ahead

ELSE

Alert meeting owner that not everyone has responded END IF
```

Another algorithm used has the purpose of checking if someone has completed a task they set themselves, this also ensures that time is not wasted between tasks.

```
TaskComplete ← False
WHILE TaskComplete = False DO
       IF Busy = False THEN
             CompleteTheTask()
       END IF
END WHILE
The third, and final algorithm used by the team is to check if there are any resources that need replenishing.
ResourceInNeed ← EmptyList()
Resources ← [A list of resources & their quantities]
FOR index ← 1 TO length(Resources) DO
       IF Resources[index][RequiredAmount] < Resources[index][CurrentAmount] THEN
             ResourcesInNeed.append(Resource[index])
       END IF
END FOR
FOR index ← 1 TO length(ResourcesInNeed) DO
       OUTPUT ResoucesInNeed[index]
END FOR
```

Data Flow Diagrams

Key:

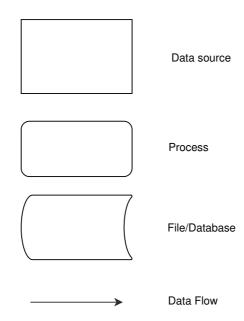


Diagram for the meetings subsystem:

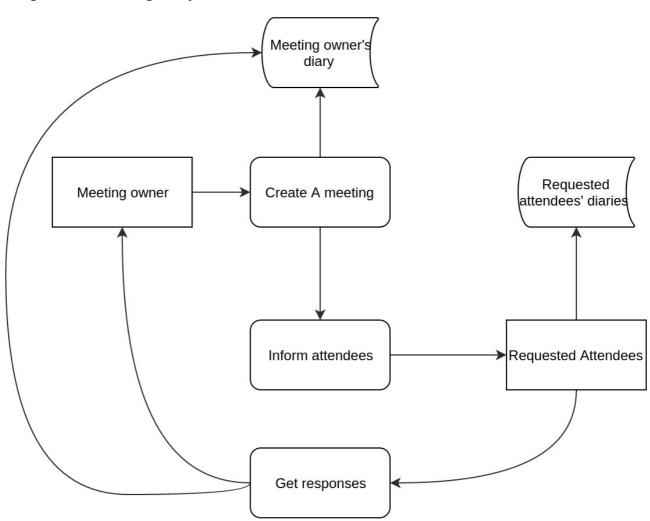


Diagram for the tasks subsystem:

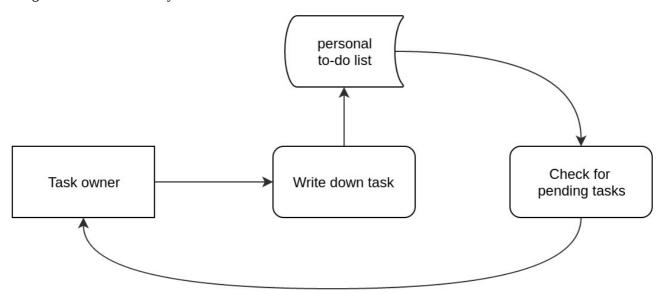
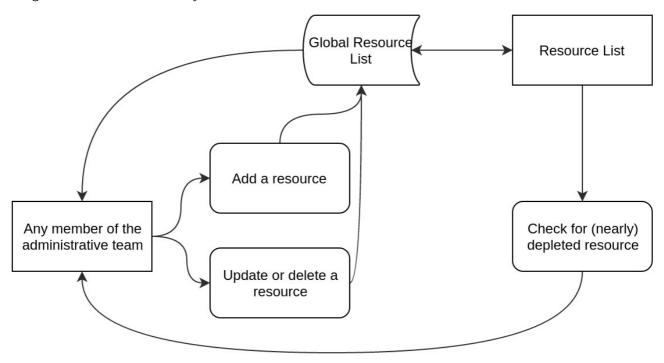


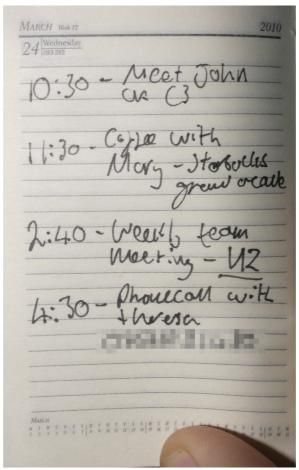
Diagram for the resources subsystem:



Input Forms, Output forms and Report Formats

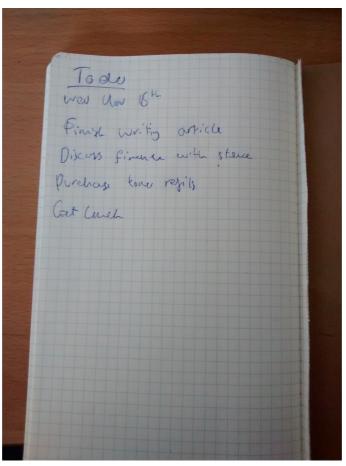
The current system has three input forms – The team member's personal diaries, the general format used for making notes of tasks and the record book containing the list of resources. The current system has similar output forms, for meetings, often the members of the team give each other photocopied pages from their diaries and for tasks the output form is identical to the input form.

Below is a copy of an old (but still using the same system of notation) diary from one of the supporting staff at the Church, this is both an input and an output form. It contains a list of the day's appointments, with their date & time, a brief subject line and the location of the meeting, as well as any other attendees. Unfortunately

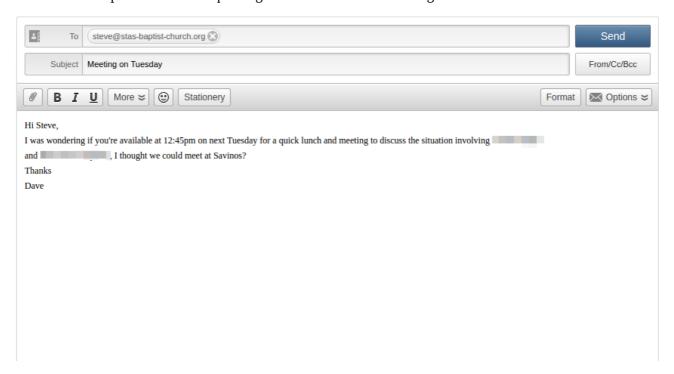


the latest record I was able to obtain was from 2010 as often the contents of the diaries are strictly confidential because the Church is responsible for caring for many vulnerable people – hence some of the information has been omitted.

Below is an example of a list of tasks from one of the office staff's notebook, it contains a list of tasks that they need to get done that day. The team also uses Post-It notes, record cards or digital reminders on their phones as alternatives to having a list of to-dos.



Here is an example of an email requesting someone to attend a meeting:



Note that the message is concise and to the point, the staff team deals with hundreds of emails per week and none of them have time to read through a detailed explanation for each meeting they're going to attend.

The proposed System

Data sources and destinations

In the proposed system, the users will input the information for their meetings, tasks and resources into various forms.

Source	Data	Data Type	Destination
Meeting Owner	Meeting Date & Time	String	Database – Meetings
	Meeting Title		
	Brief meeting description		
	Location		
	Requested Attendees – UserID	Integers	
Database - Meetings	Meeting Title	String	Requested Attendee
	Meeting Date & Time		
	Brief description of meeting		
	Location of meeting		
	(Other) requested attendees	Integers	
Requested Attendee	MeetingID	Integer	Database - Meetings
	Confirm Attendance?	Boolean	
Database – Meetings	MeetingID	Integer	Meeting Owner
	Confirm Attendance?	Boolean	
Task owner	Task Title	String	Database – Tasks
	Task Description		
Database – Tasks	Task Title	Ta	Task Owner
	Task Description		
Member of staff	Resource Title		Database – Resources
	Resource Cost	Integer	
	Resource Current Quantity	Integer	
	Resource Required Quantity		
Database – Resources	Resource Title	String	Member of Staff

Source	Data	Data Type	Destination
	Resource Cost	Integer	
	Resource Quantity		
	Resource Required?	Boolean	
		Boolean	

Data Flow Diagrams

{do these later}

Data Dictionary

Volumetrics

There are 5 members of the staff team which will have between 2 and 5 meetings per day, which means in one month, the system will have up to 750 meetings, each of which will require up to 1815 Bytes, which will total at 1.3MiB per month for the meetings system. However, the number of people who will be involved in meetings will be subject to change on a weekly basis, it could easily double, triple or more which means that this part of the database could use up to 5MiB per month and up to 60MiB per year. The user's table will contain a record of each user who has meetings, which totals at 798 Bytes per person. In a large city centre Church, there are approximately 250 congregates, of which 50 will be involved with meetings, which means the user's database will require at minimum, 39KiB. However this number is subject to change and could easily double in the space of a year, but because of the data protection act, some means of ensuring the data does not expire would mean that as, or shortly after new users are added, the old users are removed so the size of the table will only fluctuate by \$\pm\$10KiB, so to ensure there's always enough space, this table will be allocated 60KiB. The tasks table, which is effectively a record of each user's to-do list, will contain records for between 5 and 10 users each with up to and estimated 15 items per day. Each item is 5170 Bytes, which means every day, each user will generate up to 76Kib, with up to 10 users totalling at 760Kib, so in a month the database will contain up to 22.8Mib. However, the nature of the tasks means that they will expire after a certain amount of time, which will limit the size of the database. If the expiry period of each task is set to one year, this table will not exceed 273.6MiB. The resources table will contain a record of all of the things the Church regularly buys, including cleaning supplies, food, drinks, cafe supplies. The church has several areas which require resources, some of which require more than others. If in total, the Church, buys 300 consumable products, each record will require 271 Bytes, with 300 items, the table will require 80KiB, however there is potential for new items to be added on a regular basis, so this table could easily grow to 100KiB.

The total database requirements are 334MiB, for a year's worth of data. The program itself, the PyQt Library and Python will require about 130Mib, which means the total estimated size of the system will be 464MiB.

Objectives:

General Objectives:

- A simple and clear layout structure for viewing recorded meetings.
- A simple and clear layout for adding new meetings.
- A simple and clear layout for adding and viewing a to-do list of tasks.
- A clear and effective way of monitoring stock levels of various resources.
- A way to edit the user information

Specific Objectives

- Viewing meetings:
 - A clear and consistent structure used for displaying meeting objects.
 - Minimal controls to ensure accessibility and to reduce the necessity for training.
 - Only essential information shown.
- Adding meetings:
 - An input structure that follows a pattern similar to how the meetings are displayed.
 - Easy selection of attendees from a pool of available users.
 - Validation of the user's input.
- Adding and Viewing To-Dos:
 - A clear, prioritized list of tasks
 - The option to mark tasks as "Done"
- Viewing and editing resources:
 - An ordered table of information for all the recorded resources.
 - The ability to add additional resources at any time
 - The ability to update the quantity of resources available.
 - A way to quickly view a list of resources that are below the required level.
- Editing user information
 - A way to change the user's password

Core Objectives

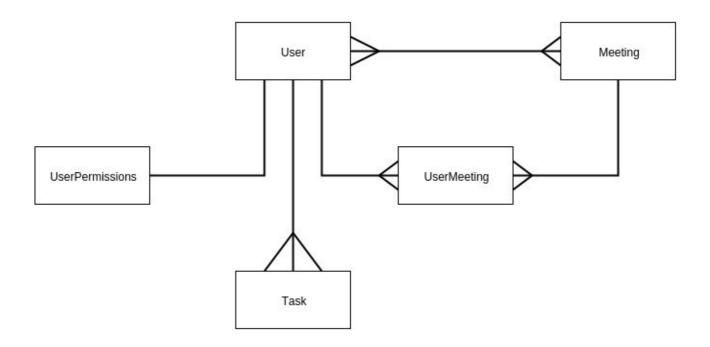
• Meetings viewing/adding

- Tasks viewing/adding
- Monitoring Resources

Other Objectives

Editing user data

E-R Diagrams & Descriptions



Entity Descriptions:

User(<u>UserID</u>, Username, UserFirstname, UserLastname, UserPasswordHash, Permissions)

Meeting(MeetingID, MeetingOwner, MeetingTitle, MeetingDateTime, MeetingPlace)

MeetingAttendee(UserID, MeetingID, UserMeetingConfirmation)

Task(TaskID, TaskTitle, TaskDescription, TaskOwner, TaskExpiry, Priority)

Resource(ResourceID, ResourceName, ResourceCost, ResourceQuantity, ResourceRequiredQuantity)

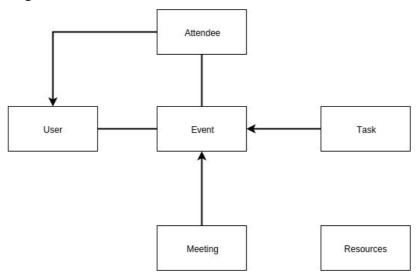
Object Analysis

Object Listing

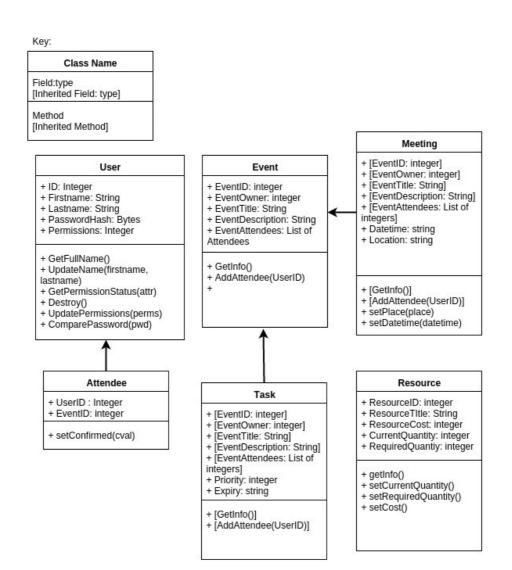
- Meeting
- Task
- User

Resources

Relationship Diagrams



Class Definitions



Other Abstractions

Constraints

Hardware

The Church currently uses a variety of low-spec PCs and Apple iMacs, the proposed system does not require and particularly high performance hardware to execute it's various tasks, however it does have some dependencies which might not be present on older computers.

The lowest specification compute that is still used in the Church has these specifications:

- 15" 4:3 Display
- Intel® Pentium 2.13GHz (Mid 2009)
- 2Gib DDR2 Ram
- 100MBit NIC
- 60GB Hard Disk Drive
- Integrated Graphics

The proposed system will not require computational resources beyond this computer. Maybe when the database gets large, the users may notice a slight delay in the computer accessing the database, but the effects should be negligible.

The staff team uses a variety of Laptops and Desktops all connected to a central server which shares some files and resources between the different computers, the database file for the proposed system is going to be stored on this server so the users will have to be connected to the Church's local network for the proposed system to work.

Software

Some of the users of the system are not trained to use computers and may be disorientated by radical changes to a computer system such as changing the operating system, however Python, and the PyQt library that the proposed system will be using are cross platform and will work on Windows, Mac and Linux.

Time

The only deadline for this software is the January 2016 deadline set by my teacher. There is no rush as far as the Church is concerned.

User Knowledge

None of the members of the staff team have qualifications in ICT or computing related subjects and there is no corporate scheme to train the staff team. Beyond basic word processing and dealing with emails, the staff team has little or no knowledge of computers which is why it's essential for the software to be as familiar and logical as possible, as well as being supplied with a full user manual.

Access Restrictions

Each user of the system needs their own section that contains all of their data, which will be password protected.

Due to the sensitive nature of much of the data held within the system, the administration will have to carefully consider how they will comply with the data protection act with the storage of their database file.

Limitations

Areas to be included in future computerisation

An extension to the system could be developed to replace the checkout element of the cafe which would automatically update resources and it would be able to keep financial records and report them to the cafe management on a regular basis, this would completely cut out the time required to input the updates to the sales information at the end of the day, and it would give the management live insights into the operation of the cafe.

Solutions

Alternative Solutions

Solution	Advantages	Disadvantages
Custom set of spreadsheets	Does not require bespoke software	does not store data securely, does not organise data, difficult to share information between people. No support for notifications
"Webapp"	Cloud resource, accessible anywhere from any device, off-site backups & server resources. Support can be issued remotely	Has a regular service charge, a web based application is open to everyone in the world therefore the application must be secure.
Revising the current system	Very low cost, no external contractors required, no need to retrain and/or learn new skills.	All of the current problems will still exist, management of data becomes a manual and laborious task.
Command Line application (CLA)	Quicker and easier to program, most storage and processing efficient solution	Requires significant training and documentation. Most of the users working for the client have little or no computer experience therefore a command line application would be completely foreign to them and would probably scare them away from using it.
Desktop application with GUI	Can be written in Python so all of the core code will be the same as in a CLA, except it will have a GUI to operate those functions. Layout can be easy to use and can include easy to reach help at every point of	GUIs are more time consuming to program than CLAs as the layout of the UI requires significant design process. Also rendering and operating GUI requires more processing than a CLA.

Solution	Advantages	Disadvantages
	entry. Could be used with a touch screen for ease of use.	

I have chosen a python GUI desktop application because:

- The application will meet my client's specific needs in a user friendly way that cannot accidentally be changed, unlike a spreadsheet.
- The digital storage of the user's data will fit on existing hardware.
- All the data contained in the database can be easily backed up and restored.
- The GUI has all of the advanced features of the CLA but they are more easily accessible.
- The python language has a balance programming simplicity and computing versatility that make it perfect applications such as these, when there's a relatively small time frame but the task requires some advanced features.

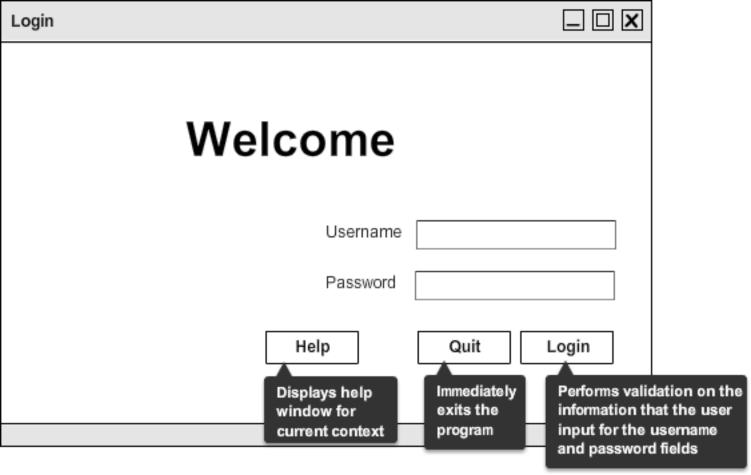
Design

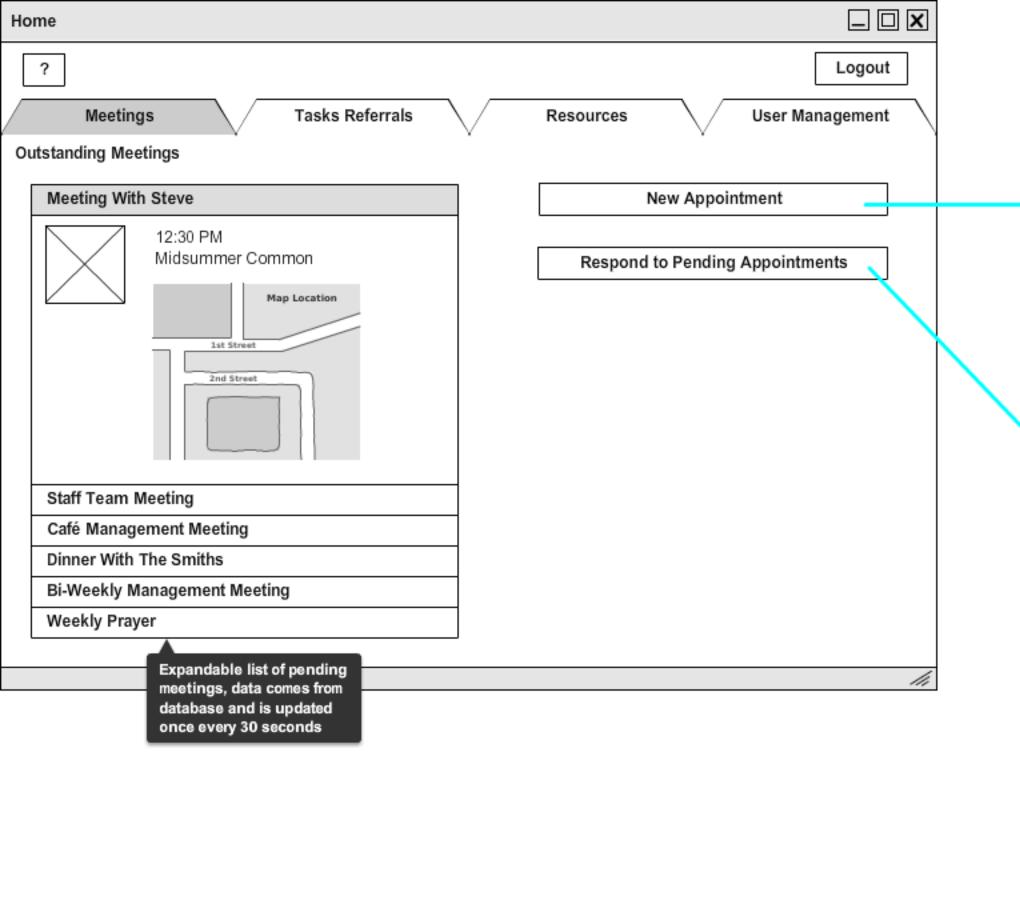
Short Description of the Main Parts of the System

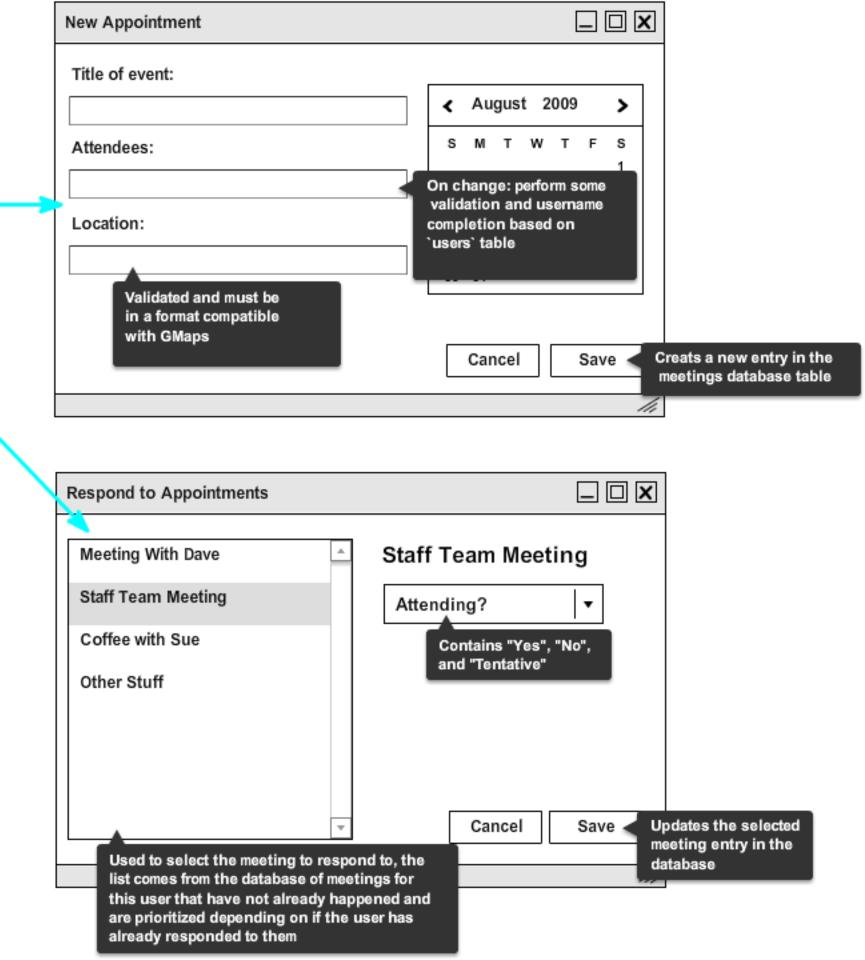
The system contains three main elements: The subsystem for managing meetings, the subsystem for managing referral tickets and the subsystem for managing resources and accounting. The meeting management subsystem will contain a record of all the meetings for each member of the staff team, therefore as part of the global system, there will be a representation of the staff team and anyone who might be involved in any meetings. This subsystem will also be responsible for the reminding the users of their meetings and informing users when they've been invited to a meeting. The next subsystem is the system for managing support and referral tickets, this will automatically pass the ticket on to whoever is on the rota to deal with that ticket at the given time. The tickets will be listed in order of priority, which is set when they're submitted, the priority will increase with time to ensure that nothing is ignored for too long as often the issues that would be reported are very time sensitive. The tickets will be kept securely in an encrypted section of the database, and each individual ticket will only be accessible by people for whom it is relevant to ensure confidentiality and compliance with various laws concerning such information. The third subsystem, designed for managing the material resources within the Church will consist of a record of all of the finite resources that the Church regularly purchases and sells, the subsystem will also keep track of the money throughput. Because many of the people who would operate this system will not be trained nor contractually obliged to give a satisfactory quality of service, the security and access rights components of the system are of paramount importance, not only to prevent breaches in confidentiality but also to ensure that nobody is confused when the interface is more complicated than necessary therefore the system needs to determine which parts of the system are relevant to a particular person and only show them those parts.

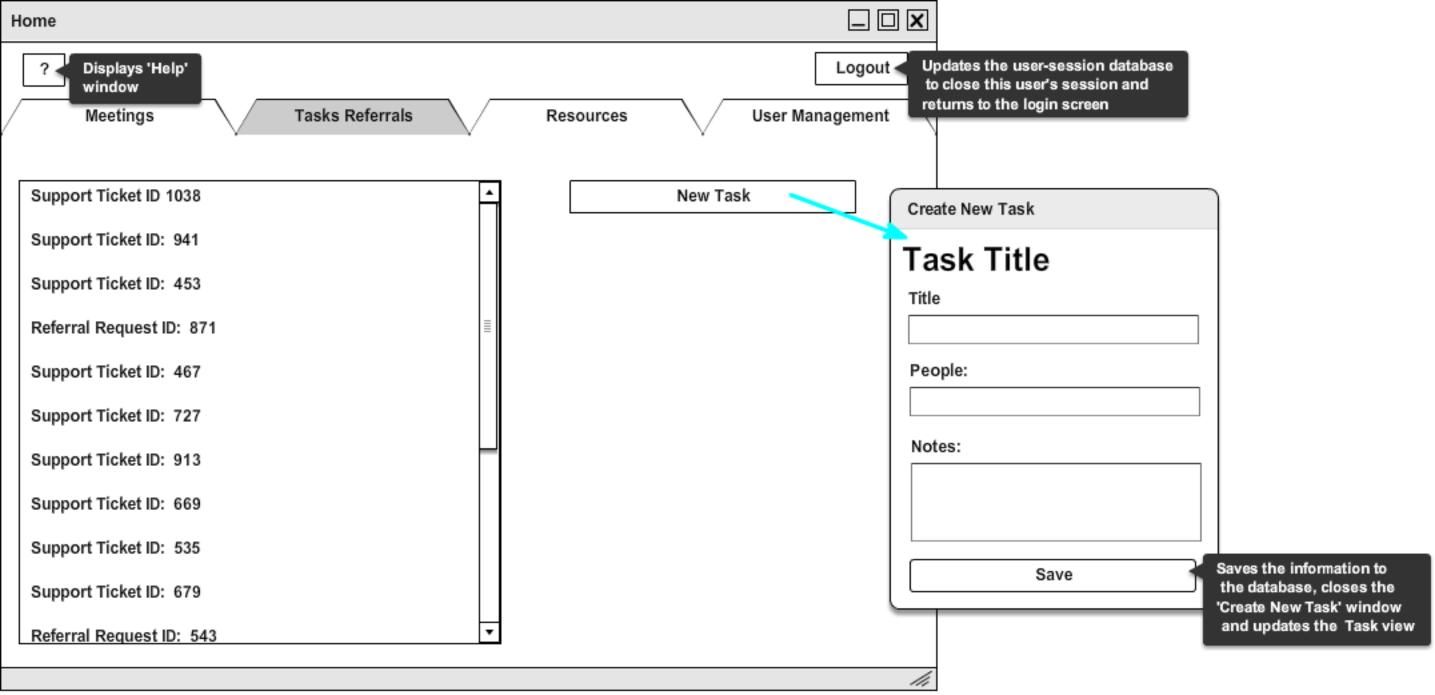
Flowchart showing overview of the entire system

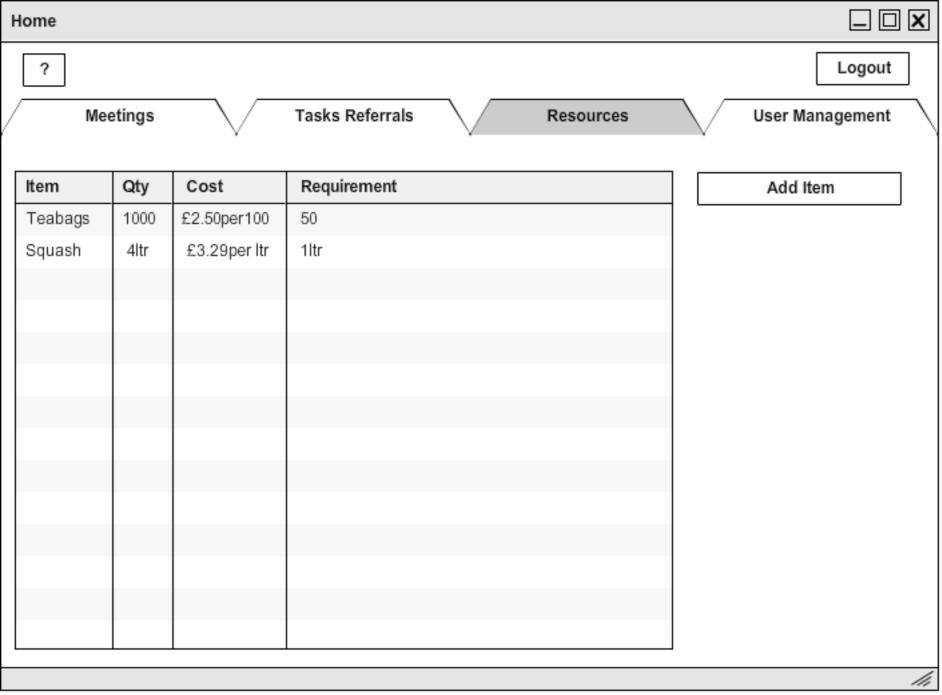
User Interface Design











Code Listing

