THE CORNERSTONES OF EMBERJS

CADEC 2015

I CALLISTAENTERPRISE.SE

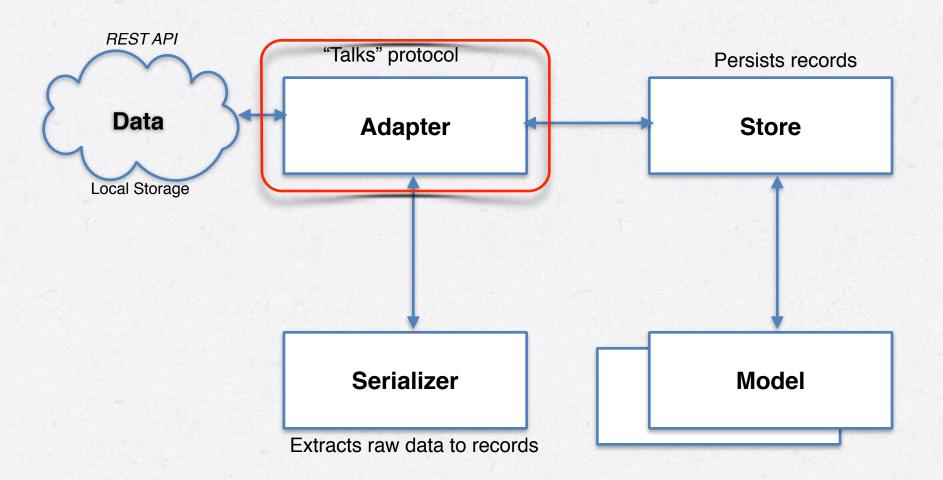


EMBER DATA

- Data persistence library
 - —> Only for Ember.js
- Separated code-source from Ember
- Assumes "sane" REST API defaults
- Manages models and their relationships
- · Local cache



EMBER DATA - ARCHITECTURE





EMBER DATA - ADAPTER

- Receives requests from a store and translates them to appropriate actions against persistence layer
- Persistence layer examples:
 - HTTP API
 - browser local storage
- Provided adapters:
 - FixtureAdapter
 - RESTAdapter



EMBER DATA - ADAPTER - FIXTURE

- FixtureAdapter
 - records from memory
 - used for development and testing
 - provides all CRUD operations
 - possible to implement entire app with fixtures

· Docs: http://emberjs.com/api/data/classes/DS.FixtureAdapter.html



EMBER DATA - ADAPTER - REST

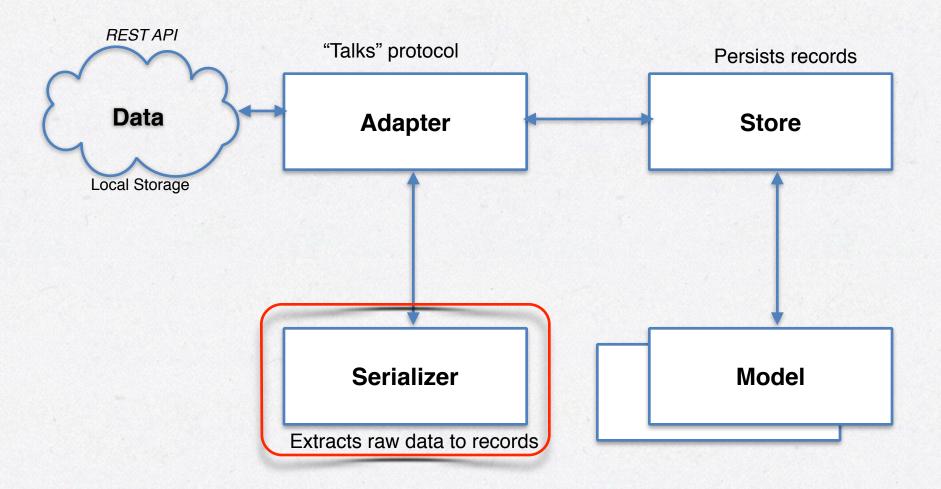
- RESTAdapter
 - allows store to communicate with HTTP server backend
 - expects conventional JSON structure
 - Example JSON for GET request posts/1:

```
{
    "post": {
        "id": 1,
        "title": "Ember Rocks",
        "body": "Ember is real MVC framework"
    }
}
```

