

# RGB LED Control V2.0 Design

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# Introduction

#### • Overview:

This project is designed with a layered architecture, separating concerns into different layers for better maintainability and scalability. The project focuses on controlling an RGB LED using GPIO (General Purpose Input/Output) pins. The Microcontroller Abstraction Layer (MCAL) handles low-level hardware interactions, the Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL) manages LED and button functionality, the Service Layer manage the drivers in MCAL to can included in application and the Common Layer provides standard library names for consistency.

### • Layers:

MCAL (Microcontroller Abstraction Layer)

Responsible for low-level hardware interactions.

Utilizes GPIO to control hardware-level features.

Abstracts microcontroller-specific details.

#### HAL (Hardware Abstraction Layer)

Manages higher-level functionalities for LEDs and buttons.

Uses MCAL services to control GPIO pins.

Provides an abstraction for RGB LED control and button input.

#### Service Layer

Manage the drivers in MCAL layer to can included in App layer

#### Common Layer

Hosts standard library names and common services.

#### App (Application Layer)

This is the Application

### • Project Functionality:

The main objective of this project is to control an RGB LED based on button presses and time calculated. The RGB LED is connected to specific GPIO pins on the microcontroller. When a button is pressed, the program detects the button press through the HAL layer, and the RGB LED changes its state accordingly and when the time finish the LED is off .

### • Key Components :

### **MCAL** Layer

GPIO driver: Provides low-level functions for GPIO pin initialization, reading, and writing.

#### **HAL Layer**

LED Interface: functions to control the RGB LED (e.g., turning on, turning off, ....).

Button Interface: Handles button-related operations (e.g., detecting button presses).

#### Service Layer

Facilitation control any driver in MCAL want to included in App layer.

#### Common Layer

Standard Library Names: Ensures consistent naming conventions and library usage across the project.

#### Workflow:

#### Initialization:

MCAL initializes GPIO pins for the RGB LED.

HAL initializes LED and button components.

#### **Button Press Detection:**

HAL layer monitors the button state and detects button presses.

#### **RGB LED Control:**

Based on button presses, the HAL layer controls the RGB LED through the MCAL GPIO driver.

Possible actions: turn on, turn off, change color.

#### • Benefits:

#### Modularity

Each layer is modular, making it easier to modify or extend functionalities.

#### Abstraction

Higher layers abstract hardware details, promoting code readability.

#### Consistency

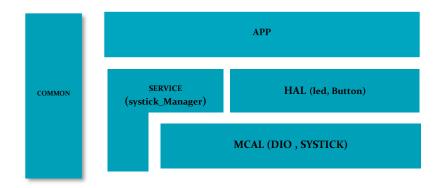
Standard library names in the common layer ensure consistent coding practices.

#### • Conclusion:

This project showcases a well-organized architecture with separate layers, each serving a specific purpose. The use of MCAL, HAL, Service Layer and a Common Layer contributes to code clarity, maintainability, and scalability, making it easier to manage and expand the functionality of the RGB LED control system.

# **High Level Design**

# • Layered Architecture



## • Modules Descriptions

#### MCAL Layer

GPIO driver: Provides low-level functions for GPIO pin initialization, reading, and writing to control RGB Leds signals.

### **HAL Layer**

LED driver: control the RGB LED (e.g., led initialization, led on, led off, led toggle)

Button driver: Handles button-related operations (e.g., button initialization, detecting button presses).\

### Service Layer

Control MCAL drivers in App layer

#### Common Layer

Standard Library Names: to serve all project layers

#### App Layer

This is the application i want to do

#### • Drivers Documentations

**Arguments:** 

```
> GPIO
     (This Driver Located in MCAL Layer)
    1-
    enu_MGPIO_errorStatus_t MGPIO_init(str_MGPIO_configuration_t
     *ptr_str_MGPIO_config)
    Description:
           Initializes a GPIO pin based on the provided configuration.
     Arguments:
           ptr_str_MGPIO_config Pointer to a structure contain GPIO config
     Return:
          GPIO_OK: Successful initialization.
          GPIO_NULL_POINTER: Null pointer argument.
          GPIO_PORT_ERROR: Invalid port number.
          GPIO_PIN_ERROR: Invalid pin number.
          GPIO_DIRECTION_ERROR: Invalid pin direction.
          GPIO MODE ERROR: Invalid mode selection.
          GPIO OUT CURRENT ERROR: Invalid output current.
          GPIO_INTERNAL_TYPE_ERROR: Invalid internal type.
          GPIO_VALUE_ERROR: Invalid output level.
    enu_MGPIO_errorStatus_t
    MGPIO_write(enu_MGPIO_portNumber_t enu_a_portNumber,
    enu_MGPIO_pinNumber_t enu_a_pinNumber,
    enu_MGPIO_pinValue_t enu_l_pinValue)
    Description:
           Write a value to a specific GPIO pin.
```

