



STRAVA | METRO

Better Data for Better Cities

Brian Riordan - CS Lead

metro.strava.com

Agenda

Introductions: 10:15am

Overview of Strava & Metro: 10:15am – 10:45am

Overview of Product: 10:45am – 11:15am

Removing Noise: 11:15am – 11:30am

Comfort break: 11:30am – 12:00pm

Correlation (Crash Points, Counters, Speed): 12:00pm – 12:20pm

Finding Missing Geo: 12:30pm – 12:40pm

Delta Analysis: 12:40pm – 1:00pm

Discussion around potential urban research uses for Strava data: 1:00pm – 1:30pm

Lunch and networking



What and Who is Strava?

What is Strava?

The social network for cyclists and runners.

STRAVA Dashboard Explore Shop

Activity Feed

I'm following

This Week

0h 0m / 7h Training Log

Monday, August 17, 2015

08/17/2015 Long Pond, Pennsylvania
Steve Liu
7:25 AM 4.8mi 8.07mi 0 0

M W T F S S

0 / 5 mi

This Year

68 mi 108 mi projected 923 mi 1,471 mi projected

Find Your Friends On Strava

Find and Invite Your Friends

Upcoming

You have no races, events or goals coming soon.

Discover More

Clubs Create a Club

Monday, August 17, 2015

08/17/2015 Long Pond, Pennsylvania
Steve Liu
7:25 AM 4.8mi 8.07mi 0 0

M W T F S S

0 / 5 mi

This Year

68 mi 108 mi projected 923 mi 1,471 mi projected

Find Your Friends On Strava

Find and Invite Your Friends

Upcoming

You have no races, events or goals coming soon.

Discover More

Clubs Create a Club

●●●○○ Verizon 4:04 PM 68%

Feed FOLLOWING

YESTERDAY 35

Jonathan Nelson
For old time's sake.
 20 mi 1,339 ft

1 0 12

Ride

Beacon will share your location via text message.

Haynes Bunn
Afternoon Ride
 6.7 mi 203 ft

Feed Challenges Record Profile More

What is Strava Metro?

Data-Driven Bike and Pedestrian Planning

Aggregated, anonymized activity data from Strava's millions of users

Analyze popular or avoided routes, peak commute times, intersection wait times, and origin/destination zones

Processed for compatibility with geographic information system (GIS) environments



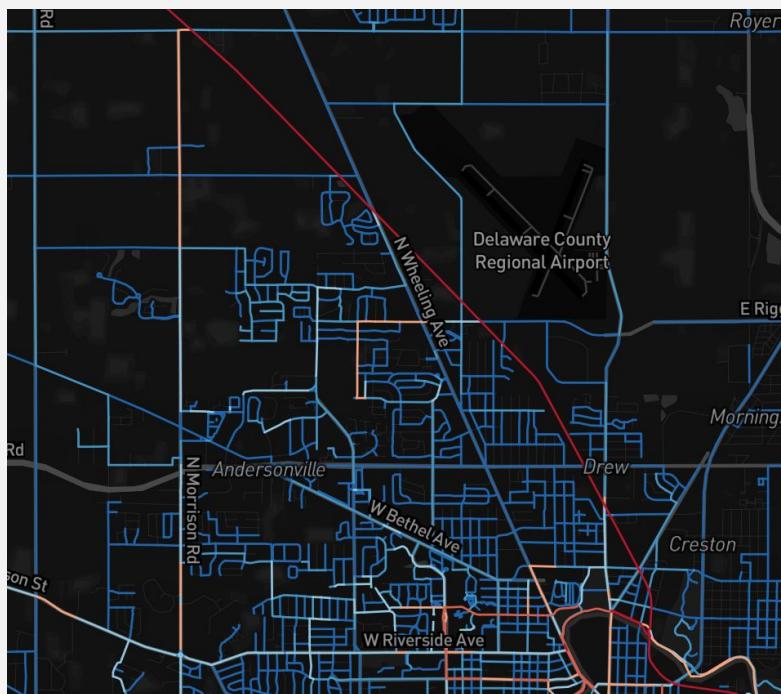
Strava Metro's Mission Statement

To produce state-of-the-art spatial data products and services to make cycling, running, and walking in cities better.

Why Build Strava Metro?

Data-Driven Bicycle and Pedestrian Planning

- Global need for consistent cycling data
- Continues to serve the Strava user
- Further bonds the cycling and pedestrian community
- It's the right thing to do



How Do We Protect Users' Privacy?

User privacy as the foremost concern

Focused on streets, not individuals

No way to bring a Metro record back to Strava

Opt out switches on Strava (less than 0.01%)

Just use the heatmap?

Not so fast!

- No temporal scale
- Point Saturation not Use Saturation
- Large cropping of ride start and ends
- Mix of ride types

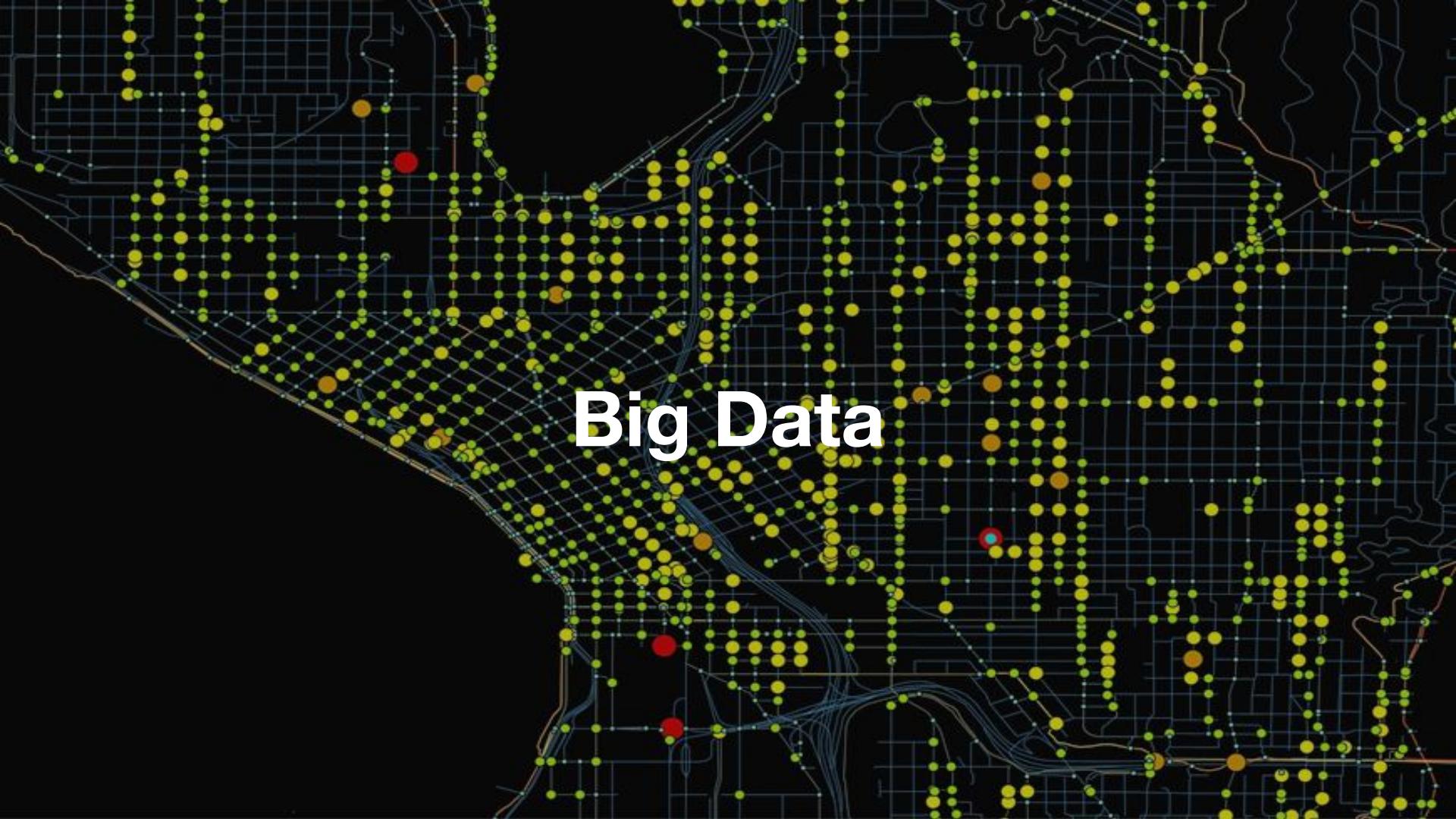
What is it good for?

- ❖ Showing that people ride bikes
- ❖ Starting dialogues with city councils
- ❖ Keeping track of where you rode this year
- ❖ Editing your basemap / finding missing geometry



Data Restrictions & Use

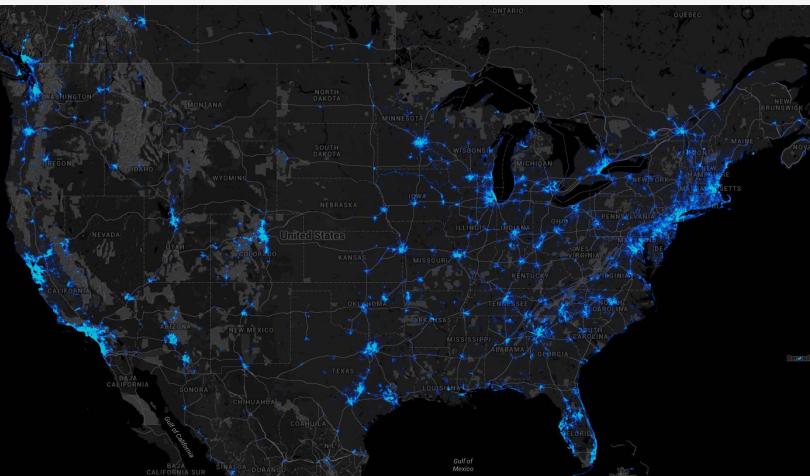
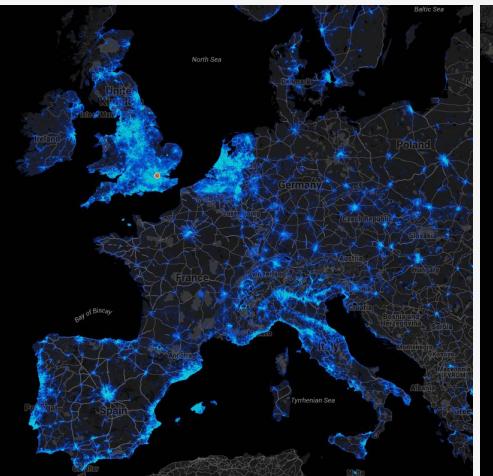
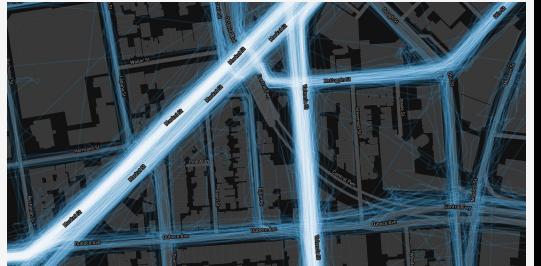
- Contract is built to allow collaboration with the data throughout the county
- Data can be utilized by engineering firms, universities, and other contracted groups
- The data cannot be posted up on a FTP site for public download
- Aggregated results are fine for public display and download

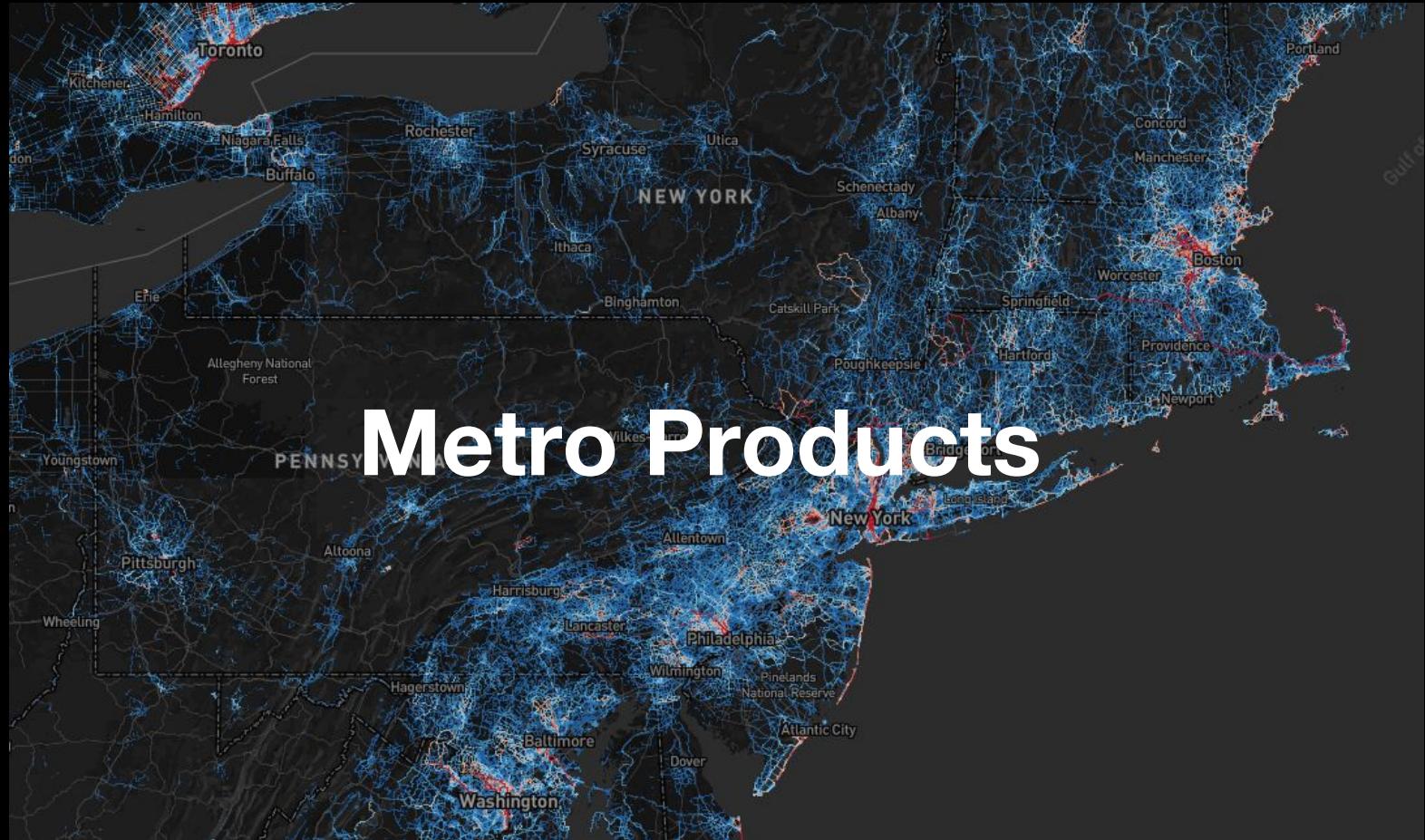


Big Data

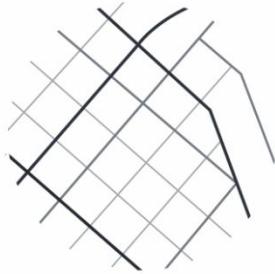
Strava By The Numbers

- Over 8 million activities uploaded per week
- Tens of Millions of Active Users
- 1 Trillion+ second-by-second GPS points globally



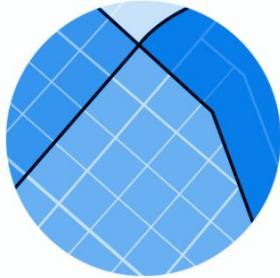


Strava Metro Data



Streets

Minute-by-minute counts
across your entire network



Origin / Destination

Understand activity starting
and ending points, by region



Intersections

Activity counts and wait
times at every intersection

Email Delivery

Contains key information about the data format, location, and coverage

- Time frames and roll-up
 - Below are the date and hourly ranges for the AM/PM data used when generating this product.
 - On-Season: April - October
 - Early AM hours: 12am – 5:59am -- > Labeled as _0
 - AM Peak hours: 5am – 9:59am -- > Labeled as _1
 - ○ Labeled as _3
 - Late Evening Hours: 8pm – 11:59pm
- FTP file location
 - <https://stravametro.exavault.com/files#/%2FNA%2FUS%2FCAC%2FLA%2FLACounty>
- Data Vis
 - <http://metro-static.strava.com/dataViewV1/losangeles/losangeles16Q2.html>
- User Manual
- Date Range: July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016

