gclib 422 C API for Galil controllers and PLCs

Galil Motion Control

Fri Sep 14 2018

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Chapter 1

Getting Started

The Galil Communication Library (gclib) is a communication library for Galil motion controllers and PLCs. A number of programming languages, operating systems, and hardware platforms are supported.

The library consists of a basic set of function calls (gclib.h), and an open-source extension library (gclibo.h). A number of examples are provided to demonstrate how to use the library with various languages.

The gclib will import virtually anywhere a dll/so/dylib can be imported. See installation for details. Please contact softwaresupport@galil.com if the language or platform required is not listed.

Contents

- · List of all functions
- · Installation and supported operating systems
- Language Support
- · Using gclib

Release Notes

See the update history of gclib in the release notes.

Galil maintains an RSS page to notify users of updates.

See the update history of gcaps in the release notes.

Technical Support

For help please email software support@galil.com, or call Galil Applications.

2 Getting Started

Chapter 2

Installation

gclib is available on the following operating systems.

- Microsoft Windows
 - 10 x64 ♦, x86
 - 8.1 x64 ♦, x86
 - 8 x64 ♦, x86
 - 7 x64 ♦, x86
- Ubuntu Linux
 - 18.04 LTS x64 ♦
 - 16.04 LTS x64 ♦ †
 - 14.04 LTS x64 †
 - 12.04 LTS x64 †
- Fedora Linux
 - fc28 x64 ♦
 - fc27 x64 ♦ †
 - fc26 x64 ♦ †
 - fc25 x64 ♦ †
 - fc24 x64 ♦ †
 - fc23 x64 ♦ †
 - fc22 x64 †
 - fc21 x64 †
- · Red Hat and CentOS
 - Red Hat 7 & CentOS 7 Linux
 - * RHEL 7 x64 ♦
 - ⋆ CentOS 7 x64 ♦
 - Red Hat 6 & CentOS 6 Linux
 - * RHEL 6 x64 †
 - * CentOS 6 x64 †
- Raspbian, Raspberry Pi
 - Stretch, 9.1
 - Jessie, 8.0 †

- · Apple OS X
 - Yosemite 10.10 x64
 - Mavericks 10.9 x64
- Other builds, contact Galil Applications for more info
 - Nvidia Jetson TX1 running Ubuntu 16.04 arm64

♦ gcaps available on these operating systems.

† Although no longer built on these older operating systems, previous versions of gclib are available.

Don't see your OS? Please email software support@galil.com, or call Galil Applications.

2.1 Microsoft Windows

Tested versions

See the installation page for supported versions.

Installation

On Windows, gclib is distributed in the following formats.

- An executable installer which will install the library in the proper location to work with the included examples and documentation. PCI users can optionally install the PCI driver from within this installer.
- A zip file containing the same set of files as the executable but in a zip archive. PCI users can use the stand-alone PCI driver installer.
 - A stand-alone PCI driver installer for PCI users (DMC-1806, 1800, 1802, 1417).

Note

The PCI driver is compatible with GalilTools but is enhanced for gclib communications.

Download Installer

Recommended. All instructions and examples depend on the installation paths.

Download Zip

For custom deployment or non-default file locations. Downloads are available on the release notes page.

Required third-party DLLs

gclib is built using MSVC 2015 and requires run-time components available in the Microsoft Visual C++ Redistributable Packages for Visual Studio 2015.

The gclib installer will automatically install these prerequisites for both 32 bit (x86) and 64 bit (x64) builds. The installer allows the user to opt out of this installation, if desired.

If using the zip installation, the binaries must be downloaded and installed manually.

2.1 Microsoft Windows 5

Silent Installation

For developers wishing to bundle gclib within their own installers, execute the gclib installer with the /S switch to run silently with defaults. If the Galil security certificate is not already trusted on the deployment target, a digital signature dialog may be presented.

Uninstall gclib

• Run uninstall.exe in "C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib"

Installed Files

Installation from the executable installer looks like the following.

```
C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib>tree /a
Folder PATH listing for volume OS
Volume serial number is AE3F-6836
C:.
+---dll
   +---x64
   \---x86
+---doc
   \---html
       \---search
+---examples
   +---cpp
    +---cs
        \---2013_12.0
            \---gclib_example
               \---gclib_example
                    \---Properties
    +---gcc
    +---mingw
    +---msvc
        \---2013_12.0
          \---gclib_example
              \---gclib_example
      --vb
        \---2013_12.0
            \---gclib_example
                \---gclib_example
                   \---My Project
+---include
+---lib
    \---dynamic
        +---×64
       \---x86
 ---source
    +---gclibo
    \---wrappers
       +---cs
        +---gcl
        \---vb
```

dll

The *dll* directory contains the binary *dynamic link libraries* (DLLs) for both x86 and x64 architectures. **Dynamically linked executables must have the correct dlls in their path at runtime**.

doc

The doc directory contains this documentation and a printable, pdf version.

examples

The *examples* directory contains example projects for various compilers. The *cpp* directory contains $x_{examples.h}$ and the implementation of the example files documented in this manual.

Warning

Before using the examples, copy the files to a user location such as *C:\Users\user\Documents*. Failing to do so may cause source files to be deleted upon gclib uninstallation.

include

The *include* directory contains header files needed for compiling code. The compiler will need to know where these files are at compile time.

See the compiler-specific directions for more information, e.g. gclib using MinGW.

lib

The *lib* directory contains linker files (*gclib.lib* and *gclibo.lib*) for both x86 and x64 architectures. The linker should include *gclib.lib* and *gclibo.lib*.

source

The source directory contains source files such as gclibo.c.

2.2 Ubuntu Linux

Tested versions

This version of Linux has x64/AMD64 Support Only. Contact Galil if another version is required for an application.

See the installation page for supported versions.

Installation

Install Galil's public certificate

```
$ wget http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/ubuntu/$(lsb_release -r -s)/GALIL-PUB-KEY
# apt-key add GALIL-PUB-KEY
```

Get Galil's apt sources list

```
# wget http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/ubuntu/$(lsb_release -r -s)/galil.list -0 /etc/apt/sources.list.d/galil.lis
# apt-get update
```

Install Package

Install gclib

```
# apt-get install gclib
```

2.2 Ubuntu Linux 7

Install gcaps on 16.04 and better (optional)

Following Linux's daemon naming conventions, gcaps is called *gcapsd* on Ubuntu. See the gcaps documentation for more information.

```
# apt-get install gcapsd
```

Verify that the systemd unit is running.

```
$ systemctl is-active gcapsd
active
```

Uninstall Package

If the packages need to be removed from the system, the following commands may be used.

Uninstall gclib

```
# apt-get remove gclib
```

Uninstall gcaps

```
# apt-get remove gcapsd
```

Serial Ports and USB

If access to the serial ports or USB (e.g. DMC-4103) is desired through gclib, the following will provide steps to join the correct access group. If using USB, be sure the controller is powered and the usb is plugged in before beginning.

Determine group with access

In the above listing, dialout is the group that needs to be joined. uucp is another common group that may be listed.

Add the desired username to the group.

```
$ sudo gpasswd -a username dialout
[sudo] password for username:
Adding user username to group dialout
```

Log out and back in for change to take effect.

```
$ groups
username wheel dialout
```

gclib can now connect to serial and usb devices from user username.

PCI Controllers

If using a Galil PCI controller, the PCI driver must be installed.

Extract source and build driver

```
$ tar -xf /usr/share/doc/gclib/src/gclib_pci.tar.gz
$ make
```

Copy module and add to kernel

```
$ sudo cp galilpci.ko /lib/modules/$(uname -r)
$ sudo depmod
$ sudo modprobe galilpci
```

Add galil group for access to PCI

```
$ sudo groupadd -f -K GID_MIN=100 -K GID_MAX=499 galil
$ sudo cp 90-galilpci.rules /etc/udev/rules.d/
$ sudo udevadm control --reload-rules
$ sudo udevadm trigger
$ sudo usermod -a -G galil username #exchange "username" with actual user's name
```

Logout and back in. The PCI hardware is now available for access.

```
$ ls -1 /dev/galil*
crw-rw---- 1 root galil 10, 56 Jun 9 11:07 /dev/galilpci0
$ echo -e "\x12\x16\r" > /dev/galilpci0
$ cat /dev/galilpci0
DMC1846 Rev 1.1a
.
```

Documentation

The documentation is left as a tarball to minimize disk usage. The latest release version of the user manual is available at the following link.

• http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/all/doc/gclib/html/

Offline html

The following allows viewing of the html docs from the installation.

```
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/gclib_doc.tar.gz html
$ firefox html/index.html
```

Offline pdf

There may be a pdf shipped in the package. The following allows viewing of the pdf docs from the installation.

```
\ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/gclib_doc.tar.gz gclib_132.pdf \ evince gclib.pdf
```

2.3 Fedora Linux

Tested versions

This version of Linux has **x64/AMD64 Support Only**. Contact Galil if another version is required for an application. See the installation page for supported versions.

2.3 Fedora Linux 9

Installation

On Fedora, gclib and gcaps are distributed in RPM repositories. The following steps can be performed to install.

Download Galil's repository information

Point a browser at http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/fedora/galilrpm-3-1.noarch.rpm and install the rpm. This installs Galil's RPM repositories and can be done from the terminal with the following.

```
$ wget http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/fedora/galilrpm-3-1.noarch.rpm
# rpm -Uvh galilrpm-3-1.noarch.rpm
```

Install Packages

Install gclib

```
# yum install gclib
```

Approve "Installed size" and "Importing GPG key", if prompted.

Install gcaps (optional)

Following Linux's daemon naming conventions, gcaps is called *gcapsd* on Fedora. See the gcaps documentation for more information.

```
# yum install gcapsd
```

Verify that the systemd unit is running.

```
$ systemctl is-active gcapsd
active
```

Uninstall Packages

If the packages need to be removed from the system, the following commands may be used.

Uninstall gclib

```
# yum remove gclib
```

Uninstall gcaps

```
# yum remove gcaps
```

Serial Ports and USB

If access to the serial ports or USB (e.g. DMC-4103) is desired through gclib, the following will provide steps to join the correct access group. If using USB, be sure the controller is powered and the usb is plugged in before beginning.

Determine group with access

In the above listing, **dialout** is the group that needs to be joined. **uucp** is another common group that may be listed.

Add the desired username to the group.

```
$ sudo gpasswd -a username dialout
[sudo] password for username:
Adding user username to group dialout
```

Log out and back in for change to take effect.

```
$ groups
username wheel dialout
```

gclib can now connect to serial and usb devices from user username.

PCI Controllers

If using a Galil PCI controller, the PCI driver must be installed.

Install prerequisites

```
$ sudo yum install kernel-devel-$(uname -r)
$ sudo yum install kernel-headers-$(uname -r)
$ sudo yum install gcc
```

Extract source and build driver

```
$ tar -xf /usr/share/doc/gclib/src/gclib_pci.tar.gz
$ make
```

Copy module and add to kernel

```
$ sudo cp galilpci.ko /lib/modules/$(uname -r)
$ sudo depmod
$ sudo modprobe galilpci
```

Add galil group for access to PCI

```
$ sudo groupadd -f -K GID_MIN=100 -K GID_MAX=499 galil
$ sudo cp 90-galilpci.rules /etc/udev/rules.d/
$ sudo udevadm control --reload-rules
$ sudo udevadm trigger
$ sudo usermod -a -G galil username #exchange "username" with actual user's name
```

Logout and back in. The PCI hardware is now available for access.

```
$ ls -l /dev/galil*
crw-rw---- 1 root galil 10, 56 Jun 9 11:07 /dev/galilpci0
$ echo -e "\x12\x16\r" > /dev/galilpci0
$ cat /dev/galilpci0
DMC1846 Rev 1.1a
.
```

Documentation

The documentation is left as a tarball to minimize disk usage. The latest release version of the user manual is available at the following link.

```
• http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/all/doc/gclib/html/
```

Offline pdf

The following allows viewing of the pdf docs from the installation.

```
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/gclib_doc.tar.gz gclib.pdf
$ evince gclib.pdf
```

Offline html

The following allows viewing of the html docs from the installation.

```
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/gclib_doc.tar.gz html
$ firefox html/index.html
```

2.4 Red Hat 7 & CentOS 7 Linux

Tested versions

This version of Linux has **x64/AMD64 Support Only**. Contact Galil if another version is required for an application. See the installation page for supported versions.

Installation

On Red Hat, gclib and gcaps are distributed in RPM repositories. The following steps can be performed to install.

Download Galil's repository information

Point a browser at http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/rhel/7/galilrpm-4-1.noarch.rpm and install the rpm. This installs Galil's RPM repositories and can be done from the terminal with the following.

```
$ wget http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/rhel/7/galilrpm-4-1.noarch.rpm
# rpm -Uvh galilrpm-4-1.noarch.rpm
```

Install Packages

Install gclib

```
# yum install gclib
```

Approve "Installed size" and "Importing GPG key", if prompted.

Install gcaps (optional)

Following Linux's daemon naming conventions, gcaps is called *gcapsd* on Red Hat. See the gcaps documentation for more information.

```
# yum install gcapsd
```

Verify that the systemd unit is running.

```
$ systemctl is-active gcapsd
active
```

Uninstall Packages

If the packages need to be removed from the system, the following commands may be used.

Uninstall gclib

```
# yum remove gclib
```

Uninstall gcaps

```
# yum remove gcaps
```

Serial Ports and USB

If access to the serial ports or USB (e.g. DMC-4103) is desired through gclib, the following will provide steps to join the correct access group. If using USB, be sure the controller is powered and the usb is plugged in before beginning.

Determine group with access

In the above listing, dialout is the group that needs to be joined. uucp is another common group that may be listed.

Add the desired username to the group.

```
$ sudo gpasswd -a username dialout
[sudo] password for username:
Adding user username to group dialout
```

Log out and back in for change to take effect.

```
$ groups
username wheel dialout
```

gclib can now connect to serial and usb devices from user username.

PCI Controllers

If using a Galil PCI controller, the PCI driver must be installed.

Install prerequisites

```
# yum update kernel
```

Reboot

```
# yum install kernel-devel-$(uname -r)
# yum install kernel-headers-$(uname -r)
# yum install gcc
```

Extract source and build driver

```
$ tar -xf /usr/share/doc/gclib/src/gclib_pci.tar.gz
$ make
```

Copy module and add to kernel

```
# cp galilpci.ko /lib/modules/$(uname -r)
# depmod
# modprobe galilpci
```

Add galil group for access to PCI

```
# groupadd -f -K GID_MIN=100 -K GID_MAX=499 galil
# cp 90-galilpci.rules /etc/udev/rules.d/
# udevadm control --reload-rules
# udevadm trigger
# usermod -a -G galil username #exchange "username" with actual user's name
```

Logout and back in. The PCI hardware is now available for access.

```
$ ls -1 /dev/galil*
crw-rw---- 1 root galil 10, 56 Jun 9 11:07 /dev/galilpci0
$ echo -e "\x12\x16\r" > /dev/galilpci0
$ cat /dev/galilpci0
DMC1846 Rev 1.1a
.
```

Documentation

The documentation is left as a tarball to minimize disk usage. The latest release version of the user manual is available at the following link.

http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/all/doc/gclib/html/

Offline html

The following allows viewing of the html docs from the installation.

```
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/gclib_doc.tar.gz html
$ firefox html/index.html
```

Offline pdf

There may be a pdf shipped in the package. The following allows viewing of the pdf docs from the installation.

```
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/gclib_doc.tar.gz gclib_132.pdf
$ evince gclib.pdf
```

2.5 Red Hat 6 & CentOS 6 Linux

Tested versions

This version of Linux has **x64/AMD64 Support Only**. Contact Galil if another version is required for an application. See the installation page for supported versions.

Installation

On Red Hat, gclib is distributed in an RPM repository. The following steps can be performed to install gclib.

Download Galil's repository information

This step installs Galil's RPM repositories and only needs to be done once.

Point a browser at http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/rhel/6/galilrpm-2-1.noarch.rpm and install the rpm.

Install Package

Install gclib package, approve "Installed size" and "Importing GPG key", if prompted.

```
# yum install gclib
```

Uninstall Package

To uninstall gclib.

```
# yum remove gclib
```

Serial Ports and USB

If access to the serial ports or USB (e.g. DMC-4103) is desired through gclib, the following will provide steps to join the correct access group. If using USB, be sure the controller is powered and the usb is plugged in before beginning.

Determine group with access

In the above listing, dialout is the group that needs to be joined. uucp is another common group that may be listed.

Add the desired username to the group.

```
$ sudo gpasswd -a username dialout
[sudo] password for username:
Adding user username to group dialout
```

Log out and back in for change to take effect.

```
$ groups
username wheel dialout
```

gclib can now connect to serial and usb devices from user username.

PCI Controllers

If using a Galil PCI controller, the PCI driver must be installed.

Install prerequisites

```
# yum update kernel
```

Reboot

```
# yum install kernel-devel-$(uname -r)
# yum install kernel-headers-$(uname -r)
# yum install gcc
```

Extract source and build driver

```
$ tar -xf /usr/share/doc/gclib/src/gclib_pci.tar.gz
$ make
```

Copy module and add to kernel

```
# cp galilpci.ko /lib/modules/$(uname -r)
# depmod
# modprobe galilpci
```

Add galil group for access to PCI

```
# groupadd -f -K GID_MIN=100 -K GID_MAX=499 galil
# cp 90-galilpci.rules /etc/udev/rules.d/
# udevadm control --reload-rules
# udevadm trigger
# usermod -a -G galil username #exchange "username" with actual user's name
```

Logout and back in. The PCI hardware is now available for access.

```
$ ls -1 /dev/galil*
crw-rw---- 1 root galil 10, 56 Jun 9 11:07 /dev/galilpci0
$ echo -e "\x12\x16\r" > /dev/galilpci0
$ cat /dev/galilpci0
DMC1846 Rev 1.1a
:
```

Documentation

The documentation is left as a tarball to minimize disk usage. The latest release version of the user manual is available at the following link.

```
http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/all/doc/gclib/html/
```

Offline html

The following allows viewing of the html docs from the installation.

```
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/gclib_doc.tar.gz html
$ firefox html/index.html
```

Offline pdf

There may be a pdf shipped in the package. The following allows viewing of the pdf docs from the installation.

```
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/gclib_doc.tar.gz gclib_132.pdf
$ evince gclib.pdf
```

2.6 Raspberry Pi

Tested versions

- · Raspberry Pi 3 Model B
- · Hardware Raspberry Pi 2 Model B

See the installation page for supported versions.

Installation

Create a temporary variable for Raspbian version

```
uver=$(lsb_release -r | cut -f 2); echo $uver
8.0
```

Install Galil's public certificate

```
$ wget http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/raspbian/$uver/GALIL-PUB-KEY
$ sudo apt-key add GALIL-PUB-KEY
```

Get Galil's apt sources list

```
$sudo wget http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/raspbian/$uver/galil.list -0 /etc/apt/sources.list.d/galil.list $sudo apt-get update
```

Install Package

```
$sudo apt-get install gclib
```

Uninstall Package

To uninstall gclib.

```
$sudo apt-get remove gclib
```

Serial Ports and USB

If access to the serial ports or USB (e.g. DMC-4103) is desired through gclib, the following will provide steps to join the correct access group. If using USB, be sure the controller is powered and the usb is plugged in before beginning.

Determine group with access

In the above listing, dialout is the group that needs to be joined. uucp is another common group that may be listed.

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Check the user's group

The default *pi* username is already a member of dialout.

```
$ groups pi adm dialout cdrom sudo audio video plugdev games users input netdev gpio i2c spi
```

If needed, add the desired username to the group.

```
$ sudo gpasswd -a username dialout
[sudo] password for username:
Adding user username to group dialout
```

Log out and back in for change to take effect.

```
$ groups
username wheel dialout
```

gclib can now connect to serial and usb devices from user username.

Documentation

The documentation is left as a tarball to minimize disk usage. The latest release version of the user manual is available at the following link.

```
    http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/all/doc/gclib/html/
```

Offline html

The following allows viewing of the html docs from the installation, in the GUI mode.

```
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/gclib_doc.tar.gz html
$ epiphany html/index.html
```

Offline pdf

There may be a pdf shipped in the package. The following allows viewing of the pdf docs from the installation.

```
$ sudo apt-get update
$ sudo apt-get install evince
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/gclib_doc.tar.gz gclib_132.pdf
$ evince gclib.pdf
```

2.7 Apple OS X

Tested versions

See the installation page for supported versions.

Installation

On OS X, gclib is distributed in a dmg image. The following steps can be performed to install gclib.