```
# file - Meetings.py - 49 lines
# Meetings.py - Class definition for use with meetings stuff
from GlobalResources import *
from DatabaseInit import MeetingsInfo, UsersInfo
class Meeting:
    def __init__(self, title="[Blank Meeting]", place="[Nowhere]", attendees=["[Demo Person
1]", "[Demo Person 2]"], when="[Sometime]", meeting id=1):
         #Attendees to be a list of people objects
         self.title = title
         self.place = place
         self.attendees = attendees
         self.when = when
         self.meeting id = meeting id
         self.info = {"Title":title, "Location":place, "Attendees":attendees, "ISOTime":when,
"MeetingID":meeting id}
         self.load meeting from database()
         self. update info()
    def load meeting from database(self, info=None):
         #provide functionality to get an individual meeting from a database.
         if info == None:
              info = self.info
         dbmeeting = MeetingsInfo(info)
         raw info = dbmeeting.get meeting info()
         self.info = {"Title":raw_info[2], "Location":raw_info[4], "ISOTime":raw_info[3],
"MeetingID":raw info[0], "OwnerID":raw info[1]}
    def update info(self):
         self.title = self.info["Title"]
         self.place = self.info["Location"]
         self.attendees = [] # this'll be the entry point for the DB query
         self. get attendees from database()
         self.when = self.info["ISOTime"]
         self.meeting_id = self.info["MeetingID"]
    def _get_attendees from database(self):
         attendees = MeetingsInfo().get meeting attendees(self.meeting id)
         for a in attendees:
```