Metro File Structure & Naming Conventions

TABLE NAME	TYPE
<identifier>_edges	Line
<identifier>_nodes	Point
<identifier>_od_polygons	Polygon
<identifier>_<ride/run>_rollup_month_<year>_<month>_weekend	Table
<identifier>_<ride/run>_rollup_month_<year>_<month>_weekday	Table
<identifier>_<ride/run>_rollup_season_<month>_weekend	Table
<identifier>_<ride/run>_rollup_season_<month>_weekday	Table
<identifier>_<ride/run>_rollup_total_weekend	Table
<identifier>_<ride/run>_rollup_total_weekday	Table
<identifier>_<ride/run>_rollup_total	Table
<identifier>_edges_<ride/run>_data	.csv/.sql/Table
<identifier>_edges_nodes_<ride/run>_data	.csv/.sql/Table
<identifier>_<ride/run>_od_polygons_data	.csv/.sql/Table

File Explorer View:

Name
demographics.txt
la_c_201507_201606_ride_data.csv
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_data.csv
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_7_weekday.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_7_weekday.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_7_weekend.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_7_weekend.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_8_weekday.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_8_weekday.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_8_weekend.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_8_weekend.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_9_weekday.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_9_weekday.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_9_weekend.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_9_weekend.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_10_weekday.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_10_weekday.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_10_weekend.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_10_weekend.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_11_weekday.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_11_weekday.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_11_weekend.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_11_weekend.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_12_weekday.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_12_weekday.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_12_weekend.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2015_12_weekend.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_1_weekday.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_1_weekday.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_1_weekend.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_1_weekend.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_2_weekday.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_2_weekday.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_2_weekend.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_2_weekend.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_3_weekday.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_3_weekday.dbf
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_3_weekend.cpg
la_c_201507_201606_ride_nodes_rollup_month_2016_3_weekend.dbf

Street Level Data

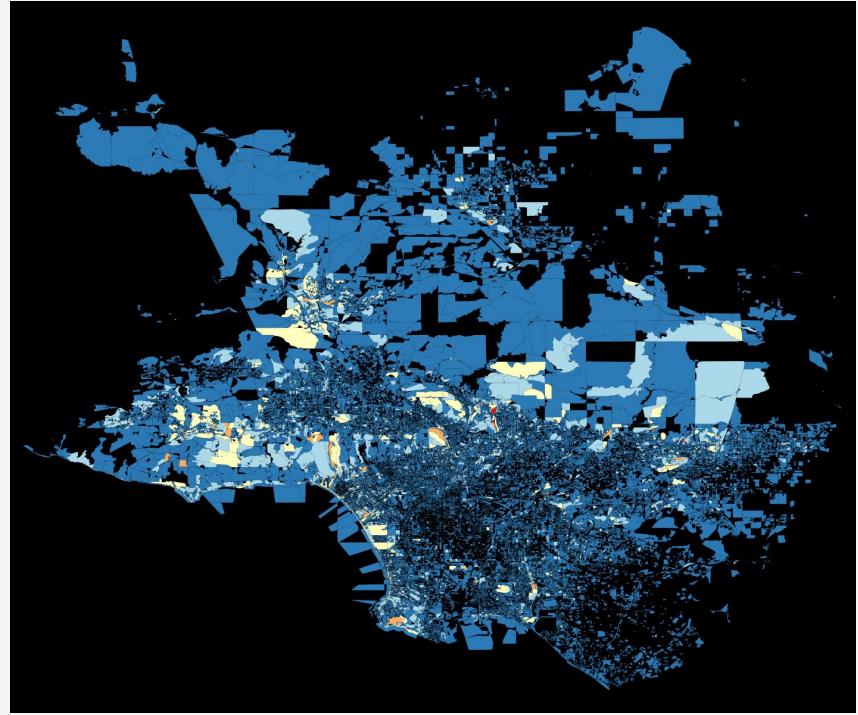
- Minute by minute tabular data of cycling behavior
- Preferred route direction
- Unique bike trips
- Unique user counts
- Trip purpose: commute and recreation
- Time/Speed (seconds)



	EDGE_ID	ATHCNT_0	RATHCNT_0	ACTCNT_0	RACTCNT_0	TATHCNT_0	TACTCNT_0	ACTTIME_0	RACTTIME_0	CMTCNT_0	RCMTCNT_0	ATHCNT_1
406645	139288	367	8	421	28	373	449	8.9805374620	17.45127726...	256	5	219
406624	139267	363	10	418	25	368	443	4.6754569378	3.5172259635	247	8	213
406647	139290	348	12	392	32	356	424	18.70039557...	13.06984566...	247	12	185
406646	139289	346	13	397	27	353	424	13.79808979...	11.1145850376	251	8	189
396263	127740	345	0	512	0	345	512	15.99356673...	NULL	294	0	681
406648	139291	343	36	394	53	348	411	0.9767840987	0.9307139932	241	22	224
406633	139276	340	14	394	41	353	435	7.0942751252	6.3904346934	249	27	191
403775	136242	334	0	487	0	334	487	12.38249701...	NULL	282	0	654

Origin/Destination Polygons

- Polygonal starting and ending points of trips
- Reported by the minute
- Trip purpose flag
- Array of intersected polygon IDs

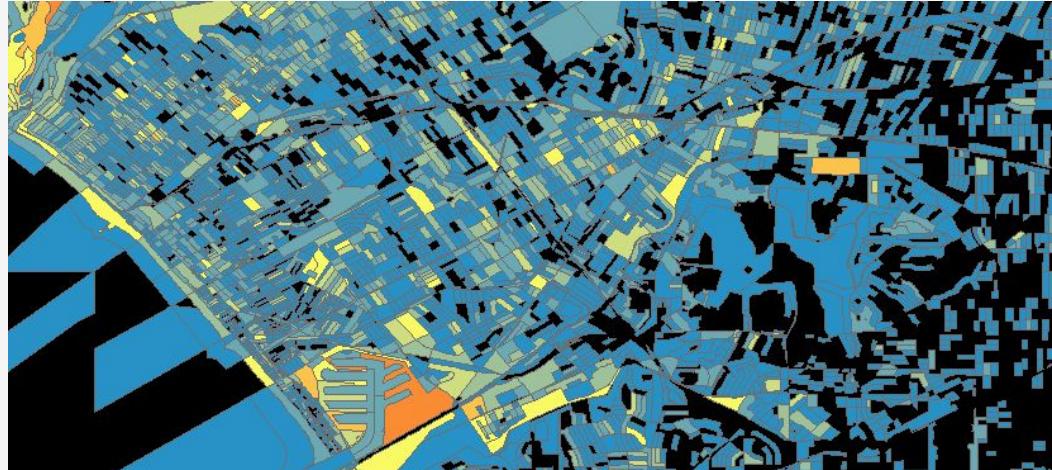


	polygon_id	year	day	hour	minute	commute	dest_polygon_id	intersected_polygons
140549	14788	2015	248	15	6	1	104454	{99989,104454,136853,153895,8204,11743,14788,17975,20130,20782,33169,50832,51824,82805,89430,149026}
841131	147589	2016	72	10	57	1	118584	{99988,140404,147589,118596,120849,1825,2494,35351,93492,100816,118444,140412,150127,41753,118584,130523,78910,2532,2450,138086}
838300	147589	2016	79	12	53	1	118584	{99988,140404,147589,118596,120849,1825,2494,2492,35351,93492,100816,118444,140412,150127,152854,41753,118584,78910,2450,138086}
1023200	128227	2016	159	19	18	0	128227	{99988,120849,128227,140404,147589,2494,2492,35351,118444,150127,138086,78910,93492,2532,2450,118596}
535232	147589	2015	362	10	38	0	78249	{99988,104120,140404,147589,138086}
786902	59374	2016	17	15	29	0	59374	{99988,104120,140404,118596,120849,2494,93492,118444,78910,2532,73559,34956,2450,138086,132970}
1195688	65995	2016	158	11	52	1	73185	{9998,12896,15153,15679,17276,17683,18517,20182,20766,21544,25152,32392,35076,36474,39661,41154,42365,53611,57392,58010,58098,65995,66293,67603,68036,73185,73718,76682,77740,78798,79405,8186...}

OD Data

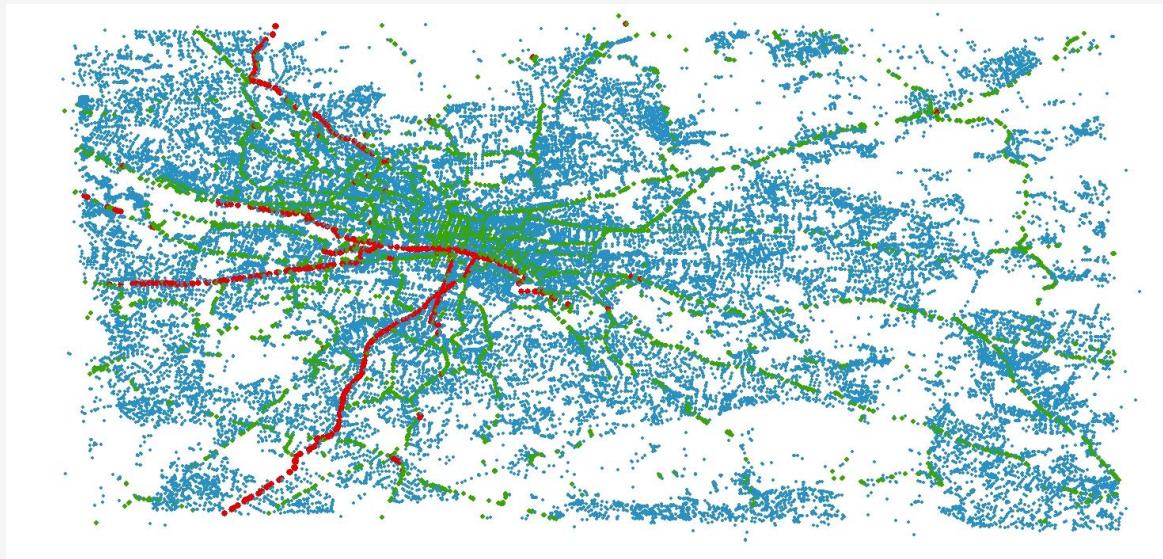
Use the starting and ending points to locate key zones

- Select all polygons that start in the morning
 - "HOUR" < 10 and "HOUR" > 4
- Summarize and export
- Join to polygon table
- Display



Intersections

- Wait times at intersection
- Congregation of users at intersections
- Minute by minute with purpose flag



NODE_ID	ATHCNT_0	ACTCNT_0	PCT_0_0	PCT_025_0	PCT_05_0	PCT_075_0	PCT_1_0	CMTCNT_0	ATHCNT_1	ACTCNT_1	PCT_0_1	PCT_025_1	PCT_05_1	PCT_075_1	PCT_1_1	CMTCNT_1	ATHCNT_2	ACTCNT_2	PCT_0_2	PCT_025_2	PCT_05_2	PCT_075_2	PCT_1_2	
192863	148229	443	728	0	2	4	6	244	500	598	1892	0	3	5	7	67	714	845	2311	0	3	5	8	84
192862	148200	437	720	0	2	4	6	244	495	593	1867	0	3	5	7	66	695	844	2309	0	3	5	8	86
202203	151191	434	679	0	3	5	8	69	458	684	2137	0	2	4	6	137	696	937	2854	0	2	4	6	146
4122	99930	433	623	0	2	4	5	55	395	1009	5462	0	1	3	5	998	2474	978	2393	0	1	3	6	113
209678	153424	431	855	0	3	4	12	2575	541	863	3716	0	2	4	7	167	2049	1236	4084	0	2	4	6	158
192862	148228	430	709	0	2	4	6	241	484	590	1872	0	3	4	7	68	709	829	2264	0	3	4	7	81
316067	79319	430	699	0	1	2	3	156	397	1166	7252	0	1	2	3	101	3445	1262	3282	0	1	2	4	108
4263	99948	429	629	0	2	3	4	55	395	1056	5744	0	2	3	5	804	2540	1031	2530	0	2	3	6	112

Demographics Data

- Rolled-up counts of users in the data files
- Breakdown of age and gender from users

Metro Demographics

Date Run: 2016-07-30 09:21:00 +0000

Athlete ID Count: 10503
Activity Count: 175410
Average Distance: 23376.521919394116
Median Distance: 14421
Average Time: 4742.8601873617256637
Median Time: 2773
Male Count: 8612
Male Count Under 25: 539
Male Count 25 - 34: 1543
Male Count 35 - 44: 2275
Male Count 45 - 54: 1674
Male Count 55 - 64: 377
Male Count 65 - 74: 61
Male Count 75 - 84: 3
Male Count 85 - 94: 1
Male Count No Bday: 2136
Female Count: 1255
Female Count Under 25: 114
Female Count 25 - 34: 310
Female Count 35 - 44: 280
Female Count 45 - 54: 167
Female Count 55 - 64: 34
Female Count 65 - 74: 2
Female Count 75 - 84: 0
Female Count 85 - 94: 0
Female Count No Bday: 348
Blank Gender Count: 0
Average Uploads: 210.652
Commute Counts: 116136

Strava Metro Data - Commutes

Commutes are the #1 requested data feature in Strava Metro.
75% of all Strava users upload Commute data.

Activities in urban areas are commutes 60% - 40% of the time (High of 90% in London).

Commutes and recreation rides in urban areas have very high correlation in route choice.

Commutes > 6 miles have the same street choices as < 6 miles they are just longer trips.

Strava Metro Data - Commutes Cont'

Users tend to not select the commute flag on Strava.com

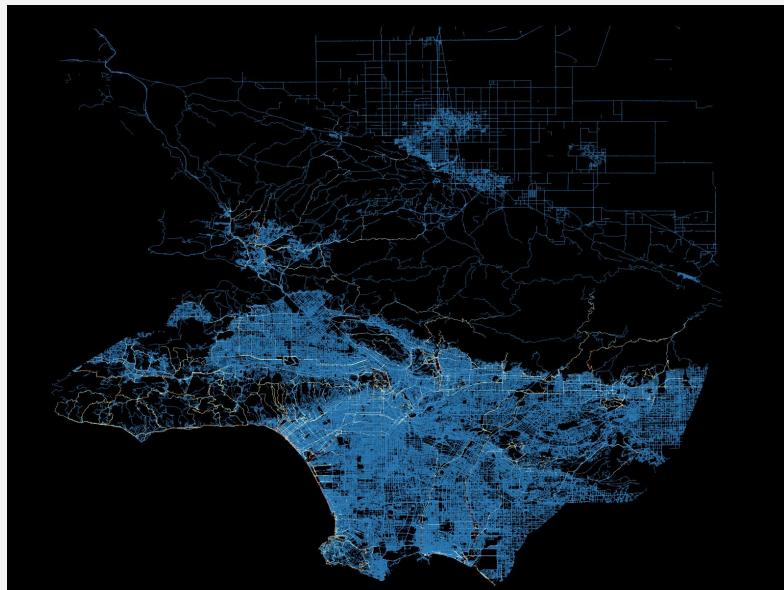
3 ways to detect commute activities:

Activities tagged as a commute on Strava.com

Activities with key words in the titles “To Work”, “Commute To Store”

Starting and Ending Points more than 1km apart within a distance and time threshold (*This can be user defined but we find 30 miles and 90 minutes to be a good top threshold*)