Download the gclib dmg

Open the dmg file and drag the gclib directory to the Applications alias or another installation location.

Create Environment Variable (Optional)

• To provide maximum functionality, e.g. usage of the Python wrapper, add to the *DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH* by typing the following at a Terminal prompt.

```
$ echo "export DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH=/Applications/gclib/dylib/:\$DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH" >> ~/.profile
```

Log Out and back in to set the environment variable.

Make links for usb devices

If using the DMC4103 or another Galil USB product, symbolic links may be created so GAddresses() can list the controllers.

Make a link from the Terminal.

```
user-mac:~ user$ #plug in DMC4103 usb cable
user-mac:~ user$ ls /dev/tty.usb*
/dev/tty.usbserial-A402L6KG
user-mac:~ user$ #make a symbolic link so gclib can list it
user-mac:~ user$ sudo ln -s /dev/tty.usbserial-A402L6KG /dev/tty.usbserial0
user-mac:~ user$ #gclib searches start at 0
user-mac:~ user$ #GAddresses() will now list this device
```

Demonstrating with Python.

```
user-mac:~ user$ python
Python 2.7.10 (default, Jul 14 2015, 19:46:27)
[GCC 4.2.1 Compatible Apple LLVM 6.0 (clang-600.0.39)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> import gclib
>>> g = gclib.py()
>>> g.GAddresses()
{'/dev/tty.usbserial0': ''}
>>> print(g.GInfo())
/dev/tty.usbserial0, DMC4143 Rev 1.2b, 9998
>>> g.GClose()
>>> exit()
user-mac:~ user$
```

Installed files

- · The gclib shared object files
 - /Applications/gclib/dylib/gclib.0.dylib
 - /Applications/gclib/dylib/gclibo.0.dylib
- · The gclib header files
 - /Applications/gclib/include/gclib_errors.h
 - /Applications/gclib/include/gclibo.h
 - /Applications/gclib/include/gclib.h

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- /Applications/gclib/include/gclib_record.h
- · gclib documentation tarball
 - /Applications/gclib/doc/gclib_doc.tar.gz
- · Example source tarball
 - /Applications/gclib/examples/gclib_examples.tar.gz
- · Source files to modify/rebuild libgclibo.so
 - /Applications/gclib/source/gclibo_229_src.tar.gz
- · GalilTools Communication Library (gcl) wrapper
 - /Applications/gclib/source/gclib_gcl.tar.gz

Documentation

The documentation is left as a tarball to minimize disk usage. The latest release version of the user manual is available at the following link.

• http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/all/doc/gclib/html/

Offline pdf

The following allows viewing of the pdf docs from the installation.

- Browse in the Finder to Applications/gclib/doc.
- Double-click the tar.gz file to extact it.
- · Open the resultant directory.
- · Open the pdf.

Offline html

The following allows viewing of the html docs from the installation.

- Browse in the Finder to Applications/gclib/doc.
- Double-click the tar.gz file to extact it.
- · Open the resultant directory.
- Open the html directory.
- · Double-click index.html to open the help.

Chapter 3

Language Support

Below are a number of examples demonstrating how to use the library with various languages and on various platforms.

- C/C++
- Python
- .Net
- Java

Can't find what you need? Please email software support@galil.com, or call Galil Applications.

3.1 C/C++

- Microsoft Visual Studio 2015 (14.0)
- Microsoft Visual Studio 2013 (12.0)
- MinGW
- Borland C++
- gcc (Linux)
- clang (OS X)

3.1.1 Microsoft Visual Studio 2015 (14.0)

For brevity, these instructions assume the default installation location of C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib.

x_simple.c from VS2015 x64 Native Tools Command Prompt

Open VS2015 x64 Native Tools Command Prompt.

Copy files

Navigate to a convenient, empty, writable location.

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Set an environment variable for the base path.

```
>set base=C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib
```

Copy simple example

```
>copy "%base%\examples\cpp\x_simple.c" .
```

Edit GOpen() call as necessary

In a text editor, open $x_simple.c$. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.

Compile

```
>cl x_simple.c "%base%\lib\dynamic\x64\*.lib" -I "%base%\include"
```

Set Path to DLL

```
>set PATH=%base%\dll\x64\;%PATH%
```

Execute

```
>x_simple.exe
version: 211.211.211 1.0.0.128
info: 192.168.0.42, DMCC640 Rev 1.0g, 9999
response: 3757802.0000
:
```

Using the pre-configured MSVC project (x_examples.cpp)

The directory *gclib\examples\msvc* has fully functional MSVC examples. These instructions detail how to use the 2013 version.

- Copy gclib\examples\msvc\2015_14.0\gclib_example to a convenient, writable location.
- Run gclib_example\gclib_example\copy_source.bat to copy the files.
- Open gclib_example\gclib_example.sln in Visual Studio 2015.
- In the Solution Explorer, expand the gclib_example and expand Source Files to show a listing of source.
- Open x_examples.cpp.
- Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.
- Find the #if 0 preprocessor block enclosing the example calls. Change to #if 1 to run the examples. Comment out the function calls to be avoided. Note some calls attempt to move motors and not all functions are compatible with all Galil products.
- Hit F5 to build and run the example.

3.1 C/C++

Create Project with MSVC 2015 (x_examples.cpp)

The instructions below allow building a project from scratch.

The following instructions were performed on *Visual Studio Professional 2015* and can be extended to other Visual Studio versions. For brevity, the instructions assume the default installation location of **C:\Program Files** (x86)\Galil\gclib and a build type of x64.

- · Launch Visual Studio 2015.
- Choose File->New->Project.
- In the New Project dialog, choose Visual C++->Empty Project.
- · Choose a Name, e.g. gclib_example.
- Choose a Location, e.g. C:\Users\user\Desktop.
- · Check Create directory for solution.
- · Click OK.
- In the Solution Explorer, right-click on Source Files and choose Add-> Existing Item.
 - Navigate to the gclib installation directory, then to examples cpp in the installation directory.
 - In File Name type x_*.cpp and click Add, this will filter out the files needed
 - Select all files in the file chooser and click Add.
- In the Solution Explorer right-click on gclib_example, choose Properties.
 - Click the Configuration Manager... button.
 - * Under Active solution platform: choose x64.
 - * Click Close.
 - Highlight Configuration Properties in the side bar, and set the following project properties.
 - * At the top of the window, change *Configuration:* to *All Configurations* and ensure *Platform* lists *Active*(*x64*).
 - * Configuration Properties -> C/C++ -> Additional Include Directories add C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\include
 - * Configuration Properties -> Linker -> General -> Additional Library Directories add C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\lib\dynamic\x64
 - * Configuration Properties -> Linker -> Input -> Additional Dependencies add gclib.lib;gclibo. -lib; {rest of text} where {rest of text} is the original string that was in the cell. Note the semicolons between library files.
 - * Configuration Properties -> Debugging -> Environment add PATH=C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\dll\x86;%PATH%
 - * Click OK.
- In the *Solution Explorer* open *x_examples.cpp*. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.
- Find the #if 0 preprocessor blocks enclosing the example calls. Change to #if 1 to run the examples. Comment out the function calls to be avoided. Note some calls attempt to move motors and not all functions are compatible with all Galil products.
- Hit F5 to build and run the example.

3.1.2 Microsoft Visual Studio 2013 (12.0)

For brevity, these instructions assume the default installation location of C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib.

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x_simple.c from VS2013 x64 Native Tools Command Prompt

Open VS2013 x64 Native Tools Command Prompt.

Copy files

Navigate to a convenient, empty, writable location, e.g. C:\temp.

Set an environment variable for the base path.

```
C:\temp>set base=C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib
```

Copy simple example

```
C:\temp>copy "%base%\examples\cpp\x_simple.c" .
```

Edit GOpen() call as necessary

In a text editor, open $x_simple.c$. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.

Compile

```
C:\temp>cl x_simple.c "%base%\lib\dynamic\x64\*.lib" -I "%base%\include"
```

Set Path to DLL

```
C:\temp>set PATH=%base%\dll\x64\;%PATH%
```

Execute

```
C:\temp>x_simple.exe
rc: 0
version: 85.60.138
rc: 0
rc: 0
info: 10.1.3.17, DMC4020 Rev 1.2b, 291
rc: 0
response: 357247808.0000
.
```

Using the pre-configured MSVC project (x_examples.cpp)

The directory *gclib\examples\msvc* has fully functional MSVC examples. These instructions detail how to use the 2013 version.

- Copy gclib\examples\msvc\2013_12.0\gclib_example to a convenient, writable location, e.g. C:\temp.
- Run gclib_example\gclib_example\copy_source.bat to copy the files.
- Open gclib_example\gclib_example.sln in Visual Studio 2013.
- In the Solution Explorer, expand the gclib_example and expand Source Files to show a listing of source.
- Open x_examples.cpp
- Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.

3.1 C/C++

• Find the #if 0 preprocessor block enclosing the example calls. Change to #if 1 to run the examples. Comment out the function calls to be avoided. Note some calls attempt to move motors and not all functions are compatible with all Galil products.

Hit F5 to build and run the example.

Create Project with MSVC 2013 (x_examples.cpp)

The instructions below allow building a project from scratch.

The following instructions were performed on *Visual Studio Professional 2013* and can be extended to other Visual Studio versions. For brevity, the instructions assume the default installation location of **C:\Program Files** (x86)\Galil\gclib and a build type of x86 (win32).

- · Launch Visual Studio 2013
- Choose File->New->Project
- In the New Project dialog, choose Visual C++-> Empty Project
- Choose a Name, e.g. gclib_example
- Choose a Location, e.g. C:\Users\user\Desktop
- · Check Create directory for solution
- · Click OK
- In the Solution Explorer, right-click on Source Files and choose Add-> Existing Item
 - Navigate to the gclib installation directory, then to examples\cpp in the installation directory
 - In File Name type x_*.cpp and click Add, this will filter out the files needed
 - Select all files in the file chooser and click Add
- In the Solution Explorer right-click on gclib_example, choose Properties, highlight Configuration Properties, and set the following project properties
 - At the top of the window, change Configuration: to All Configurations and ensure Platform lists Active(← Win32)
 - Configuration Properties -> C/C++ -> Additional Include Directories add C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\include
 - Configuration Properties -> Linker -> General -> Additional Library Directories add C:\Program Files
 (x86)\Galil\gclib\lib\dynamic\x86
 - Configuration Properties -> Linker -> Input -> Additional Dependencies add gclib.lib;gclibo.
 — lib; {rest of text} where {rest of text} is the original string that was in the cell. Note the semicolons between library files.
 - Configuration Properties -> Debugging -> Environment add PATH=C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\dII\x86;%P←ATH%
- In the *Solution Explorer* open *x_examples.cpp*. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.
- Find the #if 0 preprocessor block enclosing the example calls. Change to #if 1 to run the examples. Comment out the function calls to be avoided. Note some calls attempt to move motors and not all functions are compatible with all Galil products.
- Hit F5 to build and run the example.

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3.1.3 MinGW

The following instructions were performed with x86 Minimalist GNU for Windows (MinGW) installed from http://mingw-w64.sourceforge.net/download.php#mingw-builds

For brevity, these instructions assume the default installation location of "C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib".

Copy Files

Copy "gclib\examples\mingw" to a convenient, writable location, e.g. "C:\temp". Run C:\temp\mingw\copy = _source.bat to copy all files.

x_simple.c

Edit GOpen() call as necessary

In a text editor, open $x_simple.c.$ Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.

Compile

- Launch the MinGW terminal, e.g. Start -> All Programs -> MinGW-W64 project -> i686-4.9.1-posix-dwarfrt_v3-rev3 -> Run Terminal.
- · Navigate to the directory with the files above.
- · Compile the code.

Execute

```
C:\temp\mingw>simple.exe
rc: 0
version: 85.60.138
rc: 0
rc: 0
info: 10.1.3.17, DMC4020 Rev 1.2b, 291
rc: 0
response: 1584328.0000
:
```

x_examples.cpp

Review and Modify source

- In a text editor, open x_examples.cpp. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.
- Find the #if 0 preprocessor block enclosing the example calls. Change to #if 1 to run the examples. Comment out the function calls to be avoided. Note some calls attempt to move motors and not all functions are compatible with all Galil products.

3.1 C/C++

Compile

- Launch the MinGW terminal, e.g. Start -> All Programs -> MinGW-W64 project -> i686-4.9.1-posix-dwarfrt_v3-rev3 -> Run Terminal.
- · Navigate to the directory with the files above.
- Compile the code.

```
C:\temp\mingw>g++ *.cpp -L. -lgclibo -lgclib -o examples.exe
```

Execute

```
C:\temp\mingw>examples.exe
Library version: 41.35.34
192.168.0.43, DMC4020 Rev 1.2b, 291
***********
Example GRead() and GWrite() usage
****************
Read 155 QR bytes.
******************
Example GCommand() usage
 *******************
Revision report, ^R^V
DMC4020 Rev 1.2b
Command Values
val is 10
val is 11
val is 3.1415
val is 9.869
Command Trimming
> 95653016.0000
:<
> 95653016.0000<
>95653016.0000<
Receiving Binary Data
QR read 155 bytes
Error handling
QD correctly trapped, not allowed, try GArrayDownload()
DL correctly trapped, not allowed, try GProgramDownload()
Modifying timeout
Burning program...OK
 *******************
{\tt Example \ GProgramDownload() \ and \ GProgramUpload() \ usage}
 ***********
GProgramDownload() correctly errored. Can't fit with level 3 compression
Program Downloaded with compression level 4
Uploading program:
#A;i=0;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1
i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;EN
Program executed as expected
Example GArrayDownload() and GArrayUpload() usage
2.0000, 4.0000, 6.0000, 8.0000, 10.0000, 12.0000, 14.0000, 16.0000, 18.000
0000
```

28 Language Support

```
2.0000, 1.0000, 3.0000, 5.0000, 10.0000, 12.0000, 14.0000, 16.0000, 18.000
3.0000, 5.0000, 10.0000
*******************
Example GRecord() usage
*******************
QR-based data record
38564
393216000
DR-based data record
38670
38772
38874
38976
39078
39180
39282
39384
39486
39588
39690
QR-based data record with offsets
39692
39692
*******************
Example GMessage() usage
*******************
0.0000
1.0000
2.0000
3.0000
4.0000
5.0000
6.0000
7.0000
8.0000
9.0000
***********
Example GInterrupt() usage
"UI 8" executed.
Example GMotionComplete() usage
************
Position: 0, 0
Beginning independent motion... Motion Complete on A
Position: 8000, 0
Position: 0, 0
Beginning vector motion... Motion Complete on vector plane {\bf S}
Position: 6000, 0
examples.cpp executed OK
main() is finished. Press Enter to exit:
```

3.1.4 Borland C++

The following instructions were performed on:

Embarcadero C++ 7.10 for Win32 Copyright (c) 1993-2015 Embarcadero Technologies, Inc.

3.1 C/C++

For brevity, these instructions assume the default installation location of "C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib".

Copy Files

Copy "gclib\examples\borland" to a convenient, writable location, e.g. "C:\temp". Run C: \temp\borland\copy← _source.bat to copy all files.

```
C:\temp>cd borland
{\tt C:\temp\borland>copy\_source.bat}
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x_arrays.cpp
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x_examples.cpp
\Program Files (x86) Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x_examples.h
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x_ginterrupt.cpp
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x_gmessage.cpp
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x_gmotioncomplete.cpp
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x_gread_gwrite.cpp
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x_grecord.cpp
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x_nonblocking.cpp
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x_programs.cpp
\label{lem:condition} $$\operatorname{Files}(x86) \Galil\gclib\examples\cpp\x\_simple.c$$
       12 file(s) copied.
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\include\gclib.h
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\include\gclibo.h
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\include\gclib_errors.h
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\include\gclib_record.h
        4 file(s) copied.
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\lib\dynamic\x86\gclib.lib
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\lib\dynamic\x86\gclibo.lib
       2 file(s) copied.
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\dll\x86\gclib.dll
\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\dll\x86\gclibo.dll
        2 file(s) copied.
```

Modify Path

C:\temp\borland>

• Add Borland's compiler to the PATH variable.

```
C:\temp\borland>set PATH=c:\Program Files (x86)\Embarcadero\Studio\17.0\bin;%PATH%
```

Convert lib files

```
C:\temp\borland>move gclib.lib _gclib.lib
    1 file(s) moved.

C:\temp\borland>move gclibo.lib _gclibo.lib
    1 file(s) moved.

C:\temp\borland>coff2omf.exe _gclib.lib gclib.lib

COFF to OMF Converter Version 1.2.0 Copyright (c) 1999-2009 Embarcadero Technologies, Inc.
All rights reserved.

C:\temp\borland>coff2omf.exe _gclibo.lib gclibo.lib

COFF to OMF Converter Version 1.2.0 Copyright (c) 1999-2009 Embarcadero Technologies, Inc.
All rights reserved.
```

x_simple.c

30 Language Support

Edit GOpen() call as necessary

In a text editor, open $x_simple.c$. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.

Compile

```
C:\temp\borland>bcc32 gclib.lib gclibo.lib x_simple.c
Embarcadero C++ 7.10 for Win32 Copyright (c) 1993-2015 Embarcadero Technologies, Inc.
x_simple.c:
Turbo Incremental Link 6.72 Copyright (c) 1997-2015 Embarcadero Technologies, Inc.
```

Execute

```
C:\temp\borland>x_simple.exe
version: 130.115.279
info: 192.168.0.43, DMC4143 Rev 1.2b, 9998
response: 61016.0000
```

x_examples.cpp

Review and Modify source

- In a text editor, open x_examples.cpp. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.
- Find the #if 0 preprocessor block enclosing the example calls. Change to #if 1 to run the examples. Comment out the function calls to be avoided. Note some calls attempt to move motors and not all functions are compatible with all Galil products.

Compile

```
C:\temp\borland>bcc32 -c *.cpp
```

Link

```
C:\temp\borland>bcc32 -o examples.exe *.obj gclib.lib gclibo.lib
```

Execute

3.1 C/C++

```
Command Values
val is 10
val is 11
val is 3.1415
val is 9.869
Command Trimming
> 95653016.0000
> 95653016.0000<
>95653016.0000<
Receiving Binary Data
QR read 155 bytes
Error handling
QD correctly trapped, not allowed, try GArrayDownload()
DL correctly trapped, not allowed, try GProgramDownload()
Modifying timeout
Burning program...OK
***********
Example GProgramDownload() and GProgramUpload() usage
GProgramDownload() correctly errored. Can't fit with level 3 compression
Program Downloaded with compression level 4
Uploading program:
#A; i=0; i=i+1; 
i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; EN
Program executed as expected
Example GArrayDownload() and GArrayUpload() usage
2.0000, 4.0000, 6.0000, 8.0000, 10.0000, 12.0000, 14.0000, 16.0000, 18.000
0000
2.0000, 1.0000, 3.0000, 5.0000, 10.0000, 12.0000, 14.0000, 16.0000, 18.000
0000
3.0000, 5.0000, 10.0000
*******************
Example GRecord() usage
************
OR-based data record
38564
393216000
DR-based data record
38670
38772
38874
38976
39078
39180
39282
39384
39486
39588
39690
QR-based data record with offsets
39692
39692
 ***********
Example GMessage() usage
 *******************
 0.0000
 1.0000
```

```
2.0000
3.0000
4.0000
5.0000
6.0000
7.0000
8.0000
9.0000
***********
Example GInterrupt() usage
*******************
"UI 8" executed.
***********
Example GMotionComplete() usage
Position: 0, 0
Beginning independent motion... Motion Complete on A
Position: 8000, 0
Position: 0, 0
Beginning vector motion... Motion Complete on vector plane {\tt S}
Position: 6000, 0
examples.cpp executed OK
main() is finished. Press Enter to exit:
```

3.1.5 gcc (Linux)

The following instructions were performed on

```
$ uname -a
Linux localhost.localdomain 3.17.4-301.fc21.x86_64 #1 SMP Thu Nov 27 19:09:10 UTC 2014 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GP
$ g++ --version
g++ (GCC) 4.9.2 20150212 (Red Hat 4.9.2-6)
```

Copy Files

```
$ mkdir test
$ cd test
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/src/gclib_examples.tar.gz
$ ls
x_arrays.cpp    x_gcommand.cpp    x_gmotioncomplete.cpp    x_programs.cpp
x_examples.cpp    x_ginterrupt.cpp    x_gread_gwrite.cpp    x_simple.c
x_examples.h    x_gmessage.cpp    x_grecord.cpp
```

x_simple.c

In a text editor, open x_simple.c. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.