enu\_a\_portNumber Select the GPIO port number.

```
enu_a_pinNumber Select the GPIO pin number.
      enu l pinValue Select the value to be written to the pin
      (PIN_HIGH_VALUE or PIN_LOW_VALUE).
Return:
      GPIO OK
                         Success operation.
      GPIO PORT ERROR
                                Invalid port number.
      GPIO_PIN_ERROR
                                Invalid pin number.
      GPIO_VALUE_ERROR
                                 Invalid pin value.
      GPIO_PORT_NOT_INITIALIZED Port not initialized.
3-
enu_MGPIO_errorStatus_t MGPIO_read(enu_MGPIO_portNumber_t
enu_a_portNumber, enu_MGPIO_pinNumber_t enu_a_pinNumber,
boolean *ptr_arg_pinValue)
Description:
      Read the value of a specific GPIO pin.
Arguments:
      enu_a_portNumber Select the GPIO port number.
      enu_a_pinNumber
                         Select the GPIO pin number.
                         Pointer to a boolean variable to store the read
      ptr_arg_pinValue
      value.
Return
      GPIO_OK
                                     Success operation.
      GPIO_PORT_ERROR
                                     Invalid port number.
      GPIO_PIN_ERROR
                                     Invalid pin number.
                                     Null pointer argument.
      GPIO NULL POINTER
      GPIO_PORT_NOT_INITIALIZED Port not initialized.
enu_MGPIO_errorStatus_t MGPIO_read(enu_MGPIO_portNumber_t
enu_a_portNumber, enu_MGPIO_pinNumber_t enu_a_pinNumber,
boolean *ptr_arg_pinValue)
Description:
      Toggle the value of a specific GPIO pin.
Arguments:
      enu_a_portNumber Select the GPIO port number.
      enu_a_pinNumber
                         Select the GPIO pin number.
```

```
GPIO_PORT_ERROR
                                             Invalid port number.
            GPIO_PIN_ERROR
                                              Invalid pin number.
            GPIO_PORT_NOT_INITIALIZED Port not initialized
> SYSTICK
      (This Driver Located in MCAL Layer)
     enu_SysTick_Error_t SysTick_Init(uint32_t reload_value,
     enu_SysTick_ClockSource_t clk_source)
     Description:
            Initialize the SysTick timer.
    Arguments:
         reload_value: The value to load into the SysTick Reload register.
         param clk_source: The clock source for SysTick
     Return:
        enu_SysTick_Error_t: Error status after initialization.
     enu_SysTick_Error_t SysTick_Start(void)
     Description:
            Start the SysTick timer.
     Return:
        enu_SysTick_Error_t: Error status after start the Systick.
     enu_SysTick_Error_t SysTick_Stop(void)
     Description:
            Stop the SysTick timer.
     Return:
         enu_SysTick_Error_t: Error status after stop the Systick.
     enu_SysTick_Error_t SysTick_DelayMs(uint32_t delay_ms)
     Description:
            Delay the execution for a specified number of milliseconds using
            SysTick
     Arguments:
            The delay time in milliseconds.
     Return:
        enu_SysTick_Error_t: Error status after delay.
```

Success operation.

**GPIO\_OK** 

```
enu_SysTick_Error_t SysTick_DelayUs(uint32_t delay_us)
     Description:
            Delay the execution for a specified number of microseconds using
            SysTick
     Arguments:
           The delay time in microseconds.
     Return:
        enu_SysTick_Error_t: Error status after delay.
     6-
     uint8_t SysTick_CheckTimeOut(void)
     Description:
            Check Systick timer reached Zero
     Return:
        1 if the COUNTFLAG is set, indicating a timeout; otherwise, o.
> LED
      (This Driver Located in HAL Layer)
     enu_ledErrorState_t H_LED_init(enu_MGPIO_portNumber_t
     enu_l_ledPort, enu_MGPIO_pinNumber_t enu_l_ledPin)
      Description:
              Initialize a LED on a specific GPIO port and pin
      Arguments:
              enu_l_ledPort Select the GPIO port number for the LED.
                             Select the GPIO pin number for the LED.
              enu_l_ledPin
       Return
                                Success initialization.
              LED OK
              LED_NOT_OK
                                 LED initialization not successful.
     2-
     enu_ledErrorState_t H_LED_on(enu_MGPIO_portNumber_t
     enu_l_ledPort, enu_MGPIO_pinNumber_t enu_l_ledPin)
     Description:
           Turn on a LED connected to a specific GPIO port and pin.
     Arguments:
```

```
enu_l_ledPort Select the GPIO port number for the LED.
                           Select the GPIO pin number for the LED.
             enu l ledPin
      Return
             LED OK
                               Success initialization.
             LED NOT OK
                               LED initialization not successful.
    3-
    enu_ledErrorState_t H_LED_off(enu_MGPIO_portNumber_t
    enu_l_ledPort, enu_MGPIO_pinNumber_t enu_l_ledPin)
    Description:
           Turn off a LED connected to a specific GPIO port and pin.
     Arguments:
             enu_l_ledPort Select the GPIO port number for the LED.
             enu l ledPin Select the GPIO pin number for the LED.
      Return
             LED OK
                               Success initialization.
             LED_NOT_OK
                               LED initialization not successful.
    4-
    enu_ledErrorState_t H_LED_toggle(enu_MGPIO_portNumber_t
    enu_l_ledPort, enu_MGPIO_pinNumber_t enu_l_ledPin)
    Description:
           Toggle the state of an LED connected to a specific GPIO port and
           pin.
    Arguments:
             enu_l_ledPort Select the GPIO port number for the LED.
             enu_l_ledPin Select the GPIO pin number for the LED.
      Return
             LED OK
                               Success initialization.
             LED NOT OK
                               LED initialization not successful.
> BUTTON
     (This Driver Located in HAL Layer)
     enu_buttonErrorStatus_t H_BUTTON_init(void)
```