Macro & Micro Levels of Spatial and Temporal Details



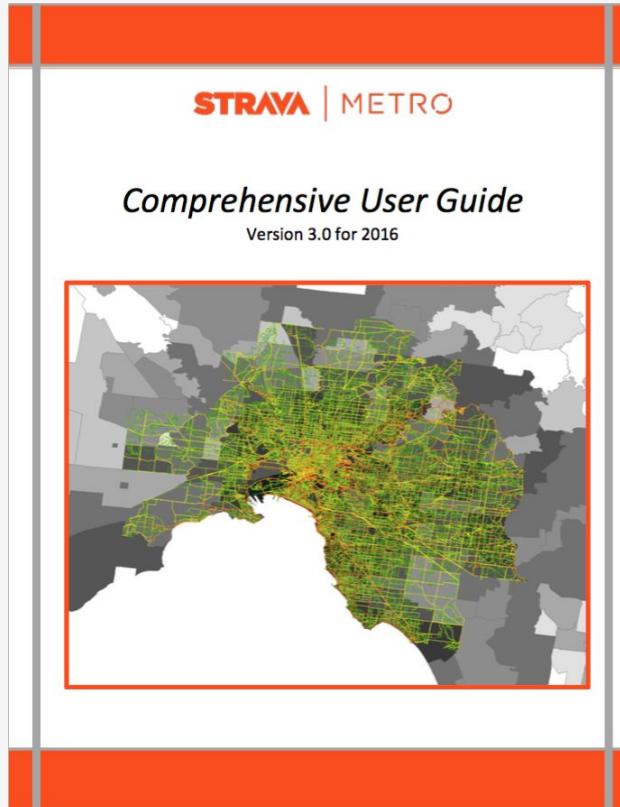
LA Full Core Routes



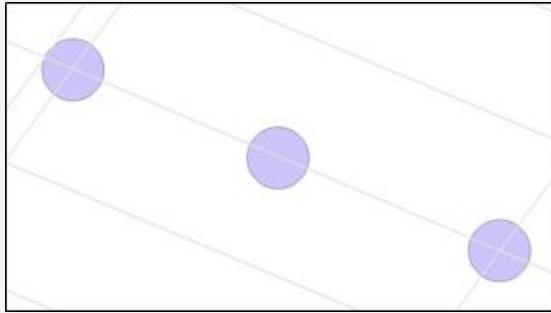
Key Commute Routes and Corridors

Working with the Rollups & Data Structures

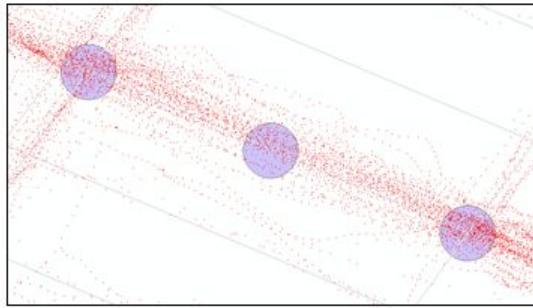
Refer to the User Guide for naming conventions and field definitions



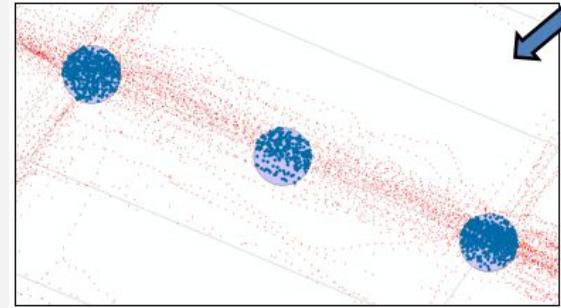
Metro Matching Process



Node structure w/ false node



Overlay points

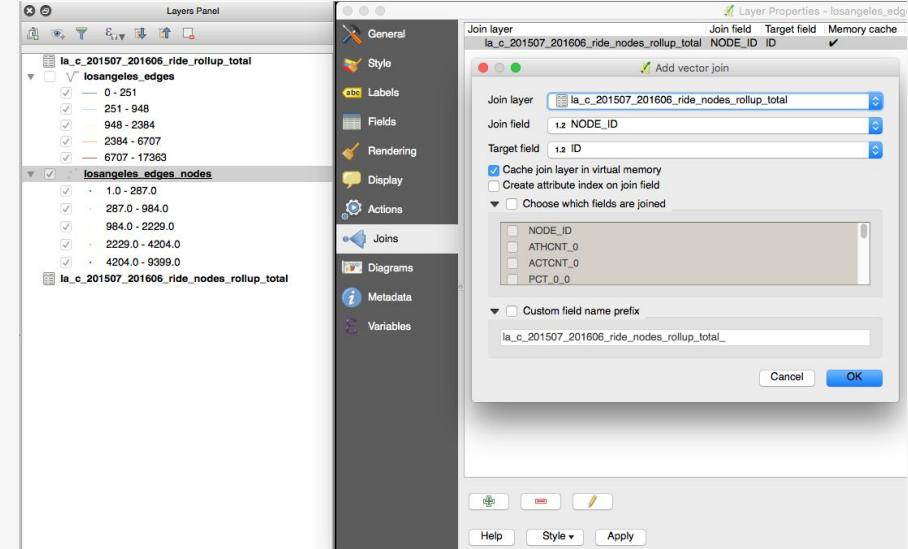
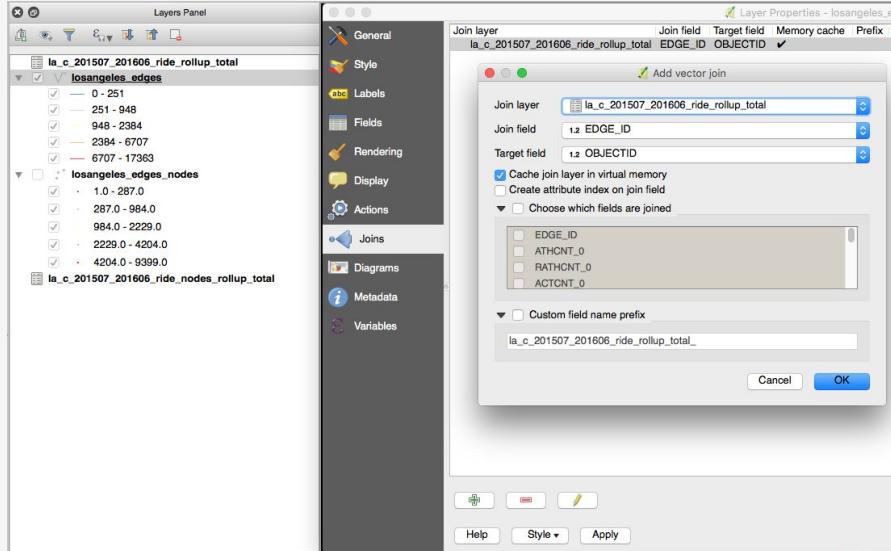


Intersection of points and nodes



Working with Joins

Entire system is built on joining the data files back to the Node, Edges, and OD Spatial layers

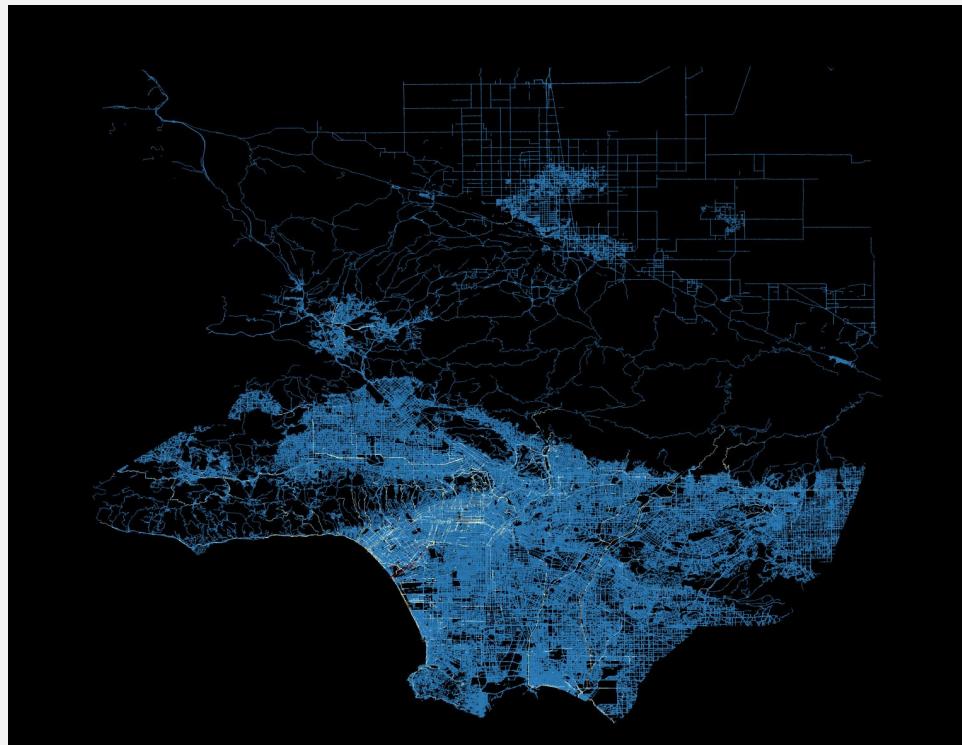


Working with Edge Data

la_c_201507_201606_ride_rollup_total_weekday

losangeles_edges

- 1 - 622
- 622 - 2442
- 2442 - 5849
- 5849 - 12651
- 12651 - 34914



	EDGE_ID	ATHCNT_0	RATHCNT_0	ACTCNT_0	RACTCNT_0	TATHCNT_0	TACTCNT_0	ACTTIME_0	RACTIME_0	CMTCNT_0	RCMTCNT_0	ATHCNT_1	RATHCNT_1	ACTCNT_1	RACTCNT_1	TATHCNT_1	TACTCNT_1	ACTTIME_1	RACTIME_1	
16733		1649	98	87	1022	680	120	1702	14.29631829...	12.44831730...	97	110	1097	608	4841	1872	1278	6713	14.78032182...	12.92645410...
628		211	91	78	1001	467	112	1459	4.0861936660	4.0794579934	109	62	1001	535	4156	1516	1171	5642	4.1512001191	4.1510622487
3340		263	90	97	598	1067	115	1484	1.8674234841	1.8781990943	67	117	699	980	2325	4113	1158	5672	1.8965579933	1.9013753879
133190		160744	89	62	276	264	127	540	6.1568697840	6.5354635586	112	180	1825	1432	7326	7397	2471	14723	6.4943662965	6.7710672707
629		212	87	75	757	573	104	1267	2.3056942429	2.3902203700	93	55	936	636	3518	1883	1132	5010	2.3577182890	2.4233445049
2087		214	87	72	799	554	102	1353	26.0311187449	21.85510567...	87	52	1022	474	3961	1585	1172	5546	24.50270776...	22.40810721...
2727		223	87	61	712	584	98	1296	6.5035315734	7.6077083843	108	49	867	652	3876	1763	1145	5639	6.1952490827	7.7455562325
2086		213	85	69	646	632	100	1278	35.30838540...	34.49075711...	77	75	938	504	3540	1521	1113	5061	35.31599401...	34.79528824...

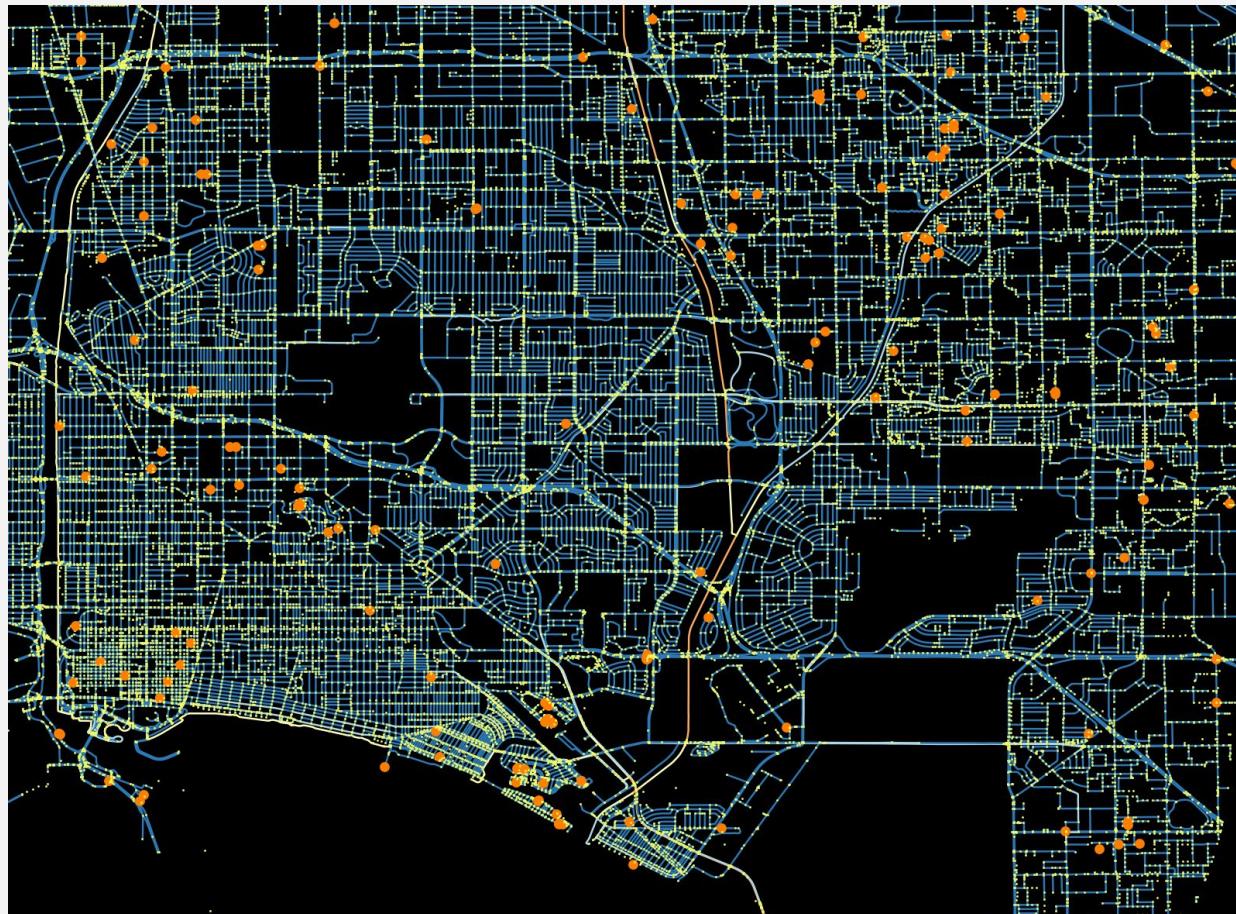
Working with Nodes Data

la_c_201507_201606_ride_rollup_total_weekday

losangeles edges nodes

- 1 - 25
- 25 - 410
- 410 - 1079

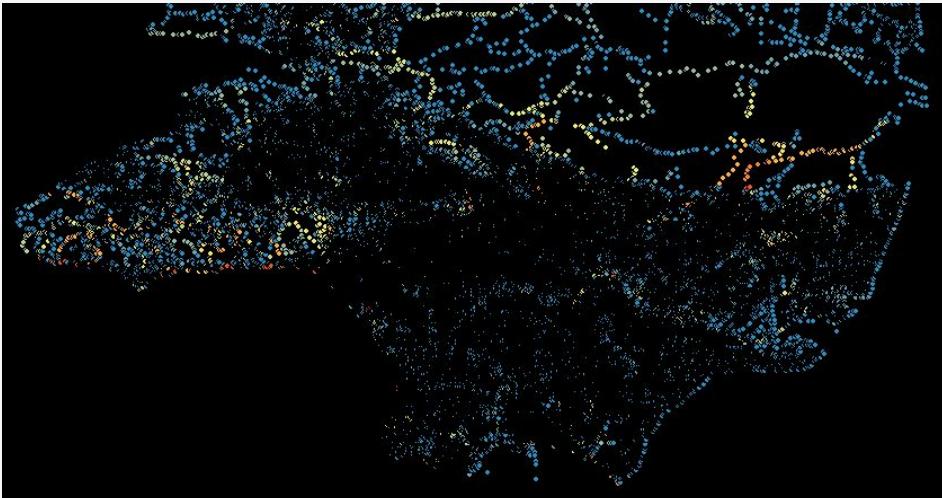
EDGE_ID	ATHCNT_0	RATHCNT_0	ACTCNT_0	RACTCNT_0	TATHCNT_0
16733	1649	98	87	1022	680
628	211	91	78	1001	467
3340	263	90	97	598	1067
133190	160744	89	62	276	264
629	212	87	75	757	573
2087	214	87	72	799	554
2727	223	87	61	712	584
2086	213	85	69	646	632



Node Data

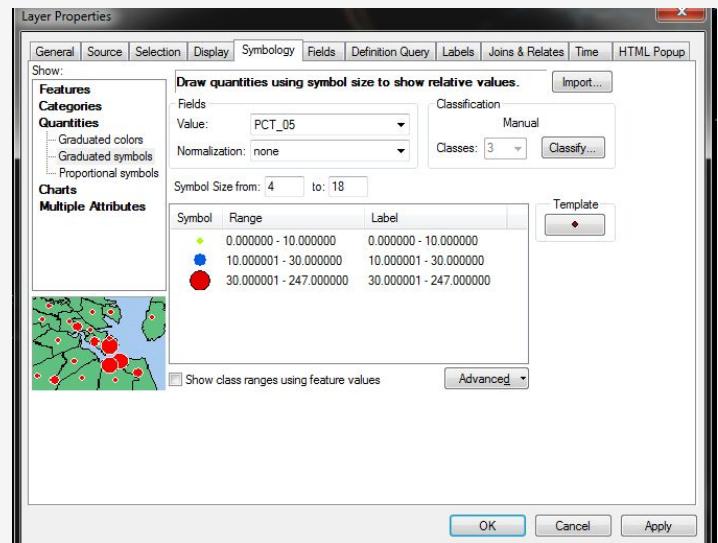
Use the intersections to locate slow down times