Compile

```
$ gcc -Wall -Werror x_simple.c -lgclib -lgclibo -o simple
```

Run

```
$ ./simple
rc: 0
version: 85.60.131
```

3.1 C/C++

```
rc: 0
rc: 0
info: 10.1.3.17, DMC4020 Rev 1.2b, 291
rc: 0
response: 179340166.0000
:
```

x_examples.cpp

- In a text editor, open *x_examples.cpp*. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options. Don't forget -s ALL if data records, interrupts, and messages are to be tested.
- Find the #if 0 preprocessor block enclosing the example calls. Change to #if 1 to run the examples. Comment out the function calls to be avoided. Note some calls attempt to move motors and not all functions are compatible with all Galil products.

Compile

```
$ g++ x_*.cpp -lgclib -lgclibo -o example
```

Run

\$./example Library version: 85.60.131

```
10.1.3.17, DMC4020 Rev 1.2b, 291
*************
Example GRead() and GWrite() usage
*******************
Read 155 QR bytes.
*******************
Example GCommand() usage
******************
Revision report, ^R^V
DMC4020 Rev 1.2b
Command Values
val is 10
val is 11
val is 3.1415
val is 9.869
Command Trimming
> 179798738.0000
:<
> 179798738.0000<
>179798738.0000<
Receiving Binary Data
OR read 155 bytes
Error handling
QD correctly trapped, not allowed, try GArrayDownload()
DL correctly trapped, not allowed, try GProgramDownload()
Modifying timeout
Burning program...OK
Example GProgramDownload() and GProgramUpload() usage
************
GProgramDownload() correctly errored. Can't fit with level 3 compression
```

```
Program Downloaded with compression level 4
Uploading program:
#A; i=0; i=i+1; 
i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; EN
Program executed as expected
Example GArrayDownload(), GArrayUploadFile()
GArrayDownloadFile(), and GArrayUpload usage
2.0000, 4.0000, 6.0000, 8.0000, 10.0000, 12.0000, 14.0000, 16.0000, 18.0000, 20.0000
2.0000, 1.0000, 3.0000, 5.0000, 10.0000, 12.0000, 14.0000, 16.0000, 18.0000, 20.0000
3.0000, 5.0000, 10.0000
2.0000, 1.0000, 3.0000, 5.0000, 10.0000, 12.0000, 14.0000, 16.0000, 18.0000, 20.0000
************
Example GRecord() usage
*********
QR-based data record
36100
6000
DR-based data record
36204
36306
36408
36510
36612
36714
36816
36918
37020
37122
37224
QR-based data record with offsets
37224
37224
******************
Example GMessage() usage
***********
 1.0000
  2.0000
 3.0000
  4.0000
  5.0000
  6.0000
  7.0000
  8.0000
  9.0000
*****
Example GInterrupt() usage
"UI 8" executed.
Example GMotionComplete() usage
*******************
Position: 0, 0
Beginning independent motion... Motion Complete on A
Position: 8000, 0
Position: 0, 0
Beginning vector motion... Motion Complete on vector plane S
Position: 6000, 0
```

3.1 C/C++

```
examples.cpp executed OK
main() is finished. Press Enter to exit:
```

3.1.6 clang (OS X)

The following instructions were performed on

```
$ sw_vers
ProductName: Mac OS X
ProductVersion: 10.10.5
BuildVersion: 14F27
$ gcc --version
Configured with: --prefix=/Library/Developer/CommandLineTools/usr --with-gxx-include-dir=/usr/include/c++/4.2.
Apple LLVM version 6.1.0 (clang-602.0.53) (based on LLVM 3.6.0svn)
Target: x86_64-apple-darwin14.5.0
Thread model: posix
```

Copy Files

```
$ cd ~
$ mkdir test
$ cd test
$ tar -xzf /Applications/gclib/examples/gclib_examples.tar.gz
$ cp /Applications/gclib/include/* .
$ cp /Applications/gclib/dylib/* .
$ ls
gclib.0.dylib x_arrays.cpp
                             x_gmotioncomplete.cpp
gclib.h
          x_examples.cpp
                           x_gread_gwrite.cpp
gclib_errors.h x_examples.h x_grecord.cpp
                                 x_nonblocking.cpp
gclib_record.h
               x_gcommand.cpp
                x_ginterrupt.cpp x_programs.cpp
gclibo.0.dylib
gclibo.h
                           x_simple.c
         x_gmessage.cpp
```

x_simple.c

• In a text editor, open x_simple.c. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options.

Compile

```
$ gcc -Wall -Werror x_simple.c gclib.0.dylib gclibo.0.dylib -o simple
```

Run

```
$ ./simple
rc: 0
version: 126.108.229
rc: 0
rc: 0
info: 10.1.3.142, DMC4020 Rev 1.2a-BH, 291
rc: 0
response: 206676.0000
:
```

x_examples.cpp

• In a text editor, open *x_examples.cpp*. Find the GOpen() call and update the address to match the desired hardware. See the documentation for GOpen() for address formatting options. Don't forget -s ALL if data records, interrupts, and messages are to be tested.

• Find the #if 0 preprocessor block enclosing the example calls. Change to #if 1 to run the examples. Comment out the function calls to be avoided. Note some calls attempt to move motors and not all functions are compatible with all Galil products.

Compile

```
$ g++ x_*.cpp gclib.0.dylib gclibo.0.dylib -o example
```

Run

```
$ ./example
Library version: 126.108.229
10.1.3.142, DMC4020 Rev 1.2a-BH, 291
Example GRead() and GWrite() usage
Read 1 byte(s)
Program test OK.
 *******************
Example GCommand() usage
 *******************
Revision report, ^R^V
DMC4020 Rev 1.2a-BH
Command Values
val is 10
val is 11
val is 3.1415
val is 9.869
Command Trimming
> 408978.0000
:<
> 408978.0000<
>408978.0000<
Receiving Binary Data
QR read 155 bytes
Error handling
QD correctly trapped, not allowed, try GArrayDownload()
DL correctly trapped, not allowed, try GProgramDownload()
Modifying timeout
Burning program...OK
Example GProgramDownload() and GProgramUpload() usage
 ***********
GProgramDownload() correctly errored. Can't fit with level 3 compression
Program Downloaded with compression level 4
Uploading program:
#A; i=0; i=i+1; 
i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; i=i+1; EN
Program executed as expected
```

3.1 C/C++

```
Example GArrayDownload(), GArrayUploadFile()
{\tt GArrayDownloadFile(),} and {\tt GArrayUpload} usage
2.0000, 4.0000, 6.0000, 8.0000, 10.0000, 12.0000, 14.0000, 16.0000, 18.0000, 20.0000
2.0000, 1.0000, 3.0000, 5.0000, 10.0000, 12.0000, 14.0000, 16.0000, 18.0000, 20.0000
3.0000, 5.0000, 10.0000
2.0000, 1.0000, 3.0000, 5.0000, 10.0000, 12.0000, 14.0000, 16.0000, 18.0000, 20.0000
*****
Example GRecord() usage
***********
QR-based data record
18358
Ω
DR-based data record
18462
18564
18666
18768
18870
18972
19074
19176
19278
19380
19482
OR-based data record with offsets
19482
19482
********************
Example GMessage() usage
******************
0.0000
1.0000
2.0000
3.0000
4.0000
5.0000
6.0000
7.0000
8.0000
9.0000
******************
Example GInterrupt() usage
******************
"UI 8" executed.
********************
Example GMotionComplete() usage
*****
Position: 0, 0
Beginning independent motion... Motion Complete on A
Position: 8000, 0
Position: 0, 0
Beginning vector motion... Motion Complete on vector plane S
Position: 6000, 0
************
Example GMessage non-blocking usage
********************
422902.0000
```

3.2 Python

Install gclib

The gclib Python wrapper assumes the default gclib installation location.

Install Python

- See https://www.python.org/ if Python is not already installed on the system. The gclib Python wrapper supports Python versions 2 and 3.
- On Windows, choose to add Python to the environment variable during installation. This allows Python to be invoked from the command line.

Install the gclib Python module

Windows

· Type the following commands into a command prompt.

```
C:\Users\username>cd Desktop
C:\Users\username\Desktop>mkdir python_temp
C:\Users\username\Desktop>cd python_temp
 \verb|C:\Users\username| Desktop| python_temp>copy "c:\Program Files (x86) \\| Galil\gclib\source\wrappers\python \\| \star" .
C:\Users\username\Desktop\python_temp>copy "c:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\python\*".
C:\Users\username\Desktop\python_temp>python setup.py install
running install
running build
running build_py
creating build
creating build\lib
copying gclib.py -> build\lib
running install_lib
copying build\lib\gclib.py -> C:\Python34\Lib\site-packages
byte-compiling C:\Python34\Lib\site-packages\gclib.py to gclib.cpython-34.pyc
running install_egg_info
Writing C:\Python34\Lib\site-packages\gclib-1.0-py3.4.egg-info
```

• The gclib Python wrapper is now installed. Go to the next section, Using gclib from the Python Interpreter.

Linux

• Type the following commands into a Terminal prompt.

3.2 Python 39

```
$ mkdir ~/python_temp
$ cd ~/python_temp/
$ tar -xvf /usr/share/doc/gclib/src/gclib_python.tar.gz
gclib.py
setup.py
$ tar -xvf /usr/share/doc/gclib/src/gclib_python_examples.tar.gz
example.py
$ sudo python setup.py install
[sudo] password for user:
running install
running build
running build_py
creating build
creating build/lib
copying gclib.py -> build/lib
running install_lib
copying build/lib/gclib.py -> /usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages
\verb|byte-compiling /usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages/gclib.py to gclib.pyc|\\
running install_egg_info
Writing /usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages/gclib-1.0-py2.7.egg-info
```

• The gclib Python wrapper is now installed. Go to the next section, Using gclib from the Python Interpreter.

OS X

- Be sure that the Create Environment Variable step has been followed in the OS X installation instructions.
- Type the following commands into a Terminal prompt.

```
$ mkdir ~/python_temp
$ cd ~/python_temp/
$ tar -xvf /Applications/gclib/source/gclib_python.tar.gz
x gclib.py
x setup.pv
$ tar -xvf /Applications/gclib/examples/gclib_python_examples.tar.gz
x example.py
$ sudo python setup.py install
running install
running build
running build_py
creating build
creating build/lib
copying gclib.py -> build/lib
running install_lib
copying build/lib/gclib.py -> /Library/Python/2.7/site-packages
byte-compiling /Library/Python/2.7/site-packages/gclib.py to gclib.pyc
running install_egg_info
Writing /Library/Python/2.7/site-packages/gclib-1.0-py2.7.egg-info
```

• The gclib Python wrapper is now installed. Go to the next section, **Using gclib from the Python Interpreter**.

Using gclib from the Python Interpreter

- Invoke the Python Interpreter.
- Type the following into the Python prompt.

```
>>> import gclib
>>> g = gclib.py()
>>> g.GOpen('192.168.0.42 --direct')
>>> print(g.GInfo())
192.168.0.42, DMC4080 Rev 1.2c, 783
```

Running Python scripts

- · Navigate the terminal to the location from Install the gclib Python module where example.py was copied.
- · Open example.py in a text editor.
- Set the address in the g.GOpen() call to match an available connection.
- · Execute the following command at the Terminal.

```
$ python example.py
gclib version: py.127.110.250
192.168.0.42, DMC4080 Rev 1.2c, 783
```

Experiment with the example by uncommenting sections, between the triple quotes, ".

```
$ python example.py
gclib version: py.127.110.250
192.168.0.42, DMC4080 Rev 1.2c, 783
GProgramDownload() correctly errored. Can't fit with level 3 compression
Uploaded program:
#A;i=0;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i+1;i=i
```

Getting help

```
>>> help(g.GOpen)
Help on method GOpen in module gclib:

GOpen(address) method of gclib.py instance
    Opens a connection a galil controller.
    See the gclib docs for address string formatting.
    See Link GOpen() <http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/all/doc/gclib/html/gclib_8h_aef4aec8a85630eed029b7a46aea7db5
>>> help(g.GCommand)
Help on method GCommand in module gclib:

GCommand(command) method of gclib.py instance
    Performs a command-and-response transaction on the connection.
    Trims the response.
    See Link GCommand() <http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/all/doc/gclib/html/gclib_8h_a5ac031e76efc965affdd73albec6
>>> 'for a full listing, try help(g)'
```

3.3 .Net

- VB.NET
- C#.NET

3.3.1 VB.NET

gclib ships with *gclib.vb*, a Visual Basic class which exposes the functionality of the gclib. In addition, a VB forms example is included which demonstrates how to use *gclib.vb*. The following instructions were performed on Visual Studio Professional 2013 and can be extended to other Visual Studio versions.

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Running the included Visual Basic Example

For brevity, these instructions assume the default installation location of C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib.

Copy files

- Navigate to a convenient, empty, writable location, e.g. C:\temp.
- Copy the contents of C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\vb\2013_12.0\gclib_example to this location.

Open in Microsoft Visual Studio 2013

• Open gclib_example.sln in Visual Studio. This demo was tested on MSVS 2013.

Add existing item, gclib.vb

- In the Solution Explorer, right-click on gclib_example and choose Add->Existing Item...
- Choose C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\source\wrappers\vb\gclib.vb

Run Demo

- Type F5 to run the program.
- Type a valid GOpen() address in the text box and click Go.

Create Project from scratch with MSVC 2013

For brevity, these instructions assume the default installation location of C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib.

Configure Project

- · Launch Visual Studio 2013
- Choose File->New->Project
- In the New Project dialog, choose Visual Basic -> Windows Forms Application
- Type gclib_example for the Name
- Choose a Location, e.g. C:\Users\user\Desktop
- · Check Create directory for solution
- · Click OK, the project will configure itself
- In the Solution Explorer, right click on Solution 'gclib_example' (1 project) and choose Configuration Manager...
 - In the gclib_example project row, click in the Platform column and choose < New...>
 - * Choose *x86* from *Type or select the new platform:*
 - * Choose Any CPU from Copy settings from:
 - * Check Create new solutions platform
 - * Click OK.
 - If x64 support is also desired, repeat the <New...> procedure for x64

- In the Active solution platform combobox at the top of the Configuration Manager dialog, choose <Edit...>

- * Select Any CPU and click the Remove button
- * Click Close
- Close the Configuration Manager dialog
- In the Solution Explorer, right-click on gclib_example and choose Add->Existing Item
 - Navigate to the installation location C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\source\wrappers\vb
 - Choose gclib.vb
- · In the Solution Explorer double-click on gclib.vb
 - Note that there is a preprocessor definition starting with #if PLATFORM = "x86" Then and #← ElseIf PLATFORM = "x64" Then
 - Note that these sections of code enable/disable with the choice of the Solution Platform x86/x64, usually found in the Visual Studio toolbar
 - If a non-default gclib installation location is used, the paths in these sections of code must be updated to reflect the dll locations

Add some simple code

- In the Solution Explorer right-click on Form1.vb and choose View Code
- Replace the text in Form1.vb with the following code

```
Public Class Form1
    Dim gclib As New Gclib()
    Private Sub Form1_Load(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles MyBase.Load
        Me.Text = "gclib simple example"
        Dim tb As New TextBox
        With tb
            .Multiline = True
            .Dock = DockStyle.Fill
            .Parent = Me
            Try
                'calls to gclib should be in a try-catch
                .AppendText("GVersion: " & gclib.GVersion() & vbCrLf)
                gclib.GOpen("192.168.0.42 -d") 'Set an appropriate IP address here
                .AppendText("GInfo: " & gclib.GInfo() & vbCrLf)
                .AppendText("GCommand: " & gclib.GCommand("MG TIME") & vbCrLf)
            Catch ex As Exception
                .AppendText("ERROR: " & ex.Message)
      Finally
        gclib.GClose() ' Don't forget to close!
            End Try
        End With
    End Sub
End Class
```

• Hit F5 to run the project

3.3.2 C#.NET

gclib ships with *gclib.cs*, a C# class which exposes the functionality of the gclib. In addition, a C# forms example is included which demonstrates how to use *gclib.cs*.

For brevity, these instructions assume the default installation location of C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib.

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Running the C# Example

Copy files

- Navigate to a convenient, empty, writable location, e.g. C:\temp.
- Copy the contents of C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\cs\2013_12.0\gclib_example to this location.

Open in Microsoft Visual Studio 2013

• Open gclib_example.sln in Visual Studio. This demo was tested on MSVS 2013.

Add existing item, gclib.cs

- In the Solution Explorer, right-click on gclib example and choose Add->Existing Item...
- Choose C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\source\wrappers\cs\gclib.cs

Run Demo

- Type F5 to run the program.
- Type a valid GOpen() address in the text box and click Go.

Create Project from scratch with MSVC 2013

For brevity, these instructions assume the default installation location of C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib.

Configure Project

- · Launch Visual Studio 2013
- Choose File->New->Project
- In the New Project dialog, choose Visual C# -> Windows Forms Application
- Type gclib_example for the Name
- · Choose a Location, e.g. C:\Users\user\Desktop
- · Check Create directory for solution
- · Click OK, the project will configure itself
- In the Solution Explorer, right click on Solution 'gclib_example' (1 project) and choose Configuration Manager...
 - In the gclib_example project row, click in the Platform column and choose <New...>
 - * Choose x86 from Type or select the new platform:
 - * Choose Any CPU from Copy settings from:
 - * Check Create new solutions platform
 - * Click OK.
 - If x64 support is also desired, repeat the <New...> procedure for x64
 - In the Active solution platform combobox at the top of the Configuration Manager dialog, choose <Edit...>
 - Select Any CPU and click the Remove button

- * Click Close
- Close the Configuration Manager dialog
- In the Solution Explorer, right-click on gclib_example and choose Properties
 - Choose the Build item on the left
 - * In the Configuration: combobox, choose All Configurations
 - * Choose x86 from the Platform combobox
 - * In Conditional compilation symbols type x86
 - If x64 is to be used also, add an x64 token as well to the x64 Platform
 - Save and close the *Properties* window
- In the Solution Explorer, right-click on gclib_example and choose Add->Existing Item
 - Navigate to the installation location C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\source\wrappers\cs
 - Choose gclib.cs
- In the Solution Explorer double-click on gclib.cs
 - Note that there is a preprocessor definition starting with #if x86 and #elif x64
 - Note that these sections of code enable/disable with the choice of the Solution Platform x86/x64, usually found in the Visual Studio toolbar
 - If a non-default gclib installation location is used, the paths in these sections of code must be updated to reflect the dll locations

Add some simple code

- In the Solution Explorer right-click on Form1.cs and choose View Code
- Replace the text in Form1.vb with the following code

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
namespace gclib_example
    public partial class Form1 : Form
         gclib gclib = new gclib();
        public Form1()
             InitializeComponent();
             this.Text = "gclib simple example";
             TextBox tb = new TextBox();
             tb.Multiline = true;
             tb.Dock = DockStyle.Fill;
             tb.Parent = this;
             try
                 //calls to gclib should be in a try-catch
                 tb.AppendText("GVersion: " + gclib.GVersion() + "\n");
                 gclib.GOpen("192.168.0.42 -d"); //Set an appropriate IP address here
                 tb.AppendText("GInfo: " + gclib.GInfo() + "\n");
tb.AppendText("GCommand: " + gclib.GCommand("MG TIME") + "\n");
             catch (Exception ex)
```

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```
{
    tb.AppendText("ERROR: " + ex.Message);
}
finally
{
    gclib.GClose(); //Don't forget to close!
}
}
}
```

• Hit F5 to run the project

3.4 Java

gclib uses the venerable

Java Native Access (JNA) library to simplify integration into the Java Native Interface (JNI).

Attention

This is the initial version of the the gclib Java wrapper. As such, GclibJava ships as source files, not the compiled jar files. All functions are subject to change in future releases of gclib. Java hackers with recommendations on how to make this library better are encouraged to email softwaresupport@galil.com. Somebody has to teach those Galil Java noobs what's what.

Windows

The following instructions were performed with 64 bit Windows 7 on Oracle NetBeans IDE 8.2 and Java 1.8.0_131.

For brevity, these instructions assume the default gclib installation location of "C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib".

Step-by-Step

- 1. Install gclib with 64 bit binaries (default install).
- 2. Install 64 bit NetBeans and Java, jdk-8u131-nb-8_2-windows-x64.exe.
- 3. Launch NetBeans.
- 4. Create a new application.
 - (a) File | New Project...
 - (b) Under Categories, select Java.
 - (c) Under Projects, select Java Application.
 - (d) Click Next.
 - (e) Type GclibTest for the Project Name.
 - (f) Note the location of the Project Folder.
 - (g) Uncheck Create Main Class
 - (h) Click Finish
- 5. Open the Project Folder as noted above.
- 6. Open the *src* directory in the *Project Folder* location.
- 7. Copy the whole directory *C:\Program Files* (x86)\Galil\gclib\examples\java\gclibtest to this directory.