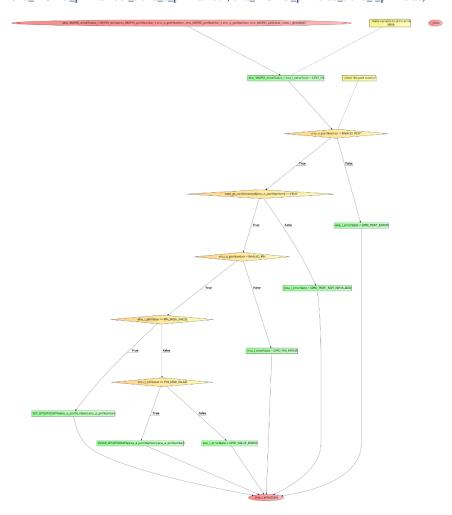
```
Description:
            Initialize the configuration of all buttons.
     Return:
            BUTTON_OK
                                Success initializing all buttons.
            BUTTON_NOT_OK Failed to initialize buttons.
     2-
     enu_buttonErrorStatus_t H_BUTTON_read(enu_buttonNumber_t
     enu_a_button_Number, boolean *ptr_a_value)
     Description:
            Read the state of a specific button.
     Arguments:
            enu_a_button_Number The button number to read.
            ptr_a_value
                            Pointer to a boolean variable to store the button
            state.
     Return:
            BUTTON_OK
                                Success initializing all buttons.
            BUTTON NOT OK Failed to initialize buttons.
> SYSTICK MANAGER
      (This Driver Located in Service Layer)
     enu_SysTickManager_Error_t SysTickManager_Init(uint32_t
     reload_value, enu_SysTick_ClockSource_t clk_source)
     Description:
            Initialize the SysTick timer.
     Arguments:
             reload_value: The reload value for the SysTick timer.
             clk_source: The clock source for the SysTick timer.
       Return
             enu_SysTickManager_Error_t: Error status.
```

```
enu_SysTickManager_Error_t SysTickManager_Start(void)
Description:
       Start the SysTick timer.
 Return
        enu_SysTickManager_Error_t: Error status.
enu_SysTickManager_Error_t SysTickManager_Stop(void)
Description:
       Stop the SysTick timer.
 Return
        enu_SysTickManager_Error_t: Error status.
enu_SysTickManager_Error_t SysTickManager_DelayMs(uint32_t
delay_ms)
Description:
       Dleay the SysTick timer.
Arguments:
        delay_ms: The value in millisec for the SysTick timer want delay.
 Return
        enu_SysTickManager_Error_t: Error status.
enu_SysTickManager_Error_t SysTickManager_DelayUs(uint32_t
delay_us)
Description:
       Dleay the SysTick timer.
Arguments:
        delay_us: The value in microsec for the SysTick timer want delay.
 Return
        enu_SysTickManager_Error_t: Error status.
```

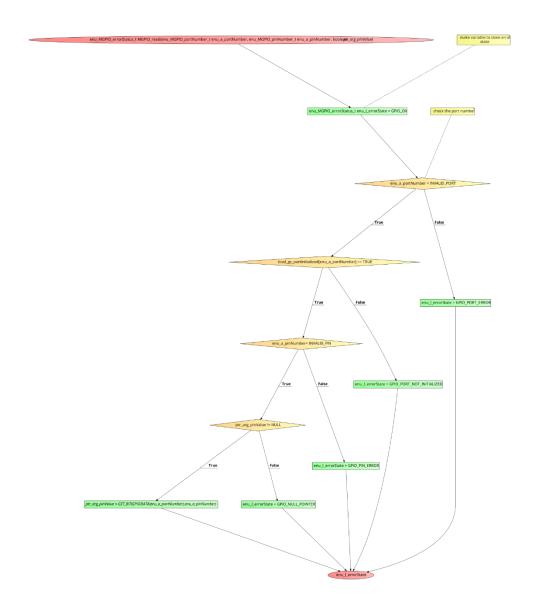
# **Low Level Design**

- Flow Chart
  - > GPIO

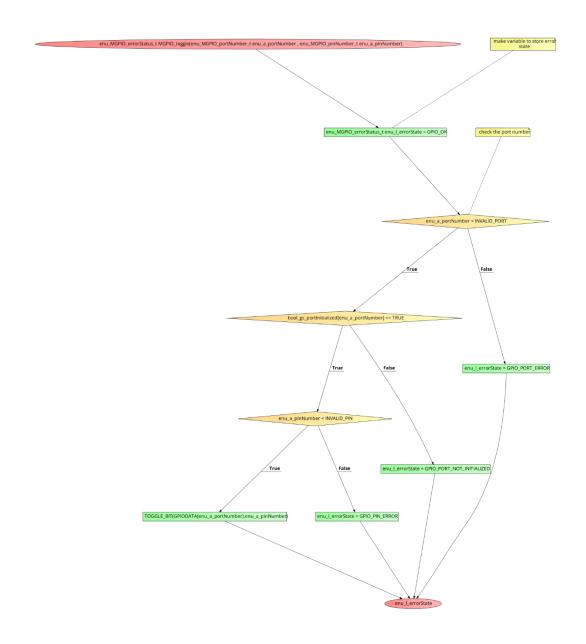
 $enu\_MGPIO\_errorStatus\_t\ MGPIO\_write (enu\_MGPIO\_portNumber\_t\ enu\_a\_portNumber,\ enu\_MGPIO\_pinNumber\_t\ enu\_a\_pinNumber,\ enu\_MGPIO\_pinValue\_t\ enu\_l\_pinValue)$ 



