CADEC 2015 - JAVA 8

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JAVA 8 NEW FEATURES

- Overview
- Lambda Expressions
- Stream API



JAVA 8 NEW FEATURES - OVERVIEW

- New Date/Time API
 - Based on <u>Joda-Time</u>
- Interface improvements
 - Static methods and default methods
- Optional type
 - Say goodbye to NullPointerException
- Concurrency API additions
 - E.g. CompletableFuture and parallel stream operation
- New JavaScript Engine
 - Nashorn
- PermGen space is gone
 - Yeah!
- Lambda Expressions
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Enables Functional-style Programming



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• Using an anonymous inner class for a callback:

```
asyncHttpClient.execute(url,

new AsyncCompletionHandler<Response>() {
    @Override
    public Response onCompleted
        (Response response) {

        // TODO: Handle the response...
    }
}
);
```



• Using an anonymous inner class for a callback:



• Anonymous inner class

```
asyncHttpClient.execute(url,

new AsyncCompletionHandler<Response>() {
    @Override
    public Response onCompleted

    (Response response) {

        // TODO: Handle the response...
    }
}
);
Gone using
Lambdas!!!
```

• Lambda expression



• Type inference

```
asyncHttpClient.execute(url,
    response -> {
        // TODO: Handle the response...
    }
);
```

• Local variables

```
final DeferredResult<String> dr =
  new DeferredResult<>();

asyncHttpClient.execute(url,

response -> {

    // TODO: Handle the response...
    dr. setResult(response.getResponseBody());
  }
);
```



SOME OF THE MAGIC BEHIND LAMBDA EXPRESSIONS

- Functional Interfaces
 - A functional interface is an interface that defines exactly one abstract method.

```
@FunctionalInterface
public interface Predicate<T> {
   boolean test(T t);
}
```

- Functional interfaces can be instantiated using lambda expressions...



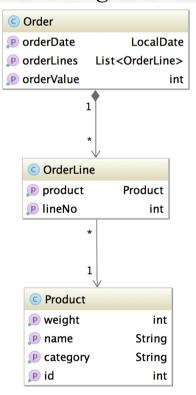
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INTRODUCTION TO FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING

Consider the following model



- How to implement:
- 1. What products from category X have been ordered in the date interval M to N?

I want them sorted by their weight!

2. What products with weight from X to Y has been sold in orders with an order value M to N?

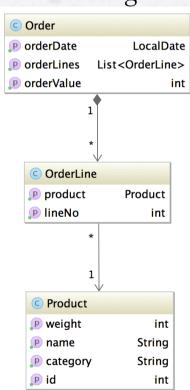
I want them sorted by their product id!



INTRODUCTION TO FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING

Consider the following model

• Assume the following API:



```
public interface QueryApi {
   public List<Product> getProductsByDateAndCategoryOrderByWeight(
        LocalDate minDate,
        LocalDate maxDate,
        String category);

public List<Product> getProductsByOrderValueAndWeightOrderByProductId(
        int minOrderValue,
        int maxOrderValue,
        int minProductWeight,
        int maxProductWeight);
}
```



```
public List<Product> getProductsByDateAndCategoryOrderByWeight
    (LocalDate minDate, LocalDate maxDate, String category) {
   List<Order> orders = getOrders();
    List<Product> products = new ArrayList<>();
   for (Order order : orders) {
       // Filter on order date
        LocalDate date = order.getOrderDate();
        if (date.isAfter(minDate) && date.isBefore(maxDate)) {
           List<OrderLine> orderLines = order.getOrderLines();
            for (OrderLine orderLine : orderLines) {
               // Filter on product category
                Product product = orderLine.getProduct();
                if (product.getCategory().equals(category)) {
                    products.add(product);
```

```
}
}

// Remove any duplicates from the list of selected products
products = new ArrayList<>(new HashSet<>(products));

// Sort on product weight
Collections.sort(products, new Comparator<Product>() {
    @Override
    public int compare(Product p1, Product p2) {
        return (p1.getWeight() < p2.getWeight()) ? -1 : 1;
    }
});

return products;
}</pre>
```



```
public List<Product> getProductsByOrderValueAndWeightOrderByProductId(
  int minOrderValue, int maxOrderValue, int minProductWeight, int maxProductWeight) {
  List<Order> orders = getOrders();

    A lot of code

    Most parts are the same

  List<Product> products = new ArrayList<>();
  for (Order order : orders) {

    Not much differs!!!

   // Filter on order value
    int orderValue = order.getOrderValue();
    if (minOrderValue <= orderValue && orderValue <= maxOrderValue) {</pre>
      List<OrderLine> orderLines = order.getOrderLines();
      for (OrderLine orderLine : orderLines) {
        // Filter on product weight
        Product product = orderLine.getProduct();
        int productWeight = product.getWeight();
        if (minProductWeight <= productWeight && productWeight <= maxProductWeight) {</pre>
            products.add(product);
      . . .
```

```
}
}
}

// Remove any duplicates from the list of selected products
products = new ArrayList<>(new HashSet<>(products));

// Sort on product Id
Collections.sort(products, new Comparator<Product>() {
    @Override
    public int compare(Product p1, Product p2) {
        return (p1.getId() < p2.getId()) ? -1 : 1;
    }
});

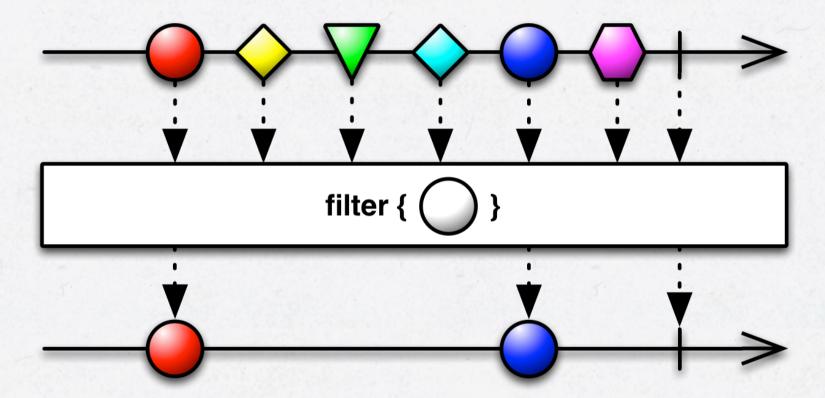
return products;
}</pre>
```