Docs: http://emberjs.com/api/data/classes/DS.RESTAdapter.html



EMBER DATA - ARCHITECTURE





EMBER DATA - SERIALIZER

- Turns raw JSON payload into record object
- Used by Adapter
- When sending to server serialize
- When receiving from server normalize
- Provided serializers:
 - RESTSerializer
 - http://emberjs.com/api/data/classes/DS.RESTSerializer.html



EMBER DATA - SERIALIZER

Example RESTSerializer

```
import DS from 'ember-data';

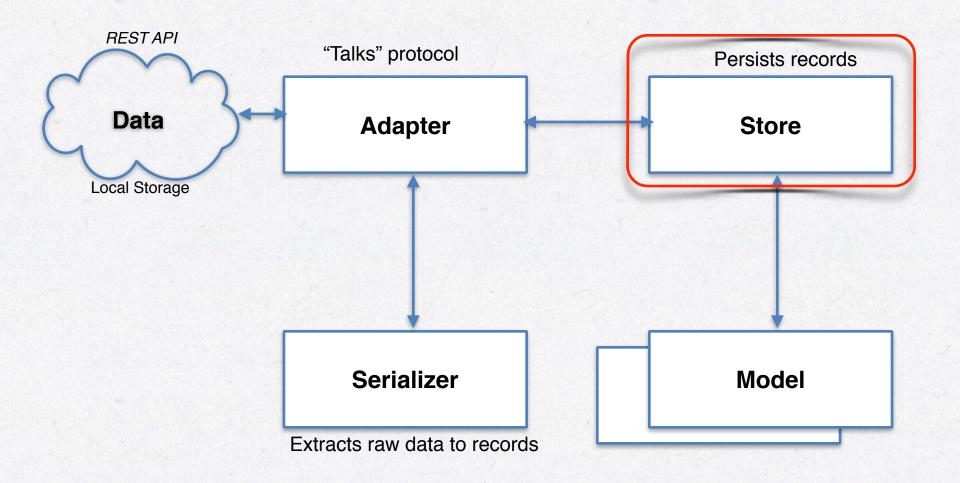
export default DS.RESTSerializer.extend({
    serializeHasMany: function(record, json, relationship) {
      var key = relationship.key;
      var payloadKey = this.keyForRelationship ? this.keyForRelationship(key, 'hasMany') : key;

    var relationshipType = record.constructor.determineRelationshipType(relationship);

    if (['manyToNone', 'manyToMany', 'manyToOne'].contains(relationshipType)) {
         json[payloadKey] = record.get(key).mapBy('id');
    }
}
};
```