```
attendee id = a[0]
             # Lookup the username
             username = UsersInfo().get username by uid(attendee id)
             self.attendees.append(username)
# file - setup.py - 30 lines
# This is the setup script which will install the software package into the
# wherever it's meant to be.
import sys, uuid, random, os
import httplib
Dependancies = True
# Check that the user has PyQt installed
try:
    import PyQt4.QtCore
except ImportError:
    print("You do not have the correct version of PyQt installed :(")
    Depedancies = False
    # TODO: Automatically download the PyQt installation file for the
    # detected OS
# Check that the user has access to SOLite
try:
    import sqlite3
except ImportError:
    print("You are unable to use databases because you're a spaz")
    Dependancies = False
# The dependencies checks are done, now for the
if Dependancies:
    pass
# TODO: Implement the PyPacker code to unpack the squashed project code.
# file - NewResourceDialog.py - 27 lines
from DatabaseInit import ResourcesInfo
from PyQt4 import QtCore, QtGui
from GlobalResources import *
class NewResourceDialog(QDialog):
    def __init__(self, user):
        super(). init ()
         self.setWindowTitle("Add a Resource")
         self.layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.title = QLabel("Add a resource")
         self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.title)
         self.name label = QLabel("Resource Name:")
         self.layout.addWidget(self.name label)
```

```
self.name_input = QLineEdit()
         self.layout.addWidget(self.name input)
         self.cost input = QLineEdit()
         self.layout.addWidget(self.cost input)
         self.current quantity = QLineEdit()
         self.layout.addWidget(self.current quantity)
         self.setLayout(self.layout)
# file - NewMeetingDialog.py - 119 lines
# New Meeting Dialog
import re
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from GlobalResources import *
from DatabaseInit import *
from UsernameLookupDialog import *
class NewMeetingDialog(QDialog):
    def init (self, user = None):
        super(). init ()
         self.user = user
         self.main_layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.setWindowTitle("Add New Meeting")
         self.title = QLabel("Add New Meeting")
         self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.title)
         self.meeting_title_label = QLabel("Meeting Title:")
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.meeting title label)
         self.meeting title entry = QLineEdit()
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.meeting title entry)
         self.attendees label = QLabel("Attendees:")
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.attendees label)
         self.attendees_container = QWidget()
         self.attendees layout = QHBoxLayout()
         self.attendees entry = QLineEdit()
         self.attendees layout.addWidget(self.attendees entry)
         # self.attendees entry.textChanged.connect(self. add attendees)
         self.username lookup button = QPushButton("...")
         self.username lookup button.setFixedWidth(30)
         self.username lookup button.clicked.connect(self.show username lookup)
         self.attendees_layout.addWidget(self.username_lookup_button)
```

```
self.attendees container.setLayout(self.attendees layout)
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.attendees container)
    self.attendees info label = QLabel("A list of usernames seperated by semicolons")
    self.attendees info label.setFont(GSmallText)
    self.where label = QLabel("Where")
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.where label)
    self.where entry = QLineEdit()
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.where entry)
    self.when label = QLabel("When")
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.when label)
    self.when entry = QDateTimeEdit()
    self.when entry.setMinimumDate(QDate.currentDate())
    self.when_entry.setMinimumTime(QTime.currentTime())
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.when entry)
    self.button_container_widget = QWidget()
    self.button_container_layout = QHBoxLayout()
    self.save button = QPushButton("Save")
    self.save button.clicked.connect(self.add meeting)
    self.button_container_layout.addWidget(self.save_button)
    self.cancel button = QPushButton("Cancel")
    self.cancel button.clicked.connect(self.close)
    self.button container layout.addWidget(self.cancel button)
    self.button_container_widget.setLayout(self.button_container_layout)
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.button container widget)
    self.setLayout(self.main layout)
def add meeting(self):
    info = {"OwnerID": self.user.id, # This is where to do the username lookup
         "Title":self.meeting title entry.text(),
         "ISOTime":self.when entry.text(),
         "Location":self.where entry.text()
    }
    meeting = MeetingsInfo(info)
    meeting.add meeting()
    if self. add attendees(meeting):
         pass
    self.close()
def _add_attendees(self, meeting):
    valid = True
    raw attendee list = self.attendees entry.text()
    #Parse this into a list of attendees, seperated by eiter semicolons or commas.
    pattern = re.compile("([a-zA-Z]+;?)")
    # Iterate through the list of attendees
    print(pattern.findall(raw attendee list))
```

```
for string in pattern.findall(raw attendee list):
             if string[-1] == ";":
                  string = string[0:-1]
                  attendeeID = UsersInfo().get uid by username(string)
             except IndexError:
                  print("[WARN] Username '{0}' not recognised".format(string))
                  attendeeID = 0
                  valid = False
                  # Show a warning dialog and prevent the form from completing.
             if attendeeID:
                  meeting.add meeting attendee(attendeeID)
         return valid
    def show_username_lookup(self):
         u = UsernameLookup(self)
         #u.show()
         #u.raise ()
         u.exec_()
# file - MainScreenGui DiaryView.py - 143 lines
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from GlobalResources import *
from MeetingWidget import *
from NewMeetingDialog import *
from Meetings import Meeting
from RespondToPendingRequestsDialog import *
from IndicatorBadge import *
class DiaryView(QWidget):
    def __init__(self, user = None):
        super(). init ()
         self.user = user
         print("[INFO] Created MainScreenGuiDiaryView")
        self.main layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.title = QLabel("Upcoming Meetings & Appointments")
         self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
        self.main layout.addWidget(self.title)
         self.middle widget = QWidget()
         self.middle layout = QHBoxLayout()
         # Define the left-side stuff
         self.left side widget = QWidget()
         self.left side layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.meetings widget = QWidget()
```

```
self.meetings layout = QVBoxLayout()
         # Start to do a slightly more indepth meetings code
         # Get meetings from the database
         # Enumerate these meetings
         # have an array of meetingss objects
         # #Get a list of meetings
         # self.meetings list = MeetingsInfo(None).get_meetings_by_owner(user.id)
         # print("{0} Meeting(s) found.".format(len(self.meetings list)))
         # self.meetings widgets = []
         # for m in self.meetings list:
         # self.meetings widgets.append(MeetingOverview(Meeting(meeting id=m[0])))
         # self.meetings layout.addWidget(self.meetings widgets[-1])
         self.meetings widget.setLayout(self.meetings layout)
         #self.meetings widget.setMinimumSize(300, 700)
         self.meetings container widget = QScrollArea()
         self.meetings container widget.setWidget(self.meetings widget)
         self.meetings container widget.setVerticalScrollBarPolicy(2)
         self.left side layout.addWidget(self.meetings container widget)
         self.left_side_widget.setLayout(self.left_side_layout)
         self.middle layout.addWidget(self.left side widget)
         # End of left side
         # Define the right side stuff
         self.right side widget = QWidget()
         self.right side layout = QVBoxLayout()#
         # Right side widgets...
         self.button container = QWidget()
         self.button container layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.add new appointment button = QPushButton("New Appointment")
         self.add new appointment button.clicked.connect(self.display new meeting dialog)
         self.button container layout.addWidget(self.add new appointment button)
         # TODO: Add some kind of indicator to show the amound of unread pending
meetings
         self.response container = QWidget()
         self.response layout = QHBoxLayout()
         self.respond_to_pending_appointments_button = QPushButton("Respond to Pending
Appointments")
self.respond to pending appointments button.clicked.connect(self.display respond to meetin
gs dialog)
         self.respond to pending appointments button.setFixedHeight(30)
         self.response layout.addWidget(self.respond to pending appointments button)
```

```
self.pending number =
Indicator(len(MeetingsInfo().get outstanding meetings(self.user.id)))
         self.response layout.addWidget(self.pending number)
         self.response container.setLayout(self.response layout)
         self.button container layout.addWidget(self.response container)
         self.button container.setLayout(self.button container layout)
         self.right side layout.addWidget(self.button container)
         self.spacer1 = QLabel(" ")
         self.spacer1.setFixedHeight(270)
         self.right side layout.addWidget(self.spacer1)
         self.right side widget.setLayout(self.right side layout)
         self.middle layout.addWidget(self.right side widget)
         self.middle widget.setLayout(self.middle layout)
         self.main_layout.addWidget(self.middle_widget)
         self.setLayout(self.main layout)
         # Update the list of meetings
         self._update_meeting_list()
    def update meeting list(self):
         # This needs to be re-written so it works.
         # Remove all widgets
         for index in range(self.meetings layout.count()):
              self.meetings layout.removeItem(self.meetings layout.itemAt(index))
         self.meetings layout.update()
         # Start to do a slightly more indepth meetings code
         # Get meetings from the database
         # Enumerate these meetings
         # have an array of meetingss objects
         #Get a list of meetings
         self.meetings list = MeetingsInfo(None).get meetings by owner(self.user.id)
         print("{0} Meeting(s) found.".format(len(self.meetings list)))
         self.meetings widgets = []
         for m in self.meetings list:
              self.meetings widgets.append(MeetingOverview(Meeting(meeting id=m[0])))
              self.meetings layout.addWidget(self.meetings widgets[-1])
         self.meetings layout.update()
self.pending number.update(len(MeetingsInfo().get outstanding meetings(self.user.id)))
    def display new meeting dialog(self):
```

```
new meeting dialog = NewMeetingDialog(self.user)
         new meeting dialog.show()
         new meeting dialog.exec ()
         self. update meeting list()
    def display respond to meetings dialog(self):
         respond to meetings dialog = RespondToPendingMeetingDialog(self.user)
         respond to meetings dialog.exec ()
         self. update meeting list()
# file - GlobalResources.py - 16 lines
# Global resources
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from LoginAction import User
GTitleFont = QFont("Segoe UI Light", 24)
#GTitleFont.setHintingPreference(QFont.PreferFullHinting)
GTitleFont.setStyleStrategy(QFont.PreferAntialias)
GBodyFont = QFont("Segoe UI Light", 12)
GBodyFont.setStyleStrategy(QFont.PreferAntialias)
GSmallText = QFont("Segoe UI Light", 10)
GSmallText.setStyleStrategy(QFont.PreferAntialias)
# userinfo = User()
# file - LoginScreenGui.py - 178 lines
import sys
# import Qt depenencies
from PvQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from MainScreenGui import *
from GlobalResources import *
from LoginAction import *
from DatabaseInit import *
class PasswordWarningDialog(QDialog):
    def __init__(self, errormsg="", buttonmsg="Dismiss"):
         super().__init__()
         self.setModal(True)
         print("[INFO] Created Password Warning Dialog")
         self.setWindowTitle("Access Denied")
         self.main_layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.title = QLabel("Access Denied")
         self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.title)
         self.text = QLabel(errormsg)
```

