Consider triangles with vertices on grid points and sides of equal length according to the Taxicab metric—in particular, those with no smaller, similar triangle.

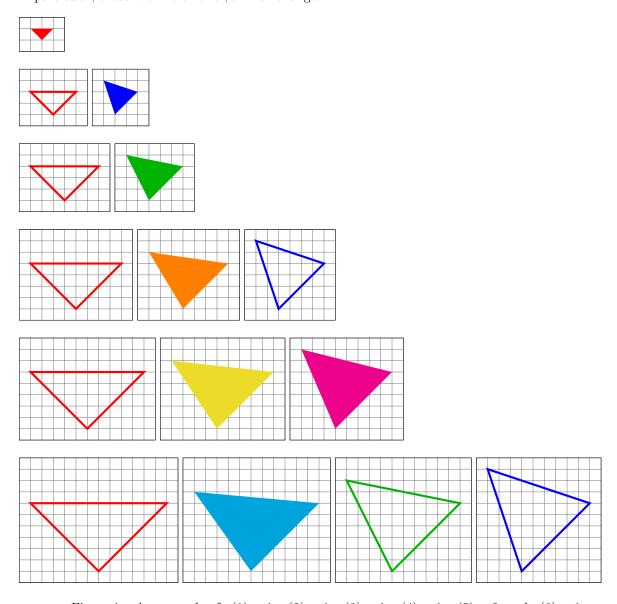


Figure 1: An example of a(1) = 1, a(2) = 1, a(3) = 1, a(4) = 1, a(5) = 2, and a(6) = 1.

Question. How many triangles of side length 2n exist?

Note. The answer is probably that a(1) = 1 and $a(n) = \lfloor n/2 \rfloor + 1 - \sum_{d|n} a(d)$, which appears to be A023022. Related.

- 1. What is the related sequence for triangles measured under the d_{∞} metric?
- 2. How does this generalize to equilateral n-gons? Convex n-gons?
- 3. How does this generalize to a Taxicab-like metric on a triangular grid?

References.

http://oeis.org/A023022