Consider Ron Graham's sequence for lcm, that is, look at sequences such that

$$n = a_1 < a_2 < \ldots < a_T = k \text{ and } lcm(a_1, \ldots, a_T) \text{ is square.}$$

**Question.** Let A300516(n) be the least k (as a function of n) such that such a sequence exists?

$$a(1) = 1$$
 via (1)  
 $a(2) = 4$  via (2,4)  
 $a(3) = 3$  via (3,9)  
 $a(4) = 4$  via (4)  
 $a(5) = 25$  via (5,25)  
 $a(6) = 12$  via (6,9,12)  
 $a(7) = 49$  via (7,49)  
 $a(8) = 16$  via (8,16)

Figure 1: Examples of A300516(n) for  $n \in \{1, 2, \dots, 8\}$ .

## Related.

- 1. For what values n is A300516(n) nonsquare?
- 2. For what values n does the corresponding sequence have three or more terms?
- 3. What is the analogous sequence for perfect cubes, etc?

## References.

https://oeis.org/A300516