```
self.text.setFont(GBodyFont)
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.text)
         self.dismiss button = QPushButton(buttonmsg)
         self.dismiss button.clicked.connect(lambda: self.close())
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.dismiss button)
         self.subtext = QLabel("If the problem persists, please contact the system
administrator.")
         self.subtext.setFont(GSmallText)
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.subtext)
         self.setLayout(self.main layout)
class LoginWindow(QDialog):
    def __init__(self):
         super().__init__()
         print("[INFO] Created Login window")
         self.setWindowTitle("[CMS] Login")
         self.main title = QLabel("Welcome.")
         self.main_title.setFont(GTitleFont)
         # Create a labeled username feild:
         self.username item = QWidget()
         self.username layout = QHBoxLayout()
         self.username label = QLabel("Username:")
         self.username label.setFont(GBodyFont)
         self.username label.setFixedWidth(150)
         self.username input = QLineEdit()
         self.username input.setWhatsThis("Enter your username here:")
         self.username_layout.addWidget(self.username_label)
         self.username layout.addWidget(self.username input)
         self.username item.setLayout(self.username layout)
         # Create a password feild
         self.password item = QWidget()
         self.password layout = QHBoxLayout()
         self.password label = QLabel("Password:")
```

```
self.password label.setFont(GBodyFont)
    self.password label.setFixedWidth(150)
    self.password input = QLineEdit()
    self.password input.setEchoMode(QLineEdit.Password)
    self.password input.returnPressed.connect(self. enter submit)
    self.password input.setWhatsThis("Enter your password here")
    self.password layout.addWidget(self.password label)
    self.password layout.addWidget(self.password input)
    self.password item.setLayout(self.password layout)
    self.button layout = QHBoxLayout()
    self.submit button = QPushButton("Login")
    self.submit button.clicked.connect(self.login action)
    self.submit button.setDefault(True)
    self.help_button = QPushButton("?")
    self.help button.setFixedWidth(30)
    self.quit button = QPushButton("Quit")
    self.button_layout.addWidget(self.submit_button)
    self.button layout.addWidget(self.help button)
    self.button layout.addWidget(self.quit button)
    # Add actions to the buttons within buttons widget
    self.quit button.clicked.connect(lambda: sys.exit(1))
    self.buttons widget = QWidget()
    self.buttons widget.setFixedWidth(300)
    self.buttons widget.setLayout(self.button layout)
    self.layout = QVBoxLayout()
    self.layout.addWidget(self.main title)
    self.layout.addWidget(self.username item)
    self.layout.addWidget(self.password item)
    self.layout.addWidget(self.buttons widget)
    self.setLayout(self.layout)
    self.setFont(GBodyFont)
    self.setFixedWidth(600)
def _show_error_dialog(self, text="", button="Dismiss"):
    er = PasswordWarningDialog(text, button)
    er.show()
    er.raise ()
```

```
er.exec_()
    def login_action(self, e = None):
         try:
              # Get the user's id
             userid = UsersInfo().get_uid_by_username(self.username_input.text())
              # Create a User object with data related to the current userid
             user = User(userid) # User - class defined in LoginAction.py
              # If the hash of the input password does not match the stored hash
             if not user.password_hash_cmp(self.password_input.text()):
                  # Show the warning dialog
                  self. show error dialog("Password not recognised")
                  # End the execution of the function.
                  return 0
             else:
                  # Create and run an instance of the MainScreen GUI.
                  self.main screen = MainScreen(user, self)
                  self.main screen.show()
                  self.main screen.raise ()
                  # Hide this window.
                  self.hide()
         # If the search for the useername does not return any results:
         except IndexError:
             self. show error dialog("Username not recognised")
    def reset(self):
         # Set both the input fields to ""
         self.password input.setText("")
         self.username input.setText("")
    # Event handler for pressing enter key.
    def _enter_submit(self, e = None):
         self.login action(self)
# file - MainScreenGui ResourcesView.py - 83 lines
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from GlobalResources import *
from DatabaseInit import ResourcesInfo
from NewResourceDialog import *
class ResourcesView(QWidget):
```

```
def init (self, user):
         # `user` - reference to instance created in
         self.user = user
         super().__init__()
         print("[INFO] Created ResourcesView")
         self.main layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.title = QLabel("Resources")
         self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.title)
         self.pane container = QWidget()
         self.pane_container_layout = QHBoxLayout()
         self.left pane container = QWidget()
         self.left pane layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.table = QTableWidget(3, 4)
         self.table.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(["Name", "Cost", "Quantity", "Quantity
Needed"1)
         for col in range(4):
              self.table.setColumnWidth(col, 580/4)
         self.table.setFixedSize(601, 400)
         self.left pane layout.addWidget(self.table)
         self.update table()
         # This is where I'll define the tabular view.
         # there also needs to be some code for getting sections of information
         # from the database - otherwise it won't work.
         self.left pane container.setLayout(self.left pane layout)
         self.pane_container_layout.addWidget(self.left_pane_container)
         self.right pane container = QWidget()
         self.right pane layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.add items button = QPushButton("Add Resource")
         self.right pane layout.addWidget(self.add items button)
         self.add items button.clicked.connect(self. open new resource dialog)
         self.edit resource button = QPushButton("Edit Resource")
         self.right pane layout.addWidget(self.edit resource button)
         self.view urgent requirements button = QPushButton("View urgent requirements")
         self.right pane layout.addWidget(self.view urgent requirements button)
         self.right pane container.setLayout(self.right pane layout)
         self.pane container layout.addWidget(self.right pane container)
         self.pane container.setLayout(self.pane container layout)
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.pane container)
         self.setLayout(self.main layout)
```

```
def open new resource dialog(self):
         dg = NewResourceDialog(self.user)
         da.show()
         dg.exec ()
    def update table(self):
         self.table.clear()
         # Get information from database
         raw_data = ResourcesInfo().get_all_resources()
         # Table dimentions
         x total = self.table.columnCount()
         y total = len(raw data)
         self.table.setRowCount(y total)
         self.table.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(["Name", "Cost", "Quantity", "Quantity",
Needed"1)
         for x in range(x_total):
              for y in range(y_total):
                   self.table.setItem(y, x, QTableWidgetItem(str(raw data[y][x+1])))
# file - compile.py - 87 lines
# PyPackager - a simple utility designed to compile and decompile a set of
# python files.
# Program stages
# Iterate through a python file, searching for import statements
# get the module name from those statements and check if it's in the
# module's directory
# open that file & find repeat the process
# once a list of filenames (&paths) has been collected,
# open the files
# remove whitespace and comments
# (maybe) rename the variables to one or two character names
# write the squashed code to a (binary?) file or database ready for
# extraction
import os, sys
import re as regex
def parse file(file data, filenames set):
         pattern = regex.compile("from +[a-zA-Z\]* import +[a-zA-Z\*]*\\mathbf{n}")
         for string in pattern.findall(file data):
                   filename = string[string.find(" ")+1:string.find(" ", string.find(" ")+1)]+".py"
                   filenames set.add(filename)
                   parse file(open(filename).read(), filenames_set)
                   del filename
         pattern = regex.compile("import +[a-zA-Z\ ]*\n")
         for string in pattern.findall(file data):
                   # find all the instances where the user uses import not from
                   # whatever import class
                   # This will also include all the imports of builtin classes
```

```
# so we're going to have to do some error handling! yay
                   filename = string[string.find(" ")+1:-1]+".py"
                   try:
                             open(filename)
                             filenames set.add(filename)
                             parse file(open(filename).read(), filenames set)
                   except FileNotFoundError:
                             pass
def squash file(filename):
         # returns a string of the squashed file
         f = open(filename)
         lines = f.readlines()
         f.close()
         outlines = ['@@@{0}@@\mathbf{n}'.format(filename)]
         for I in lines:
                   tmpl = I.strip()
                   if tmpl == "":
                             pass
                   elif tmpl[0] == "#":
                             pass
                   else:
                             outlines+=I
         return "".join(outlines)
def conjoin files(filenames set):
         # returns a string of the conjoined file
         outfiles = []
         for f in filenames set:
                   outfiles.append(squash file(f))
         return "\n".join(outfiles)
def unconjoin files(conjoined file data):
         # creates a directory containing the various files that have been squashed
         inlines = conjoined file data.split("\n")
         startline, endline, alternator = 0, 0, False
         outfiles = []
         startlines = []
         for index, line in enumerate(inlines):
                   if line[:3] == "@@@":
                             filename = line[3:line.find("@@@", 4)]
                             startlines.append(index)
         print("len slines:", len(startlines))
print(squash file("main.py"))
#Testing stuff
filenames_set = {"main.py"}
f = open("main.py")
parse file(f.read(), filenames set)
print(filenames set)
print(len(filenames_set))
for f in filenames set:
         print(f)
c = conjoin files(filenames set)
```

```
print(c, file=open("allc.py", "w"))
unconjoin_files(c)
# file - main.py - 38 lines
#! /usr/bin/env python3
# import core depenencies
import sys, time, random
# import Qt depenencies
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
# import custom classes
from LoginScreenGui import LoginWindow
from DatabaseInit import UsersInfo
# Main Program
def main():
    print("[INFO] System Startup")
    print("[INFO] Initiate UsersInfo database table")
    u = UsersInfo()
    application = QApplication(sys.argv)
    login window = LoginWindow()
    login_window.show()
    login window raise ()
    application.exec ()
    print("[INFO] Execution complete")
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Launch the application.
# file - MainScreenGui UserAdminView.py - 85 lines
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from LoginAction import User
from GlobalResources import *
from ChangePasswordDialog import *
class UserOverview(QGroupBox):
    def __init__(self, user):
        self.user = user
        super(). init ()
```

```
self.layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.username label = QLabel(user.info["Name"])
         self.username label.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.username label)
         # Maybe add an image to represent the user's privelleges
         self.priv label = QLabel("Standard User")
         self.priv label.setFont(GSmallText)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.priv label)
         self.control bar = QWidget()
         self.controls layout = QHBoxLayout()
         #Controls:
         # self.rename button = QPushButton("Change Name")
         # self.controls layout.addWidget(self.rename button)
         # self.rename button.setDisabled(not self.user.permissions["ChangeOwnData"])
         self.change_password_button = QPushButton("Change Password")
         self.controls layout.addWidget(self.change password button)
         self.change password button.clicked.connect(self. show change password window)
         self.change password button.setDisabled(not
self.user.permissions["ChangeOwnData"])
         print(not self.user.permissions["ChangeOwnData"])
         print(self.user.permissions)
         self.control bar.setLayout(self.controls layout)
         self.control bar.setFixedWidth(300)
         self.control bar.setFont(GSmallText)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.control bar)
         self.setLayout(self.layout)
         self.setFixedHeight(160)
         self.setTitle("Me")
    def show change password window(self):
         pwdwindow = ChangePasswordDialog(self.user)
         pwdwindow.show()
         pwdwindow.exec ()
class UserAdminView(QWidget):
    def init (self, user):
         self.user = user
         super().__init__()
         print("[INFO] Created MainScreenGuiUserAdminView")
         self.master layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.this user header = UserOverview(self.user)
```