EMBER DATA - ARCHITECTURE





EMBER DATA - STORE

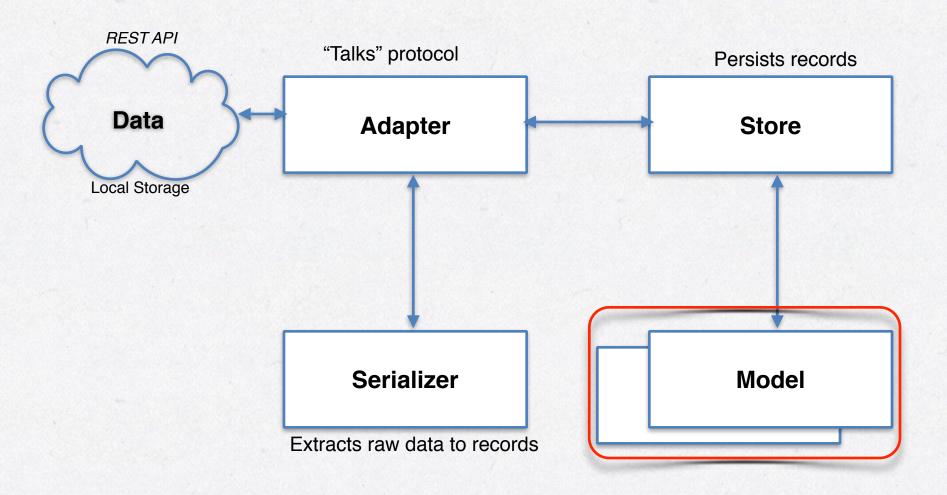
- Singelton instance
- Namespace === DS
- Central repository of records
- Functions as local cache
- Responsible for querying and saving of records
- Finders and save return promises
- Example finding a record post with id 1:

```
this.store.find('post', 1).then(function(){
   // do something useful
});
```

Docs: http://emberjs.com/api/data/classes/DS.Store.html



EMBER DATA - ARCHITECTURE





EMBER DATA - MODEL

- properties and behaviour of the data
- data types of the properties
- relationships with other objects

```
import DS from "ember-data";

export default DS.Model.extend({
   title: DS.attr('string'),
   body: DS.attr('string'),
   user: DS.belongsTo('user', {async:true}),
   comments : DS.hasMany('comment', {async:true})
});
```

Docs: http://emberjs.com/guides/models/defining-models/



EMBER DATA - MODEL - RELATIONSHIPS

DS.belongsTo for one-to-one

```
User = DS.Model.extend({
   profile: DS.belongsTo('profile')
});

Profile = DS.Model.extend({
   user: DS.belongsTo('user')
});
```



EMBER DATA - MODEL - RELATIONSHIPS

DS.belongsTo in combination with DS.hasMany for one-to-many

```
Post = DS.Model.extend({
   comments: DS.hasMany('comment')
});

Comment = DS.Model.extend({
   post: DS.belongsTo('post')
});
```



EMBER DATA - MODEL - RELATIONSHIPS

DS.hasMany for many-to-many

```
Post = DS.Model.extend({
   tags: DS.hasMany('tag')
});

Tag = DS.Model.extend({
   posts: DS.hasMany('post')
});
```



EXERCISE 1

GitHub link

https://github.com/callistaenterprise/cadec-2015-ember/wiki/ Models-Fixtures-and-Adapters

· Time 15 minutes



ROUTER

- Manages and represents application state as a URL
- Initialises and updates the Controllers
- Injects Views in templates
- map method for definition of URL mappings
- Resources Groups of routes working with a resource

Docs: http://emberjs.com/guides/routing/



ROUTER

Example of a router mapping:

```
import Ember from 'ember';
import config from './config/environment';
var Router = Ember.Router.extend({
  location: config.locationType
});
Router.map( function() {
  this.resource("posts", function() {
    this.resource("posts.post", {
      path: ":post_id"
    }, function() {
      this.resource("posts.post.comments", {
        path: "comments"
      }, function(){
        this.route('comment', { path: ':comment_id' });
      });
    this.route("new");
  });
  this.route("login");
  this.route("logoff");
});
export default Router;
```



ROUTE

- One route per state
- Decides which model to be used
- · Default routes:
 - application is the container for entire application
 - index is the route for the root '/'
- Transitioning
 - beforeModel
 - afterModel
- Path can be left out if same as template name this.route('new');

URL	Route Name	Controller	Route	Template
/	index	IndexController	IndexRoute	index
N/A	posts	PostsController	PostsRoute	posts
/posts	posts.index	PostsController → PostsIndexController	PostsRoute → PostsIndexRoute	posts → posts/index
/posts/new	posts.new	PostsController → PostsNewController	PostsRoute → PostsNewRoute	posts → posts/new