 $enu\_MGPIO\_errorStatus\_t\ MGPIO\_read (enu\_MGPIO\_portNumber\_t\ enu\_a\_portNumber, enu\_MGPIO\_pinNumber\_t\ enu\_a\_pinNumber, boolean\ *ptr\_arg\_pinValue)$ 

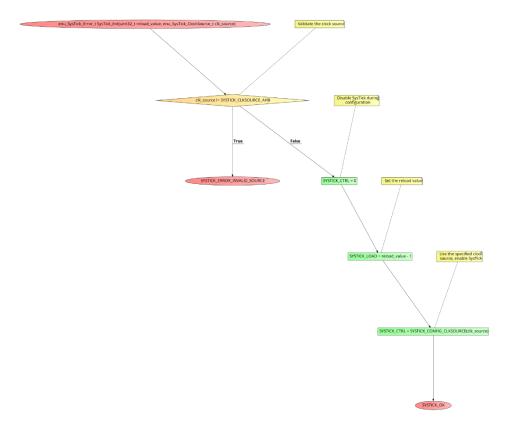


 $enu\_MGPIO\_errorStatus\_t\ MGPIO\_toggle (enu\_MGPIO\_portNumber\_t\ enu\_a\_portNumber\ ,\ enu\_MGPIO\_pinNumber\_t\ enu\_a\_pinNumber)$ 

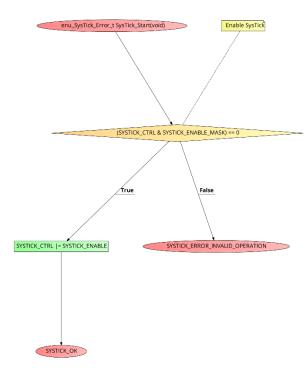


## > SYSTICK

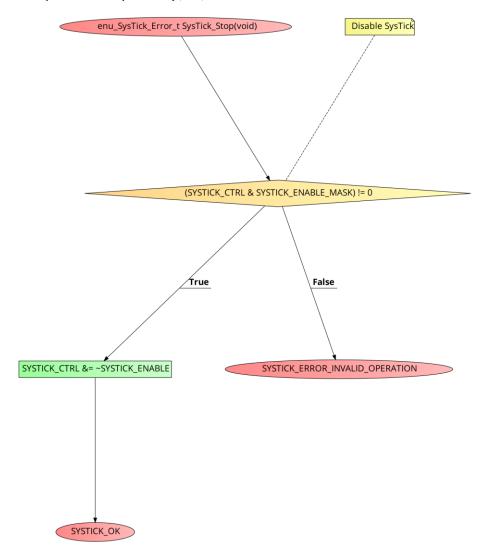
 $enu\_SysTick\_Error\_t\ SysTick\_Init(uint 32\_t\ reload\_value, enu\_SysTick\_ClockSource\_t\ clk\_source)$ 



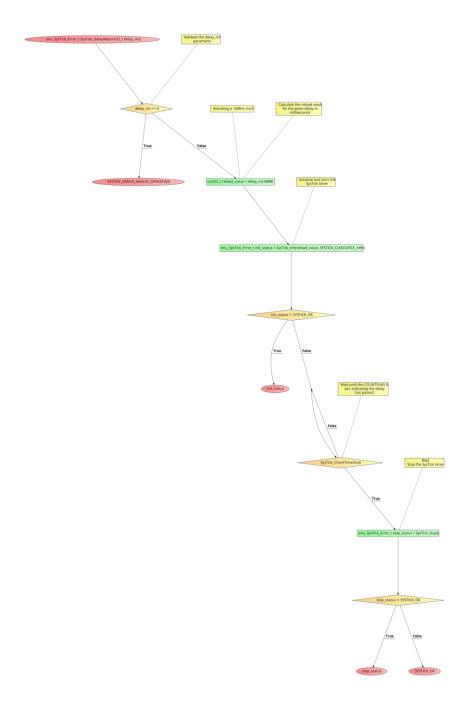
#### enu\_SysTick\_Error\_t SysTick\_Start(void)



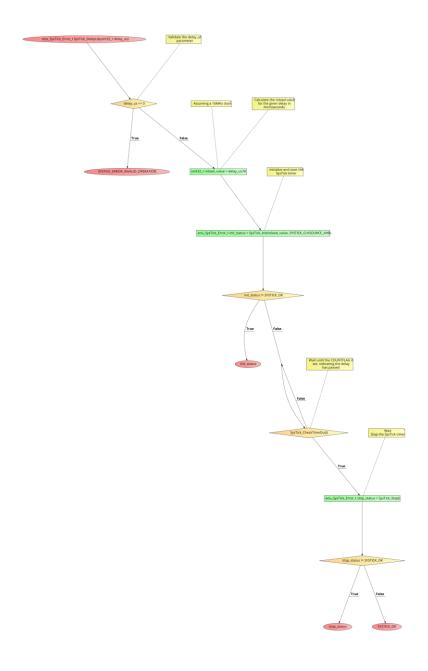
#### enu\_SysTick\_Error\_t SysTick\_Stop(void)