```
self.master layout.addWidget(self.this user header)
         # Add the admin controls - which will either be hidden or disabled for the users
without
         # the proper privellages
         self.admin tools = QGroupBox()
         self.admin tools.setTitle("Administrative Tools") #Set this to change depending on if
the thing is locked or not
         self.admin tools layout = QVBoxLayout()
         # Show a scrollable list of the UserOverview(s) for all the registered users, and add
management
         # tools, eg "Delete User", "Add new user"
         # It miggh be a good idea to wait until the card updating system is sorted.
         self.admin tools.setLayout(self.admin tools layout)
         self.master layout.addWidget(self.admin tools)
         self.admin_tools.setFont(GBodyFont)
         self.setLayout(self.master layout)
# file - MainScreenGui.py - 104 lines
# Copyright (c) 2015 Peter East All Rights Reserved.
import sys
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
# Import custom classes for this project
try:
    from MainScreenGui DiaryView import *
    from MainScreenGui TaskView import *
    from MainScreenGui_ResourcesView import *
    from MainScreenGui_UserAdminView import *
    from GlobalResources import *
except ImportError:
    print("[ERROR] Error loading modules")
    sys.exit(-1)
# Requires seperate widgets for each view in the tabbed layout
class MainScreen(QMainWindow):
    def __init__(self, user=None, parent=None):
         self.user = user
         self.parent = parent
         super(). init ()
         print("[INFO] Created MainScreenGui")
         self.setWindowTitle("[CMS] Main View")
```

```
self.main layout = QVBoxLayout()
self.central widget = QWidget()
# Define the topbar
self.topbar = QWidget()
self.topbar layout = QHBoxLayout()
self.tb help button = QPushButton("?")
self.tb help button.setFixedWidth(30)
# Create a spacer to keep the thing spaced out
self.tb spacer = QLabel(" ")
self.tb_spacer.setFixedWidth(600)
self.tb logout button = QPushButton("Logout")
self.tb logout button.setFixedWidth(100)
self.tb_logout_button.clicked.connect(self._logout)
self.topbar layout.addWidget(self.tb help button)
self.topbar layout.addWidget(self.tb_spacer)
self.topbar layout.addWidget(self.tb logout button)
self.topbar.setLayout(self.topbar_layout)
# End of the topobar widget
self.main layout.addWidget(self.topbar)
# Finish defining the topbar
self.view switcher = QTabWidget()
# Define the views for the view switcher
# Diary View
if self.user.permissions["Meetings"]:
    self.diary view = DiaryView(self.user)
    self.view switcher.addTab(self.diary view, "Planner")
# Task View
if self.user.permissions["Tasks"]:
    self.task view = TaskView(self.user)
    self.view_switcher.addTab(self.task_view, "Tasks")
# Resources view
if self.user.permissions["Resources"]:
    self.resources_view = ResourcesView(self.user)
    self.view switcher.addTab(self.resources view, "Resources")
# User Admin View
if self.user.permissions["ChangeOwnData"] or self.user.permissions["Admin"]:
    self.user admin view = UserAdminView(self.user)
    self.view switcher.addTab(self.user admin view, "User Admin")
```

```
# finish defining the view switcher
         self.view_switcher.setFont(GBodyFont)
         # End the definitions for the view swtich
         # Add the task view to the window
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.view switcher)
         # Fill in the window
         self.central widget.setLayout(self.main layout)
         self.setCentralWidget(self.central widget)
    def logout(self):
        self.user = None
         self.close()
         self.parent.show()
         self.parent.reset()
# file - DatabaseInit.py - 166 lines
# DatabaseInit
# main program
#This tidies all of the SQL queries into another namespace.
import SqlDictionary
import random
import hashlib
import sqlite3
def gen pw hash(password):
    phash = hashlib.md5()
    phash.update(bytes(password, "UTF-8"))
    return phash.hexdigest()
class Database:
    """This is the general database wrapper that I'll use throughout the system"""
    def init (self, child, database name="cmsdb.db"):
         #print("[INFO] Created database object")
         self.db_name = database_name
    def _connect_and_execute(self, sql="", database_name=None):
         #print(sql)
         if database name == None:
             database_name = self.db_name
         with sqlite3.connect(self.db_name) as dbcon:
             cursor = dbcon.cursor()
             cursor.execute(sql)
             results = cursor.fetchall()
         #print("[INFO] Executed SQL query \"{0}\"".format(sql))
         return results
```

```
class ResourcesInfo(Database):
    def init (self):
         super().__init__(self)
         self.create table()
    def create table(self):
         self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.CREATE RESOURCES)
    def get all resources(self):
         return self._connect_and_execute(SqlDictionary.GET_ALL_RESOURCES)
    def add resources(self):
         pass
class UsersInfo(Database):
    def init (self, uid = 0):
         super(). init (self)
         self.create_table()
    # NB: all input MUST be sanitized at this point.
    def create table(self):
         self._connect_and_execute(SqlDictionary.CREATE_USERS)
         self._create_initial_admin_user()
    def create initial admin user(self):
         # This is to create an initial administrative user in case something happens to the
database
         pwd = "".join([chr(random.choice(range(ord('A'), ord('z')))) for c in range(10)])
         new user info = {"Name":"ADMIN - TMP", "Username":"default admin", "Password":
gen pw hash(pwd), "Permissions": 29}
         if len(self.get all users("WHERE(Username = 'default admin')")) == 0:
              print("[INFO] Empty users table detected, adding default user...")
             self.add user(new user info)
             print("[INFO] Default user added,\n\tUsername: 'default admin'\n\tPassword:
'{0}'".format(pwd))
    def get_all_users(self, condition = ""): # Add a SQL condition? maybe? TODO: refactor
this bit
         return self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.GET ALL USERS.format(condition))
    def get uid by username(self, username=""):
         return self._connect_and_execute((SqlDictionary.GET_USER_ID.format(username)))
[0][0]
    def get username by uid(self, uid=None):
self._connect_and_execute(SqlDictionary.GET_USERNAME_BY_UID.format(uid))[0][0]
    def add user(self, info):
```

```
#info follows the format {"SQL value":Data value}
         values = "'\{0\}', '\{1\}', '\{2\}', \{3\}".format(info["Name"], info["Username"],
info["Password"], info["Permissions"])
         return self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.ADD USER.format(values))
    def update user password(self, password, uid):
         sql = SqlDictionary.UPDATE PASSWORD.format("'{0}'".format(password), uid)
         return self. connect and execute(sql)
class TasksInfo(Database):
    def init (self):
         super(). init (self)
         self.create_table()
    def create table(self):
         self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.CREATE TASKS)
         self._connect_and_execute(SqlDictionary.CREATE_TASKATTENDEE)
    def get info by id(self, task id):
         sql = SqlDictionary.GET TASK.format("WHERE (TaskID = {0})".format(task id))
         raw = self. connect and execute(sql)[0]
         return {"TaskID":raw[0], "Title":raw[1], "Description":raw[2], "OwnerID":raw[3],
"Attendees":raw[4]}
    def get ids by owner(self, owner id):
         sql = SqlDictionary.GET TASK ID LIST.format("WHERE Owner =
{0} ".format(owner id))
         output ids = []
         for row in self. connect and execute(sql):
             output ids.append(row[0])
         return output ids
    def add task(self, info):
         SQL DATA = """'{0}', '{1}', {2}, {3}""".format(info["Title"], info["Description"],
info["OwnerID"], info["Attendees"])
         self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.ADD TASK.format(SQL DATA))
class MeetingsInfo(Database):
    def init (self, meeting info = None):
         super(). init (self)
         self.create_table()
         self.meeting info = meeting info
         self.id = None
    def create table(self):
         self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.CREATE MEETINGS)
         self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.CREATE MEETINGS ATTENEDEES)
    def add meeting(self):
```

```
SQL DATA = \{0\}, \{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}".format(self.meeting info["OwnerID"],
             self.meeting info["Title"],
             self.meeting info["ISOTime"],
             self.meeting info["Location"])
         self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.ADD MEETING.format(SQL DATA)) #TODO
Sort out the formatting.
        self.id = self. connect and execute("SELECT Max(MeetingID) FROM Meetings;")[0][0]
    def get meeting info(self):
         sql condition = "WHERE (MeetingID = {0})".format(self.meeting info['MeetingID'])
         q = SqlDictionary.GET MEETING.format(sql condition)
         results = self._connect_and_execute(q)
         return results[0]
    def add meeting attendee(self, user id):
         sql values = """{0}, {1}, 0""".format(self.id, user_id)
         return
self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.ADD MEETING ATTENDEE.format(sql values))
    def get_meetings_by_owner(self, OwnerID):
         sql condition = "WHERE (OwnerID = {0})".format(OwnerID)
         g = SqlDictionary.GET MEETING ID LIST.format(sql condition)
         return self. connect and execute(q)
    def get outstanding meetings(self, OwnerID):
         results =
self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.GET OUTSTANDING MEETINGS TO BE ATTENDED.for
mat(OwnerID))
         return results
    def get meeting attendees(self, MeetingID):
         return
self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.GET MEETING ATTENDEES.format(MeetingID))
    def respond to attendance request(self, attending, MeetingID, UserID):
         if attending:
             self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.ACCEPT MEETING.format("UserID =
{0} AND MeetingID = {1}".format(UserID, MeetingID)))
        else:
             self. connect and execute(SqlDictionary.REJECT MEETING.format("UserID =
{0} AND MeetingID = {1}".format(UserID, MeetingID)))
# file - IndicatorBadge.py - 40 lines
# Indicator Badge - a PyQt widget to display a numerical indicator Badge
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from GlobalResources import *
class Indicator(QFrame):
    def init (self, value = 0):
        super(). init ()
         self.value = value
```

```
self.main layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.value display = QLabel(str(self.value))
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.value display)
         self.setFixedHeight(30)
         #self.setFixedWidth(30)
         self.colour = QColor(255, 61, 0)
         self.setStyleSheet("QFrame {background-color: %s; border-radius: 15; background-
clip: margin;}" % self.colour.name())
         self.text colour = QColor(0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF)
         self.value display.setStyleSheet("QLabel {color: %s }" % self.text colour.name())
         self.setFrameStyle(QFrame.StyledPanel + QFrame.Plain)
         self.setLayout(self.main_layout)
    def update(self, new value):
         self.value = new value
         self.value_display.setText(str(self.value))
         # do some cool stuff here :-)
    def getValue(self):
         return int(self.value)
# file - MainScreenGui TaskView.py - 92 lines
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from NewTaskDialog import *
from GlobalResources import *
from DatabaseInit import *
from Tasks import *
class TaskView(QWidget):
    def __init__(self, user = None):
         super(). init ()
         self.user = user
         self.main layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.title = QLabel("Outstanding Tasks")
         self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.title)
         # Set up the two-pane view
```