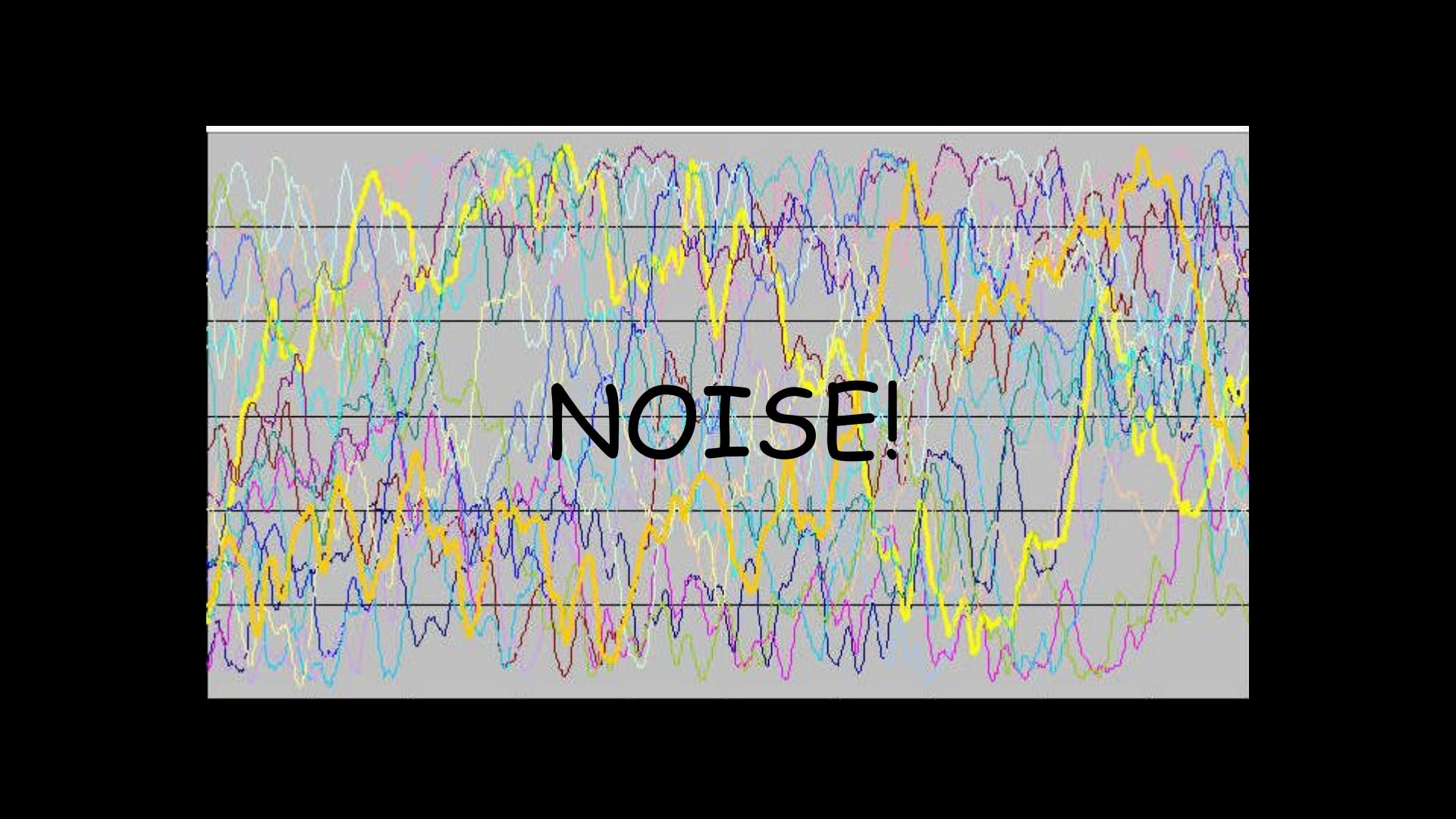
- Join ID --> node_id
- Sort by total % .75
- Any Noise? (5914 seconds....)
 - Remove all values with aths < 5



Node Data

Use the intersections to locate slow down times





NOISE!

Strava Metro: Data Clean-up

Remove the noise!

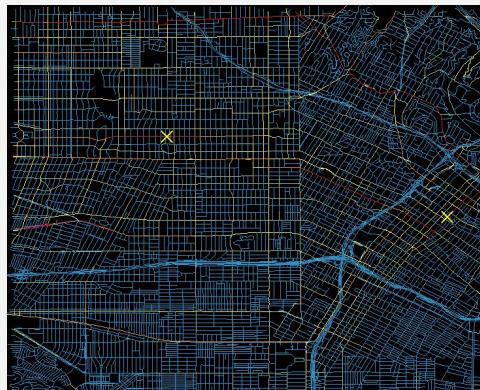
1. Join the edges total to edges

- a. Symbolize by TATHCNT
- b. Lots to get lost in...



2. Select a subset in a region you're interested in

- a. Export & re-symbolize



Strava Metro: Data Clean-up

What are these crazy values....

1. Calculate Speed
 - a. Recalculate length in miles
 - b. Create 2 new fields: spd & rspd as double
 - c. Open field Calc: $\text{length}/((\text{activity time in seconds}/60)/60)$
 - d. Beware the divide by zero rules....
 - e. Locate and remove erroneous data

Strava Metro: Data Clean-up

What are these crazy values....

1. Hints

- a. Very small segments (<10 meters) /w high counts
- b. Very high speeds with low counts < 5

Helpful Calculations for Field Calculator

Calculate Speed Per Edge from seconds:

$\text{length}/((\text{activity time in seconds}/60)/60)$

Filter Points:

`start_date_local < '2015-09-1' AND start_date_local > ' 2015-08-01'`

Percent Change:

$(([\text{TACTCNT_12_13}]-[\text{TACTCNT}])/ [\text{TACTCNT}]) * 100$

Break!



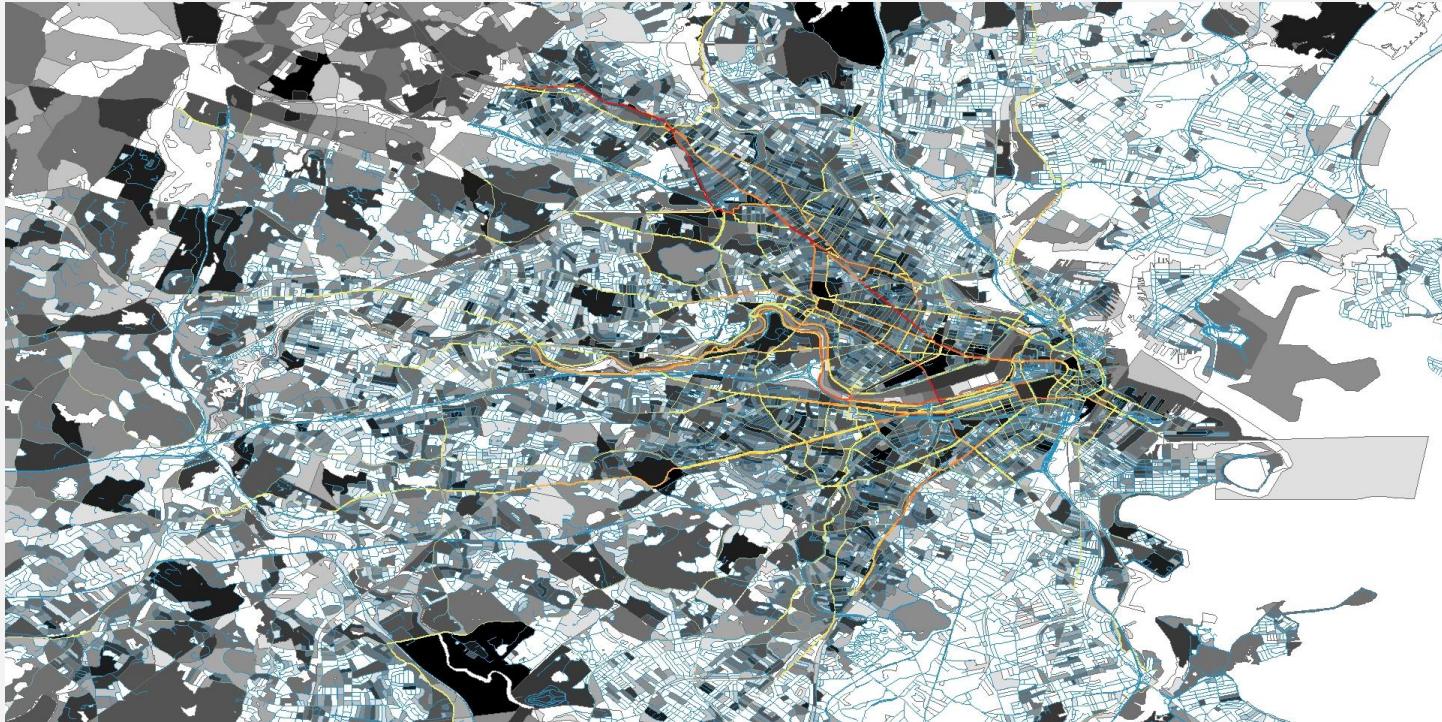
Part 2

Correlation (Crash Points, Counters, Speed): 12:00pm – 12:20pm

Finding Missing Geo: 12:30pm – 12:40pm

Delta Analysis: 12:40pm – 1:00pm

Strava Metro Bringing Data Layers Together



As custom build product it's designed to be merged with local datasets:
traffic, crashes, proposed bike paths, etc.

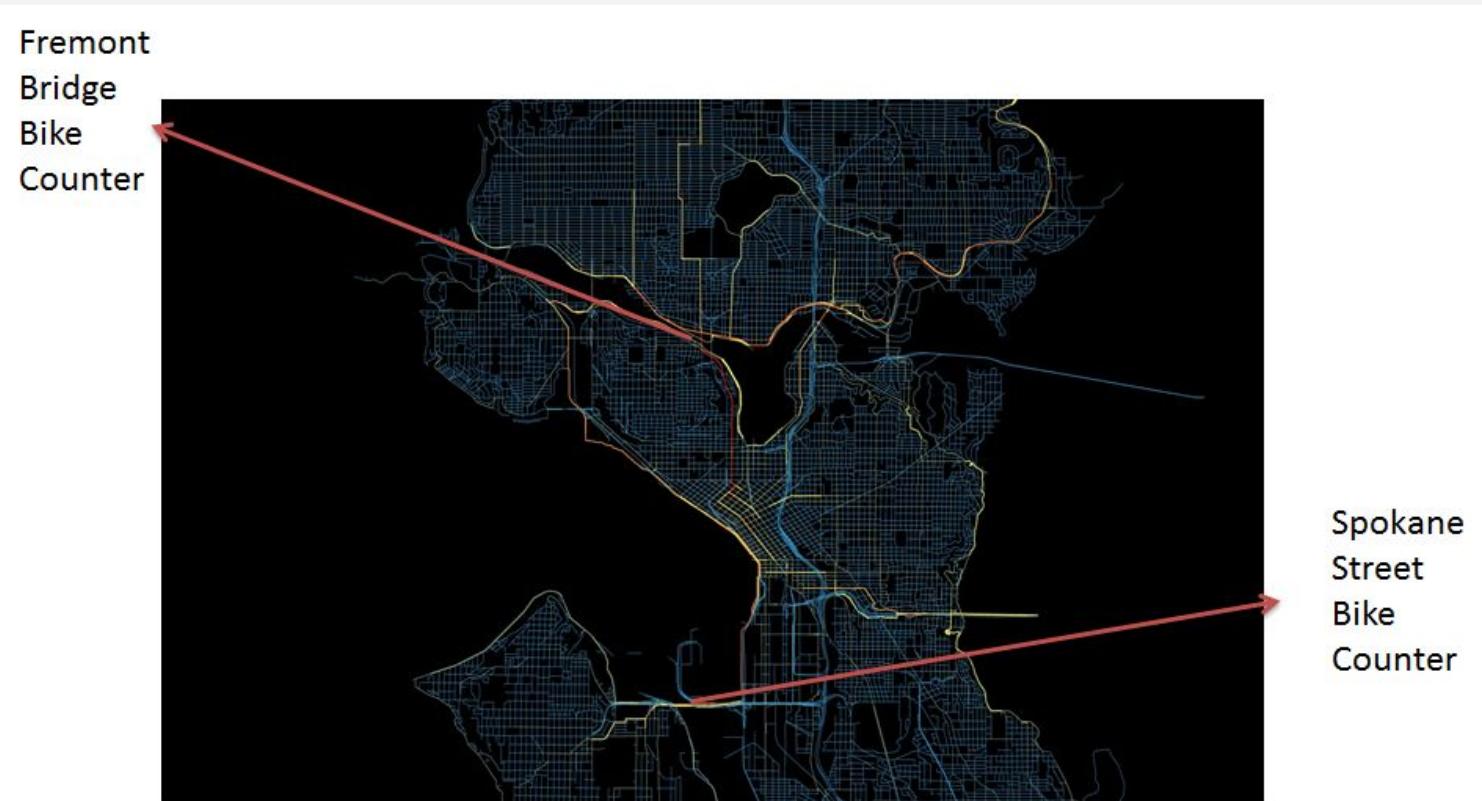


Strava Metro Correlation to Counting Programs

- Strava Metro's use and impact is multiplied when the data is used in conjunction with an established counting program
- Counting programs only show saturation at a single point and dilute from there
- Metro shows the rest of the network - it's like a counter on every corner



Strava Metro Correlation to Counting Programs Cont'

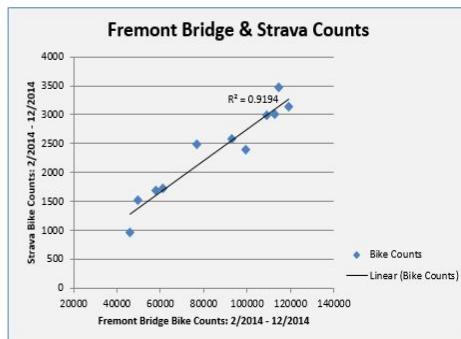


Correlating Strava to Counting Programs Cont'

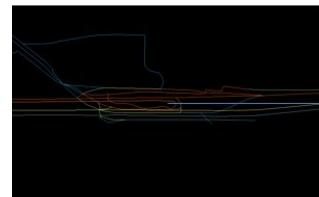
Fremont Bridge Bike Counts



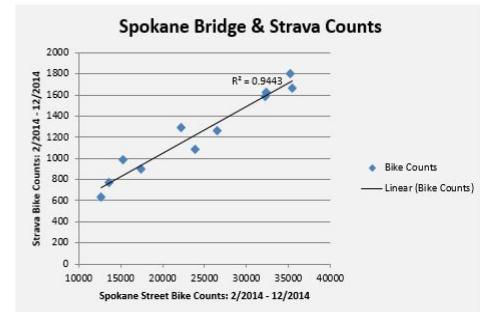
Strava: 25,980
Fremont Counter: 939,386
Percent of Strava to Population: 2.77%
R2: 0.9194



Spokane Bridge Bike Counts



Strava: 13,602
Fremont Counter: 266,850
Percent of Strava to Population: 5.10%
R2: 0.9443

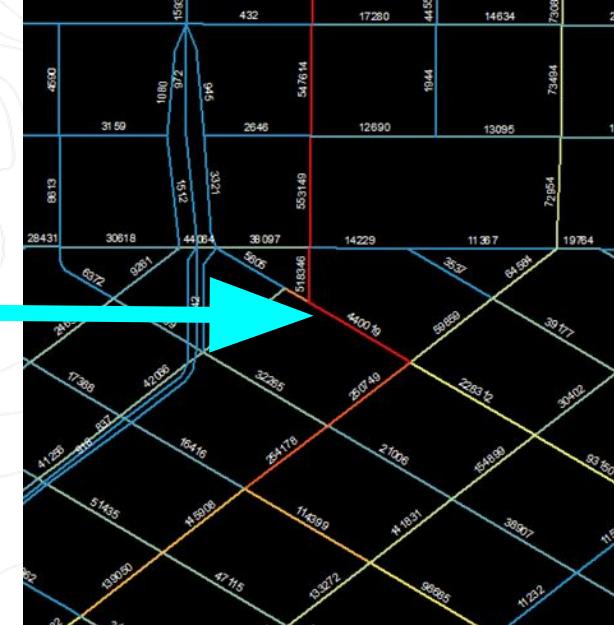


Using counting programs with the Metro data allows the data to become even more useful. Strava correlation with counting programs is statistically amazing, with r-squared values typically around 0.8.