INTRODUCTION TO FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING

- Can we simplify this using functional programming?
- Let's try with plain Java 8
 - Express Functions using Lambda Expressions
 - Declare the data processing using Java 8 Stream API
- Lambda's we know about already, but what about Java 8 Stream API???

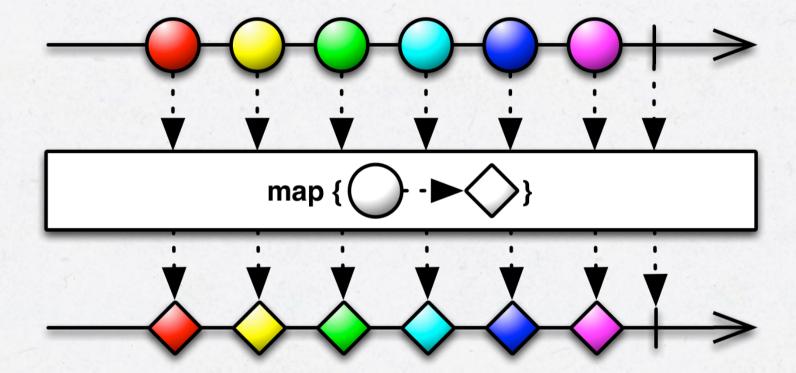


STREAM FILTER



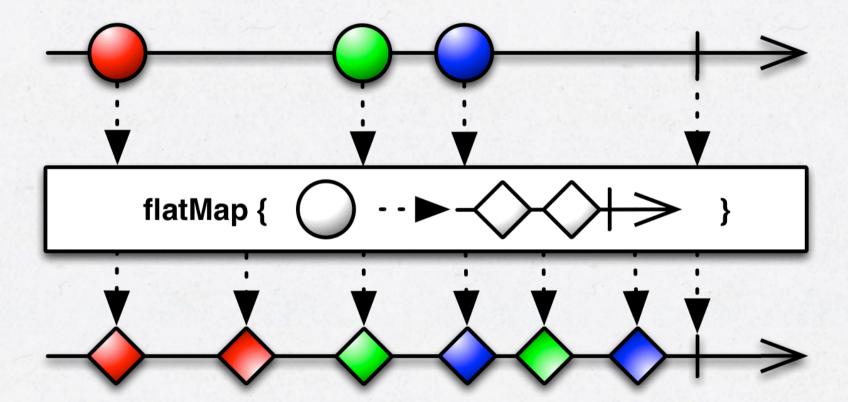


STREAM MAP





STREAM FLATMAP



ENTERING THE FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING WORLD...

• Example #1 using Java 8 Streams

```
public List<Product> getProductsByDateAndCategoryOrderByWeight(
  LocalDate minDate, LocalDate maxDate, String category) {

  return getOrders()
    .stream ()
    .filter (o -> o.getOrderDate().isAfter(minDate) && o.getOrderDate().isBefore(maxDate))
    .flatMap (o -> o.getOrderLines().stream())
    .map (ol -> ol.getProduct())
    .filter (p -> p.getCategory().equals(category))
    .distinct()
    .sorted ((p1, p2) -> (p1.getWeight() < p2.getWeight()) ? -1 : 1)
    .collect (Collectors.toList());
}</pre>
```



ENTERING THE FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING WORLD...

• ...and example #2...



LET'S TAKE ONE MORE STEP INTO THE FUNCTIONAL WORLD...

- Separate the knowledge of the object model to a separate function
 - That takes three functions as arguments...



FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING TAKE 2

• Example #1

• Example #2

INTRODUCTION TO FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING

• Also see

http://callistaenterprise.se/blogg/teknik/2014/12/29/trying-out-functional-programming-in-Java8/



SUMMARY

- Start use Java 8 now!
- Look for areas where you can benefit from the new features
 - Start at small scale and widen the usage once proven within your organization...
- Verify that your 3PP's support Java 8