8. Copy the whole directory C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\source\wrappers\java\gclibjava\to this directory.

- 9. Create a directory at c:\jna\.
 - Another directory may be chosen. The purpose of this directory is to hold jna's *jar* binary for the Java classpath.
- 10. Download a copy of *jna.jar* to the new directory.
 - https://github.com/java-native-access/jna#download
 - This example uses ina-4.4.0.jar.
- 11. In the NetBeans Projects tab, expand GclibTest.
- 12. Right-click on Libraries and choose Add JAR/Folder....
- 13. Navigate to the *jna.jar* saved above. Click *Open* to add *jna.jar* to the classpath.
- 14. In the NetBeans Projects tab, right-click on GclibTest and choose Properties.
- 15. Choose the Run item out of the Categories options tree.
- 16. In the Main Class text box, type gclibtest. GclibTest. Click OK.
- 17. In the NetBeans Projects tab, expand GclibTest | Source Packages | gclibtest.
- 18. Double click *GclibTest.java*, and find the line containing gclib.GOpen.
- 19. Update the address for the desired hardware.
- 20. Choose $Run \mid Run \ Project \ (Gclib Test)$ or hit the $\mathbb{F} 6$ key to run the application.
- 21. The appplication output will print in the NetBeans Output window.

Documentation

The GclibJava class has helpful documentation for developing a Java application. Use the following instructions to create the Javadoc.

- 1. In the NetBeans *Projects* tab, right-click *GclibTest*.
- 2. Choose *Generate Javadoc* to create the documentation and open it in the system's default browser.

Chapter 4

Using gclib

- gcaps
- Program Preprocessor
- · Thread Safety
- Galil Widgets
- · Rebuilding gclibo
- · Software Licenses
- · Legacy Compatibility

4.1 gcaps

gcaps is a communication server natively supported by gclib to multiplex Galil hardware communication features. It runs in the background on the host computer, as a service or daemon.

Incidentally, the name *gcaps* is an acronym for the improbable name *Galil Controller Asynchronous Proxy Server*. Yet another tidbit to impress friends at parties.

gclib & gcaps

gclib will attempt to use gcaps whenever GOpen() is called without the --direct or -d switch. Other than this small difference, gclib function calls through gcaps operate as if the connetion was direct. The first version of gclib supporting gcaps is 299.

At this time, gcaps must be running on the same host as gclib (localhost). Contact Galil if connection to a remote host is desired.

Other gcaps Usage

The following functions will attempt to use gcaps first to gather data. If gcaps is not found, the functions will fall back to user space calls to populate information.

gclib Function	Usage	If gcaps unavailable
GVersion()	Provide the version of gclib and gcaps (if available).	No gcaps version.
GlpRequests()	Provide a list of all Galil controllers requesting IP addresses via BOOT-P or DHCP.	Must be root.

gclib Function	Usage	If gcaps unavailable
GAssign()	Assigns an IP address over the Ethernet to a controller at a given MAC address.	Must be root.
GAddresses()	Provides a listing of all available connection addresses.	Must be root, or user must be in device group.

Because gcaps runs as a service on Windows, and as a system daemon on Linux, gcaps runs with root privileges. See *If gcaps unavailable* column in the above table when running without gcaps.

If gcaps is unavailable when these functions are run, a \sim 1 second delay will be incurred while gclib searches for the absent server. In order to prevent gcaps usage in these functions, comment out the symbol G_USE_GCAPS in gclibo.h and rebuild gclibo. See Rebuilding gclibo.

gcaps Benefits

- Connections through gcaps multiplex a single connection resource. This means that single-channel connection protocols like USB, RS232, or PCI can be shared with as many simultaneous connections as needed.
 Furthermore, Ethernet-based connections with gcaps leave plenty of Ethernet handles available for other communications, such as MODBUS.
- All communications features are available to all connecting clients. This means that a software application
 can be running simultaneosly with Galil's diagnostic software (Galil Design Kit). This significantly simplifies
 support and aides in debugging.
- Data Records, Messages, and Interrupts everywhere. No longer does one connection steal data streams from another.
- gcaps runs as a service providing more capabilities than a user space application. This allows functions like GlpRequests() and GAssign() to operate from a gclib application without root privileges.

gcaps Installation

See the installation page to see if gcaps is available on your OS. Support is marked with a diamond (\lozenge) .

If gcaps is needed on a different OS, please email softwaresupport@galil.com, or call Galil Applications.

Windows

gcaps is bundled in the gclib and GDK installer packages. Install with defaults to get the gcaps service included. gcaps is also available as a standalone installer. Downloads are available on the release notes page.

gcaps is currently available only on 64 bit Windows.

Linux

Instructions to install gcaps are listed with the instructions to install gclib. Follow the link for your OS on the installation page.

gcaps is currently available only on 64 bit versions of Linux.

Changes and updates to gcaps

See the release notes page.

4.2 Program Preprocessor

gclib's program downloader provides a preprocessor for DMC code. The preprocessor modifies the program prior to download providing a number of language features not present in native DMC code.

The preprocessor is invoked in the following two ways.

- 1. With both GProgramDownload() and GProgramDownloadFile() via the preprocessor argument. Downloading code with null for the preprocessor argument uses defaults.
- 2. From within DMC code via in-band preprocessor directives.

The preprocessor argument

GProgramDownload() and GProgramDownloadFile() can be called with a string passed to the preprocessor argument. The program will be modified based on this string prior to download. See *Preprocessor Options* below for syntax.

In-band Operation

DMC code can be written with special markup to signal the preprocessor to take actions prior to download.

For example, the following program will invoke the in-band preprocessor. The specifics are described below.

```
## Author: Zaphod Beeblebrox
## Project: Total Perspective Vortex
//the above 4 hashmarks enable the preprocessor
##option "--min 4" //use a minimum of level four compression
REM REM-style comments are supported at all times
PRA=1000
BGA
AMA
EN
```

The REM Comment

Lines beginning with the string REM are removed prior to download. REM comments are always removed regardless of whether the other preprocessor options are enabled or not.

Double Hash

Most preprocessor statements begin with a double hash, ##. When proceeded by a space, the double hash acts like a REM comment.

When proceeded by a character other than space, ## is interpreted as a preprocessor directive. For example, see ##option below.

Note

Double hash lines are removed from the program only when the preprocessor is enabled with a quad hash.

Quad Hash to enable

In order to enable the in-band preprocessor, the first two lines of the DMC program must start with a double hash. This syntax of using two lines with double hashmarks is called a *quad hash*.

Content may follow the hash marks. For example, a good code writing style is to use double hash comments as a comment header showing author, project name, etc.

C-style comments

With the preprocessor enabled, C-style comments may be used with the // prefix. These comments are very similar to REM comments. The primary advantage of using this comment over REM is that // comments may occur anywhere in a line. This is helpful for line comments such as the following.

```
SIA= 1,25,25,0<4>1 //SSI 25 bits total, all single turn, no status
```

Strings containing // are not interpreted as comments.

Note

// comments are removed from the program only when the preprocessor is enabled with a quad hash.

Preprocessor Directives

Note

Directives are only followed when the preprocessor is enabled with a quad hash.

```
##option
```

The option directive allows passing switches directly to the preprocessor with the same syntax as the preprocessor argument in GProgramDownload() and GProgramDownloadFile(). The syntax of the option directive is the following.

```
##option "{preprocessor switches}"
```

For example, the following line will disable compression in the program.

```
##option "--max 0"
```

See Preprocessor Options below for other switches.

```
##include
```

The include directive provides a way to include the contents of another DMC file in the current program. This is useful for reusing code such as automatic subroutines, homing operations, or controller initilization routines.

The contents of the file will be inserted in place of the include line. The insertion occurs prior to code compression.

The syntax of the include directive is the following.

```
##include "{filename}"
```

For example,

```
##include "c:\galil\initialize.dmc"
##include "homing.dmc"
```

To write more portable code, use the include directive with just the file name, no absolute path. The path to find the file on the system is set depending on usage.

- 1. In the Galil Design Kit, specify the include path in GDK's settings with the --search or -I switch as defined below.
- 2. When downloading code via GProgramDownload() or GProgramDownloadFile(), use the --search or -I switch in the preprocessor argument.
- 3. Finally, if the file is in the executable search path, the file will be found. However, one of the previous two options is more reliable.

In-band Support

In addition to gclib, Galil Design Kit supports the preprocessor. Proper preprocessor usage will be colored in the Editor's syntax highlighter. If the quad hash is not present, preprocessor syntax will be colored differently to indicate improper usage.

The preprocessor is not supported in software prior to GDK/gclib. DMC code downloads using the in-band preprocessor in prior generation software (e.g. GalilTools or SmartTerm) will fail with a TC code of 61, *Duplicate or bad label*.

Preprocessor Options

Compression, --min, --max

- · Default uses minimum compression needed to fit the program.
- --max *n* provides compression up to and including level *n*. Only the necessary compression will be performed up to level *n*.
- --min n will compress at least up to and including n. n defined as with --max.

Compression Levels, n

- · Level 0 (mandatory)
 - 1. Remove lines beginning with REM.
 - 2. Remove trailing semicolons.
 - 3. Comment blank lines with '.
 - 4. Remove white space (space/tab) in front of # (label declarations).
 - 5. Remove white space after commands.
 - 6. Line ends changed to carriage return.
 - 7. Replace leading tabs with double space.
 - 8. Replace non-leading tabs with single space.
 - 9. A backslash (\) character on a line other than a preprocessor line will result in an error.
- Level 1
 - 1. Remove unnecessary spaces. Strings, comments ('), and no-ops (NO) are not changed.
- Level 2
 - 1. Remove comments (') but not no-ops (NO).
- Level 3
 - 1. Remove no-ops (NO).
- · Level 4
 - 1. Break apart compound lines that are too long.
 - 2. Compact lines of code to maximize line usage.
 - 3. Use backtick to support long lines where applicable.

Code insertion, --insert

- · Default begins at line zero and overwrites anything present.
- --insert arg invokes the insert option of the firmware's DL command. arg can be one of the following.
 - 1. Line number, e.g. 100. Program insertion will occur on the line after the line specified.
 - 2. Variable name, e.g. myvar. Program insertion will occur on the line after the line equal to the value of the variable.
 - 3. Label callout, e.g. #mylabel. Program insertion will occur on the line after the label.
 - 4. A lone # symbol. Program insertion will occur on the line after the last line in the program buffer.
- Compression directives --max and --min are followed.
- All original code following the point of insertion is cleared.
- Not all products support the --insert operation, e.g. DMC-30010. See the DL command for support.

Warning

It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the code will fit in the inserted location. The preprocessor will not check line numbers when executing the --insert option.

```
Include Search Paths, --search, -I
```

- The ##include directive will attempt to open its string argument directly. The open will succeed if the argument is the absolute path, or if the argument is in the executable's path, e.g. in the same directory.
- --search path allows the user to specify a directory or directories to be searched for the include file in case the first open fails.
 - For historical reasons, -I is shorthand for -- search.
- Multiple directories may be specified with multiple -I directives.
- For in-band code, -I must be specified prior to the include.
- A common use for -I is to specify only the filename in the DMC source code and use the preprocessor
 argument during download to specify the path to the files. This allows the files to be moved without a change
 to source code.
- · Search order
 - 1. The ##include argument is checked first as-is.
 - 2. Then each -I argument in the preprocessor argument, in the order specified.
 - 3. Then ##option directives in the DMC file, in the order specified.
- If the search path contains spaces, enclose the path in double quotes, escaped with a backslash. See example below.

In-band Example

```
##option "-I /code/dmc/homing"
##option "-I \"/code/dmc/other code\""
##include "auto.dmc"
//executable's directory will be checked
//then c:\code\dmc\homing
//then c:\code\dmc\other code
```

4.3 Thread Safety 53

Macro Definition, --define, -D

• --define provides a way to substitute one token for another. This is useful for writing code that is generic until program download. Wherever the token is found in code, it is substituted by the replacement. The replacement occurs right before code compression.

- -D is shorthand for --define.
- The token should consist of a starting backslash character, followed by upper or lower case alphanumeric characters, underscores, and an ending backslash.
- The common usage for this feature is to write code with a token, and then call the program download with the
 -D switch.

In this example, an axis is defined at download time. Specifying the following for the preprocessor argument

```
--define \ax\:A
```

would cause the following code

```
SH\ax\
JG\ax\=1000
BG\ax\
```

to be downloaded as

```
SHA
JGA=1000
BGA
```

This causes the A axis to be addressed.

Note

The macro \pid\ is reserved for exclusive use by GDK.

```
Conditional Directives, --ifdef, --ifndef
```

To specify a preprocessor directive should be executed only if a macro is defined, use --ifdef.

```
##option "--ifdef \minify\ --min 4" //maximally compress code if minify macro set
```

To specify a preprocessor directive should be executed only if a macro is NOT defined, use --ifndef.

```
##option "--ifndef \axis\ -D \axis\:A" //Default to axis A
```

GDK Support

 See the preprocessor text box in the Editor settings page to set the desired preprocessor setting for developing in GDK's editor.

4.3 Thread Safety

The Basics

- The easiest way to multithread, and/or to use multiple applications to access the same hardware, is to communicate through gcaps.
- Just leave out -d and --direct in your GOpen() address and gcaps will be used.
- Each thread, and each application, should use their own GCon handle. In the higher-level Language Support, each thread or application should manage their own gclib object. Don't pass the connection handle between threads.

The Formalism

gclib supports multi-threaded operation with the following operational definitions.

gclib is "reentrant"

Reentrant means that a given gclib function call may be invoked in multiple threads when passed distinct arguments. For example, GCommand() may be called simultaneously in different threads so long as the following arguments have unique values, indicating they point to unique memory.

- GCon q, the connection must be unique.
- GBufOut buffer, the writable buffer must be unique.
- GSize * bytes_returned, the writable value must be unique.

gclib is not "thread-safe"

Thread safety would imply that a given gclib function call could be invoked in multiple threads when passed *the same* arguments. This mode of operation **is not** supported by gclib. In other words, it is not safe to call GCommand() simultaneously in different threads if any mutable arguments point to the same memory.

In short, it is **not** safe to call GCommand() in multiple threads to the same physical connection.

If such operation is required, it is the user's responsibility to use a mutual exclusion (mutex) or other mechanism to protect memory.

Multi-threaded access to the same connection with gcaps

gcaps provides a multiplexing capability to Galil hardware. When using gcaps, it is therefore safe to call GCommand() in multiple threads to the *same physical connection* (though not the same GCon value). gclib can connect multiple times to the same Galil connection through gcaps. Because the GCon variable is unique, the reentrant capability of gclib can be used to communicate to the same physical connection through gcaps.

4.4 Galil Widgets

Note

gclib provides the communications foundation for the Galil Widgets project. Galil Widgets are a collection of .Net WinForms User Controls that provide quick development of custom graphical user interfaces (GUIs) that communicate with Galil Motion Controllers and PLCs.

Galil Widgets has been designed to support three general user needs

The software novice, or the hurried prototyper

Within minutes, a full UI can be laid out. All controls can be configured with menus and mouse clicks for an absolute minimum requirement for writing code. The quick start guide, and Microsoft Visual Studio Express is all that is needed to make a free application GUI with minimal effort.

The .Net developer, adding to pre-existing code.

In addition to the point-and-click configuration of the tools, each tool has a set of public function calls and properties which allows the C# or VB.Net user the ability to integrate the Galil Widgets into a .Net application with ease.

4.5 Rebuilding gclibo 55

The power user

The entire Galil Widgets source code is available in the installation package. This allows users to tweak, extend, and add Widgets to the library with ease. The "GalilWidget" interface defines a number of function calls that new Widgets should implement to function correctly.

The following widgets are currently available

- GWComs: Communications to Galil hardware including event-driven handling of asynchronous traffic.
- GWTerm: A terminal for direct user interaction with the hardware.
- GWPoll: A polling tool to display important data on screen.
- GWSettings A tool for displaying, editing, backing up, and restoring controller parameters and mission-critical variables. Program backup and loading, and firmware upgrades are also supported.
- GWDatRec: A data record visualization tool. Used to display controller status through user-configurable labels, "soft LEDs", and analog sliders.

For more information, get the free Galil Widgets package

See the Galil Widgets release notes for changes.

Screen shots of an example motion controller configuration (left), and a similar RIO configuration (right)

4.5 Rebuilding gclibo

gclib ships with a compiled version of the open source portion, *gclibo*. However, if a source modification is desired, the following instructions will help with recompiling this portion of the library.

Windows

For brevity, these instructions assume the default installation location of **C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib** and a build type of **x86 (win32)**. The following instructions were performed on *Visual Studio Professional 2015* and can be extended to other Visual Studio versions.

Preparation

Create a working directory. A convenient, empty, writable location, e.g.

```
C:\>mkdir %homepath%\Desktop\temp
```

Note

In this documentation, a single *greater-than* character (>) will indicate a command prompt at this working directory.

Recompiling gclibo requires the source code for the open source compression library **zlib**. This can be downloaded from the zlib website: https://www.zlib.net/. Extract the downloaded zlib source files to the working directory.

Open VS2015 x86 Native Tools Command Prompt and navigate to the working directory.

```
C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Visual Studio 14.0\VC>cd %homepath%\Desktop\temp C:\Users\user\Desktop\temp>dir /b zlib-1.2.11
```

Copy files

Set an environment variable for the base path.

```
>set base="C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib"
```

Set an environment variable for the zlib base path.

```
>set zlib="%CD%\zlib-1.2.11"
```

Copy the gclibo source files.

Modify source

Make any necessary changes. For this example, the Glnfo() function was changed from

Compile and copy

Compile the source code.

```
>cl -c *.c %zlib%\*.c -I %base%\include -I %zlib% -DBUILDING_GCLIB
```

Link the binaries.

```
>link /DLL *.obj %base%\lib\dynamic\x86\gclib.lib /OUT:gclibo.dll
```

Сору

Copy back to the installation location from the file explorer. This will require administrator privileges.

- Copy gclibo.lib to "C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\lib\dynamic\x86"
- Copy gclibo.dll to "C:\Program Files (x86)\Galil\gclib\dll\x86"

Test

Copy simple example

```
>copy %base%\examples\cpp\x_simple.c .
```

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Edit GOpen() call as necessary.

Compile

```
>cl x_simple.c %base%\lib\dynamic\x86\*.lib -I %base%\include
```

Set Path to DLL

```
>set PATH=%base%\dll\x86\;%PATH%
```

Execute

```
>x_simple.exe
rc: 0
version: 85.60.138
rc: 0
rc: 0
info: My controller
rc: 0
response: 355000958.0000
```

Linux

Recompiling gclibo requires the source code for the open source compression library **zlib**. This can be dowloaded from the zlib website: https://www.zlib.net/. Extract the downloaded zlib source files to a known folder, e.g. $\sim/Downloads/zlib-1.2.11$.

Copy files

```
$ mkdir test
$ cd test
$ tar -xvf /usr/share/doc/gclib/src/gclibo_src.tar.gz
gclibo.h
gclibo.c
arrays.c
makefile_gclibo
$ cp /usr/include/gclib*.h .
$ ls
arrays.c gclib.h gclibo.h makefile_gclibo
gclib_errors.h gclibo.c gclib_record.h
$ cp ~/Downloads/zlib-1.2.11/*.h .
$ cp ~/Downloads/zlib-1.2.11/*.c .
```

Modify source

Make any necessary changes. For this example, the Glnfo() function was changed from

Make and install

```
$ make -f makefile_gclibo
Open source component, libgclibo.so.0.0
   Compiling open source component.
gcc -c -Wall -Werror -fPIC -fvisibility=hidden -DBUILDING_GCLIB -DHAVE_VISIBILITY *.c
   Linking open source component into shared library.
gcc -shared -o libgclibo.so.0.0 *.o -Wl,-soname=libgclibo.so.0
strip --strip-unneeded libgclibo.so.0.0
   Cleaning up.
$ sudo make install -f makefile_gclibo
Installing libgclibo.so.0.0
install -m 755 libgclibo.so.0.0 /usr/lib
ldconfig
$ make clean -f makefile_gclibo
Cleaning project...
```

Test

Extract simple example

```
$ tar -xzf /usr/share/doc/gclib/src/gclib_examples.tar.gz x_simple.c
```

Edit GOpen() call as necessary.