Docs: http://emberjs.com/guides/routing/



ROUTE

Example Post route

```
import Ember from 'ember';
export default Ember.Route.extend({
   model: function(params) {
     return this.store.find('post', params.post_id);
   }
});
```

Docs: http://emberjs.com/guides/routing/



CONTROLLER

- Can act as model decorator or as a proxy
- Template gets all it's properties from a controller
- Storage of application properties
- Controller types:
 - ObjectController
 - ArrayController
- Example dependency between *controllers*:

```
export default Ember.Controller.extend({
  needs: "posts/post"
});
```

Docs: http://emberjs.com/guides/controllers/



CONTROLLER

Example PostController

```
import Ember from 'ember';
export default Ember.ObjectController.extend({
  isEditing : false,
  actions : {
    edit : function(){
      this.set('isEditing', true);
    },
    done : function(post){
      this.set('isEditing', false);
      post.save();
    cancel : function(post){
      post.rollback();
      this.set('isEditing', false);
      this.transitionToRoute('posts.post', post.get('id'));
```

Docs: http://emberjs.com/guides/controllers/



TEMPLATE

- Handlebars templates
 - regular HTML with embedded expressions {{someProperty}}
- Default template is application.hbs
 - · header, footer, and any other decorative content here
- {{outlet}}: a placeholder that the router will fill in with the appropriate template, based on the current URL
- Handlebars Helpers
 - {{log}} to output variables to browser's console
 - {{debugger}} to set breakpoints in template
- Navigation between routes using {{link-to}} Handlebars helper
 <div>{{#link-to 'posts.new'}}New Post{{/link-to}}</div>

Docs: http://emberjs.com/guides/templates/handlebars-basics/



TEMPLATE

Example application.hbs:

```
<div id="wrap">
    {{partial 'p-header'}}
    <!-- Page content -->
    <div class="container">
      {{outlet}}
    </div>
   {{partial 'p-header'}}
</div>
```

Docs: http://emberjs.com/guides/templates/handlebars-basics/



TEMPLATE - HELPER

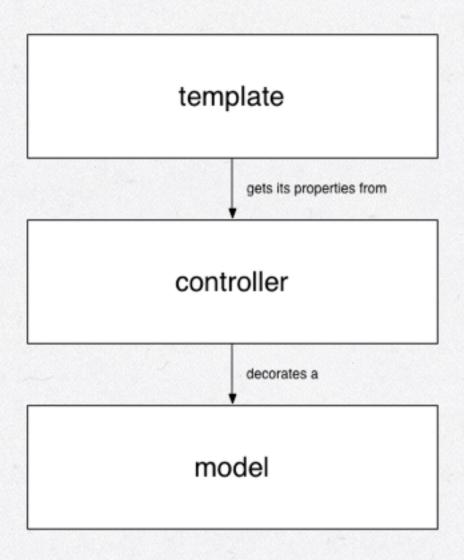
Example date-time helper:

```
import Ember from 'ember';
/* global moment */
export function dateTime(date, format) {
  if (!date) {
    return "";
  if(!format || !(typeof format === 'string' || format instanceof String)){
    return moment(date).format('YYYY-MM-DD');
  } else if(format === 'fromTo'){
    return moment(date).fromNow();
  } else {
    return moment(date).format(format);
  return date;
export default Ember.Handlebars.makeBoundHelper(dateTime);
```

Docs: <u>http://emberjs.com/guides/templates/handlebars-basics/</u>



COUPLING: TEMPLATE-CONTROLLER-MODEL



EXERCISE 2

- GitHub link
 https://github.com/callistaenterprise/cadec-2015-ember/wiki/
 Routes-Templates
- · Time 15 minutes



EXERCISE 3

• GitHub link
https://github.com/callistaenterprise/cadec-2015-ember/wiki/
Routes-Templates-Controllers

· Time 30 minutes