Correlating Strava to Counting Programs Cont'



16,297 Strava Bike Trips
X 27 Multiplier
= **440,019** year bike trips
(199,476 6- 9am)



How far can we push this? ---> Total Miles Traveled in SDOT by Bike in 2014:
63,253,198

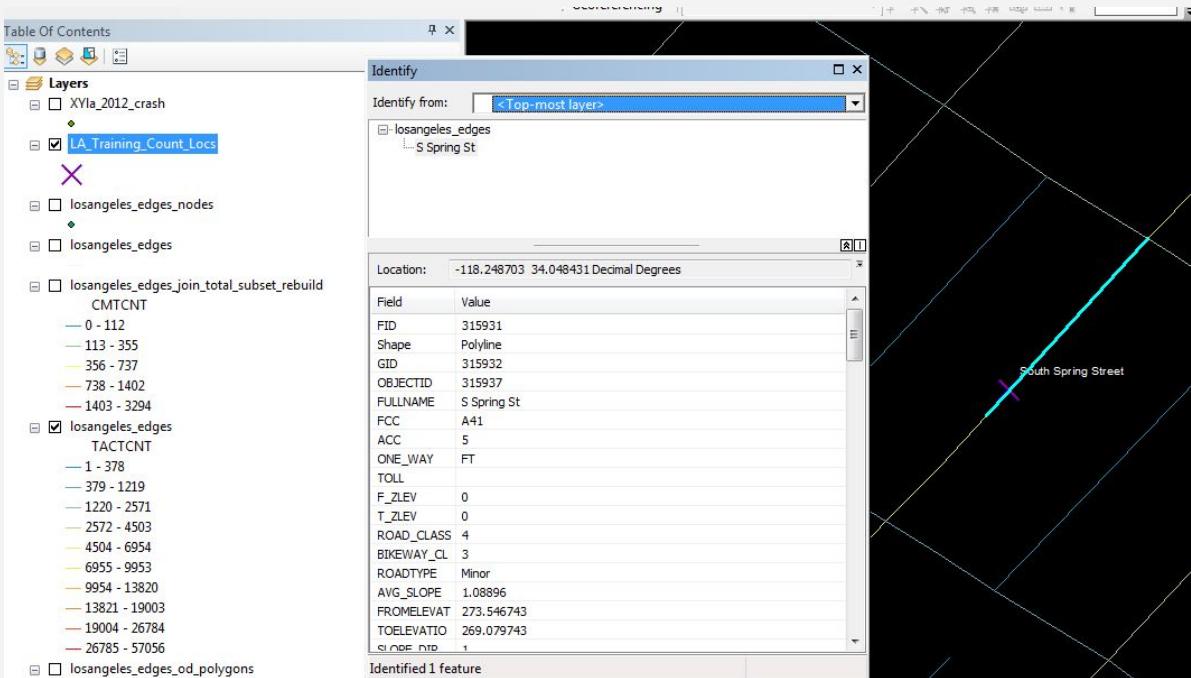
Bike Count Correlation: Merging data feeds

1. You need specific count data
 - a. We will use the mock data to show how to do this
 - b. 4 Locations /w 12 months of Counts



Bike Count Correlation Cont'

1. Locate Street objectIDs for Metro Counts
 - a. Zoom to streets with bike count spots
 - b. Grab the objectID (x4)
 - c. Beware of dual count locations vs one-sided



Bike Count Correlation Cont'

Grab the month counts per street to Merge back with counter locations

```
select edge_id, EXTRACT(YEAR FROM datetime)|| ',' ||EXTRACT(MONTH FROM datetime) g_date,  
sum(total_activity_count) acts,  
sum(CASE when (EXTRACT(DOW FROM datetime) not in (0,6)) then total_activity_count end) as acts_weekday,  
sum(CASE when (EXTRACT(DOW FROM datetime) in (0,6)) then total_activity_count end) as acts_weekend  
from la_edges_ride_data  
where edge_id in (315937,520926,146497,520706)  
group by edge_id,g_date  
order by edge_id, g_date
```

Data Output						
	edge_id integer	g_date text	acts bigint	acts_weekday bigint	acts_weekend bigint	
1	146497	2015,10	328	263	65	
2	146497	2015,11	257	202	55	
3	146497	2015,12	161	135	26	
4	146497	2015,7	362	324	38	
5	146497	2015,8	387	302	85	
6	146497	2015,9	311	267	44	
7	146497	2016,1	187	139	48	
8	146497	2016,2	243	186	57	
9	146497	2016,3	296	244	52	

Bike Count Correlation Cont'

Create a regression table to understand R2 and % Correlation

- This is typically done in a spreadsheet program like excel
- The key here is to end up with you site specific multiplier for extrapolation

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
1	edge_id	date	acts	acts weekday	acts weekend	bike counter	%	Ext Factor
2	146497	2015,7	362	324	38	10498	0.034482759	29
3	146497	2015,8	387	302	85	11416.5	0.033898305	29.5
4	146497	2015,9	311	267	44	8863.5	0.035087719	28.5
5	146497	2015,10	328	263	65	9594	0.034188034	29.25
6	146497	2015,11	257	202	55	7710	0.0333333333	30
7	146497	2015,12	161	135	26	4347	0.037037037	27
8	146497	2016,1	187	139	48	5516.5	0.033898305	29.5
9	146497	2016,2	243	186	57	7047	0.034482759	29
10	146497	2016,3	296	244	52	8658	0.034188034	29.25
11	146497	2016,4	319	258	61	9729.5	0.032786885	30.5
12	146497	2016,5	288	235	53	7992	0.036036036	27.75
13	146497	2016,6	288	241	47	8856	0.032520325	30.75

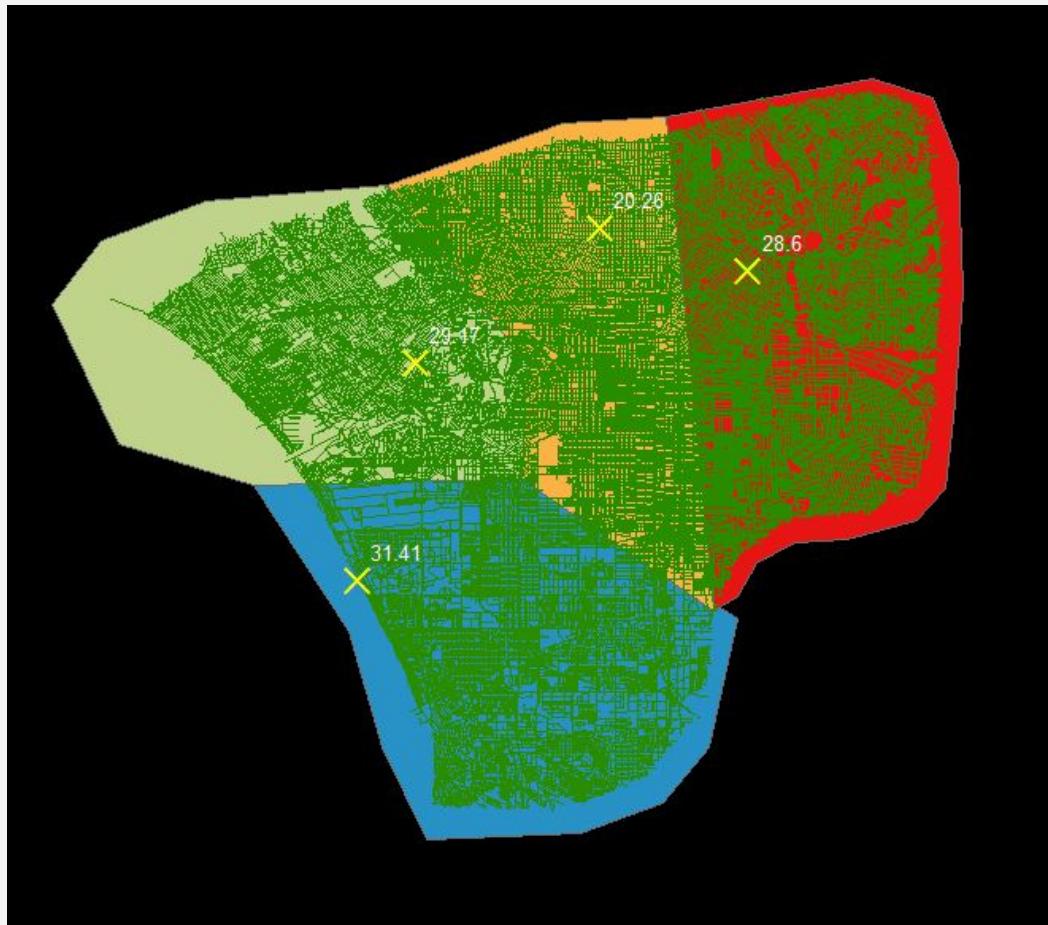
Bike Count Correlation Cont'

Match this back to the street network via AOI Polygons

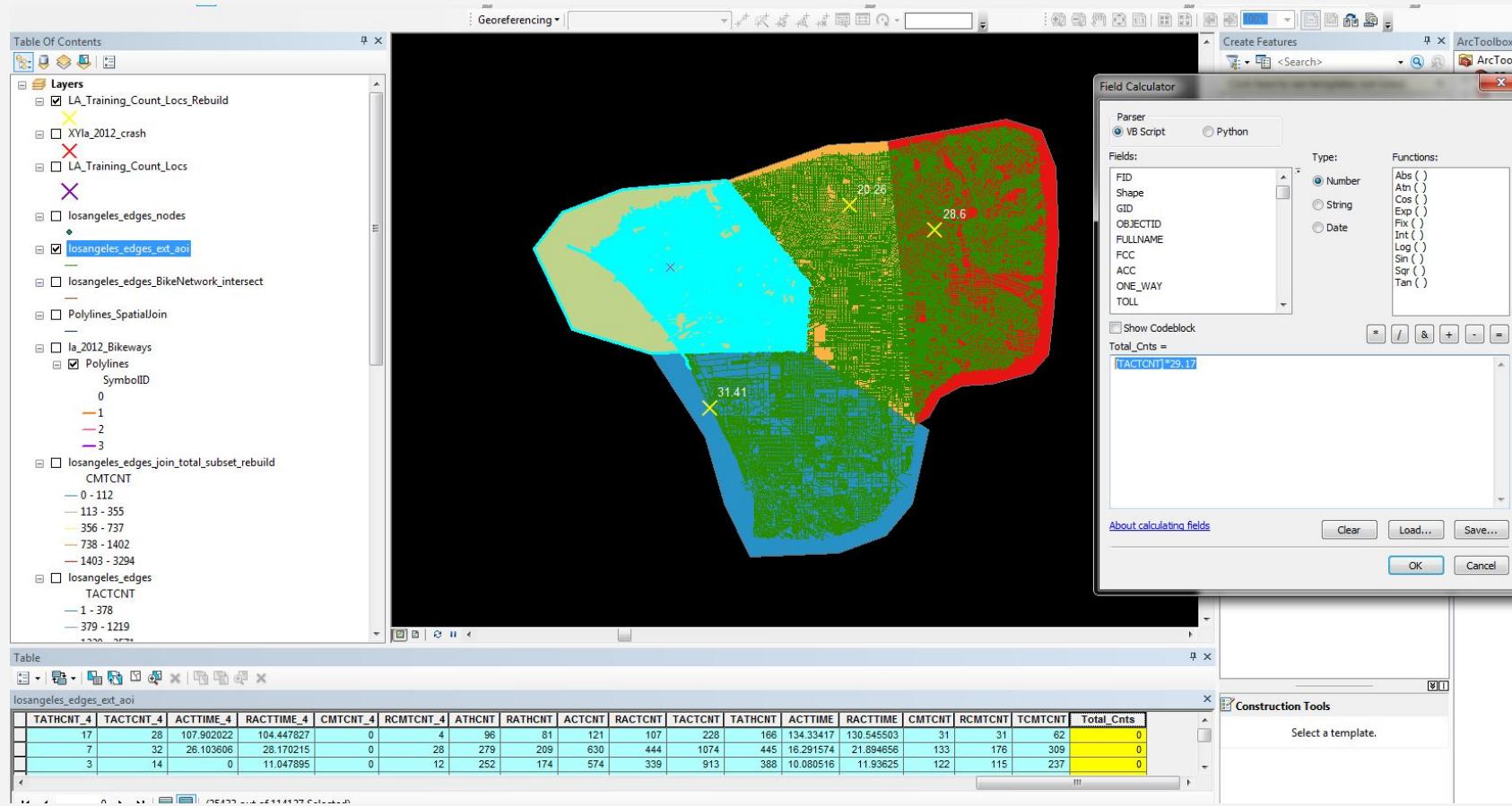


Bike Count Correlation Cont'

- Create 4 Extrapolation Zones
- Create new Extra Field
- Calculate Total Counts
- Display via jenks
- Create Summed Values
 - Total Miles
 - Total Time
 - Carbon offset?

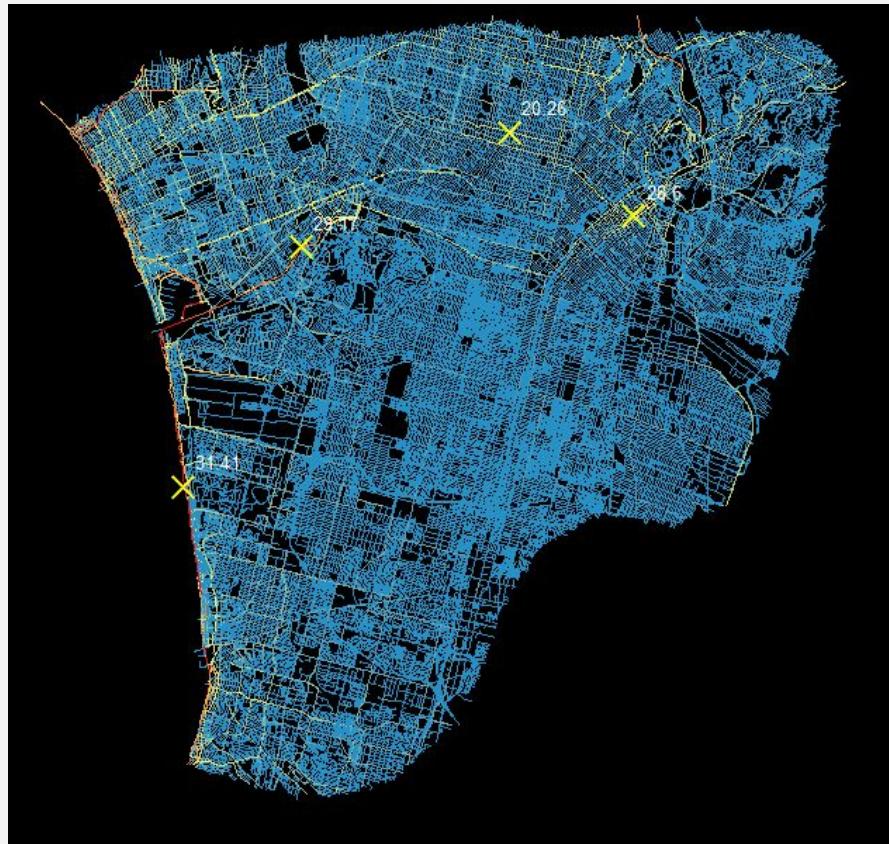


Bike Count Correlation Cont'



Bike Count Correlation Cont'