 $enu\_SysTick\_Error\_t\ SysTick\_DelayMs(uint \ 32\_t\ delay\_ms)$ 



 $enu\_SysTick\_Error\_t\ SysTick\_DelayUs(uint \ 32\_t\ delay\_us)$ 

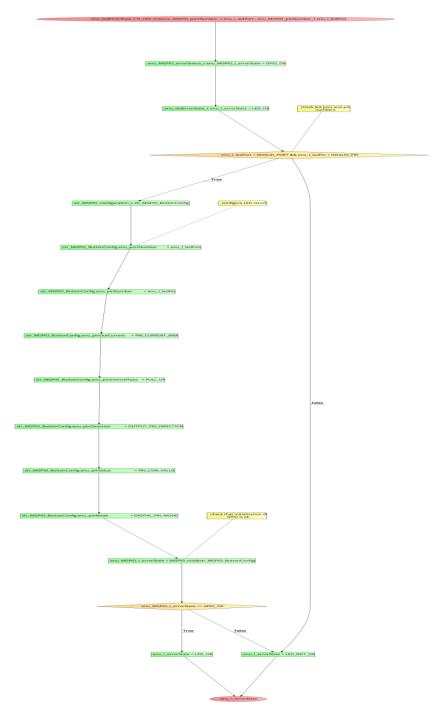


uint8\_t SysTick\_CheckTimeOut(void)

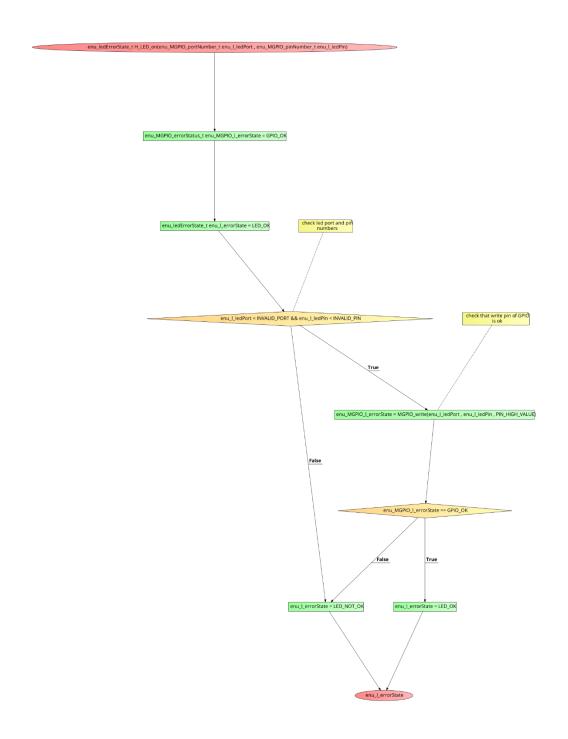


> LED

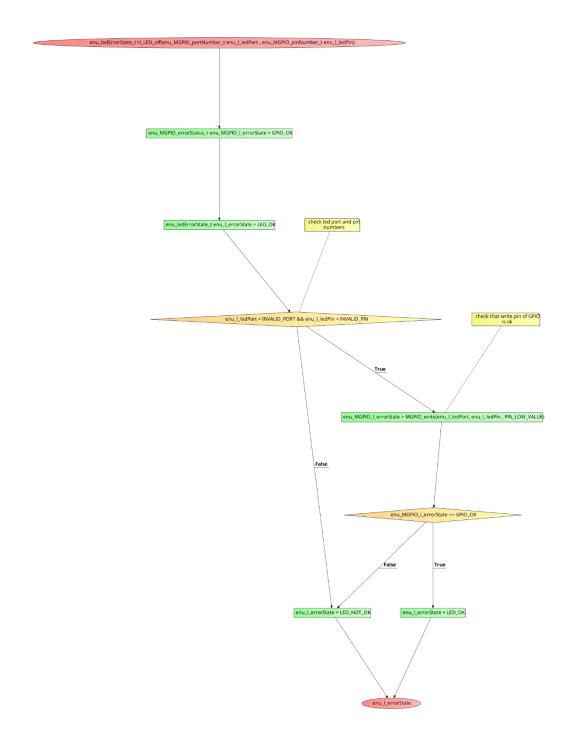
 $enu\_ledErrorState\_t\ H\_LED\_init(enu\_MGPIO\_portNumber\_t\ enu\_l\_ledPort\ ,\\ enu\_MGPIO\_pinNumber\_t\ enu\_l\_ledPin)$ 



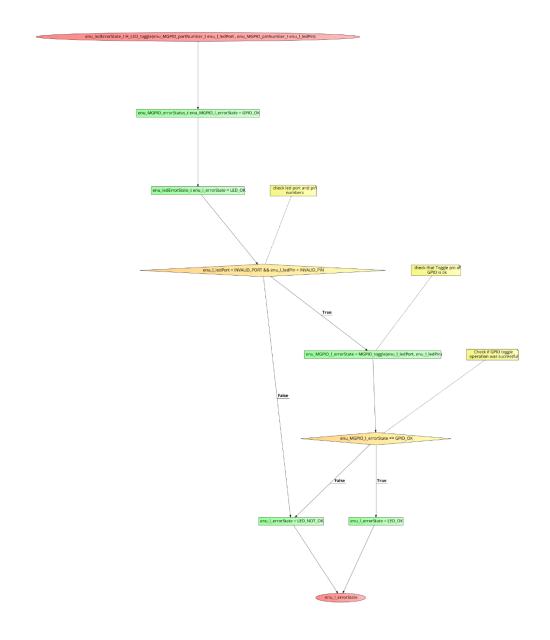
 $enu\_ledErrorState\_t\ H\_LED\_on(enu\_MGPIO\_portNumber\_t\ enu\_l\_ledPort\ ,\\ enu\_MGPIO\_pinNumber\_t\ enu\_l\_ledPin)$ 