Compile

```
$ gcc x_simple.c -Wall -Werror -lgclib -lgclibo -o simple
```

Execute

```
$ ./simple
rc: 0
version: 85.60.131
rc: 0
rc: 0
info: My controller
rc: 0
response: 182879322.0000
```

OS X

Copy files

```
$ mkdir test
$ cd test
$ tar -xvf /Applications/gclib/source/gclibo_src.tar.gz x gclibo.h
x gclibo.c
x arrays.c
x makefile_gclibo
$ cp /Applications/gclib/include/* .
$ cp /Applications/gclib/dylib/gclib.0.dylib .
$ ls
arrays.c gclib.h gclib_record.h gclibo.h
gclib.0.dylib gclib_errors.h gclibo.c makefile_gclibo
```

Modify source

Make any necessary changes. For this example, the GInfo() function was changed from

4.6 Software Licenses 59

```
return GUtility(g, G_UTIL_INFO, info, &info_len);
to
GReturn GCALL GInfo(GCon g, GCStringOut info,
     GSize info_len)
 strncpy(info, "My controller", info_len);
  return G NO ERROR:
 //return GUtility(g, G_UTIL_INFO, info, &info_len);
Make and install
$ make -f makefile_gclibo
Open source component, gclibo.O.dylib
 Compiling open source component.
Linking open source component into shared library.
gcc -dynamiclib -o gclibo.0.dylib *.o gclib.0.dylib
strip -u -r gclibo.0.dylib
 Cleaning up.
$ make install -f makefile_gclibo
Installing gclibo.O.dylib
cp gclibo.0.dylib /Applications/gclib/dylib
$ make clean -f makefile_gclibo
Cleaning project...
Test
Extract simple example
$ tar -xzf /Applications/gclib/examples/gclib_examples.tar.gz x_simple.c
Edit GOpen() call as necessary.
Compile
$ gcc x_simple.c -Wall -Werror gclib.0.dylib gclibo.0.dylib -o simple
Execute
$ ./simple
rc: 0
```

```
$ ./simple
rc: 0
version: 127.110.253
rc: 0
rc: 0
info: My controller
rc: 0
response: 182879322.0000
```

4.6 Software Licenses

For purposes of licensing, gclib is broken into two categories.

- The closed source portion is covered under the Closed Source License. This covers the binaries created for the gclib.h interface.
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4.7 Legacy Compatibility

- GalilTools included the GCL (GalilTools Communication Library). gclib ships with an open source wrapper implementation of the GCL.
- DMC32 OSU is intended for existing applications that used software based on the legacy DMCWIN32 library for Windows XP and earlier.

4.7.1 GalilTools

To provide maximum compatibility, gclib ships with an open source wrapper implementation of the GCL (GalilTools Communication Library). Users wanting to upgrade to gclib that have source built on Galil.h can use this wrapper to minimize source changes. This wrapper is also indicated for users that want the same function calls as Galil.h, but don't want the usage of QT as in galil1.dll.

This wrapper is intended for existing applications already using the library distributed with GalilTools (galil1.dll) or the previous *STL* library (galil2.dll). New applications should be written with gclib.

Windows

Compile galil2.dll with MSVC 2013

The following instructions were performed on *Visual Studio Professional 2013* and can be extended to other Visual Studio versions. For brevity, the instructions assume the default installation location of **C:\Program Files** (x86)\Galil\gclib and a build type of x86 (win32).

Launch the compiler command prompt

- Open VS2013 x86 Native Tools Command Prompt.
- Navigate to a convenient, writable location, e.g. C:\temp.

Set an environment variable for the base path

 $\label{lem:c:lemp} $$C:\times Base=C:\Pr Gram Files (x86)\Galil\gclib$

Compile the source code

Note the quotes.

C:\temp>cl -c "%base%\source\wrappers\gcl*.cpp" -I "%base%\include" -EHsc -MD

Link the source code

Note the quotes.

```
C:\temp>link /DLL gcl_datarecord.obj gcl_galil.obj "base\lib\dynamic\x86\gclib.lib" "base\lib\dynamic\x86\gclib.lib"
```

The output files galil2.dll and galil2.lib can now be used in a project using the GCL.

Test

Help the loader find the right dlls.

```
C:\temp>set PATH=%PATH%;%BASE%\dll\x86
```

Link the simple example.

```
 \verb|C:\times| gcl_simple.obj "\$base\$\lib\dynamic\x86\gclib.lib" "\$base\$\lib\dynamic\x86\gclib.lib" "\$base\$\lib\dynamic\x86\gclib.lib" | lib\dynamic\x86\gclib.lib" |
```

Run the example.

```
C:\temp>simple.exe
Galil2.dll wrapper, gclib 106.75.180
10.1.3.169, DMC4020 Rev 1.2c, 291
```

Linux

Copy files

Make and install

```
$ make
gcl open source wrapper for gclib
 Compiling wrapper, libgalil.so.2.0
g++ -c -fPIC -std=c++11 gcl_datarecord.cpp gcl_galil.cpp
 Linking wrapper into shared library.
g++ -shared -o libgalil.so.2.0 *.o -Wl,-soname=libgalil.so.2
strip --strip-unneeded libgalil.so.2.0
 Cleaning up.
$ sudo make install
Installing libgalil.so.2.0
install -m 755 libgalil.so.2.0 /usr/lib
install -m 644 Galil.h /usr/lib
ldconfig
ln -s /usr/lib/libgalil.so.2 /usr/lib/libgalil.so
$ make clean
Cleaning project...
```

Test

```
$ g++ gcl_simple.cpp -lgalil -lgclib -lgclibo -o simple
$ ./simple
Galil2.dll wrapper, gclib 95.71.164
10.1.3.169, DMC4020 Rev 1.2c, 291
```

4.7.2 DMC32 OSU

Note

gclib provides the communications foundation for the DMC32 Operating System Upgrade (OSU) project.

DMC32 OSU is intended for existing applications that used software based on the legacy DMCWIN32 library for Windows XP and earlier. If such an application must be upgraded to Windows 7, 8, or 8.1, DMC32 OSU may be used on these O.S. upgrades.

 $\textbf{Galil's Windows XP support statement}, \verb|http://www.galil.com/about/xp-support| \\$

- For more information refer to the documentation, http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/all/doc/dmc32osu/html/irhtml
- See the release notes for changes, http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/all/rn/dmc32osu.html
- The installer is available for download from Galil's website, http://www.galil.com/sw/pub/win/dmc32osu/galil_dmc32_osu_exe.html

Chapter 5

Data Structure Index

5.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

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Chapter 6

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Chapter 7

Data Structure Documentation

7.1 GDataRecord Union Reference

Data record union, containing all structs and a generic byte array accessor.

```
#include <gclib_record.h>
```

Data Fields

struct GDataRecord4000 dmc4000

The DMC-4000 data record.

struct GDataRecord4000 dmc4103

The DMC-4103 data record.

struct GDataRecord4000 dmc50000

The DMC-50000 data record.

struct GDataRecord52000 dmc52000

The DMC-52000 data record.

struct GDataRecord30000 dmc30000

The DMC-30000 data record.

• struct GDataRecord2103 dmc2103

The DMC-21x3 data record.

• struct GDataRecord1806 dmc1806

The DMC-1806 data record.

struct GDataRecord1802 dmc1802

The DMC-1802 data record.

struct GDataRecord47000_ENC rio47000

The RIO-471xx & 472xx data record, including encoder support.

• struct GDataRecord47300 ENC rio47300

The RIO 473xx data record, including encoder support.

struct GDataRecord47300_24EX rio47300_24ex

The RIO 473xx data record, with 24EXOUT/24EXIN support.

• unsigned char byte_array [GALILDATARECORDMAXLENGTH]

Generic byte array for offsets.

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Data record union, containing all structs and a generic byte array accessor.

Named structs can be used to access typed data by name. Offsets into the data record can also be used by referencing the member byte_array.

```
//Getting the sample counter for the DMC-4000. cout << data_record->dmc4000.sample_number << '\n'; //access by 4000 product cout << * ((unsigned short *) (data_record->byte_array + 4)) << '\n'; //access by pointer arithmetic
```

Definition at line 1029 of file gclib_record.h.

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

· gclib_record.h

7.2 GDataRecord1802 Struct Reference

```
#include <gclib_record.h>
```

Data Fields

```
• UW sample_number
     sample number.
• UB input_bank_0
     general input bank 0 (inputs 1-8).
· UB input bank 1
     general input bank 1 (inputs 9-16).

    UB input_bank_2

     general input bank 2 (inputs 17-24).
· UB input bank 3
     general input bank 3 (inputs 25-32).
· UB input_bank_4
     general input bank 4 (inputs 33-40).
• UB input_bank_5
     general input bank 5 (inputs 41-48).

    UB input_bank_6

     general input bank 6 (inputs 49-56).
· UB input bank 7
     general input bank 7 (inputs 57-64).

    UB input_bank_8

     general input bank 8 (inputs 65-72).
· UB input bank 9
     general input bank 9 (inputs 73-80).

    UB output_bank_0

     general output bank 0 (outputs 1-8).

    UB output_bank_1

     general output bank 1 (outputs 9-16).

    UB output_bank_2

     general output bank 2 (outputs 17-24).
```

• UB output_bank_3

general output bank 3 (outputs 25-32).

7.2 GDataRecord1802 Struct Reference · UB output_bank_4 general output bank 4 (outputs 33-40). • UB output_bank_5 general output bank 5 (outputs 41-48). UB output_bank_6 general output bank 6 (outputs 49-56). • UB output_bank_7 general output bank 7 (outputs 57-64). UB output_bank_8 general output bank 8 (outputs 65-72). • UB output_bank_9 general output bank 9 (outputs 73-80). UB error_code error code. UB general_status general status • UW s_plane_segment_count segment count of coordinated move for S plane. • UW s_plane_move_status coordinated move status for S plane. · SL s_distance distance traveled in coordinated move for S plane. UW t_plane_segment_count segment count of coordinated move for T plane. UW t_plane_move_status Coordinated move status for T plane. · SL t distance distance traveled in coordinated move for T plane. • UW axis_a_status A axis status. • UB axis_a_switches A axis switches. UB axis_a_stop_code A axis stop code. SL axis_a_reference_position A axis reference position. · SL axis a motor position A axis motor position. SL axis_a_position_error A axis position error. SL axis_a_aux_position A axis auxiliary position.

 SL axis_a_velocity A axis velocity.

SW axis_a_torque

A axis torque.

• UB axis_a_reserved_0

Reserved.

· UB axis a reserved 1

Reserved.

UW axis_b_status

B axis status.

UB axis_b_switches

B axis switches.

• UB axis_b_stop_code

B axis stop code.

SL axis_b_reference_position

B axis reference position.

SL axis_b_motor_position

B axis motor position.

SL axis_b_position_error

B axis position error.

• SL axis_b_aux_position

B axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_b_velocity

B axis velocity.

SW axis_b_torque

B axis torque.

• UB axis_b_reserved_0

Reserved.

UB axis_b_reserved_1

Reserved.

· UW axis_c_status

C axis status.

• UB axis_c_switches

C axis switches.

UB axis_c_stop_code

C axis stop code.

• SL axis_c_reference_position

C axis reference position.

• SL axis_c_motor_position

C axis motor position.

SL axis_c_position_error

C axis position error.

• SL axis_c_aux_position

C axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_c_velocity

C axis velocity.

• SW axis_c_torque

C axis torque.

• UB axis_c_reserved_0

Reserved.

• UB axis_c_reserved_1

Reserved.

UW axis_d_status

D axis status.

• UB axis_d_switches

D axis switches.

UB axis_d_stop_code

D axis stop code.

· SL axis_d_reference_position

D axis reference position.

```
    SL axis_d_motor_position
```

D axis motor position.

• SL axis_d_position_error

D axis position error.

• SL axis_d_aux_position

D axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_d_velocity

D axis velocity.

SW axis_d_torque

D axis torque.

• UB axis_d_reserved_0

Reserved.

UB axis_d_reserved_1

Reserved.

7.2.1 Detailed Description

Data record struct for DMC-1802 controllers.

The 18x2 Data record is the Same as 2103 except the following.

- 1. No header bytes. Software removes it from QR.
- 2. No analog in axis data.

Definition at line 726 of file gclib_record.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· gclib_record.h

7.3 GDataRecord1806 Struct Reference

Data record struct for DMC-1806 controller.

```
#include <gclib_record.h>
```

Data Fields

• UW sample_number

sample number.

• UB input_bank_0

general input bank 0 (inputs 1-8).

UB input_bank_1

general input bank 1 (inputs 9-16).

• UB input_bank_2

general input bank 2 (inputs 17-24).

• UB input_bank_3

general input bank 3 (inputs 25-32).

• UB input_bank_4

general input bank 4 (inputs 33-40).

```
• UB input_bank_5
     general input bank 5 (inputs 41-48).
• UB input_bank_6
     general input bank 6 (inputs 49-56).
• UB input_bank_7
     general input bank 7 (inputs 57-64).
• UB input_bank_8
     general input bank 8 (inputs 65-72).
• UB input_bank_9
     general input bank 9 (inputs 73-80).

    UB output_bank_0

     general output bank 0 (outputs 1-8).

    UB output_bank_1

     general output bank 1 (outputs 9-16).
• UB output_bank_2
     general output bank 2 (outputs 17-24).
• UB output_bank_3
     general output bank 3 (outputs 25-32).

    UB output_bank_4

     general output bank 4 (outputs 33-40).

    UB output_bank_5

     general output bank 5 (outputs 41-48).

    UB output_bank_6

     general output bank 6 (outputs 49-56).
• UB output_bank_7
     general output bank 7 (outputs 57-64).
• UB output_bank_8
     general output bank 8 (outputs 65-72).
• UB output_bank_9
     general output bank 9 (outputs 73-80).
• SW reserved_0
     Reserved.
• SW reserved_2
     Reserved.
· SW reserved 4
     Reserved.
 SW reserved 6
     Reserved.

    SW reserved_8

     Reserved.
• SW reserved 10
     Reserved.

    SW reserved_12

     Reserved.
 SW reserved 14
     Reserved.
· UB reserved 16
     Reserved.
· UB reserved 17
     Reserved.
```

• UB reserved_18

Reserved.

• UB reserved_19

Reserved.

• UB reserved 20

Reserved.

· UB reserved 21

Reserved.

• UB reserved_22

Reserved.

• UB reserved_23

Reserved.

· UB error_code

error code.

· UB thread_status

thread status.

· UL reserved 24

Reserved.

• UL contour_segment_count

Segment Count for Contour Mode.

UW contour_buffer_available

Buffer space remaining, Contour Mode.

• UW s_plane_segment_count

segment count of coordinated move for S plane.

• UW s_plane_move_status

coordinated move status for S plane.

· SL s_distance

distance traveled in coordinated move for S plane.

• UW s_plane_buffer_available

Buffer space remaining, S Plane.

• UW t_plane_segment_count

segment count of coordinated move for T plane.

UW t_plane_move_status

Coordinated move status for T plane.

SL t_distance

distance traveled in coordinated move for T plane.

• UW t_plane_buffer_available

Buffer space remaining, T Plane.

• UW axis_a_status

A axis status.

UB axis_a_switches

A axis switches.

• UB axis_a_stop_code

A axis stop code.

SL axis_a_reference_position

A axis reference position.

• SL axis_a_motor_position

A axis motor position.

SL axis_a_position_error

A axis position error.

SL axis_a_aux_position

A axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_a_velocity

A axis velocity.

• SL axis_a_torque

A axis torque.

• UW axis_a_analog_in

A axis analog input.

• UB axis_a_reserved_0

Reserved.

UB axis_a_reserved_1

Reserved.

· SL axis a variable

A User-defined variable (ZA).

· UW axis_b_status

B axis status.

UB axis_b_switches

B axis switches.

UB axis_b_stop_code

B axis stop code.

• SL axis_b_reference_position

B axis reference position.

• SL axis_b_motor_position

B axis motor position.

SL axis_b_position_error

B axis position error.

• SL axis_b_aux_position

B axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_b_velocity

B axis velocity.

SL axis_b_torque

B axis torque.

• UW axis_b_analog_in

B axis analog input.

• UB axis_b_reserved_0

Reserved.

UB axis_b_reserved_1

Reserved.

• SL axis_b_variable

B User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_c_status

C axis status.

UB axis_c_switches

C axis switches.

UB axis_c_stop_code

C axis stop code.

• SL axis_c_reference_position

C axis reference position.

SL axis_c_motor_position

C axis motor position.

SL axis_c_position_error

C axis position error.

• SL axis_c_aux_position

C axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_c_velocity

C axis velocity.

SL axis_c_torque

C axis torque.

UW axis_c_analog_in

C axis analog input.

UB axis c reserved 0

Reserved.

UB axis_c_reserved_1

Reserved.

• SL axis_c_variable

C User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_d_status

D axis status.

• UB axis_d_switches

D axis switches.

• UB axis_d_stop_code

D axis stop code.

SL axis_d_reference_position

D axis reference position.

• SL axis_d_motor_position

D axis motor position.

SL axis_d_position_error

D axis position error.

• SL axis_d_aux_position

D axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_d_velocity

D axis velocity.

· SL axis_d_torque

D axis torque.

• UW axis_d_analog_in

D axis analog input.

• UB axis_d_reserved_0

Reserved.

• UB axis_d_reserved_1

Reserved.

• SL axis_d_variable

D User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_e_status

E axis status.

· UB axis e switches

E axis switches.

UB axis_e_stop_code

E axis stop code.

· SL axis_e_reference_position

E axis reference position.

SL axis_e_motor_position

E axis motor position.

SL axis_e_position_error

E axis position error.

• SL axis_e_aux_position

E axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_e_velocity

E axis velocity.

SL axis_e_torque

E axis torque.

• UW axis_e_analog_in

E axis analog input.

• UB axis_e_reserved_0

Reserved.

• UB axis_e_reserved_1

Reserved.

• SL axis_e_variable

E User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_f_status

F axis status.

UB axis_f_switches

F axis switches.

• UB axis_f_stop_code

F axis stop code.

SL axis_f_reference_position

F axis reference position.

• SL axis_f_motor_position

F axis motor position.

• SL axis_f_position_error

F axis position error.

SL axis_f_aux_position

F axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_f_velocity

F axis velocity.

SL axis_f_torque

F axis torque.

• UW axis_f_analog_in

F axis analog input.

UB axis_f_reserved_0

Reserved.

• UB axis_f_reserved_1

Reserved.

SL axis_f_variable

F User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_g_status

G axis status.

UB axis_g_switches

G axis switches.

• UB axis_g_stop_code

G axis stop code.

• SL axis_g_reference_position

G axis reference position.

• SL axis_g_motor_position

G axis motor position.

• SL axis_g_position_error

G axis position error.

SL axis_g_aux_position

G axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_g_velocity

G axis velocity.

SL axis_g_torque

G axis torque.

UW axis_g_analog_in

G axis analog input.

UB axis_g_reserved_0

Reserved.

UB axis_g_reserved_1

Reserved.

• SL axis_g_variable

G User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_h_status

H axis status.

UB axis_h_switches

H axis switches.

· UB axis_h_stop_code

H axis stop code.

SL axis_h_reference_position

H axis reference position.

· SL axis_h_motor_position

H axis motor position.

• SL axis_h_position_error

H axis position error.

• SL axis_h_aux_position

H axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_h_velocity

H axis velocity.

SL axis_h_torque

H axis torque.

· UW axis h analog in

H axis analog input.

UB axis_h_reserved_0

Reserved.

UB axis_h_reserved_1

Reserved.

• SL axis_h_variable

H User-defined variable (ZA).

7.3.1 Detailed Description

Data record struct for DMC-1806 controller.

The 18x6 Data record is the same as 4000 except the following.

- 1. No header bytes. Firmware strips it in DR. Software removes it from QR.
- 2. No Ethernet status (bytes 42-49).

- 3. No amplfifier status (bytes 52-55).
- 4. No axis-specific hall input status.