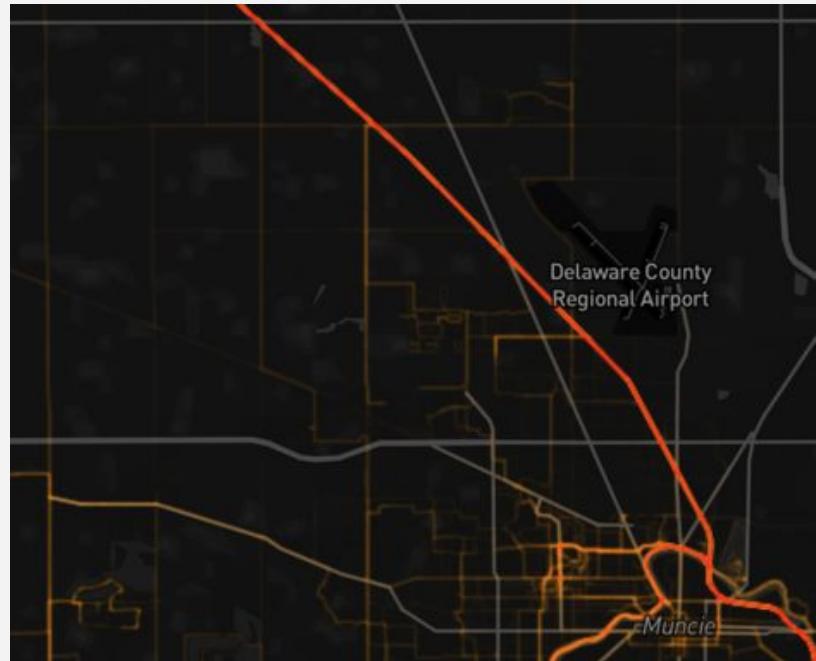
Total Miles: 100,872,889



Basemaps

Important to think about multi-modal transportation

- Should include all:
 - Streets
 - Roads
 - Trails
 - Paths
- And should break at all intersections
(decision points)

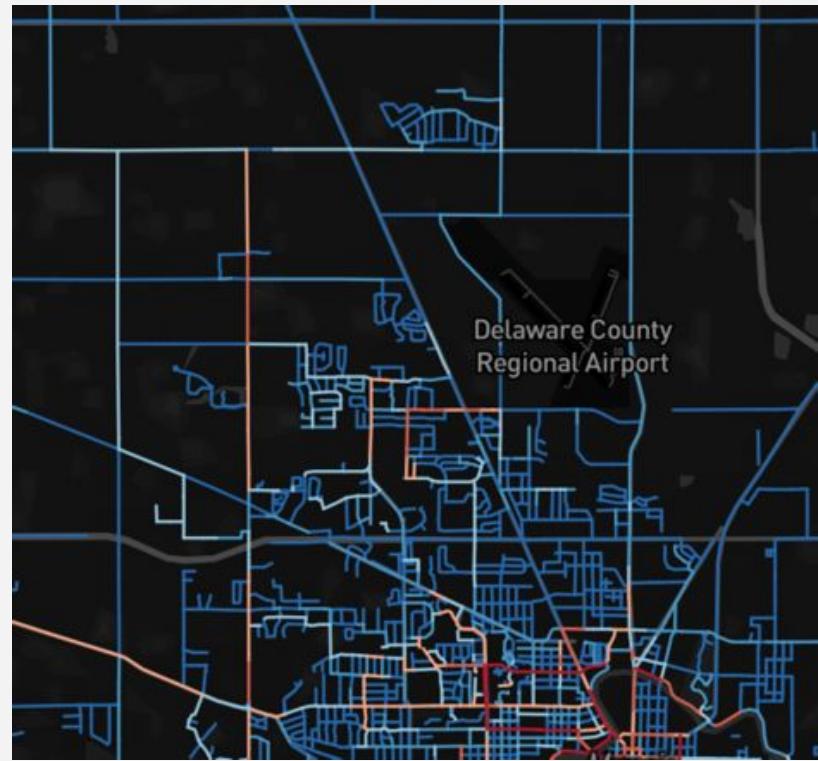


Strava Heatmap, Delaware County, Indiana

Basemaps

Important to think about multi-modal transportation

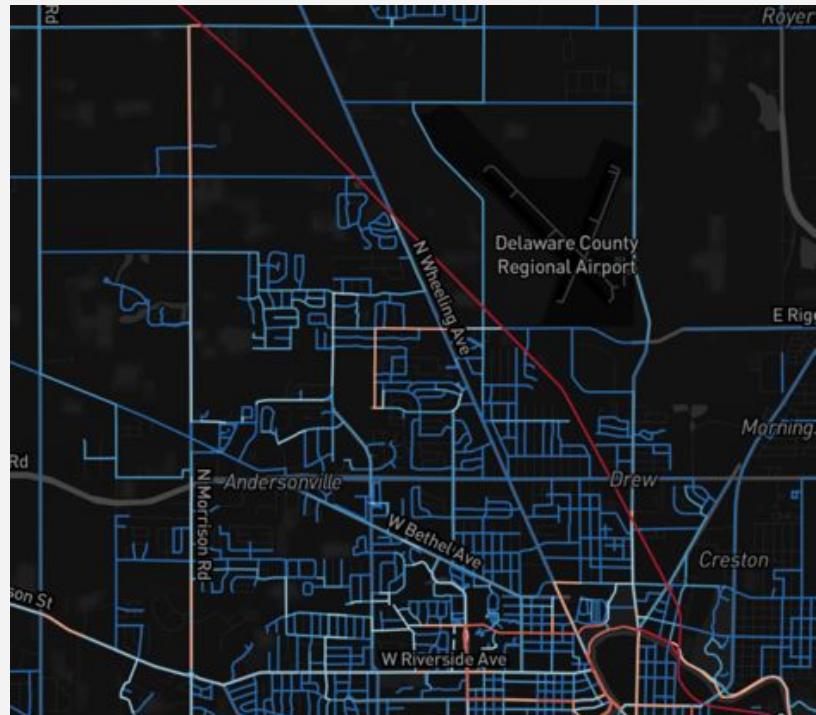
- Should include all:
 - Streets
 - Roads
 - Trails
 - Paths
- And should break at all intersections
(decision points)



Basemaps

Important to think about multi-modal transportation

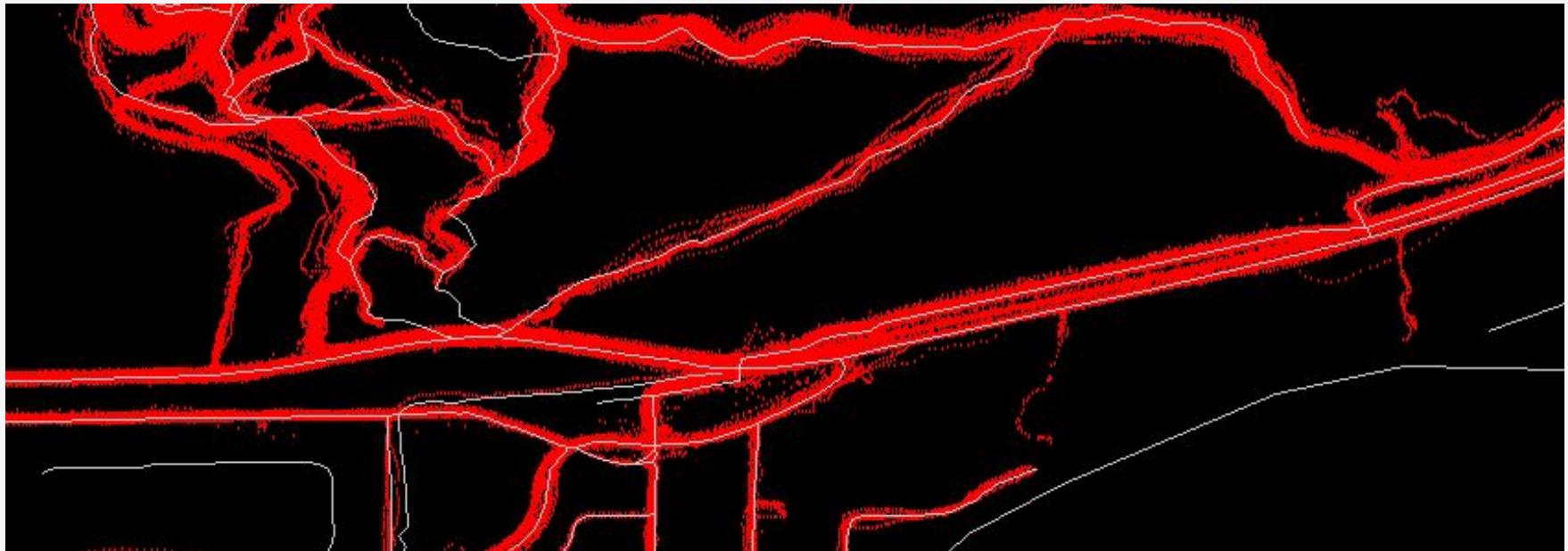
- Should include all:
 - Streets
 - Roads
 - Trails
 - Paths
- And should break at all intersections (decision points)



Streets and trails merged into one basemap

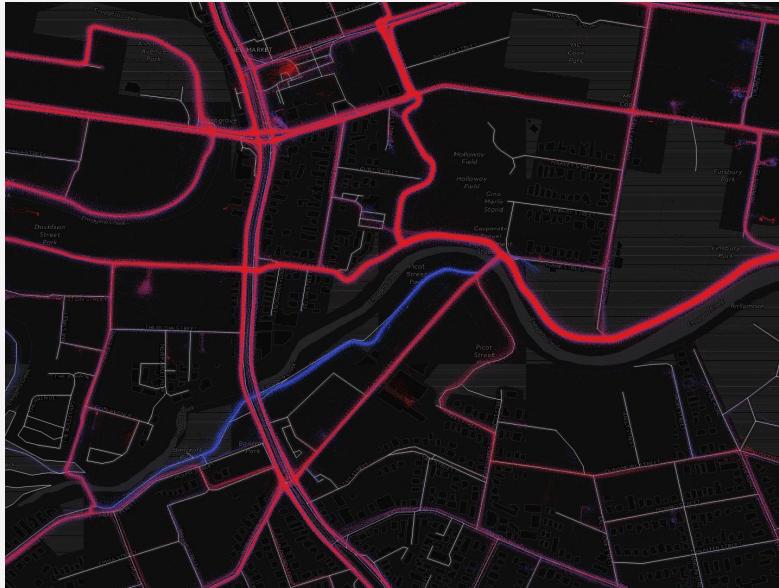
Basemaps

Missing/Inaccurate Geometry



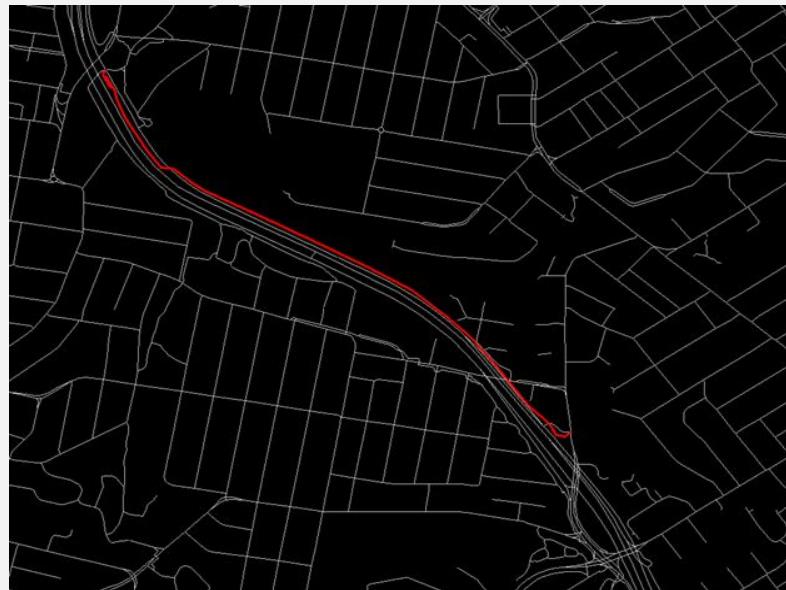
Misaligned basemap geometry will cause count discrepancies in the Strava Metro data

Strava Metro Validating Investment in Cycling Infrastructure



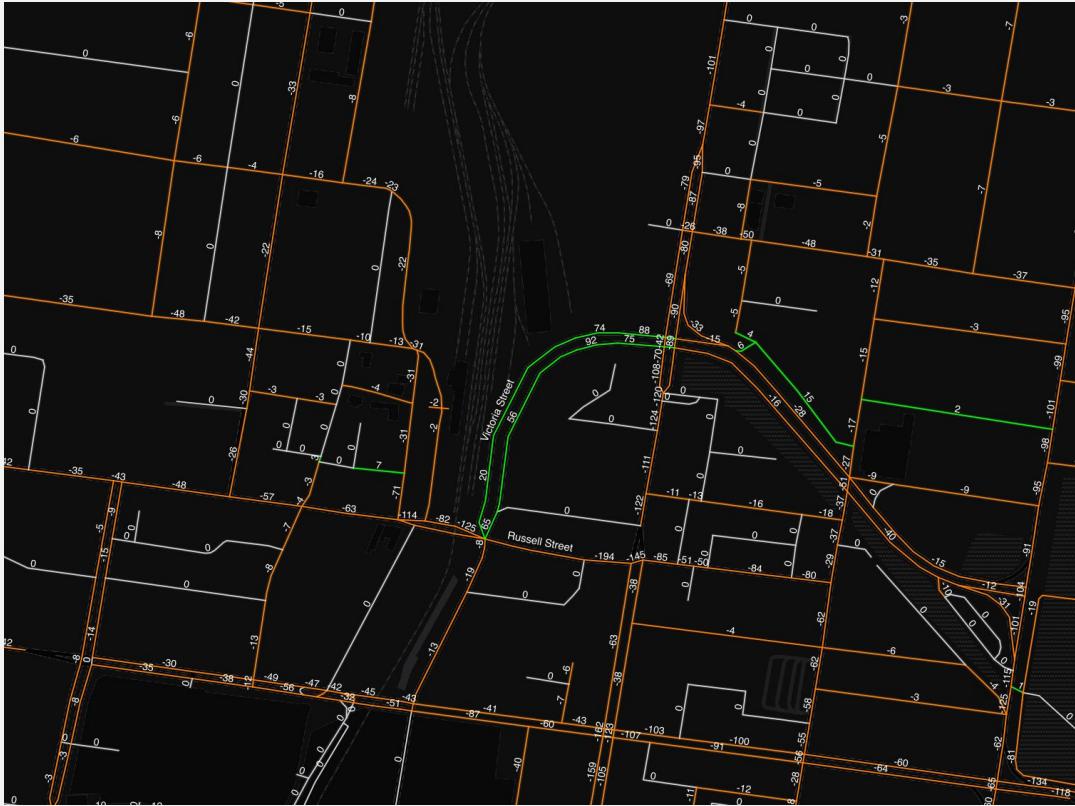
Metro provides key insights into how the cycling population is adapting to new cycleways, protected lanes and surging car populations. The left image shows the GPS points before (red) and after (blue) a new section of cycleway was opened. The Metro data on the right shows the actual change in percent with blue losing trips and red gaining trips.

Strava Metro Validating Investment in Cycling Infrastructure



Further exploration of investment in dedicated cycleways.