```
self.pane container = QWidget()
    self.pane layout = QHBoxLayout()
    # Left side
    self.left widget = QWidget()
    self.left layout = QVBoxLayout()
    ##Task list
    self.task_list_view = QListView()
    self.update_task_list()
    self.left layout.addWidget(self.task list view)
    self.left_widget.setLayout(self.left_layout)
    self.pane layout.addWidget(self.left widget)
    # End Left pane
    # Start right pane
    self.right widget = QWidget()
    self.right layout = QVBoxLayout()
    self.add_new_task_button = QPushButton("Add new Task")
    self.add_new_task_button.setFixedWidth(150)
    self.add new task button.clicked.connect(self.display new task dialog)
    self.right layout.addWidget(self.add new task button)
    self.spacer = QLabel(" ")
    self.spacer.setFixedHeight(300)
    self.right layout.addWidget(self.spacer)
    self.right widget.setLayout(self.right layout)
    self.pane_layout.addWidget(self.right_widget)
    # End right pane
    self.pane container.setLayout(self.pane layout)
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.pane container)
    self.setLayout(self.main_layout)
def display new task dialog(self):
    new task dialog = NewTaskDialog(self.user)
    new_task_dialog.exec_()
    self.update_task_list()
def update task list(self):
     # Make it so that when the item is clicked, and the check box is
    print("[INFO] Updating task list... ")
```

```
# Add some data from the database
         data = QStandardItemModel()
         #Database fetch example
         ids = TasksInfo().get_ids_by_owner(self.user.id)
         print("[INFO] {0} Tasks found for user id: {0}".format(len(ids), self.user.id))
         self.tasks = []
         for taskID in ids:
              self.tasks.append(Task(databaseid=taskID))
              tmp = QStandardItem(self.tasks[-1].text)
              tmp.setCheckable(True)
              data.appendRow(tmp)
         self.task list view.setModel(data)
         print("[INFO] Task view update successful")
# file - Tasks.py - 25 lines
# This one's for taking the data out of the database
from DatabaseInit import TasksInfo
class Task:
    def __init__(self, title="", subtitle="", priority=1, databaseid=None):
         self.text = ""
         if databaseid == None:
              self.title = title
              self.priority = priority
              self.subtitle = subtitle
              self.text = self.title + "\n " + self.subtitle
         else:
              self.info = TasksInfo().get_info_by_id(databaseid)
              self.text = self.info["Title"] +"\n "+self.info["Description"]
              # TODO: The tasks are gonna need a due date and priority in the database so
that
              # the listings can be ordered by priority.
              pass
    def load_task_from_database(self, taskid):
         pass
    def complete(self):
         self.title+= " [Done]"
         self.priority = -1
# file - ChangePasswordDialog.py - 135 lines
# The dialog for changing a user's password
from PyQt4 import QtCore
from PyQt4 import QtGui
from DatabaseInit import UsersInfo
from GlobalResources import *
class _PWErrorDialog(QDialog): #Blank error dialog
    def init (self):
         super(). init ()
```

```
self.setWindowTitle("Error")
         self.layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.title = QLabel("Password Error")
         self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.title)
         self.label = QLabel("")
         self.layout.addWidget(self.label)
         self.setLayout(self.layout)
class PWMismatchErrorDialog( PWErrorDialog):
    def __init__(self):
         super(). init ()
         self.label.setText("New passwords do not match, try again")
class PWCurrentIncorrectError( PWErrorDialog):
    def __init__(self):
         super(). init ()
         self.label.setText("You password is incorrect")
class ChangePasswordDialog(QDialog):
    def init (self, user):
         super(). init ()
         INPUT_WIDTH = 400
         LABEL WIDTH = 200
         self.user = user
         self.setWindowTitle("Change your password")
         self.layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.title = QLabel("Change your password")
         self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.title)
         self.pw current container = QWidget()
         self.pw current entry = QLineEdit()
         self.pw current entry.setFixedWidth(INPUT WIDTH)
         self.pw current entry label = QLabel("Enter your current password:")
         self.pw current entry label.setFixedWidth(LABEL WIDTH)
         self.pw current entry.setEchoMode(QLineEdit.Password)
         self.pw container layout = QHBoxLayout()
         self.pw container layout.addWidget(self.pw current entry label)
         self.pw container layout.addWidget(self.pw current entry)
         self.pw current container.setLayout(self.pw container layout)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.pw current container)
         self.new pw container = QWidget()
         self.new pw label = QLabel("Enter your new password:")
```

```
self.new pw label.setFixedWidth(LABEL WIDTH)
    self.new pw entry = QLineEdit()
    self.new pw entry.setFixedWidth(INPUT WIDTH)
    self.new pw entry.setEchoMode(QLineEdit.Password)
    self.new pw layout = QHBoxLayout()
    self.new pw layout.addWidget(self.new pw label)
    self.new pw layout.addWidget(self.new pw entry)
    self.new pw container.setLayout(self.new pw layout)
    self.layout.addWidget(self.new pw container)
    self.confirm pw container = QWidget()
    self.confirm pw label = QLabel("Confirm your new password:")
    self.confirm pw label.setFixedWidth(LABEL WIDTH)
    self.confirm pw entry = QLineEdit()
    self.confirm pw entry.setFixedWidth(INPUT WIDTH)
    self.confirm pw entry.setEchoMode(QLineEdit.Password)
    self.confirm pw entry.returnPressed.connect(self. pwchange action)
    self.confirm pw layout = QHBoxLayout()
    self.confirm pw layout.addWidget(self.confirm pw label)
    self.confirm pw layout.addWidget(self.confirm pw entry)
    self.confirm_pw_container.setLayout(self.confirm_pw_layout)
    self.layout.addWidget(self.confirm pw container)
    self.button container = QWidget()
    self.button container layout = QHBoxLayout()
    self.accept button = QPushButton("Accept")
    self.accept button.clicked.connect(self. pwchange action)
    self.button container layout.addWidget(self.accept button)
    self.reject button = QPushButton("Cancel")
    self.reject button.clicked.connect(lambda: self.close())
    self.button container layout.addWidget(self.reject button)
    self.button container.setLayout(self.button container layout)
    self.layout.addWidget(self.button container)
    self.setFont(GBodyFont)
    self.setLayout(self.layout)
def pwchange action(self):
    # Generate password hash
    # Get password hash from the database
    # Compare the two
    # if correct, update the database entry for the password
    # should be easy
    # Check that the pw entry and the pwconfirm are equal
    passwords the same = self.confirm pw entry.text() == self.new pw entry.text()
```

```
current_pw_correct = self.user.password_hash_cmp(self.pw_current_entry.text())
         if passwords the same and current pw correct:
             UsersInfo().update user password(User.gen pw hash(None,
self.new pw entry.text()), self.user.id)
             self.close()
             # Proceed to change the password
             print("[DEBUG] Passwords changed successfully
(ChangePasswordDialog.py:126)")
         elif not passwords the same and current pw correct:
             e = PWMismatchErrorDialog()
             e.show()
             e.exec ()
             # Display a messagebox explaining wtf is wrong.
         else:
             e = PWCurrentIncorrectError()
             e.show()
             e.exec ()
# file - MeetingWidget.py - 103 lines
# Meeting overview widget
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from GlobalResources import *
from Meetings import Meeting
from DatabaseInit import UsersInfo, MeetingsInfo
#from Meetings import *
class MeetingOverview(QFrame):
    def init (self, meeting):
         Should take a Meeting object as a parameter rather than passing all of the individual
parameters in.
         super(). init ()
         self.meeting = meeting
         self.layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.setFrameStyle(QFrame.StyledPanel + QFrame.Sunken)
         # Define the widgets
         self.title = QLabel(meeting.title)
         self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.title)
         self.place title = QLabel("At: "+meeting.place)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.place title)
         self.when title = QLabel(meeting.when)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.when title)
         self.owner label = QLabel()
```

```
self.layout.addWidget(self.owner label)
         self.attendees title = QLabel("Attendees:")
         self.layout.addWidget(self.attendees title)
         self.attendees list = []
         for index, person in enumerate(meeting.attendees):
             self.attendees title.setText(self.attendees title.text()+"\n"+person)
         #self.setMinimumHeight(100)
         self.buttons widget = QWidget()
         self.buttons_layout = QHBoxLayout()
         self.delete button = QPushButton("Delete")
         self.buttons layout.addWidget(self.delete button)
         self.edit button = QPushButton("Edit")
         self.edit button.setFixedWidth(150)
         self.buttons layout.addWidget(self.edit button)
         self.buttons_widget.setLayout(self.buttons_layout)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.buttons_widget)
         self.setLayout(self.layout)
         self.setMinimumSize(400, 200)
    def _edit_button_action(self):
         #Create a NewMeetingDialog with the information from this meeting
         pass
class PendingMeetingOverview(MeetingOverview):
    def init (self, meeting, user):
         super(). init (meeting)
         self.meeting = meeting
         self.user = user
         # Get the owner's name
         owner name = UsersInfo().get username by uid(meeting.info["OwnerID"])
         self.owner label.setText("From: {0}".format(owner name))
         self.edit button.setText("Respond - Confirm")
         self.edit button.clicked.connect(self. accept meeting)
         self.deny button = QPushButton("Respond - Deny")
         self.deny button.clicked.connect(self. reject meeting)
         self.deny button.setFixedWidth(150)
         self.buttons layout.addWidget(self.deny button)
    def accept meeting(self):
         MeetingsInfo().respond to attendance request(True, self.meeting.meeting id,
self.user.id)
         print("[INFO] Meeting accepted")
    def reject meeting(self):
         MeetingsInfo().respond to attendance request(False, self.meeting.meeting id,
```

```
self.user.id)
         print("[INFO] Meeting Rejected")
class PleaseSelectMeetingPlaceholder(OFrame):
    def __init__(self, empty = False):
         super(). init ()
         self.layout = QHBoxLayout()
         if not empty:
             self.label = QLabel("Please select\na meeting")
         else:
             self.label = QLabel("You have no\nnew meetings")
         self.label.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.lavout.addWidget(self.label)
         self.setLayout(self.layout)
         self.setFixedWidth(300)
# file - RespondToPendingRequestsDialog.py - 80 lines
# Respond to meeting requests
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from GlobalResources import *
from Meetings import Meeting
from MeetingWidget import *
from DatabaseInit import MeetingsInfo
class RespondToPendingMeetingDialog(QDialog):
    def init (self, user):
         self.user = user
         super(). init ()
         #Respond to meeting request,
         # two panes, one for a list of pending meetings,
         # another for a tools and controls to deal with those
         # pending meetings
         self.setWindowTitle("Respond to Pending Requests")
         self.main layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.title = QLabel("Respond to Pending Requests")
         self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.title)
         self.pane container = QWidget()
         self.pane container layout = QHBoxLayout()
         self.left pane = QWidget()
         self.left pane layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.meetings list view = QListView()
         self.meetings list view.clicked.connect(self. switch right stack)
         # End of 'following code'
```