Definition at line 408 of file gclib_record.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· gclib_record.h

7.4 GDataRecord2103 Struct Reference

Data record struct for DMC-2103 controllers.

```
#include <gclib_record.h>
```

Data Fields

```
· UB header 0
      1st Byte of Header.
· UB header 1
     2nd Byte of Header.
· UB header_2
     3rd Byte of Header.
· UB header 3
     4th Byte of Header.

    UW sample_number

     sample number.
• UB input_bank_0
     general input bank 0 (inputs 1-8).
• UB input_bank_1
     general input bank 1 (inputs 9-16).
• UB input_bank_2
     general input bank 2 (inputs 17-24).
• UB input_bank_3
     general input bank 3 (inputs 25-32).
• UB input_bank_4
     general input bank 4 (inputs 33-40).
• UB input_bank_5
     general input bank 5 (inputs 41-48).
• UB input_bank_6
     general input bank 6 (inputs 49-56).
• UB input_bank_7
     general input bank 7 (inputs 57-64).
• UB input_bank_8
     general input bank 8 (inputs 65-72).
· UB input bank 9
     general input bank 9 (inputs 73-80).

    UB output_bank_0

     general output bank 0 (outputs 1-8).

    UB output bank 1
```

general output bank 1 (outputs 9-16).

```
    UB output_bank_2

     general output bank 2 (outputs 17-24).
• UB output_bank_3
     general output bank 3 (outputs 25-32).

    UB output_bank_4

     general output bank 4 (outputs 33-40).
• UB output_bank_5
      general output bank 5 (outputs 41-48).

    UB output_bank_6

     general output bank 6 (outputs 49-56).

    UB output_bank_7

     general output bank 7 (outputs 57-64).

    UB output_bank_8

      general output bank 8 (outputs 65-72).

    UB output_bank_9

     general output bank 9 (outputs 73-80).

    UB error_code

      error code.
• UB general_status
      general status

    UW s_plane_segment_count

     segment count of coordinated move for S plane.
• UW s_plane_move_status
     coordinated move status for S plane.

    SL s_distance

     distance traveled in coordinated move for S plane.

    UW t_plane_segment_count

      segment count of coordinated move for T plane.
• UW t_plane_move_status
      Coordinated move status for T plane.
· SL t distance
      distance traveled in coordinated move for T plane.
· UW axis_a_status
     A axis status.
· UB axis a switches
     A axis switches.
• UB axis_a_stop_code
     A axis stop code.

    SL axis_a_reference_position

     A axis reference position.

    SL axis_a_motor_position

     A axis motor position.

    SL axis_a_position_error

      A axis position error.
• SL axis_a_aux_position
     A axis auxiliary position.

    SL axis_a_velocity

     A axis velocity.

    SW axis_a_torque
```

A axis torque.UW axis_a_analog_in

A axis analog input.

UW axis_b_status

B axis status.

· UB axis b switches

B axis switches.

UB axis_b_stop_code

B axis stop code.

· SL axis b reference position

B axis reference position.

• SL axis_b_motor_position

B axis motor position.

• SL axis_b_position_error

B axis position error.

• SL axis_b_aux_position

B axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_b_velocity

B axis velocity.

SW axis_b_torque

B axis torque.

UW axis_b_analog_in

B axis analog input.

· UW axis_c_status

C axis status.

· UB axis_c_switches

C axis switches.

UB axis_c_stop_code

C axis stop code.

• SL axis_c_reference_position

C axis reference position.

• SL axis_c_motor_position

C axis motor position.

SL axis_c_position_error

C axis position error.

• SL axis_c_aux_position

C axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_c_velocity

C axis velocity.

• SW axis_c_torque

C axis torque.

UW axis_c_analog_in

C axis analog input.

• UW axis_d_status

D axis status.

UB axis_d_switches

D axis switches.

• UB axis_d_stop_code

D axis stop code.

SL axis_d_reference_position

D axis reference position.

• SL axis_d_motor_position

D axis motor position.

SL axis_d_position_error

D axis position error.

• SL axis_d_aux_position

D axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_d_velocity

D axis velocity.

SW axis_d_torque

D axis torque.

UW axis_d_analog_in

D axis analog input.

· UW axis e status

E axis status.

• UB axis_e_switches

E axis switches.

• UB axis_e_stop_code

E axis stop code.

SL axis_e_reference_position

E axis reference position.

• SL axis_e_motor_position

E axis motor position.

SL axis_e_position_error

E axis position error.

• SL axis_e_aux_position

E axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_e_velocity

E axis velocity.

SW axis_e_torque

E axis torque.

• UW axis_e_analog_in

E axis analog input.

UW axis_f_status

F axis status.

UB axis_f_switches

F axis switches.

• UB axis_f_stop_code

F axis stop code.

· SL axis f reference position

F axis reference position.

SL axis_f_motor_position

F axis motor position.

• SL axis_f_position_error

F axis position error.

SL axis_f_aux_position

F axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_f_velocity

F axis velocity.

SW axis_f_torque

F axis torque.

· UW axis f analog in

F axis analog input.

• UW axis_g_status

G axis status.

• UB axis_g_switches

G axis switches.

UB axis_g_stop_code

G axis stop code.

• SL axis_g_reference_position

G axis reference position.

• SL axis_g_motor_position

G axis motor position.

• SL axis_g_position_error

G axis position error.

• SL axis_g_aux_position

G axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_g_velocity

G axis velocity.

SW axis_g_torque

G axis torque.

• UW axis_g_analog_in

G axis analog input.

UW axis_h_status

H axis status.

· UB axis h switches

H axis switches.

UB axis_h_stop_code

H axis stop code.

• SL axis_h_reference_position

H axis reference position.

· SL axis_h_motor_position

H axis motor position.

• SL axis_h_position_error

H axis position error.

SL axis_h_aux_position

H axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_h_velocity

H axis velocity.

• SW axis_h_torque

H axis torque.

UW axis_h_analog_in

H axis analog input.

7.4.1 Detailed Description

Data record struct for DMC-2103 controllers.

Definition at line 585 of file gclib_record.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· gclib_record.h

7.5 GDataRecord30000 Struct Reference

```
Data record struct for DMC-30010 controllers.
```

```
#include <gclib_record.h>
```

Data Fields

```
• UB header 0
```

1st Byte of Header.

UB header_1

2nd Byte of Header.

• UB header_2

3rd Byte of Header.

• UB header_3

4th Byte of Header.

• UW sample_number

sample number.

• UB input_bank_0

general input bank 0 (inputs 1-8).

UB input_bank_1

general input bank 1 (inputs 9-16).

• UB output_bank_0

general output bank 0 (outputs 1-8).

UB output_bank_1

general output bank 1 (outputs 9-16).

UB error_code

error code.

· UB thread_status

thread status.

UW input_analog_2

Analog input 2. 1 is in axis data, see axis_a_analog_in.

• UW output_analog_1

Analog output 1.

UW output_analog_2

Analog output 2.

UL amplifier_status

Amplifier Status.

• UL contour_segment_count

Segment Count for Contour Mode.

• UW contour_buffer_available

Buffer space remaining, Contour Mode.

UW s_plane_segment_count

segment count of coordinated move for S plane.

• UW s_plane_move_status

coordinated move status for S plane.

SL s_distance

distance traveled in coordinated move for S plane.

• UW s_plane_buffer_available

Buffer space remaining, S Plane.

UW axis_a_status

A axis status.

UB axis_a_switches

A axis switches.

UB axis_a_stop_code

A axis stop code.

SL axis_a_reference_position

A axis reference position.

SL axis_a_motor_position

A axis motor position.

• SL axis_a_position_error

A axis position error.

• SL axis_a_aux_position

A axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_a_velocity

A axis velocity.

SL axis_a_torque

A axis torque.

• UW axis_a_analog_in

A axis analog input.

· UB axis a halls

A Hall Input Status.

UB axis_a_reserved

Reserved.

• SL axis_a_variable

A User-defined variable (ZA).

7.5.1 Detailed Description

Data record struct for DMC-30010 controllers.

Definition at line 817 of file gclib_record.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• gclib_record.h

7.6 GDataRecord4000 Struct Reference

Data record struct for DMC-4000 controllers, including 4000, 4200, 4103, and 500x0.

```
#include <gclib_record.h>
```

Data Fields

• UB header_0

1st Byte of Header.

• UB header_1

2nd Byte of Header.

• UB header_2

3rd Byte of Header.

UB header_3

```
4th Byte of Header.

    UW sample_number

     sample number.
· UB input bank 0
     general input bank 0 (inputs 1-8).

    UB input_bank_1

     general input bank 1 (inputs 9-16).

    UB input_bank_2

     general input bank 2 (inputs 17-24).
• UB input_bank_3
     general input bank 3 (inputs 25-32).
• UB input_bank_4
     general input bank 4 (inputs 33-40).
• UB input_bank_5
     general input bank 5 (inputs 41-48).
• UB input_bank_6
     general input bank 6 (inputs 49-56).
• UB input_bank_7
     general input bank 7 (inputs 57-64).

    UB input bank 8

     general input bank 8 (inputs 65-72).
• UB input_bank_9
     general input bank 9 (inputs 73-80).

    UB output_bank_0

     general output bank 0 (outputs 1-8).
• UB output_bank_1
     general output bank 1 (outputs 9-16).

    UB output_bank_2

     general output bank 2 (outputs 17-24).
• UB output_bank_3
     general output bank 3 (outputs 25-32).

    UB output_bank_4

     general output bank 4 (outputs 33-40).

    UB output_bank_5

     general output bank 5 (outputs 41-48).

    UB output_bank_6

     general output bank 6 (outputs 49-56).
• UB output_bank_7
     general output bank 7 (outputs 57-64).

    UB output_bank_8

     general output bank 8 (outputs 65-72).
• UB output_bank_9
     general output bank 9 (outputs 73-80).

    SW reserved_0

     Reserved.
· SW reserved 2
     Reserved.
· SW reserved_4
     Reserved.
• SW reserved_6
     Reserved.
```

• SW reserved_8 Reserved. • SW reserved 10 Reserved. • SW reserved_12 Reserved. • SW reserved 14 Reserved. • UB ethernet_status_a Ethernet Handle A Status. · UB ethernet status b Ethernet Handle B Status. • UB ethernet_status_c Ethernet Handle C Status. UB ethernet_status_d Ethernet Handle D Status. UB ethernet_status_e Ethernet Handle E Status. · UB ethernet_status_f Ethernet Handle F Status. · UB ethernet_status_g Ethernet Handle G Status. · UB ethernet status h Ethernet Handle H Status. UB error_code error code. · UB thread status thread status · UL amplifier_status Amplifier Status. UL contour_segment_count Segment Count for Contour Mode. • UW contour_buffer_available Buffer space remaining, Contour Mode. • UW s_plane_segment_count segment count of coordinated move for S plane. • UW s_plane_move_status coordinated move status for S plane. SL s_distance distance traveled in coordinated move for S plane. • UW s_plane_buffer_available Buffer space remaining, S Plane. UW t_plane_segment_count segment count of coordinated move for T plane. • UW t_plane_move_status Coordinated move status for T plane. · SL t_distance

UW t_plane_buffer_available
 Buffer space remaining, T Plane.

distance traveled in coordinated move for T plane.

• UW axis_a_status

A axis status.

UB axis_a_switches

A axis switches.

• UB axis_a_stop_code

A axis stop code.

SL axis_a_reference_position

A axis reference position.

SL axis_a_motor_position

A axis motor position.

SL axis_a_position_error

A axis position error.

• SL axis_a_aux_position

A axis auxiliary position.

• SL axis_a_velocity

A axis velocity.

SL axis_a_torque

A axis torque.

• UW axis_a_analog_in

A axis analog input.

UB axis_a_halls

A Hall Input Status.

· UB axis_a_reserved

Reserved.

SL axis_a_variable

A User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_b_status

B axis status.

• UB axis_b_switches

B axis switches.

• UB axis_b_stop_code

B axis stop code.

• SL axis_b_reference_position

B axis reference position.

• SL axis_b_motor_position

B axis motor position.

• SL axis_b_position_error

B axis position error.

• SL axis_b_aux_position

B axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_b_velocity

B axis velocity.

• SL axis_b_torque

B axis torque.

UW axis_b_analog_in

B axis analog input.

• UB axis_b_halls

B Hall Input Status.

UB axis_b_reserved

Reserved.

• SL axis_b_variable

B User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_c_status

C axis status.

• UB axis_c_switches

C axis switches.

UB axis_c_stop_code

C axis stop code.

• SL axis_c_reference_position

C axis reference position.

SL axis_c_motor_position

C axis motor position.

• SL axis_c_position_error

C axis position error.

SL axis_c_aux_position

C axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_c_velocity

C axis velocity.

SL axis_c_torque

C axis torque.

• UW axis_c_analog_in

C axis analog input.

· UB axis_c_halls

C Hall Input Status.

· UB axis_c_reserved

Reserved.

• SL axis_c_variable

C User-defined variable (ZA).

· UW axis_d_status

D axis status.

• UB axis_d_switches

D axis switches.

UB axis_d_stop_code

D axis stop code.

• SL axis_d_reference_position

D axis reference position.

• SL axis_d_motor_position

D axis motor position.

SL axis_d_position_error

D axis position error.

• SL axis_d_aux_position

D axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_d_velocity

D axis velocity.

SL axis_d_torque

D axis torque.

• UW axis_d_analog_in

D axis analog input.

• UB axis_d_halls

D Hall Input Status.

· UB axis d reserved

Reserved.

• SL axis_d_variable

D User-defined variable (ZA).

• UW axis_e_status

E axis status.

· UB axis e switches

E axis switches.

UB axis_e_stop_code

E axis stop code.

SL axis_e_reference_position

E axis reference position.

SL axis_e_motor_position

E axis motor position.

SL axis_e_position_error

E axis position error.

• SL axis_e_aux_position

E axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_e_velocity

E axis velocity.

· SL axis_e_torque

E axis torque.

UW axis_e_analog_in

E axis analog input.

· UB axis_e_halls

E Hall Input Status.

UB axis_e_reserved

Reserved.

• SL axis_e_variable

E User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_f_status

F axis status.

· UB axis f switches

F axis switches.

• UB axis_f_stop_code

F axis stop code.

• SL axis_f_reference_position

F axis reference position.

• SL axis_f_motor_position

F axis motor position.

• SL axis_f_position_error

F axis position error.

SL axis_f_aux_position

F axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_f_velocity

F axis velocity.

SL axis_f_torque

F axis torque.

• UW axis_f_analog_in

F axis analog input.

UB axis_f_halls

F Hall Input Status.

· UB axis_f_reserved

Reserved.

· SL axis_f_variable

F User-defined variable (ZA).

• UW axis_g_status

G axis status.

• UB axis_g_switches

G axis switches.

UB axis_g_stop_code

G axis stop code.

· SL axis g reference position

G axis reference position.

• SL axis_g_motor_position

G axis motor position.

SL axis_g_position_error

G axis position error.

SL axis_g_aux_position

G axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_g_velocity

G axis velocity.

· SL axis_g_torque

G axis torque.

• UW axis_g_analog_in

G axis analog input.

UB axis_g_halls

G Hall Input Status.

· UB axis g reserved

Reserved.

SL axis_g_variable

G User-defined variable (ZA).

• UW axis_h_status

H axis status.

• UB axis_h_switches

H axis switches.

• UB axis_h_stop_code

H axis stop code.

• SL axis_h_reference_position

H axis reference position.

SL axis_h_motor_position

H axis motor position.

SL axis_h_position_error

H axis position error.

• SL axis_h_aux_position

H axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_h_velocity

H axis velocity.

SL axis_h_torque

H axis torque.

• UW axis_h_analog_in

H axis analog input.

• UB axis_h_halls

H Hall Input Status.

· UB axis_h_reserved

Reserved.

• SL axis_h_variable

H User-defined variable (ZA).

7.6.1 Detailed Description

Data record struct for DMC-4000 controllers, including 4000, 4200, 4103, and 500x0.

Definition at line 34 of file gclib_record.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· gclib_record.h

7.7 GDataRecord47000_ENC Struct Reference

Data record struct for RIO-471xx and RIO-472xx PLCs. Includes encoder fields.

```
#include <qclib_record.h>
```

Data Fields

```
• UB header_0
```

1st Byte of Header.

· UB header 1

2nd Byte of Header.

UB header_2

3rd Byte of Header.

· UB header 3

4th Byte of Header.

UW sample_number

Sample number.

UB error_code

Error code.

UB general_status

General status.

UW output_analog_0

Analog output 0.

UW output_analog_1

Analog output 1.

• UW output_analog_2

Analog output 2.

• UW output_analog_3

Analog output 3.

• UW output_analog_4

Analog output 4.

• UW output_analog_5

Analog output 5.

• UW output_analog_6

Analog output 6.

• UW output_analog_7

Analog output 7.

UW input_analog_0

Analog input 0.

• UW input_analog_1

Analog input 1.

```
• UW input_analog_2
     Analog input 2.
• UW input_analog_3
     Analog input 3.
• UW input_analog_4
     Analog input 4.
• UW input_analog_5
     Analog input 5.
• UW input_analog_6
     Analog input 6.
• UW input_analog_7
     Analog input 7.

    UW output_bank_0

     Digital outputs 0-15;.
• UW input_bank_0
     Digital inputs 0-15;.
• UL pulse_count_0
     Pulse counter (see PC).
• SL zc_variable
     ZC User-defined variable (see ZC).
· SL zd variable
     ZD User-defined variable (see ZD).
· SL encoder 0
     Encoder channel 0. Data only valid for parts with -BISS, -QUAD, or -SSI.
• SL encoder_1
     Encoder channel 1. Data only valid for parts with -BISS, -QUAD, or -SSI.
• SL encoder_2
     Encoder channel 2. Data only valid for parts with -BISS, -QUAD, or -SSI.
```

7.7.1 Detailed Description

• SL encoder_3

Data record struct for RIO-471xx and RIO-472xx PLCs. Includes encoder fields.

Encoder channel 3. Data only valid for parts with -BISS, -QUAD, or -SSI.

Definition at line 869 of file gclib_record.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· gclib record.h

7.8 GDataRecord47300_24EX Struct Reference

Data record struct for RIO-47300 with 24EX I/O daughter board.

```
#include <gclib_record.h>
```

Data Fields

• UB header 0

1st Byte of Header.

· UB header 1

2nd Byte of Header.

UB header_2

3rd Byte of Header.

• UB header_3

4th Byte of Header.

• UW sample_number

Sample number.

· UB error_code

Error code.

• UB general_status

General status.

UW output_analog_0

Analog output 0.

• UW output_analog_1

Analog output 1.

UW output_analog_2

Analog output 2.

• UW output_analog_3

Analog output 3.

UW output_analog_4

Analog output 4.

• UW output_analog_5

Analog output 5.

UW output_analog_6

Analog output 6.

UW output_analog_7

Analog output 7.

• UW input_analog_0

Analog input 0.

UW input_analog_1

Analog input 1.

• UW input_analog_2

Analog input 2.

• UW input_analog_3

Analog input 3.

• UW input_analog_4

Analog input 4.

UW input_analog_5

Analog input 5.

UW input_analog_6

Analog input 6.

UW input_analog_7

Analog input 7.

• UW output_bank_0

Digital outputs 0-15.

UW output_bank_1

Digital outputs 16-23.

• UW input_bank_0

Digital inputs 0-15.

• UW input_bank_1

Digital inputs 16-23.

• UL pulse_count_0

Pulse counter (see PC)8.

SL zc_variable

ZC User-defined variable (see ZC).

• SL zd_variable

ZD User-defined variable (see ZD).

UW output_bank_2

Digital outputs 24-39. Data only valid for parts with 24EXOUT.

UW output back 3

Digital outputs 40-47. Data only valid for parts with 24EXOUT.

• UW input_bank_2

Digital inputs 24-39. Data only valid for parts with 24EXIN.

• UW input_bank_3

Digital inputs 40-47. Data only valid for parts with 24EXIN.

7.8.1 Detailed Description

Data record struct for RIO-47300 with 24EX I/O daughter board.

Definition at line 967 of file gclib_record.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• gclib_record.h

7.9 GDataRecord47300_ENC Struct Reference

Data record struct for RIO-47300. Includes encoder fields.

```
#include <gclib_record.h>
```

Data Fields

• UB header_0

1st Byte of Header.

• UB header_1

2nd Byte of Header.

• UB header_2

3rd Byte of Header.

• UB header_3

4th Byte of Header.

• UW sample_number

Sample number.

· UB error_code

Error code.

· UB general_status

```
General status.
```

• UW output_analog_0

Analog output 0.

• UW output_analog_1

Analog output 1.

UW output_analog_2

Analog output 2.

UW output_analog_3

Analog output 3.

UW output_analog_4

Analog output 4.

UW output_analog_5

Analog output 5.

• UW output_analog_6

Analog output 6.

UW output_analog_7

Analog output 7.

• UW input_analog_0

Analog input 0.

UW input_analog_1

Analog input 1.

UW input_analog_2

Analog input 2.

• UW input_analog_3

Analog input 3.

• UW input_analog_4

Analog input 4.

• UW input_analog_5

Analog input 5.

• UW input_analog_6

Analog input 6.

UW input_analog_7

Analog input 7.

