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## Meeting assets for Jerry Michalski's Zoom Meeting are ready!

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### Meeting summary

#### Quick recap

The group explored various definitions and perspectives on abundance, discussing concepts like trust, community resources, and societal patterns. They examined practical applications through community initiatives, development aid projects, and technological integrations aimed at addressing systemic challenges and promoting resilience. The conversation concluded with discussions on community building, language and communication strategies, and the importance of collective action and self-reflection in creating meaningful change.

#### Next steps

- No next steps were provided in the input. Please provide the extracted next steps you would like me to organize and rank.

### Summary

#### Defining Personal Abundance Perspectives

The group engaged in a discussion about abundance, with each member sharing a brief definition or phrase to describe what abundance means to them. Stacey initiated the exercise by suggesting that abundance is having what you need when you need it, and the group responded with various perspectives, including contentment, infinite possibility, love, and co-intelligence. The exercise aimed to focus solely on the concept of abundance without delving into explanations of how, where, when, or why.

#### Understanding Abundance Through Trust

Jerry led a discussion on the concept of abundance, contrasting two perspectives: a techno-optimist view emphasizing technological solutions to scarcity and a neoliberal view advocating for reduced regulations to achieve abundance. He introduced his formula "scarcity equals abundance minus trust," highlighting how trust in community and shared resources can lead to abundance. Participants

shared their interpretations of abundance, with Kalia emphasizing "abundant enoughness" and the importance of addressing hoarding behaviors, while Jose expressed uncertainty about the concept's meaning. Gil and John discussed the role of regulation and the historical meaning of affluence as a flowing resource, and Jessie brought up the idea that abundance without hoarding is possible. The conversation concluded with Jessie mentioning a book titled "Pendulum," which discusses a 40-year cycle between individualism and cooperation.

### **Abundance, Trust, and Societal Patterns**

The group discussed various concepts related to abundance, trust, and societal patterns. John shared an experience from a presentation where he realized that people's perception of water abundance can differ significantly. Jerry introduced ideas from yoga and Sanskrit, emphasizing the importance of non-grasping and abundance. Jessie presented a theory about a 40-year pendulum swing between individual and collective focus in society. Stacey spoke about the erosion of trust due to media influence and billionaire narratives, sharing personal experiences of online harassment and the challenges of promoting affordable housing and free transit in New York City.

### **Community Housing and Resilience Initiative**

Kevin described a community-driven initiative to create a non-profit housing fund in a low-income, unincorporated neighborhood affected by natural disasters. The project aims to address housing needs, promote biodiversity, and increase community political power, with partnerships involving local organizations and stakeholders. Jerry and others discussed the role of insurance companies in environmental risk reduction, with Stacey and Pete suggesting that corporate structures may hinder thoughtful, systems-friendly approaches. Jessie shared her work on visualizing place-based resources in Seattle and expressed interest in collaborating with Kevin on mapping projects. The conversation concluded with Gil highlighting the potential for community mapping and strategic insurance practices to promote resilience, while Jerry reflected on how policies often lead to scarcity rather than abundance.

### **AI for African Farmer Development**

Klaus discussed Aquarie Generations, an organization based in Nairobi, Kenya, that aims to connect local farmers with EU and African resources through AI technology. He highlighted the challenges of changing subsistence farmers' behaviors and the need to consolidate them into groups for cost-effectiveness. Klaus criticized past development aid efforts, particularly those involving GMO seeds and synthetic nitrogen, which he argued have devastated landscapes and failed to make farmers self-sufficient. Jerry and Doug raised questions about the effectiveness of development aid and the role of billionaires like Bill Gates in these efforts, with Klaus agreeing that the intentions may have been well-meaning but the outcomes were detrimental.

### **AI-Enhanced Causal Loop Mapping**

Doug discussed integrating AI with causal loop mapping to enhance system analysis by augmenting human mediation and identifying previously overlooked variables. He proposed combining Gene Bellinger's causal loop mapping with Bill Smith's AIC framework and Barry Court's emotional dimension framework to create a more comprehensive analysis tool. Doug also highlighted Donella Meadows' concept of leverage points, suggesting that this enriched mapping could guide better decision-making across policy, financial, and multi-stakeholder levels. He concluded by envisioning a dynamic, real-time application of this integrated system using AI's capabilities to track changes and analyze complex systems in motion.

## Global Collaboration and Cultural Insights

Doug shared his work with Louise McCullough in Ireland and a young lawyer in Nairobi, Tessie, who helps women in entrepreneurial endeavors. He emphasized the importance of addressing cultural dimensions and human factors in their work. Pete recommended reading "Hospicing Modernity" by Vanessa Andreatti for insights on navigating the current state of affairs. Stacey discussed her perspective on consumerism and trust, sharing her experience with a dog named Romeo who she is fostering temporarily.

## Community Building and Engagement Strategies

The group discussed community building and engagement, with Stacey emphasizing the importance of finding people before using spaces to coordinate. Jessie shared her vision for connecting people in both place-based and digital communities, referencing Dunbar's research on the optimal size of social groups. Jerry suggested engaging in provocative actions to challenge insurance companies, while Klaus mentioned the regenerative movement and its current state. The conversation highlighted the challenges of systemic issues and the need for collective action to effect change.

## Adaptive Communication for Community Connection

Klaus discussed the importance of using narrative and language that resonates with different community layers, emphasizing the need to adapt communication to connect with people on a personal level, even if it involves religious or familiar language. Gil highlighted the challenge of balancing the use of others' language to understand and engage without manipulation, and Stacey shared a personal story illustrating the delicate nature of using shared language to bridge divides. Jerry read a poem by Cheshwave Micha that emphasized the importance of self-reflection and service, concluding the meeting on a reflective note.

AI can make mistakes. Review for accuracy.

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