 $enu\_ledErrorState\_t\ H\_LED\_off(enu\_MGPIO\_portNumber\_t\ enu\_l\_ledPort\ ,\\ enu\_MGPIO\_pinNumber\_t\ enu\_l\_ledPin)$ 

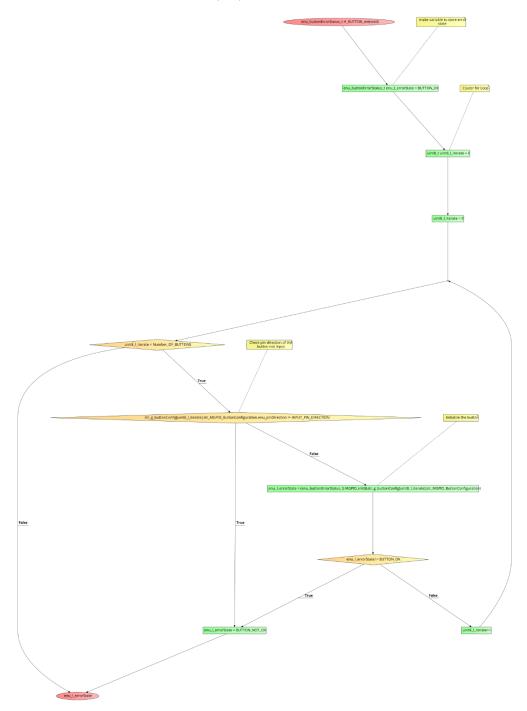


 $enu\_ledErrorState\_t\ H\_LED\_toggle(enu\_MGPIO\_portNumber\_t\ enu\_l\_ledPort\ ,\\ enu\_MGPIO\_pinNumber\_t\ enu\_l\_ledPin)$ 

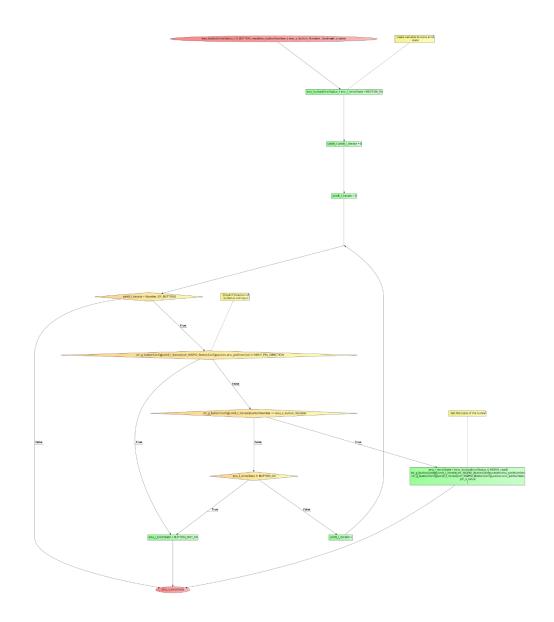


# > BUTTON

#### enu\_buttonErrorStatus\_t H\_BUTTON\_init(void)

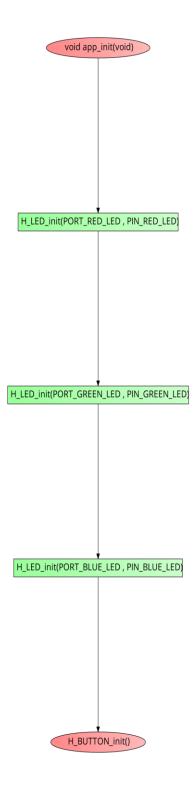


 $enu\_buttonErrorStatus\_t \ H\_BUTTON\_read(enu\_buttonNumber\_t \ enu\_a\_button\_Number \ , \ boolean \ *ptr\_a\_value)$ 

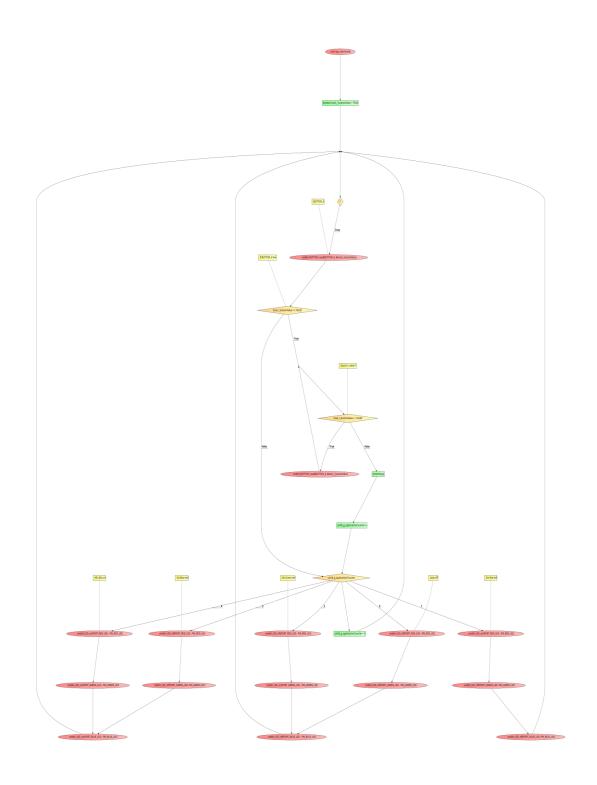


### > APP

void app\_init(void)



void app\_Start(void)