Strava Metro Validating Investment in Cycling Infrastructure



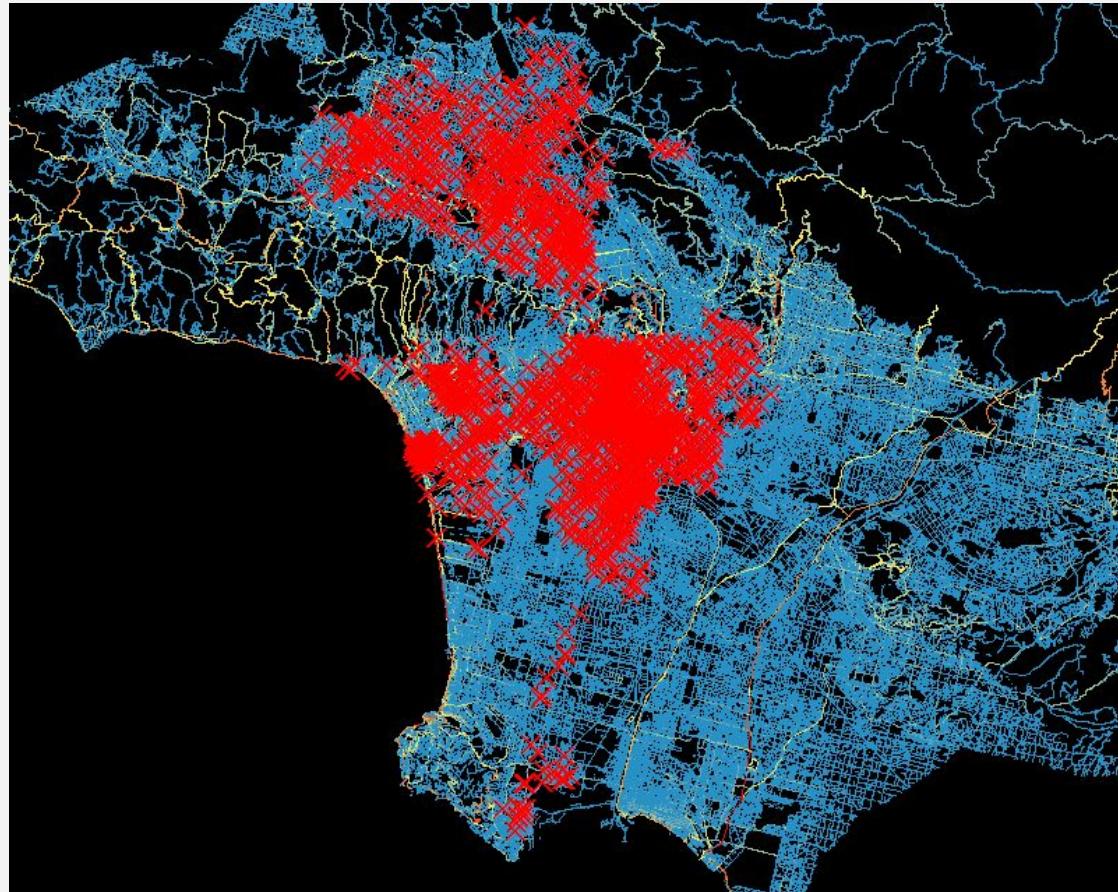
Changes to cycling infrastructure impact routing throughout the network

Strava Metro: Crash Cluster Analysis

2012 Crash Dataset

Locate Streets touched

ID Trends and focus streets



Strava Metro: Crash Cluster Analysis

Subset of streets /w high

Commute counts



Strava Metro: Bike Facility Hot Spots

Deep Dive & Out of the Box Thinking

What happens when we take just the network and look at it with use?

How do we do this spatial match?

Can you find the top points where connectivity challenges are causing issues?



Part 3

Discussion around potential urban research uses for Strava
data: 1:00pm – 1:30pm

Afternoon Session - Hands On

- 1) Removing Noise
- 2) Correlation (Crash Points, Counters, Speed)
- 3) Finding Missing Geo
- 4) Delta Analysis

Working with the Raw Data

Many-to-One Relationships

	OID	EDGE_ID	YEAR	DAY	HOUR	MINUTE	ATHLETE_CO	REV_ATHLET	ACTIVITY_C	REV_ACTIVI	TOTAL_ACTI	ACTIVITY_T	REV_ACT_01	COMMUTE_CO
0	378156	2015	174	12	22		0	1	0	1	1	0	754	0
1	378156	2015	172	15	58		1	0	1	0	1	1395	0	0
2	378156	2015	178	10	47		1	0	1	0	1	550	0	0
3	377065	2014	193	16	40		0	1	0	1	1	0	12	0
4	377065	2014	223	13	4		1	0	1	0	1	19	0	0
5	377066	2014	223	13	4		1	0	1	0	1	115	0	0
6	377053	2015	113	15	25		1	0	1	0	1	4472	0	0
7	377053	2015	144	12	35		1	0	1	0	1	4348	0	0
8	377053	2015	147	17	13		1	0	1	0	1	4145	0	0
9	377053	2015	153	11	42		1	0	1	0	1	3972	0	0
10	377053	2015	159	14	43		1	0	1	0	1	4106	0	0

Relational databases

```
CREATE TABLE la_edges_ride_data
```

```
(edge_id integer, year integer, day integer, hour integer, minute integer, athlete_count integer,  
rev_athlete_count integer, activity_count integer, rev_activity_count integer, total_activity_count integer,  
activity_time numeric, rev_activity_time numeric, commute_count integer)
```

```
WITH (OIDS=FALSE);
```

```
ALTER TABLE la_edges_ride_data
```

```
OWNER TO postgres;
```

Working with the Raw Data

Copy Data In:

```
psql -U postgres -d strava -c "Copy la_edges_ride_data FROM  
'C:\LA\la_c_201507_201606_ride_data.csv' DELIMITERS ',' CSV HEADER;"
```

Update Table with Datetime Field and Populate:

```
ALTER TABLE la_edges_ride_data ADD COLUMN datetime timestamp without time zone;
```

Update Date Field:

```
UPDATE la_edges_ride_data set datetime = cast(timestamp '2014-12-31' + interval '1 day' * day + interval '1 hour' * hour +  
interval '1 minute' * minute as timestamp) where year = 2015;
```

```
UPDATE la_edges_ride_data set datetime = cast(timestamp '2015-12-31' + interval '1 day' * day + interval '1 hour' * hour +  
interval '1 minute' * minute as timestamp) where year = 2016;
```

Indexes:

```
CREATE INDEX la_c_ride_data_datetime_idx ON la_edges_ride_data USING btree (datetime);
```

```
CREATE INDEX la_c_ride_data_edge_id_idx ON la_edges_ride_data USING btree (edge_id);
```

```
CREATE INDEX la_c_ride_data_hour_idx ON la_edges_ride_data USING btree (hour);
```

Simple SQL with Metro

Counts by Day

```
SELECT day, count(*)  
FROM la_c_201507_201606_ride_data  
GROUP BY day  
ORDER BY day
```

The screenshot shows the Metro SQL Editor interface. The top window is titled "Query - strava on postgres@localhost:5432". It contains the SQL query:

```
select day, count(*)  
from la_c_201507_201606_ride_data  
group by day  
order by day
```

Below the query editor is the "Output pane" which has tabs for "Data Output", "Explain", "Messages", and "History". The "Data Output" tab is selected and displays the results of the query as a table:

day	count
1	468659
2	587939
3	571401
4	205728
5	44611
6	64995
7	207901
8	348062
9	616751
10	530738
11	280495
12	381177

At the bottom of the output pane, there are status indicators: "OK.", "Unix", "Ln 4, Col 13, Ch 81", "365 rows.", and "02:06 minutes".

Simple SQL with Metro

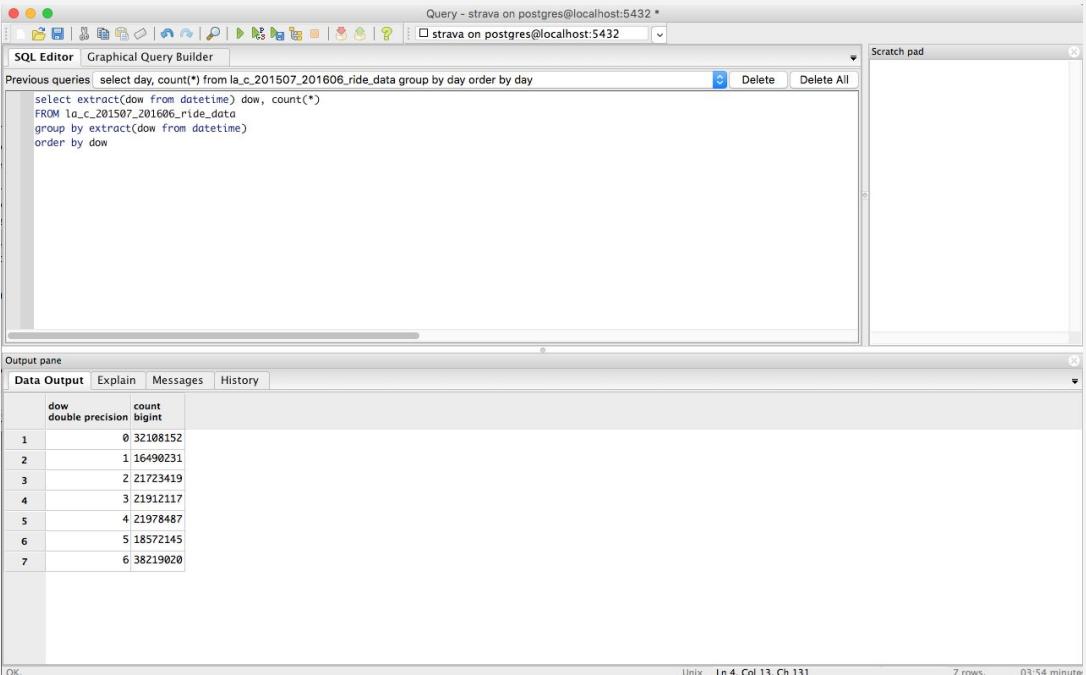
Counts by Day Of Week

```
SELECT EXTRACT(dow from datetime) dow, count(*)
```

```
FROM la_c_201507_201606_ride_data
```

```
GROUP BY EXTRACT(dow from datetime)
```

```
ORDER BY dow
```



The screenshot shows the Metro SQL Editor interface. The top window is titled "Query - strava on postgres@localhost:5432 *". It contains the SQL query:

```
select day, count(*) from la_c_201507_201606_ride_data group by day order by day
select extract(dow from datetime) dow, count(*)
FROM la_c_201507_201606_ride_data
group by extract(dow from datetime)
order by dow
```

The bottom window is titled "Output pane" and shows the results of the query:

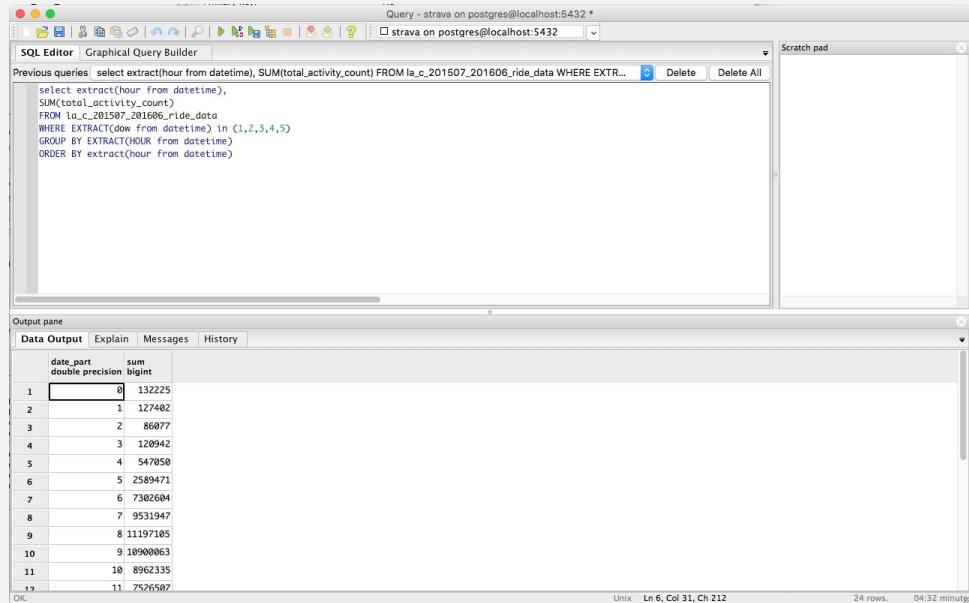
dow	count
0	32108152
1	16490231
2	21723419
3	21912117
4	21978487
5	18572145
6	38219020

At the bottom of the output pane, it says "OK." and provides some statistics: Unix Ln 4, Col 13, Ch 131, 7 rows., 03:54 minutes.

Simple SQL with Metro

Hour Pulses

```
SELECT EXTRACT(HOUR from datetime),  
       SUM(total_activity_count)  
  FROM la_c_201507_201606_ride_data  
 WHERE EXTRACT(dow from datetime) in (1,2,3,4,5)  
 GROUP BY EXTRACT(HOUR from datetime)  
 ORDER BY EXTRACT(HOUR from datetime)
```



The screenshot shows a SQL editor interface with the following details:

- Query:** strava on postgres@localhost:5432 * strava on postgres@localhost:5432
- SQL Editor:** The query is displayed in the main editor pane:

```
select extract(hour from datetime),  
       SUM(total_activity_count)  
  FROM la_c_201507_201606_ride_data  
 WHERE EXTRACT(dow from datetime) in (1,2,3,4,5)  
 GROUP BY EXTRACT(HOUR from datetime)  
 ORDER BY extract(hour from datetime)
```
- Output pane:** The results are shown in a table:

date_part	precision	sum	bigint
1	0	132225	
2	1	127402	
3	2	86077	
4	3	126942	
5	4	547050	
6	5	2589471	
7	6	7302604	
8	7	9531947	
9	8	11197105	
10	9	10900063	
11	10	8962335	
12	11	7526587	
- Status:** Unix Ln 6, Col 31, Ch 212 24 rows. 04:32 minutes

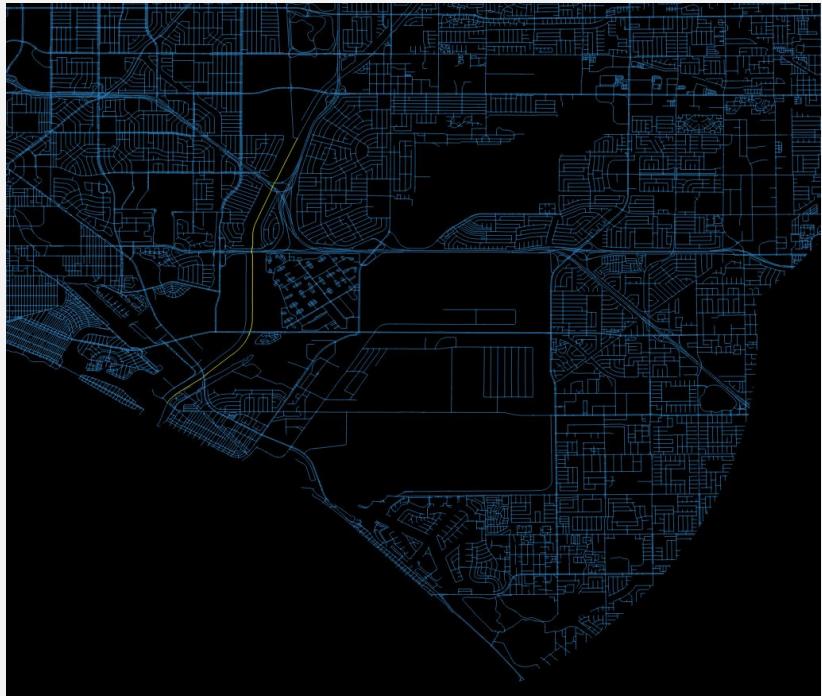
Simple SQL with Metro

Use for a Group of Streets

```
SELECT EXTRACT(YEAR FROM datetime )|| ',' ||EXTRACT(MONTH FROM datetime )|| ',' ||EXTRACT(day FROM
datetime ) || ',' ||EXTRACT(hour FROM datetime) g_date,
SUM(athlete_count) aths, SUM(activity_count) acts, SUM(rev_activity_count) rev_acts, median(activity_time) time1,
median(rev_activity_time) time2
FROM la_c_201507_201606_ride_data
WHERE edge_id IN (521911,522002,521913,521914,521915,521918,521921,521961,521971)
and datetime > '2015-09-07' and datetime < '2015-09-17'
GROUP BY g_date
ORDER BY g_date
```

Simple SQL with Metro

Use for a Group of Streets



Query - strava on postgres@localhost:5432 *

strava on postgres@localhost:5432

SQL Editor Graphical Query Builder

Previous queries

```
SELECT EXTRACT(YEAR FROM datetime )|| ',' ||EXTRACT(MONTH FROM datetime )|| ',' ||EXTRACT(day FROM datetime ) || ',' ||EXTRACT(hour FROM SUM(athlete_count) aths, SUM(activity_count) acts, SUM(rev_activity_count) rev_acts, median(activity_time) time1, median(rev_activity_t FROM 1d_c_201507_201606_ride_data
WHERE edge_id IN (521911,522002,521913,521914,521915,521918,521921,521961,521971)
and datetime > '2015-09-07' and datetime < '2015-09-17'
GROUP BY g_date
ORDER BY g_date
```

Output pane

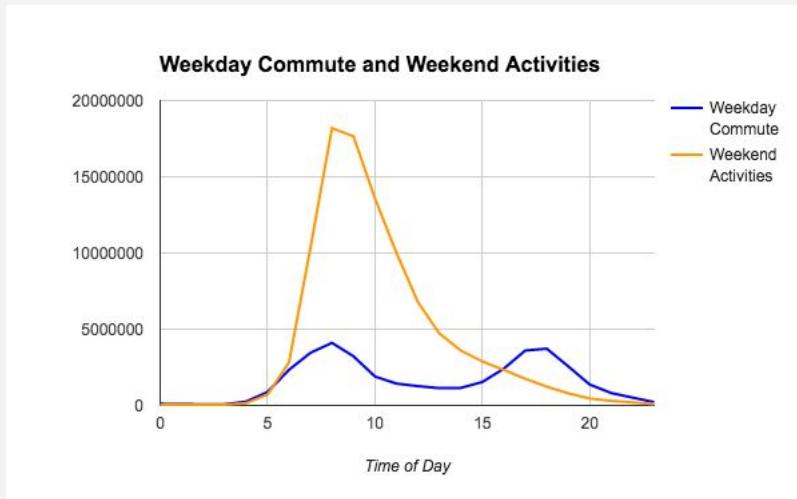
Data Output Explain Messages History

g_date	aths	acts	rev_acts	time1	time2
2015,9,10,10	15	15	51		17.4052629136853000
2015,9,10,11	2	2	8		130.8924282025825000
2015,9,10,12	2	2	5		202.1942227486020000
2015,9,10,13	1	1	0	384.131000000000000000	
2015,9,10,14	18	18	9	185.571000000000000000	
2015,9,10,15	1	1	5		81.9796073179688500
2015,9,10,16	0	0	4		120.4382939024936000
2015,9,10,17	22	22	28		306.4934721079390000
2015,9,10,18	46	46	95		163.3830259376650000
2015,9,10,19	51	51	25	196.767500000000000000	
2015,9,10,21	7	7	0	9.827000000000000000	
2015,9,10,4	1	1	0	465.122000000000000000	

OK.