```
self.left pane layout.addWidget(self.meetings list view)
         self.left pane.setLayout(self.left pane layout)
         self.right pane = QWidget()
         self.right pane layout = QStackedLayout()
         self.meeting view =
PleaseSelectMeetingPlaceholder(len(MeetingsInfo({})).get meetings by owner(self.user.id))==
         self.right pane layout.addWidget(self.meeting view)
         self.update pending meeting list()
         self.right pane.setLayout(self.right pane layout)
         self.pane container layout.addWidget(self.left pane)
         self.pane container layout.addWidget(self.right pane)
         self.pane container.setLayout(self.pane container layout)
         self.main layout.addWidget(self.pane container)
         self.setLayout(self.main layout)
    def update pending meeting list(self):
         print("[INFO] Updating list of pending appointments")
         self.data = OStandardItemModel()
         ids = MeetingsInfo().get outstanding meetings(self.user.id)
         print("[INFO] {0} meetings found for user id: {1}".format(len(ids), self.user.id))
         self.meetings = []
         for meetingID in ids:
             self.meetings.append(Meeting(meeting id=meetingID[0]))
              meeting = self.meetings[-1]
             self.right pane layout.addWidget(PendingMeetingOverview(meeting, self.user))
             tmp =
QStandardItem(meeting.title+"\n"+meeting.place+"\n"+meeting.when+"\n")
             tmp.setCheckable(False)
             self.data.appendRow(tmp)
         self.meetings list view.setModel(self.data)
         # Use a QStackedLayout to have the stack of meeting widgets
    def switch right stack(self):
         index = self.meetings_list_view.selectedIndexes()[0].row()
         self.right pane layout.setCurrentIndex(index+1)
# file - LoginAction.py - 81 lines
#Loain action:
# The code and database actions performed when the user attempts to log into the system.
import hashlib
from DatabaseInit import *
```

```
import SqlDictionary
class User:
    def init (self, uid=0):
         self.info = {} # info to be retrieved from the database
         self.permissions = \{\}
         self.user id = uid
         self.dbinterface = UsersInfo()
         self.update user info()
    def gen pw hash(self, password):
         # Create a md5 hash of the password
         phash = hashlib.md5()
         # (Encode the password - the python md5 implementation only accepts binary
data.)
         phash.update(bytes(password, "UTF-8"))
         # return a hexadecimal representation of the md5 hash.
         return phash.hexdigest()
    def password hash cmp(self, password input):
         currenthash = self.info["Password"]
         return currenthash == self.gen pw hash(password input)
    def add_user(self, info=None):
         # If there's no info input, use the existing info for this instance of the
         # class.
         if info == None:
              info = self.info
         # Use the database module to add the user's info to the database.
         UsersInfo().add user(info)
    def update user info(self):
         # get the first item in the list of users which have the UserID of
         # `self.user id` (the length of the list should be 1)
         raw info = self.dbinterface.get all users("WHERE(UserID =
{0})".format(self.user id))[0]
         # raw info follows the format [id, Name, Username, Password, Permissions]
         # put the indidual parts of the raw data into a python dictionary
         self.info["UserID"] = self.user id
         self.info["Name"] = raw info[1]
         self.info["Username"] = raw info[2]
         self.info["Password"] = raw info[3]
         self.info["Permissions"] = raw info[4]
         # Generate the permissions array for this user.
         self.gen permissions()
         self.id = self.info["UserID"]
    def gen permissions(self):
```

```
# Get the denary integer value for the user's permissions
         perm = self.info["Permissions"]
         # Create a list of the default values for the user's permissions
         blist = [False, False, False, False, False]
         # For each item in a list of the individual binary digits
         # The python `bin` function outputs a string in the format '0b10101'
         # which is why we need to get rid of the first two characters
         for index, digit in enumerate(bin(int(perm))[2:]):
              # set each item in the b(inary)list as a python Bool so it can easily
              # be used in selection statements
              blist[index] = (bool(int(digit)))
         permissions = {}
         permissions["Meetings"] = blist[0]
         permissions["Tasks"] = blist[1]
         permissions["Resources"] = blist[2]
         permissions["ChangeOwnData"] = blist[3]
         permissions["Admin"] = blist[4]
         # Overwrite the existing permissions number with a dictionary.
         self.permissions = permissions
         return permissions
# file - SqlDictionary.py - 110 lines
# sql dictionary
# This file will contain all of the SQL references used throughout the system, with string
formatting already
# added
#initialisation scripts
CREATE USERS = """CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Users
                  (UserID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
                   Name TEXT.
                  Username TEXT,
                   Password TEXT.
                  Permissions INTEGER
                  ):
#Permissions: Like unix file permissions but using denary instead of octal
# and there are 5 bits rather than several.
# eg 0b11010 - will give the user permission to use the meetings, tasks and user admin, and
not resources management or privac.
# time to design databases - NOW!
CREATE MEETINGS = """CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Meetings
                  (MeetingID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
                   OwnerID INTEGER.
                  Title TEXT,
                  ISOTime TEXT,
                  Location TEXT
                  ):
```

```
0.00
CREATE_MEETINGS_ATTENEDEES = """CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS MeetingAttendee(
    MeetingID INTEGER,
    UserID INTEGER,
    Confirmed BOOLEAN
);"""
CREATE TASKS = """CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Tasks
                 (TaskID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
                 Title TEXT,
                 Description TEXT,
                 Owner INTEGER,
                 Attendees INTEGER
                 );"""
CREATE TASKATTENDEE = """CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS TaskAttendee
                 TaskId INTEGER,
                 UserId INTEGER
                 );
0.00
CREATE RESOURCES = """CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Resources
                 (ResourceID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
                 Name TEXT,
                 Cost INTEGER,
                 QuantityAvailable INTEGER,
                 QuantityRequired INTEGER
);
0.00
# Users
GET_ALL_USERS = """ SELECT * FROM Users {0}; """
GET_USER_ID = """ SELECT UserID FROM Users WHERE (Username = '{0}');"""
ADD_USER = """INSERT INTO Users(Name, Username, Password, Permissions) VALUES({0});"""
UPDATE_PASSWORD = """UPDATE Users SET Password = {0} WHERE UserID = {1};"""
# Meetings
ADD_MEETING = """INSERT INTO Meetings(OwnerID, Title, ISOTime, Location) VALUES({0})"""
GET_MEETING = """SELECT * FROM Meetings {0};"""
GET OUTSTANDING MEETINGS TO BE ATTENDED = """SELECT * FROM MeetingAttendee
WHERE (UserID = \{0\} AND Confirmed = 0);"""
GET_MEETING_ID_LIST = """SELECT MeetingID FROM Meetings {0};"""
ADD_MEETING_ATTENDEE = """INSERT INTO MeetingAttendee(MeetingID, UserID, Confirmed)
```

```
VALUES({0})"""
GET_MEETING_ATTENDEES = """SELECT UserID FROM MeetingAttendee WHERE (MeetingID =
{0})"""
ACCEPT MEETING = """UPDATE MeetingAttendee SET Confirmed = 1 WHERE {0}"""
REJECT MEETING = """UPDATE MeetingAttendee SET Confirmed = 0 WHERE {0}"""
DELETE MEETING = """DELETE FROM MeetingAttendee WHERE {0}"""
# Tasks
GET TASK = """SELECT * FROM Tasks {0};"""
GET TASK ID LIST = "SELECT TaskID FROM Tasks {0};"""
ADD TASK = """INSERT INTO Tasks(Title, Description, Owner, Attendees) VALUES({0});"""
GET USERNAME BY UID = """SELECT Name FROM Users WHERE(UserID = {0})"""
# Resources
CREATE RESOURCES = """CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Resources
                 (ResourceID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
                 ResourceName TEXT,
                 ResourceCost INTEGER,
                 ResourceQuantity INTEGER,
                 ResourceRequiredQuantity INTEGER);
GET_ALL_RESOURCES = """SELECT * FROM Resources;"""
# file - NewTaskDialog.py - 88 lines
# NewTaskDialogGui
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PvQt4.QtGui import *
from GlobalResources import *
from Tasks import *
from DatabaseInit import TasksInfo
class NewTaskDialog(QDialog):
    def init (self, user):
        self.user = user
        super().__init__()
        self.main layout = QVBoxLayout()
        self.setWindowTitle("Add new task")
        self.smalltitle = OLabel("Create new task")
        self.smalltitle.setFont(GBodyFont)
        self.title = QLabel("New Task")
        self.title.setFont(GTitleFont)
```

```
self.main layout.addWidget(self.smalltitle)
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.title)
    self.title entry label = QLabel("Title:")
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.title entry label)
    self.title entry = QLineEdit("")
    self.title entry.textChanged.connect(self.update window title)
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.title entry)
     #self.people_entry label = QLabel("With whom:")
     #self.main layout.addWidget(self.people entry label)
     #self.people entry = QLineEdit()
     #self.people entry.setPlaceholderText("Type usernames here")
     #self.people entry.textChanged.connect(self.check names)
     #self.main layout.addWidget(self.people entry)
    self.description entry label = QLabel("Description:")
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.description entry label)
    self.description_entry = QLineEdit()
    self.main layout.addWidget(self.description entry)
    self.submit button = QPushButton("Submit")
    self.submit button.clicked.connect(self.submit)
    self.main_layout.addWidget(self.submit_button)
    self.setLayout(self.main layout)
    self.setFont(GBodyFont)
def update window title(self):
    newtext = self.title entry.text()[0:45]
    if len(newtext) == 45:
         newtext += "..."
    if newtext == "":
         self.title.setText("New Task")
    else:
         self.title.setText(newtext)
    self.title entry.setText(newtext)
    self.setWindowTitle(newtext)
    self.title entry.setFixedWidth(self.title.width())
def check names(self):
     # Add some name checking functionality
    pass
def validate(self):
    valid = True
    valid *= not (self.title entry.text().strip() == "")
     # valid *= not (self.people entry.text().strip() == "")
    valid *= not (self.description entry.text().strip() == "")
```

```
return valid
    def submit(self):
         if self.validate():
              info = {"Title":self.title entry.text(), "Description":self.description entry.text(),
"OwnerID":self.user.id, "Attendees":"""}
              TasksInfo().add task(info)
              self.close()
         else:
              self.title entry.setPlaceholderText("Required")
              #self.people entry.setPlaceholderText("Required")
              self.description entry.setPlaceholderText("Required")
# file - UsernameLookupDialog.py - 35 lines
from PyQt4.QtCore import *
from PyQt4.QtGui import *
from GlobalResources import *
from DatabaseInit import *
class UsernameLookup(QDialog):
    def init (self, parent):
         super(). init ()
         self.setWindowTitle("Select a user")
         self.raise ()
         self.parent = parent
         self.layout = QVBoxLayout()
         self.list = QListView()
         self.list.clicked.connect(self. select user)
         self.users = UsersInfo().get all users()
         data = QStandardItemModel()
         for user in self.users:
              data.appendRow(QStandardItem(user[1]))
         self.list.setModel(data)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.list)
         self.setLayout(self.layout)
         # Get a list of names,
         # Onclick pass names down to the parent.
    def select user(self):
         user = self.users[self.list.selectedIndexes()[0].row()]
         self.parent.attendees_entry.setText(self.parent.attendees_entry.text()+",
{0}".format(user[2]))
         self.close()
```