• Precompiling & Linking Configurations

#### > GPIO

```
/******************************
4 ⊟#ifndef GPIO INTERFACE H
5 #define GPIO INTERFACE H
                           INCLUDES
8
9
  #include "common.h"
10
11
12
13
   /*******************
14
15
   typedef void (*ptr_MGPIO_callBack_t) (void);
18
19
                       GPIO PORTS
20
  typedef enum __MGPIO_portNumber
21
22
    PORTA = 0 ,
23
24
    PORTB
25
    PORTC
26
    PORTD
27
    PORTE
28
    PORTF
   INVALID_PORT
30 lenu MGPTO nortNumber to
```

```
GPIO PINS
typedef enum __MGPIO_pinNumber
PIN0 = 0,
PIN1
PIN2
PIN3
PIN4
PIN5
PIN6
PIN7
INVALID PIN
}enu_MGPIO_pinNumber_t;
GPIO PIN DIRECTION
typedef enum __MGPIO_pinDirection
INPUT_PIN_DIRECTION = 0
OUTPUT PIN DIRECTION
INVALID DIRECTION
}enu MGPIO pinDirection t;
```

```
GPIO PIN TYPE
typedef enum __MGPIO_pinType
MGPIO PIN = 0,
ALTERNATIVE PIN
INVALID TYPE
}enu_MGPIO_pinType_t;
                  GPIO PIN INTERNAL ATTACH
typedef enum __MGPIO_pinInternalType
 OPEN DRAIN = 0,
 PULL UP
PULL_DOWN
 INVALID_INTERNAL_TYPE
}enu_MGPIO_pinInternalType_t;
          GPIO PIN TRIGGER INTERRUPTS
typedef enum __MGPIO_pinEventTrigger
{
 TRIGGER FALLING EDGE
                                      = 0,
TRIGGER RISING EDGE
TRIGGER BOTH RISING FALLING EDGES
TRIGGER PIN LOW
TRIGGER PIN HIGH
 INVALID TRIGGER
}enu_MGPIO pinEventTrigger_t;
                            GPIO PIN MODE
/*****************
typedef enum __MGPIO_pinMode
DIGITAL_PIN_MODE = 0,
ANALOG PIN MODE
 INVALID MODE
}enu_MGPIO_pinMode_t;
         GPIO PIN VALUE (LEVEL) */
typedef enum __MGPIO_pinValue
PIN LOW VALUE
PIN_HIGH_VALUE
 INVALID PIN VALUE
}enu MGPIO pinValue t;
                    GPIO PIN OUT CURRENT
typedef enum __MGPIO_pinOutCurrent
 PIN CURRENT 2MA = 0,
 PIN_CURRENT_4MA ,
PIN_CURRENT_8MA ,
 INVALID_OUT_CURRENT
}enu MGPIO pinOutCurrent t;
```

```
**************************
                        GPIO ERROR STATUS
************************
:ypedef enum __MGPIO_errorStatus
                         =0,
 GPIO OK
GPIO NULL POINTER
 GPIO PORT ERROR
 GPIO PIN ERROR
 GPIO DIRECTION ERROR
 GPIO_MODE_ERROR
 GPIO PIN TYPE ERROR
 GPIO OUT CURRENT ERROR
 GPIO INTERNAL TYPE ERROR
 GPIO VALUE ERROR
 GPIO EVENT TRIGGER ERROR
 GPIO PORT NOT INITIALIZED
 GPIO NULL CB POINTER
enu MGPIO errorStatus t;
/********************************
           GPIO PIN TRIGGER INTERRUPTS
typedef struct __MGPIO_configuration
  options pin number:
   -> 0 : 7
 enu_MGPIO_pinNumber_t enu_pinNumber;
  options port number:
   -> MGPIO PIN
   -> ALTERNATIVE_PIN
 enu_MGPIO_portNumber_t enu_portNumber;
  options pin Dir :
   -> INPUT PIN DIRECTION
    -> OUTPUT_PIN_DIRECTION
 enu_MGPIO_pinDirection_t enu_pinDirection;
  options pin mode:
   -> DIGITAL PIN MODE
    -> ANALOG_PIN_MODE
 enu_MGPIO_pinMode_t enu_pinMode;
```

```
options pin type:
    -> DIGITAL_PIN_MODE
     -> ANALOG_PIN_MODE
 enu_MGPIO_pinType_t enu_pinType;
  for output direction if direction output
  options pin value:
    -> PIN_LOW_VALUE
   -> PIN_HIGH_VALUE
 enu_MGPIO_pinValue_t
                      enu_pinValue;
  options pin out current:
    -> PIN_CURRENT_2mA
    -> PIN_CURRENT_4mA
    -> PIN_CURRENT_8mA
 enu_MGPIO_pinOutCurrent_t enu_pinOutCurrent;
  for input direction if direction input
  options pin internal type:
    -> OPEN DRAIN
    -> PULL_UP
   -> PULL_DOWN
 enu_MGPIO_pinInternalType_t enu_pinInternalType;
}str MGPIO configuration t;
```

