For each 2n-gon there exists some number  $\ell_n$  such that there is a equilateral convex polygon with integer coordinates such that all sides have length  $\ell_n$ .

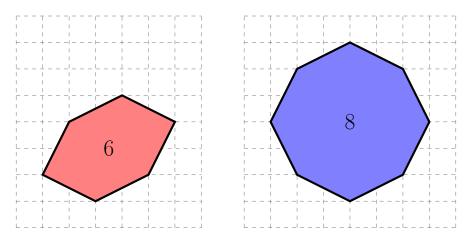


Figure 1: Example demonstrating that  $\ell_6 = \ell_8 = \sqrt{5}$ .

**Question.** For what values of m do there exist equilateral (2m-1)-gons with integer coordinates?

## Related.

- 1. For m such that there are no equilateral (2m-1)-gons, what is do the best Diophantine approximations look like (in the sense of Problem 62)?
- 2. Does this generalize to polyhedra?

## References.

https://oeis.org/A071383

Problem 62