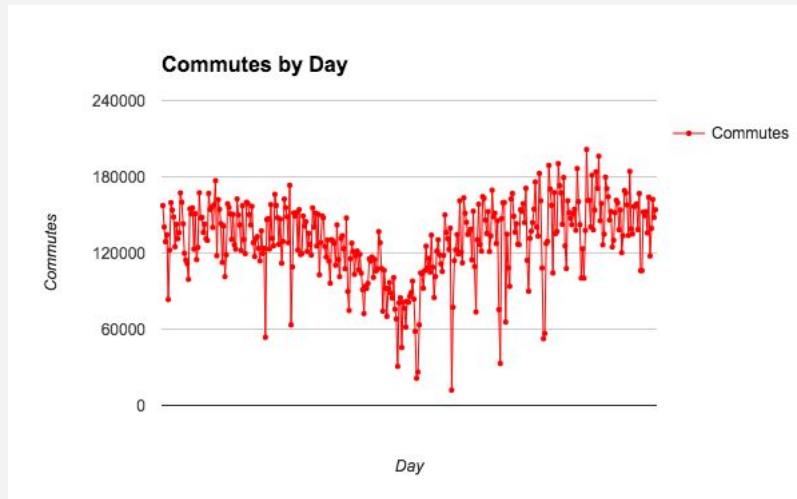
Unix Ln 5, Col 13, Ch 433 156 rows. 1.6 secs

Using Metro to Gain Temporal Movement Trends



Week to Week Trends

Explore the two distinct user groups on Strava: weekday commuters and weekend recreation cyclists

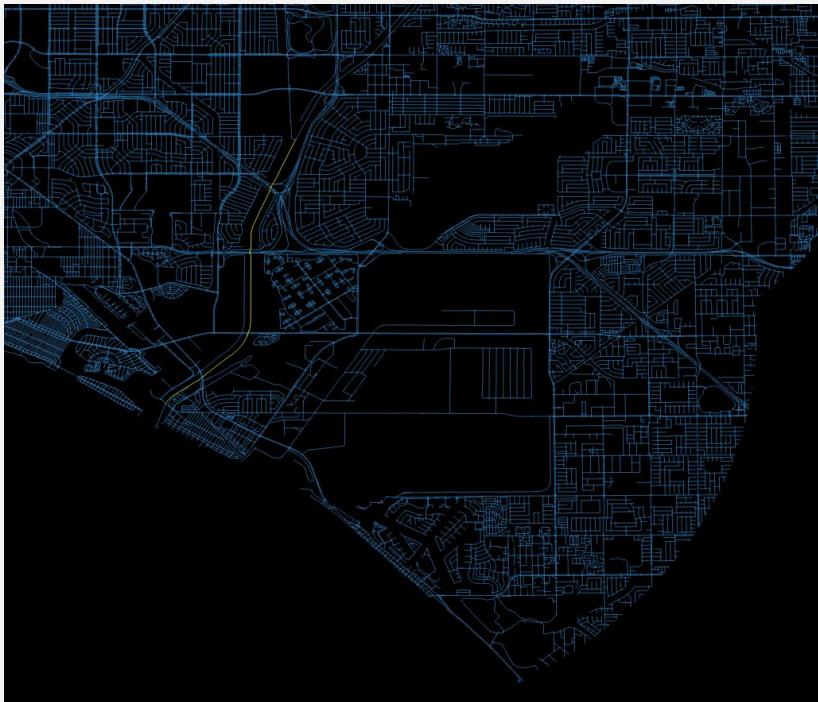


Yearly Commute Trends

Explore seasonality patterns - bike to work month, summer lulls, holidays, etc.

Strava Metro: Corridor Analysis

Lower San Gabriel Trail



The screenshot shows the pgAdmin III interface with a SQL Editor tab open. The query retrieves data for May 2016, comparing activity counts and rev_activity counts across different date ranges. The results are displayed in an Output pane below.

```
SELECT EXTRACT(YEAR FROM datetime) || ',' || EXTRACT(MONTH FROM datetime) || ',' || EXTRACT(DAY FROM datetime) || ',' || EXTRACT(HOUR FROM SUM(gtche_count)) ahrs, SUM(activity_count) acts, SUM(rev_activity_count) rev_acts, median(activity_time) time1, median(rev_activity_time) time2
FROM loc_c_201507_201606_ride_data
WHERE edge_id IN (521911, 522002, 521913, 521914, 521915, 521918, 521921, 521961, 521971)
and datetime > '2016-05-08' and datetime < '2016-05-14'
GROUP BY g_date
ORDER BY g_date
```

g_date	ahrs	acts	rev_acts	time1	time2
2016,5,10,10,1	2	2	2	5.861540000000000	212.3296764515030000
2016,5,10,10,10	3	3	2	139.8920000000000	
2016,5,10,10,11	2	2	2	448.4670000000000	
2016,5,10,10,13	2	2	9		10.7874548224155500
2016,5,10,10,14	1	1	0	453.3500000000000	
2016,5,10,10,15	0	0	3		7.1145809795278200
2016,5,10,10,16	2	2	1	258.7470000000000	
2016,5,10,10,17	1	1	3	2.184430000000000	170.1599718124316600
2016,5,10,10,18	0	0	1		503.2752596391310000
2016,5,10,10,19	6	6	5	174.3460000000000	140.8931286521090000
2016,5,10,10,21	1	1	2		146.2994588464960000
2016,5,10,10,22	1	1	0	21.76850000000000	

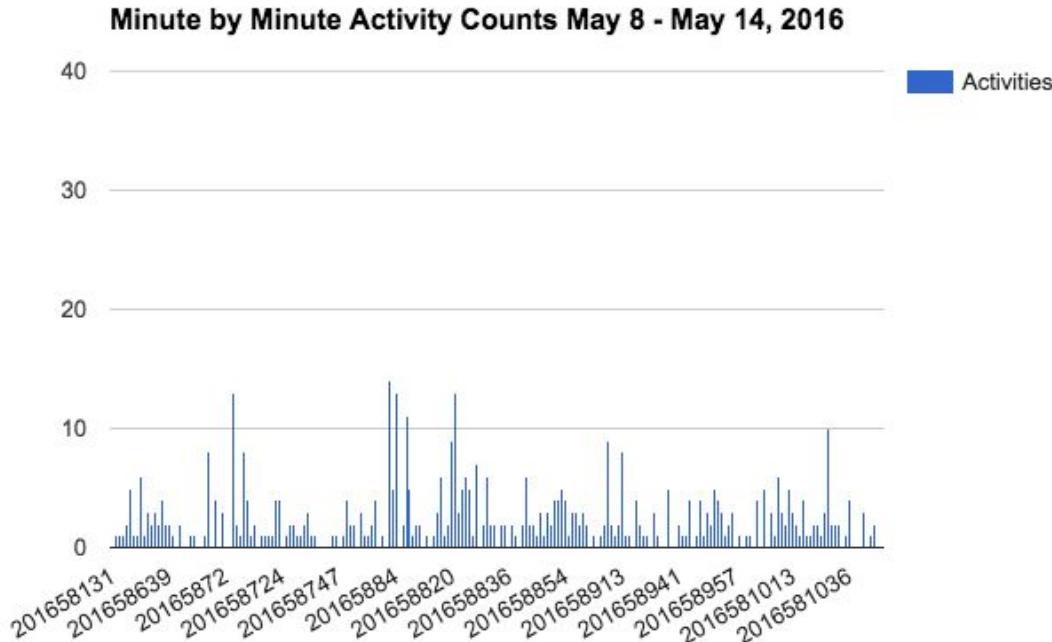
Strava Metro: Corridor Analysis

Lower San Gabriel Trail

```
SELECT EXTRACT(YEAR FROM datetime )|| ',' ||EXTRACT(MONTH FROM
datetime )|| ',' ||EXTRACT(day FROM datetime ) || ',' ||EXTRACT(hour FROM
datetime) || ',' ||EXTRACT(minute FROM datetime) g_date,
SUM(athlete_count) aths, SUM(activity_count) acts, SUM(rev_activity_count)
rev_acts, median(activity_time) time1, median(rev_activity_time) time2
FROM la_c_201507_201606_ride_data
WHERE edge_id IN
(521911,522002,521913,521914,521915,521918,521921,521961,521971)
and datetime > '2016-05-08' and datetime < '2016-05-14'
GROUP BY g_date
ORDER BY g_date
```

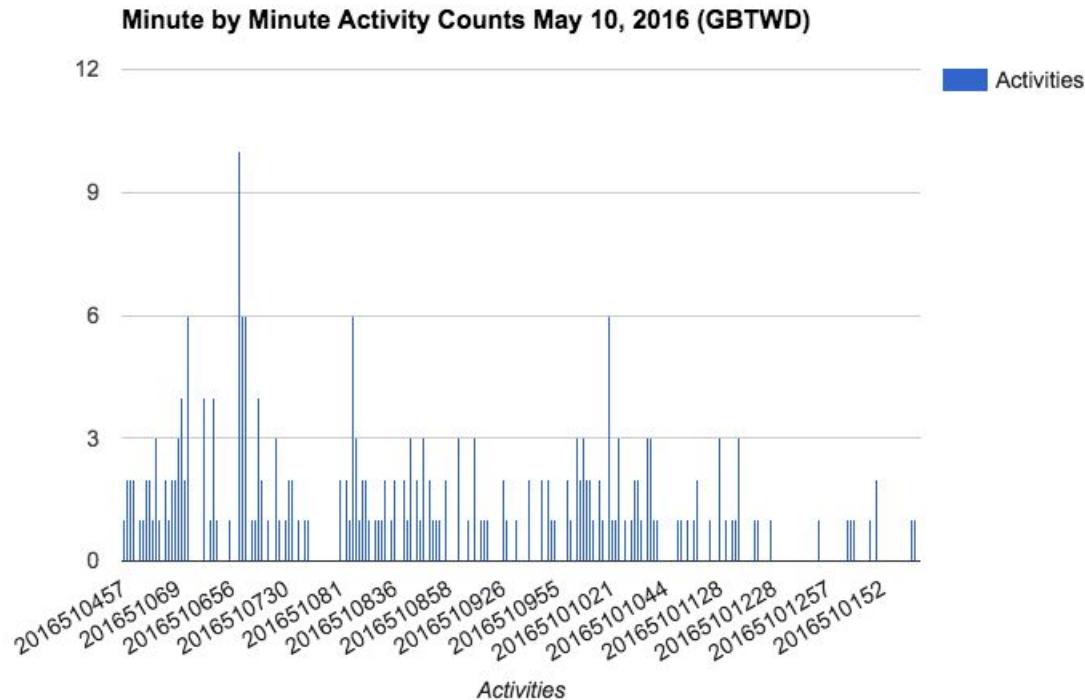
Strava Metro: Corridor Analysis

Lower San Gabriel Trail



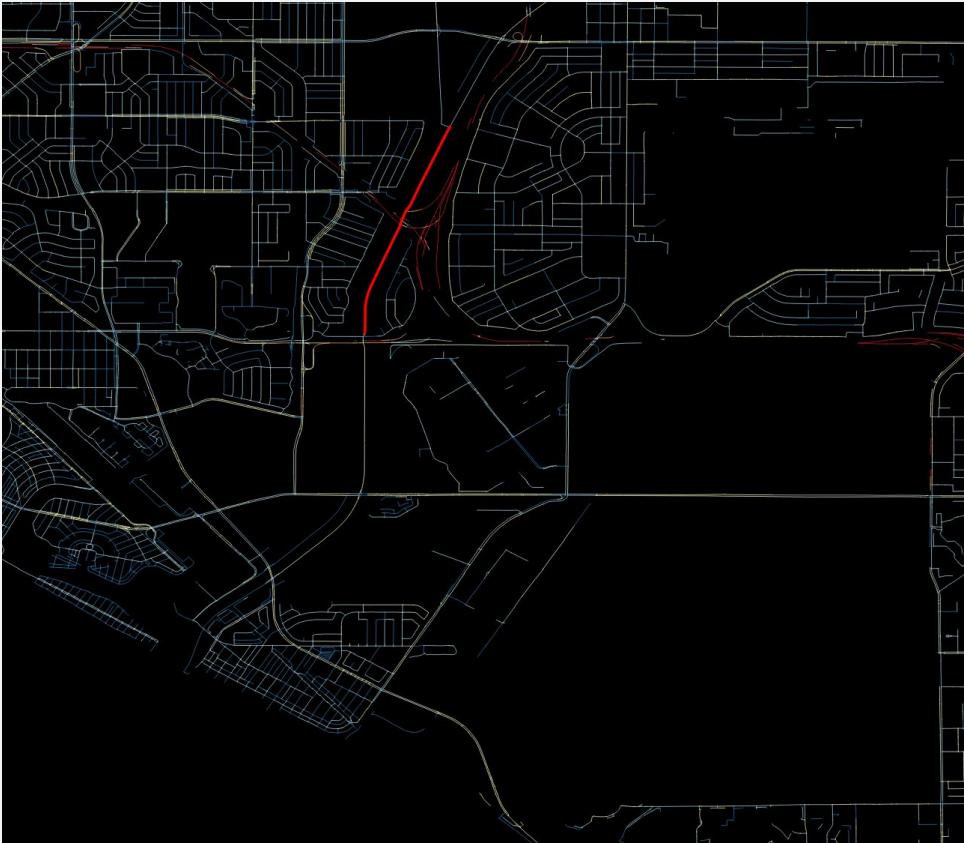
Strava Metro: Corridor Analysis

Lower San Gabriel Trail



Strava Metro: Corridor Analysis

Lower San Gabriel Trail



Feature	Value
►	NULL
►	(Derived)
GID	521902
OBJECTID	521911
FILE_NAME	NULL
FCC	NULL
ACC	NULL
ONE_WAY	NULL
TOLL	NULL
F_FLEV	0
T_FLEV	0
ROAD_CLASS	5
BIKEWAY_CL	1
ROADTYPE	Trail
AVG_SLOPE	0.056408456
FLOOR_ELEVAT	29.2231753088
TOELEVAT	22.3416848086
SLOPE_DIR	1
SLOPEFOLLO	0.0000000000
SLOPEAGAIN	0.0029207448
SF1_COST1	11.6343647346
SF1_COST2	11.6343647734
SF2_COST1	8.7235830215
SF2_COST2	8.7265037662
EC1_COST1	4.3617915107
EC1_COST2	4.3647122555
EC2_COST1	4.3617915107
EC2_COST2	4.3647122555
IC_COST1	2.9078610072
IC_COST2	2.9107817519
ADT_CLANE	0.0000000000
ADT_CATEGORY	0
GC_NOTG	-0.3489433209
FROMOID	273124.0000000000
TOOID	268245.0000000000
DIR	2.0000000000
LATITUDE	39.767530588800
SPEED	67230
SPEED_MPH	13
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	91
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	78
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	581
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	269
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	127
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	820
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	375.3261689625
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	398.1339910745
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	384
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	38
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	3259
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	2833
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	11012
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	39365
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	4417
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	21348
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	411.7619596764
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	419.0437168081
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	1783
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	104
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	1883
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	3477
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	3483
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	10598
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	1094
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	14171
la_c_201507_201608_rde...	422.4662725466

Average speed ranges
from 12 - 18 mph