#### > SYSTICK

```
HEADER GUARD
#ifndef SYSTICK INTERFACE H
#define SYSTICK INTERFACE H
                       INCLUDES
#include <stdint.h>
SYSTICK CLOCK SOURCE ENUM
typedef enum {
  SYSTICK CLKSOURCE AHB = 0,
  // Add more clock source options if needed
} enu SysTick ClockSource t;
/*
                  SYSTICK ERROR STATE
typedef enum {
  SYSTICK OK = 0,
  SYSTICK_ERROR_INVALID_SOURCE,
  SYSTICK ERROR INVALID OPERATION,
} enu SysTick Error t;
SYSTICK CONTROL MACROS
/ *
// SysTick Control and Status Register (STCTRL) bits
#define SYSTICK_ENABLE (1 << 0) // Bit 0: Enables the counter</pre>
#define SYSTICK INT ENABLE (1 << 1) // Bit 1: Enables SysTick interrupt
// Macro for SysTick configuration with a specific clock source
#define SYSTICK_CONFIG_CLKSOURCE(source) (((source) << 2) | SYSTICK_ENABLE)</pre>
SYSTICK CONTROL MACROS
// SysTick Control and Status Register (STCTRL) bits
#define SYSTICK_ENABLE (1 << 0) // Bit 0: Enables the counter</pre>
#define SYSTICK ENABLE MASK (1 << 0) // Bitmask for the enable bit
// SysTick Control Register (STCTRL) bits
#define SYSTICK_CTRL_CLKSOURCE_MASK (1 << 2) // Bitmask for the clock source bits
```

#### > LED

```
#define LED_INTERFACE_H_
 #include "led_config.h"
                     LED ERROR STATE
 typedef enum __ledErrorState
    LED_OK,
   LED_NOT_OK
 }enu_ledErrorState_t;
 #define PORT_RED_LED PORTF
#define PORT_BLUE_LED PORTF
#define PORT_GREEN_LED PORTF
                LED PINS
 #include "gpio interface.h"
                        LED COLORS
typedef enum __ledCOLOR
   RED_LED = 0,
   BLUE LED
   GREEN LED
   TOTAL_LEDS
}enu_ledCOLOR_t;
                      LED CONFIG
typedef struct __ledConfiguration
 str_MGPIO_configuration_t str_MGPIO_ButtonConfiguration;
enu_ledColOR_t enu_ledColor;
 }str_ledConfiguration_t;
                          NUMBER OF LEDS
 #define NUMBER_OF_LEDS 3
```

```
#include "led_config.h"
Config Leds by struct
const str_ledConfiguration_t str_ledConfiguration[NUMBER_OF_LEDS] =
ŧ
       .enu_portNumber = PORTF ,
.enu_pinNumber = PIN1 ,
.enu_pinDirection = OUTPUT_PIN_DIRECTION,
.enu_pinMode = DIGITAL_PIN_MODE,
.enu_pinValue = PIN_LOW_VALUE ,
       .enu_pinOutCurrent = PIN_CURRENT_2MA,
                             = MGPIO PIN
       .enu_pinType
     , RED_LED
  1,
  1
      .enu_portNumber = PORTF ,
.enu_pinNumber = PIN2 ,
.enu_pinDirection = OUTPUT_PIN_DIRECTION,
.enu_pinMode = DIGITAL_PIN_MODE,
.enu_pinValue = PIN_LOW_VALUE ,
       .enu_pinOutCurrent = PIN_CURRENT_2MA,
.enu_pinType = MGPIO_PIN
     , BLUE_LED
  },
      .enu_portNumber = PORTF ,
.enu_pinNumber = PIN3 ,
.enu_pinDirection = OUTPUT_PIN_DIRECTION ,
.enu_pinMode = DIGITAL_PIN_MODE,
.enu_pinValue = PIN_LOW_VALUE ,
       .enu_pinOutCurrent = PIN_CURRENT_2MA,
       .enu_pinType
                              = MGPIO PIN
    , GREEN_LED
  }
```

#### > BUTTON

```
HEADER GUARD
#ifndef BUTTON H
 #define BUTTON H
                   Includes
 #include "button_config.h"
 Buttons Error State
 typedef enum __buttonErrorStatus_t
   BUTTON_OK = 0,
BUTTON_NOT_OK
 } enu buttonErrorStatus t;
4 | #ifndef BUTTON_CONFIG_H
  #define BUTTON_CONFIG_H
   8
   10
   #include "gpio_interface.h"
11
12
                          Number of Buttons
13
14
15
   typedef enum __buttonNumber_t
16 🖹 {
    BUTTON_0 = 1,
17
18
    BUTTON 1
    BUTTON MAX
19
20
   }enu_buttonNumber_t;
21
22
23
24
                          Button Configuration
25
26
   typedef struct __buttonConfig_t
27 🗖 {
   str_MGPIO_configuration_t str_MGPIO_ButtonConfiguration;
enu_buttonNumber_t buttonNumber;
left_buttonConfiguration_t;
29
  }str_buttonConfiguration t;
30
31
32
33
                           Number Of Buttons
34
   #define Number_OF_BUTTONS 2
36
```

```
Includes */

*/

** include "button_config.h"

*/

** Config Buttons by struct */

*/

** Config ButtonConfig(Number_OF_BUTTONS] = **

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```

That is all requirements

# **Thanks**