Difficulty: 2/4 Interest: 3/4

This one is based on correspondence from Alec Jones: Consider all of the ways of partitioning the complete graph on n vertices into smaller complete graphs.

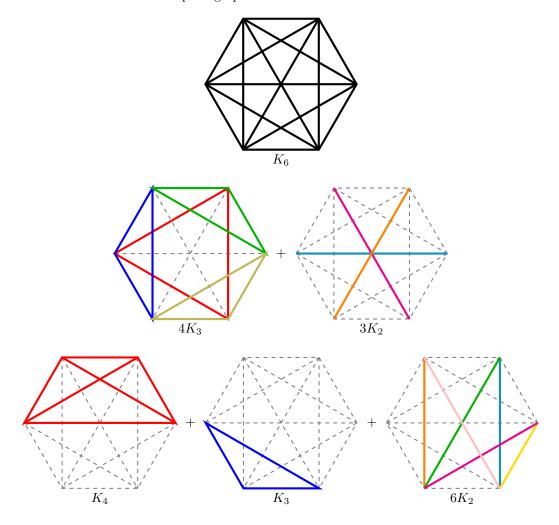


Figure 1: An example three ways to partition K_6 into complete graphs: the trivial partition, a partition into 4 copies of K_3 and 3 copies of K_2 , and a partition into 1 copy of K_4 , 1 copy of K_3 , and 6 copies of K_2 .

Question. How many such partitions exist, up to graph isomorphism?

Related.

- 1. What if the union of K_j graphs cannot contain a K_{j-1} subgraph?
- 2. What if the partition can only consist of two "sizes" of complete graphs, as in the second example?
- 3. How many such partitions exist up to dihedral action?