UW output_bank_0

Digital outputs 0-15;.

UW output_bank_1

Digital outputs 16-23;.

• UW input_bank_0

Digital inputs 0-15;.

• UW input_bank_1

Digital inputs 16-23;.

• UL pulse_count_0

Pulse counter (see PC).

SL zc_variable

ZC User-defined variable (see ZC).

· SL zd_variable

ZD User-defined variable (see ZD).

• SL encoder_0

Encoder channel 0. Data only valid for parts with -BISS, -QUAD, or -SSI.

SL encoder_1

Encoder channel 1. Data only valid for parts with -BISS, -QUAD, or -SSI.

• SL encoder_2

Encoder channel 2. Data only valid for parts with -BISS, -QUAD, or -SSI.

SL encoder 3

Encoder channel 3. Data only valid for parts with -BISS, -QUAD, or -SSI.

7.9.1 Detailed Description

Data record struct for RIO-47300. Includes encoder fields.

Definition at line 917 of file gclib_record.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· gclib record.h

7.10 GDataRecord52000 Struct Reference

Data record struct for DMC-52000 controller. Same as DMC-4000, with bank indicator added at byte 40.

```
#include <gclib_record.h>
```

Data Fields

```
· UB header_0
```

1st Byte of Header.

· UB header 1

2nd Byte of Header.

• UB header_2

3rd Byte of Header.

UB header_3

4th Byte of Header.

• UW sample_number

sample number.

UB input_bank_0

general input bank 0 (inputs 1-8).

UB input_bank_1

general input bank 1 (inputs 9-16).

• UB input_bank_2

general input bank 2 (inputs 17-24).

UB input_bank_3

general input bank 3 (inputs 25-32).

• UB input_bank_4

general input bank 4 (inputs 33-40).

UB input_bank_5

general input bank 5 (inputs 41-48).

• UB input_bank_6

general input bank 6 (inputs 49-56).

UB input_bank_7

general input bank 7 (inputs 57-64).

• UB input_bank_8

general input bank 8 (inputs 65-72).

```
· UB input_bank_9
     general input bank 9 (inputs 73-80).
• UB output_bank_0
     general output bank 0 (outputs 1-8).

    UB output_bank_1

     general output bank 1 (outputs 9-16).
• UB output_bank_2
     general output bank 2 (outputs 17-24).

    UB output_bank_3

     general output bank 3 (outputs 25-32).

    UB output_bank_4

     general output bank 4 (outputs 33-40).

    UB output_bank_5

     general output bank 5 (outputs 41-48).
• UB output_bank_6
     general output bank 6 (outputs 49-56).

    UB output_bank_7

     general output bank 7 (outputs 57-64).

    UB output_bank_8

     general output bank 8 (outputs 65-72).

    UB output_bank_9

     general output bank 9 (outputs 73-80).
 SW reserved_0
     Reserved.
• SW reserved_2
     Reserved.
· SW reserved 4
     Reserved.
• SW reserved_6
     Reserved.
• SW reserved 8
     Reserved.
• SW reserved_10
     Reserved.
• SW reserved 12
     Reserved.
· UB ethercat bank
     EtherCAT Bank Indicator.

    UB reserved_14

     Reserved.

    UB ethernet_status_a

     Ethernet Handle A Status.
· UB ethernet_status_b
     Ethernet Handle B Status.
· UB ethernet status c
     Ethernet Handle C Status.
· UB ethernet_status_d
     Ethernet Handle D Status.
· UB ethernet status e
     Ethernet Handle E Status.

    UB ethernet_status_f
```

Ethernet Handle F Status.

· UB ethernet_status_g

Ethernet Handle G Status.

· UB ethernet status h

Ethernet Handle H Status.

· UB error code

error code.

· UB thread status

thread status

• UL amplifier_status

Amplifier Status.

· UL contour_segment_count

Segment Count for Contour Mode.

• UW contour_buffer_available

Buffer space remaining, Contour Mode.

• UW s_plane_segment_count

segment count of coordinated move for S plane.

• UW s_plane_move_status

coordinated move status for S plane.

· SLs distance

distance traveled in coordinated move for S plane.

• UW s_plane_buffer_available

Buffer space remaining, S Plane.

UW t_plane_segment_count

segment count of coordinated move for T plane.

• UW t_plane_move_status

Coordinated move status for T plane.

SL t_distance

distance traveled in coordinated move for T plane.

· UW t plane buffer available

Buffer space remaining, T Plane.

UW axis_a_status

A axis status.

UB axis_a_switches

A axis switches.

• UB axis_a_stop_code

A axis stop code.

SL axis_a_reference_position

A axis reference position.

SL axis_a_motor_position

A axis motor position.

• SL axis_a_position_error

A axis position error.

SL axis_a_aux_position

A axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_a_velocity

A axis velocity.

• SL axis_a_torque

A axis torque.

• UW axis_a_analog_in

A axis analog input.

• UB axis_a_halls

A Hall Input Status.

· UB axis_a_reserved

Reserved.

• SL axis_a_variable

A User-defined variable (ZA).

· UW axis_b_status

B axis status.

· UB axis b switches

B axis switches.

UB axis_b_stop_code

B axis stop code.

• SL axis_b_reference_position

B axis reference position.

· SL axis_b_motor_position

B axis motor position.

SL axis_b_position_error

B axis position error.

• SL axis_b_aux_position

B axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_b_velocity

B axis velocity.

SL axis_b_torque

B axis torque.

• UW axis_b_analog_in

B axis analog input.

• UB axis_b_halls

B Hall Input Status.

UB axis_b_reserved

Reserved.

• SL axis_b_variable

B User-defined variable (ZA).

• UW axis_c_status

C axis status.

· UB axis c switches

C axis switches.

• UB axis_c_stop_code

C axis stop code.

• SL axis_c_reference_position

C axis reference position.

SL axis_c_motor_position

C axis motor position.

SL axis_c_position_error

C axis position error.

• SL axis_c_aux_position

C axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_c_velocity

C axis velocity.

· SL axis_c_torque

C axis torque.

• UW axis_c_analog_in

C axis analog input.

UB axis_c_halls

C Hall Input Status.

· UB axis c reserved

Reserved.

SL axis_c_variable

C User-defined variable (ZA).

· UW axis d status

D axis status.

UB axis_d_switches

D axis switches.

UB axis_d_stop_code

D axis stop code.

• SL axis_d_reference_position

D axis reference position.

• SL axis_d_motor_position

D axis motor position.

• SL axis_d_position_error

D axis position error.

SL axis_d_aux_position

D axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_d_velocity

D axis velocity.

SL axis_d_torque

D axis torque.

• UW axis_d_analog_in

D axis analog input.

• UB axis_d_halls

D Hall Input Status.

· UB axis d reserved

Reserved.

· SL axis d variable

D User-defined variable (ZA).

• UW axis_e_status

E axis status.

• UB axis_e_switches

E axis switches.

• UB axis_e_stop_code

E axis stop code.

SL axis_e_reference_position

E axis reference position.

• SL axis_e_motor_position

E axis motor position.

SL axis_e_position_error

E axis position error.

• SL axis_e_aux_position

E axis auxiliary position.

• SL axis_e_velocity

E axis velocity.

SL axis_e_torque

E axis torque.

UW axis_e_analog_in

E axis analog input.

• UB axis_e_halls

E Hall Input Status.

UB axis_e_reserved

Reserved.

• SL axis_e_variable

E User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_f_status

F axis status.

· UB axis f switches

F axis switches.

UB axis_f_stop_code

F axis stop code.

SL axis_f_reference_position

F axis reference position.

SL axis_f_motor_position

F axis motor position.

• SL axis_f_position_error

F axis position error.

SL axis_f_aux_position

F axis auxiliary position.

SL axis_f_velocity

F axis velocity.

SL axis_f_torque

F axis torque.

UW axis_f_analog_in

F axis analog input.

UB axis_f_halls

F Hall Input Status.

UB axis_f_reserved

Reserved.

• SL axis_f_variable

F User-defined variable (ZA).

UW axis_g_status

G axis status.

· UB axis g switches

G axis switches.

• UB axis_g_stop_code

G axis stop code.

• SL axis_g_reference_position

G axis reference position.

• SL axis_g_motor_position

G axis motor position.

• SL axis_g_position_error

G axis position error.

• SL axis_g_aux_position

G axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_g_velocity

G axis velocity.

• SL axis_g_torque

G axis torque.

• UW axis_g_analog_in

G axis analog input.

• UB axis_g_halls

G Hall Input Status.

· UB axis_g_reserved

Reserved.

SL axis_g_variable

G User-defined variable (ZA).

· UW axis_h_status

H axis status.

· UB axis_h_switches

H axis switches.

UB axis_h_stop_code

H axis stop code.

SL axis_h_reference_position

H axis reference position.

• SL axis_h_motor_position

H axis motor position.

• SL axis_h_position_error

H axis position error.

SL axis_h_aux_position

H axis auxiliary position.

· SL axis_h_velocity

H axis velocity.

• SL axis_h_torque

H axis torque.

• UW axis_h_analog_in

H axis analog input.

· UB axis_h_halls

H Hall Input Status.

· UB axis_h_reserved

Reserved.

SL axis_h_variable

H User-defined variable (ZA).

7.10.1 Detailed Description

Data record struct for DMC-52000 controller. Same as DMC-4000, with bank indicator added at byte 40.

Definition at line 217 of file gclib_record.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· gclib_record.h

7.11 H_ArrayData Struct Reference

Structure to create a linked list for array data.

Data Fields

- char **name** [16]
- char * data
- int len
- int elements
- int index
- struct H_ArrayData * next
- struct H_ArrayData * tail
- int count

7.11.1 Detailed Description

Structure to create a linked list for array data.

Definition at line 18 of file arrays.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• arrays.c

Chapter 8

File Documentation

8.1 arrays.c File Reference

```
#include "gclibo.h"
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <zlib.h>
```

Data Structures

struct H_ArrayData

Structure to create a linked list for array data.

Typedefs

typedef struct H ArrayData ArrayNode

Functions

void H InitArrayNode (ArrayNode *node)

Function to initialize the memory of a new node.

• GReturn H_AddArray (ArrayNode *head, char *name, char *data)

Add an ArrayData node to the linked list.

void H_FreeArrays (ArrayNode *node)

Frees all memory downstream of node. After passing list head to this function, all memory is freed and the head node is invalid.

• GReturn H_UploadArrayToList (GCon g, ArrayNode *head, char *name)

Uploads a particular array and adds it to the linked list.

• GReturn H_CreateArrayNode (ArrayNode *head, char *name)

Creates a buffer on the heap to write data, and adds it to the linked list.

• GReturn H_ArrayAddElement (ArrayNode *node, GCStringIn element)

Adds an array element to an array node.

• GReturn H_DownloadArraysFromList (GCon g, ArrayNode *head, int fail)

Walks through the array linked list, downloading each.

GReturn H_WriteArrayCsv (ArrayNode *head, GCStringIn file_path)

After filling the array list, this function is called to write out the CSV.

• GReturn H_ArrayDownloadFromMemory (GCon g, const char *array_data, int fail)

Helper function to download a block of arrays to the controller.

GReturn H_DownloadData (GCon g, const char *data, int fail)

Helper function to send a string of commands to the controller, one at at time.

char * H FindSector (char *arr, int arr size, int index)

Function that returns a pointer to the start of the specified sector in the GCB data.

• GReturn GCALL GArrayDownloadFile (GCon g, GCStringIn file_path)

Array download from file.

• GReturn GCALL GArrayUploadFile (GCon g, GCStringIn file_path, GCStringIn names)

Arrav upload to file

 GReturn GCALL GSetupDownloadFile (GCon g, GCStringIn file_path, GOption options, GCStringOut info, GSize info_len)

Download a saved controller configuration from a file.

8.1.1 Detailed Description

Function calls for uploading and downloading arrays with CSV files. Also contains functions for support of GSetupDownloadFile().

Warning

All helper functions (names beginning with H_) are subject to change without notice

8.1.2 Function Documentation

8.1.2.1 GArrayDownloadFile()

Array download from file.

Downloads a csv file containing array data at file_path. If the arrays don't exist, they will be dimensioned.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.	
file_path	Null-terminated string containing the path to the array file.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_arrays.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 370 of file arrays.c.

References G BAD FILE, G NO ERROR, and H ArrayDownloadFromMemory().

8.1.2.2 GArrayUploadFile()

Array upload to file.

Uploads the entire controller array table or a subset and saves the data as a csv file specified by file_path.

Parameters 2 4 1

g	Connection's handle.	
file_path	Null-terminated string containing the path to the array file, file will be overwritten if it exists.	
names	Null-terminated string containing the arrays to upload, delimited with space. "" or null uploads all arrays listed in LA.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x arrays.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 398 of file arrays.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, GCmdT(), H_FreeArrays(), H_InitArrayNode(), H_UploadArrayToList(), and H_Write \leftarrow ArrayCsv().

8.1.2.3 GSetupDownloadFile()

```
GReturn GCALL GSetupDownloadFile (
GCon g,
GCStringIn file_path,
GOption options,
GCStringOut info,
GSize info_len)
```

Download a saved controller configuration from a file.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.	
file_path	Null-terminated string containing the path to the program file.	
options	Bit mask to determine what configuration data to download. See below for all options.	
info	Optional pointer to a buffer to store the controller info. If no info is needed, specify as NULL.	
info_len	Length of optional info buffer. If no info is needed, specify as NULL.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. If the options parameter is set to 0, the return value will be a bit mask indicating which sectors in the specified GCB are not empty. Otherwise, see gclib_errors.h for possible error values.

Note

By default, GSetupDownloadFile() will stop immediately if an error is encountered downloading data. This can be overridden in the options parameter. An example of when you might override this setting: You have a backup from an 8-axis controller and want to restore the parameters for the first 4 axes to a 4-axis controller.

If both info and info_len are not NULL, the controller information will be provided regardless of the options parameter.

The options parameter is a bit mask. If options is set to 0, GSetupDownloadFile() will return a bit mask indicating which sectors in the specified GCB are not empty. The following contains a list of all currently available options:

Bit	Value	Function	Description
1	0x0002	Restore parameters	KPA, KIA, KDA, etc
3	0x0008	Restore variables	Variables are listed by the LV command
4	0x0010	Restore arrays	Arrays are listed by the LA command
5	0x0020	Restore program	The program is listed by the LS command
31	0x8000	Ignore errors	Ignore invalid parameter errors and continue restoring data. GSetupDownloadFile() will still stop immediately if a connection issue or other fatal error is encountered

Usage example:

```
GCon g;
GOption opt = 0;

GCStringOut info;
GSize info_len = 4096;

GReturn rc = GOpen("192.168.0.50", &g);
if (rc) return rc;

// Call GSetupDownloadFile() with options set to 0 so we can get the non-empty sector bit mask opt = GSetupDownloadFile(g, "C:\\path\\to\\gcb\\file.gcb", 0, NULL, NULL);

info = (GCStringOut)malloc(sizeof(GCStringOut) * info_len);

// Call GSetupDownloadFile() with the bit mask returned in the previous function call rc = GSetupDownloadFile(g, "C:\\path\\to\\gcb\\file.gcb", opt, info, info_len);

printf("Info:\n\n\%s", info);

GClose(g);

free(info);
return rc;
```

Definition at line 465 of file arrays.c.

References G_BAD_FILE , G_NO_ERROR , GProgramDownload(), $H_ArrayDownloadFromMemory()$, H_{\leftarrow} DownloadData(), and $H_ArrayDownloadFromMemory()$.

8.1.2.4 H_DownloadArraysFromList()

Walks through the array linked list, downloading each.

Warning

This function will call DA and DM which modifies the controllers' array table. This should NOT be done while running record array (see RA/RC/RD) or while using the MODBUS array sharing feature (see ME). To prevent any possibility of array table issues, dimension all the arrays used in the applications with the appropriate lengths before use and comment out the *array table modification* section below.

Definition at line 134 of file arrays.c.

References G_BAD_RESPONSE_QUESTION_MARK, G_BOUNDS, G_NO_ERROR, GArrayDownload(), and $G \leftarrow Cmd()$.

Referenced by H_ArrayDownloadFromMemory().

8.2 gclib.h File Reference

```
#include "gclib_record.h"
#include "gclib_errors.h"
```

Macros

- #define GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED
- #define GCALL stdcall

Specify calling convention for Windows.

#define G DR 1

Value for GRecord() method variable for acquiring a data record via DR mode.

#define G_QR 0

Value for GRecord() method variable for acquiring a data record via QR mode.

• #define G BOUNDS -1

For functions that take range options, e.g. GArrayUpload(), use this value for full range.

#define G_CR 0

For GArrayUpload(), use this value in the delim field to delimit with carriage returns.

#define G_COMMA 1

For GArrayUpload(), use this value in the delim field to delimit with commas.

• #define G_UTIL_TIMEOUT 1

GUtility(), Access to timeout.

• #define G_UTIL_TIMEOUT_OVERRIDE 2

GUtility(), read/write access to timeout override.

• #define G_USE_INITIAL_TIMEOUT -1

GUtility(), for timeout override. Set G_UTIL_TIMEOUT_OVERRIDE to this value to use initial GOpen() timeout (--timeout).

• #define G_UTIL_VERSION 128

GUtility(), get a library version string.

#define G_UTIL_INFO 129

GUtility(), get a connection info string.

• #define G UTIL SLEEP 130

GUtility(), specify an interval to sleep.

#define G_UTIL_ADDRESSES 131

GUtility(), get a list of available connections.

#define G UTIL IPREQUEST 132

GUtility(), get a list of hardware requesting IPs.

• #define G_UTIL_ASSIGN 133

GUtility(), assign IP addresses via Boot-P reply.

#define G_UTIL_DEVICE_INITIALIZE 134

GUtility(), sends CF, CW, EO etc. to initialize the connection. Useful after RS or other reset.

#define G UTIL PING 135

GUtility(), uses ICMP ping to determine if an IP address is reachable and assigned.

• #define G UTIL ERROR CONTEXT 136

GUtility(), provides additional error context, where available.

- #define G_UTIL_GCAPS_HOST 256
- #define G_UTIL_GCAPS_VERSION 257

GUtility(), get the version of the gcaps server.

#define G_UTIL_GCAPS_KEEPALIVE 258

GUtility(), gcaps server keepalive.

#define G UTIL GCAPS ADDRESSES 259

GUtility(), get a list of available connections from the gcaps server.

• #define G_UTIL_GCAPS_IPREQUEST 260

GUtility(), get a list of hardware requesting IPs from the gcaps server.

#define G UTIL GCAPS ASSIGN 261

GUtility(), assign IP addresses via Boot-P reply from the gcaps server.

#define G UTIL GCAPS PING 262

GUtility(), uses ICMP ping to determine if an IP address is reachable and assigned. Ping sent from the gcaps server.

• #define G SMALL BUFFER 1024

Most reads/writes to Galil are small. This value will easily hold most, e.g. TH, TZ, etc.

#define G_HUGE_BUFFER 524288

Most reads/writes to Galil hardware are small. This value will hold the largest array or program upload/download possible.

Typedefs

· typedef int GReturn

Every function returns a value of type GReturn. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

typedef void * GCon

Connection handle. Unique for each connection in process. Assigned a non-zero value in GOpen().

typedef unsigned int GSize

Size of buffers, etc.

· typedef int GOption

Option integer for various formatting, etc.

• typedef char * GCStringOut

C-string output from the library. Implies null-termination.

typedef const char * GCStringIn

C-string input to the library. Implies null-termination.

typedef char * GBufOut

Data output from the library. No null-termination implied. Returned values may be null-terminated, see function documentation for details.

• typedef const char * GBufIn

Data input to the library. No null-termination, function will have a GSize to indicate bytes to write .

typedef unsigned char GStatus

Interrupt status byte.

typedef void * GMemory

Pointer to untyped memory for use in GUtility().

Functions

GCLIB DLL EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GOpen (GCStringIn address, GCon *g)

Open a connection to a Galil Controller.

• GCLIB DLL EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GClose (GCon g)

Closes a connection to a Galil Controller.

 GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GRead (GCon g, GBufOut buffer, GSize buffer_len, GSize *bytes read)

Performs a read on the connection.

GCLIB DLL EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GWrite (GCon g, GBufIn buffer, GSize buffer len)

Performs a write on the connection.

• GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GCommand (GCon g, GCStringIn command, GBufOut buffer, GSize buffer len, GSize *bytes returned)

Performs a command-and-response transaction on the connection.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GProgramDownload (GCon g, GCStringIn program, GCStringIn preprocessor)

Downloads a program to the controller's program buffer.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GProgramUpload (GCon g, GBufOut buffer, GSize buffer_len)

Uploads a program from the controller's program buffer.

 GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GArrayDownload (GCon g, const GCStringIn array_name, GOption first, GOption last, GCStringIn buffer)

Downloads array data to a pre-dimensioned array in the controller's array table.

• GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GArrayUpload (GCon g, const GCStringIn array_name, GOption first, GOption last, GOption delim, GBufOut buffer, GSize buffer_len)

Uploads array data from the controller's array table.

• GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GRecord (GCon g, union GDataRecord *record, GOption method)

Provides a fresh copy of the controller's data record. Data is cast into a union, GDataRecord.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GMessage (GCon g, GCStringOut buffer, GSize buffer_len)

Provides access to unsolicited messages from the controller.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GInterrupt (GCon g, GStatus *status_byte)

Provides access to PCI and UDP interrupts from the controller.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GFirmwareDownload (GCon g, GCStringIn filepath)

Upgrade firmware.

 GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GUtility (GCon g, GOption request, GMemory memory1, GMemory memory2)

Provides read/write access to driver settings and convenience features based on the request variable.

8.2.1 Detailed Description

Defines the interface for the Galil C Library (GCLIB).

8.2.2 Function Documentation

8.2.2.1 GArrayDownload()

```
GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GArrayDownload (
    GCon g,
    const GCStringIn array_name,
    GOption first,
    GOption last,
    GCStringIn buffer )
```

Downloads array data to a pre-dimensioned array in the controller's array table.

Warning

The array must already exist on the controller and be sufficient dimension to hold the desired array data, e.g. via DM.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
array_name	Null-terminated string containing the name of the array to download. Must match the array name used in DM.
first	The first element of the array for sub-array downloads. G_BOUNDS to omit.
last	The last element of the array for sub-array downloads. G_BOUNDS to omit.
buffer	Buffer containing the null-terminated data to be sent to the controller. The array data may be separated with <i>carriage return</i> , <i>carriage return</i> + <i>line feed</i> , or a <i>comma</i> . No spaces.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_arrays.cpp for an example.

Referenced by H_DownloadArraysFromList().

8.2.2.2 GArrayUpload()

```
GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GArrayUpload (
    GCon g,
    const GCStringIn array_name,
    GOption first,
    GOption last,
    GOption delim,
    GBufOut buffer,
    GSize buffer_len)
```

Uploads array data from the controller's array table.

g	Connection's handle.
array_name	Null-terminated string containing the name of the array to upload.
first	The first element of the array for sub-array uploads. G_BOUNDS to omit.
last	The last element of the array for sub-array uploads. G_BOUNDS to omit.
delim	Sets the delimeter between array elements in the returned data, G_CR specifies carriage return,
	G_COMMA specifies comma.

Parameters

buffer	Buffer to receive the uploaded data. The data will be null terminated unless function returns
	G_BAD_LOST_DATA due to the buffer being too small to hold the data.
buffer_len	The length of the receive buffer.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_arrays.cpp for an example.

Referenced by H_UploadArrayToList().

8.2.2.3 GClose()

Closes a connection to a Galil Controller.

Attention

gclib requires that GClose() be called whenever a program is finished with a controller. This includes when a program closes. A rule of thumb is that for every GOpen() call on a given connection, a GClose() call should be found on every code path. Failing to call GClose() may cause controller resources to not be released or can hang the process if there are outstanding asynchronous operations. The latter can occur, for example, if a call to GRead() times out and the process exits without calling GClose(). In this case, GRead() still has an outstanding asynchronous read pending. GClose() will terminate this operation allowing the process to exit correctly.

Parameters

```
g Connection's handle.
```

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib errors.h for possible values.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

8.2.2.4 GCommand()

```
GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GCommand (
    GCon g,
    GCStringIn command,
    GBufOut buffer,
    GSize buffer_len,
    GSize * bytes_returned )
```

Performs a *command-and-response* transaction on the connection.

g Connection's handle.

Parameters

command	Null-terminated command string to send to the controller. The library will append a carriage return to the command string.
buffer	Buffer for the response. Will be filled with the response from the controller. The data will be null terminated unless function returns <code>G_BAD_LOST_DATA</code> due to the buffer being too small to hold the data.
buffer_len	The size of the response buffer.
bytes_returned	The size of the data returned from the controller. This does not include null termination. This argument may be null if the value is not desired.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp for an example.

Referenced by GCmd(), GCmdI(), GCmdI(), and GMotionComplete().

8.2.2.5 GFirmwareDownload()

Upgrade firmware.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
filepath	The full file path to the Galil-supplied firmware hex file. See
	http://www.galil.com/downloads/firmware

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

```
ec(GInfo(g, buf, sizeof(buf))); //get conntroller info
cout << buf << '\n'; //print the info
ec(GFirmwareDownload(g, "F:/1806.dmc/dmc-1806-r11a.hex"));
ec(GInfo(g, buf, sizeof(buf))); //get the info again
cout << buf << '\n';
// example output:
// GALILPCII, DMC1846 Rev 1.1a-CM, 4232
// GALILPCII, DMC1846 Rev 1.1a, 4232</pre>
```

8.2.2.6 GInterrupt()

Provides access to PCI and UDP interrupts from the controller.

Interrupts can be generated automatically by the firmware on important events via EI (Enable Interrupt) or by the user in embedded DMC code via UI (User Interrupt). To use this function, -s EI must be used in the GOpen() address string to subscribe to interrupts.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
status_byte	A pointer to a GStatus to receive the status byte.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

GInterrupt() will block until an interrupt is received, or the function times out.

Note

If this function is called with a timeout of zero, a non-blocking read is performed. If interrupt data is waiting in the interrupt queue, the oldest byte will be popped off the queue. If there is no interrupt data queued, but there is data waiting in the socket or PCI FIFO, one read will be performed to process the waiting data. If new data is still not found after these two attempts, G_GCLIB_NON_BLOCKING_READ_EMPTY will be returned.

See x_ginterrupt.cpp for an example. See x_nonblocking.cpp for an example of non-blocking usage.

8.2.2.7 GMessage()

```
GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GMessage (
GCon g,
GCStringOut buffer,
GSize buffer_len )
```

Provides access to unsolicited messages from the controller.

To use this function, $\neg s$ MG must be used in the GOpen() address string to subscribe to messages. Unsolicited bytes must be flagged by the high-bit setting, CW 1. The driver will automatically set this when subscribing to messages. The user should not overwrite this setting.

Unsolicited messages are data generated by the controller that are not in response to a command, a data record, or an interrupt. Examples follow.

- 1. Data generated by the MG command from embedded code. MG sent from the host is solicited.
- 2. Any command in an embedded program that returns data, e.g. TP, RP, var=?
- 3. A run time error in an embedded program, e.g. ?55 i=var

Note

Messages are unframed byte streams. There is no guarantee that the user will get complete messages or single messages in a call to GMessage().

g	Connection's handle.	
buffer	The buffer to write the message data. The buffer will be null terminated.	
buffer_len	The length of the user's buffer.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

GMessage() will block until a message is received, or the function times out.

Note

If this function is called with a timeout of zero, a non-blocking read is performed. If message data has been processed since the last time the function was called, this data will be returned. If there is no processed message data, but there is data waiting in the socket or PCI FIFO, one read will be performed to process the waiting data. If new data is still not found after these two attempts, G_GCLIB_NON_BLOCKING_READ_E ← MPTY will be returned.

Warning

When sending message streams through gcaps, the following non-printable bytes are illegal, \$00-\$07 and \$10-\$17. These bytes may be routed to a third party device such as am HMI or display panel. See MG and CF.

See x_gmessage.cpp for an example. See x_nonblocking.cpp for an example of non-blocking usage.

8.2.2.8 GOpen()

Open a connection to a Galil Controller.

Parameters

address	Null-terminated address string. See table below.
g	Pointer to user's GCon variable. On success, the library will fill the user's variable with the handle to
	use for the rest of the connection. A valid ${\bf g}$ value is nonzero.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

address switch	Meaning	Arguments	Examples
		(default), other	
		options	
address	Simple address to hard-	IP address, PCI, COM port	address COM1
	ware		
-a	shorthand foraddress	See Address Ranges be-	-a GALILPCI1
		low	
{no switch}	address is implicit for		192.168.0.42
	any lone token		
baud	Baud rate	(115200), valid baud	COM2baud 19200
-b	shorthand forbaud		COM3 -b 38400
command	Command-and-response	(TCP), UDP	192.168.0.42
	socket protocol		command TCP
-c	shorthand forcommand		192.168.0.42 -c
			UDP

address switch	Meaning	Arguments (default), other	Examples
		options	
direct	Connect directly to hard-		-a GALILPCI2
	ware instead of via gcaps		direct
-d	shorthand fordirect		GALILPCI2 -d
handshake	Serial Handshake mode	(HARDWARE), NONE	COM1handshake
			NONE
p1	Primary port for	(23), valid port number	192.168.0.42p1
	command-and-response		5000
	traffic		
p2	Secondary port for unso-	(60007), valid port number	192.168.0.42p2
	licited traffic		5000
subscribe	Subscribe to messages,	(NONE), MG, DR, EI, ALL	192.168.0.42
	data records, and/or in-		subscribe MG
	terrupts		
-s	shorthand for		192.168.0.42 -s DR
	subscribe		-s EI
timeout	timeout in ms	(5000), <i>0-65535</i>	192.168.0.42
			timeout 5000
-t	shorthand fortimeout		GALILPCI2 -t 500
unsolicited	Unsolicited socket proto-	(UDP), TCP, NONE	192.168.0.42
	col		unsolicited TCP
-u	shorthand for		192.168.1.42 -u
	unsolicited		NONE

Operating System	Address Range	Notes
Windows	COM1 - COM256	RS232 and USB-to-serial
Linux	/dev/ttyS0-/dev/ttyS255	RS232
Linux	/dev/ttyUSB0-/dev/ttyUSB255	USB-to-serial, e.g. DMC-4103
Windows	GALILPCI1 - GALILPCI8	PCI
Linux	/dev/galilpci0-/dev/galilpci7	PCI

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

When connecting to a network device, if the command-and-response socket is opened successfully but the unsolicited socket fails, GOpen() will still complete successfully. This allows connection to a Galil controller when only one Ethernet handle is available. Unsolicited traffic will not be accessible in this case.

8.2.2.9 GProgramDownload()

Downloads a program to the controller's program buffer.

g	Connection's handle.
program	Null-terminated program for download.
preprocessor	Options string for preprocessing the program before sending it to the controller. Null allows the library to use defaults for the download. See the Program Preprocessor documentation for options.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_programs.cpp for an example.

Referenced by GProgramDownloadFile(), and GSetupDownloadFile().

8.2.2.10 GProgramUpload()

Uploads a program from the controller's program buffer.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.	
buffer	Buffer to receive the controller's program. The data will be null terminated unless function returns G_BAD_LOST_DATA due to the buffer being too small to hold the data.	
buffer_len	The length of the receive buffer.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_programs.cpp for an example.

Referenced by GProgramUploadFile().

8.2.2.11 GRead()

Performs a read on the connection.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
buffer	The user's read buffer.
buffer_len	The length of the user's read buffer.
bytes_read	Pointer to a GSize which will be filled with the number of bytes read upon return.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

Warning

This function is deprecated and will be removed in a future gclib version. Please contact Galil for needs not covered by the other gclib functions.

Unsolicited messages may be returned in the read data. The high bit of each message byte will be set unless the user changes the CW setting. Interrupts and Data Records are always filtered from a read.

See x_gread_gwrite.cpp for an example.

8.2.2.12 GRecord()

Provides a fresh copy of the controller's data record. Data is cast into a union, GDataRecord.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.	
record	A pointer to the user's DataRecord union to hold the copy.	
method	Determines the method for acquiring the data.	
	• G_QR: QR is used via command-and-response.	
	G_DR: DR is used for asynchronous acquisition.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

When using G_DR, the asynchronous data record must already be set up.

- -s DR must be used in the GOpen() address string to subscribe to records. The driver will automatically set the second argument of DR, where applicable.
- GRecordRate () should be issued to set DR to an appropriate interval, n. The interval must be no faster than the rate at which GRecord() is called.

GRecord() will block until the data record is received, or the transaction times out.

Note

If this function is called with a timeout of zero and the G_DR method, a non-blocking read is performed. If a data record has been processed since the last time the function was called, this data will be returned. If there is not a processed data reecord, but there is data waiting in the socket or PCI FIFO, one read will be performed to process the waiting data. If new data is still not found after these two attempts, G_GCLIB_NO \leftarrow N_BLOCKING_READ_EMPTY will be returned.

See x grecord.cpp for an example. See x nonblocking.cpp for an example of non-blocking usage.

8.2.2.13 GUtility()

```
GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GUtility ( \label{eq:gcall} \mbox{GCon } g,
```

```
GOption request,
GMemory memory1,
GMemory memory2 )
```

Provides read/write access to driver settings and convenience features based on the request variable.

Note

The open source library, gclibo.h, has wrappers for most of these utilities.

g	Connection's handle.	
request	Defines the request. Input/Output and type of memory are implicit in the value of request. The	
	following lists the supported request values.	

- G_UTIL_TIMEOUT Read initial timeout value, as specified in GOpen() via --timeout switch.
 - memory1 is output and must be an unsigned short*.
 - memory2 is ignored, use null.
- G UTIL TIMEOUT OVERRIDE See GTimeout(). Write/Read override timeout value.
 - memory1 is input. If nonnull, value must be a short* holding the override, in milliseconds, for the timeout. Write G_USE_INITIAL_TIMEOUT to use initial timeout. If null, no write occurs.
 - memory2 is output. If nonnul, value must be a short* which will be filled with the current override.
 G_USE_INITIAL_TIMEOUT indicates initial timeout used. If null, no read occurs. memory2 is processed before 'memory1'.
- G_UTIL_VERSION See GVersion(). Returns the library version. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null.
 - memory1 is output, and must be a char*. Data will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do so.
 - memory2 is input and must be an unsigned int* holding the length of the buffer in memory1.
- G UTIL INFO See GInfo(). Returns information about the connection.
 - memory1 is output and must be a char*. Data will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do so.
 - memory2 is input and must be an unsigned int* holding the length of the buffer in memory1.
- G_UTIL_SLEEP See GSleep(). Platform-independent, non-busy, sleep. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null.
 - memory1 is input and must be an unsigned int*, units are milliseconds.
 - memory2 is ignored, use null.
- G_UTIL_ADDRESSES see GAddresses(). Provides a \n delimited listing of all available IP addresses, PCI addresses, and COM ports. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null. The suffix −d will be appended to each address to indicate these addresses are available via direct connection. See G_UTIL_← GCAPS_ADDRESSES for addresses through gcaps.
 - memory1 is output and must be a char*. Data will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do so.
 - memory2 is input and must be an unsigned int∗ holding the length of the buffer in memory1.
- G_UTIL_IPREQUEST see GlpRequests(). Listens and returns a \n delimited listing of Galil MAC addresses sending BOOT-P or DHCP requests. The function will listen, and block, for roughly 5 seconds. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null.

- memory1 is output and must be a char*. Data will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do so.
- memory2 is input and must be an unsigned int* holding the length of the buffer in memory1.
- G_UTIL_ASSIGN see GAssign(). Provides a method to assign an IP address given a Galil MAC address. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null.
 - memory1 is input and must be a char* containing the null terminated address that is to be assigned.
 e.g. "192.168.0.43".
 - memory2 is input and must be a char* containing the null terminated controller MAC address. e.g. "00:50:4C:20:01:23".
- G_UTIL_DEVICE_INITIALIZE Provides a method to reinitialize a connection after a reset, e.g. an RS command. Depending on the device type, the appropriate commands will be sent to configure the communication bus for optimal performance.
 - memory1 is ignored, use null.
 - memory2 is ignored, use null.
- G_UTIL_PING Uses ICMP ping to determine if an IP address is reachable and assigned. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null.
 - memory1 is input and must be a char* containing the null terminated address that is to be pinged.
 e.g. "192.168.0.43".
 - memory2 is output and must be an int*. The value will be set to zero if the ping times out, and nonzero if a ping reply is returned.
- G_UTIL_ERROR_CONTEXT More error detail for the last error on GCon, where available. The internal error message is cleared upon read.
 - memory1 is output and must be a char*. Data will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do so.
 - memory2 is input and must be an unsigned int* holding the length of the buffer in memory1.

The following request values are for use with a gcaps server.

- G_UTIL_GCAPS_VERSION see GVersion(). Returns the gcaps server version. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null. This operation will connect to the server to determine the version.
 - memory1 is output and must be a char*. Data will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do so.
 - memory2 is input and must be an unsigned int* holding the length of the buffer in memory1.
- G_UTIL_GCAPS_KEEPALIVE Provides a method for kicking the gcaps server. After a default period of 10 minutes of inactivity, gcaps will disconnect the gclib client. To prevent a disconnect, communicate with the hardware or call G_UTIL_GCAPS_KEEPALIVE within the timeout period to reset the timer. The current interval can be optionally read and overwritten, however, the keep alive signal is only sent if memory1 and memory2 are both null.
 - memory1 is output. If nonnull, value must be an unsigned int* which will be filled with the current gcaps timeout, in ms.
 - memory2 is input. If nonnull, value must be an unsigned int* holding the new gcaps timeout, in ms, for connection q.
- G_UTIL_GCAPS_ADDRESSES see GAddresses(). Provides a \n delimited listing of all available IP addresses, PCI addresses, and COM ports as available from the gcaps server. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null.
 - memory1 is output and must be a char*. Data will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do so.
 - memory2 is input and must be an unsigned int* holding the length of the buffer in memory1.

• G_UTIL_GCAPS_IPREQUEST see GlpRequests(). Connects to gcaps and returns a \n delimited listing of Galil MAC addresses sending BOOT-P or DHCP requests. The function will block for roughly 5 seconds. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null.

- memory1 is output and must be a char*. Data will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do so.
- memory2 is input and must be an unsigned int* holding the length of the buffer in memory1.
- G_UTIL_GCAPS_ASSIGN see GAssign(). Provides a method to assign an IP address through gcaps given a Galil MAC address. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null.
 - memory1 is input and must be a char* containing the null terminated address that is to be assigned.
 e.g. "192.168.0.43".
 - memory2 is input and must be a char* containing the null terminated controller MAC address. e.g. "00:50:4C:20:01:23".
- G_UTIL_GCAPS_PING Uses ICMP ping to determine if an IP address is reachable and assigned. Ping sent from the gcaps server. A valid connection (g) is not necessary, i.e. g may be null.
 - memory1 is input and must be a char* containing the null terminated address that is to be pinged. e.g. "192.168.0.43".
 - memory2 is output and must be an int*. The value will be set to zero if the ping times out, and nonzero if a ping reply is returned.

Parameters

memory1	An untyped pointer to data required for request. The data type is defined by the request variable.
memory2	An untyped pointer to data required for request. The data type is defined by the request variable.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib errors.h for possible values.

See the following functions from gclibo, the open source portion, for implementation of several GUtility() requests.:

- GAddresses()
- GAssign()
- GInfo()
- GlpRequests()
- GSleep()
- GTimeout()
- GVersion()

Referenced by GAddresses(), GAssign(), GInfo(), GIpRequests(), GSleep(), GTimeout(), and GVersion().

8.2.2.14 GWrite()

Performs a write on the connection.

Parameters

	g	Connection's handle.	
	buffer	The user's write buffer. To send a Galil command, a terminating carriage return is usually required.	
Ī	buffer_len	The length of the data in the buffer.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values. If G_NO_ERROR is returned, all bytes were written.

Warning

This function is deprecated and will be removed in a future gclib version. Please contact Galil for needs not covered by the other gclib functions.

See x_gread_gwrite.cpp for an example.

8.3 qclib errors.h File Reference

Macros

• #define G NO ERROR 0

Return value if function succeeded.

- #define G_NO_ERROR_S "no error"
- #define G_GCLIB_ERROR -1

General library error. Indicates internal API caught an unexpected error. Contact Galil support if this error is returned, softwaresupport@galil.com.

- #define G_GCLIB_ERROR_S "gclib unexpected error"
- #define G GCLIB UTILITY ERROR -2

An invalid request value was specified to GUtility.

- #define G GCLIB UTILITY ERROR S "invalid request value or bad arguments were specified to GUtility()"
- #define G GCLIB UTILITY IP TAKEN -3

The IP cannot be assigned because ping returned a reply.

- #define G_GCLIB_UTILITY_IP_TAKEN_S "ip address is already taken by a device on the network"
- #define G_GCLIB_NON_BLOCKING_READ_EMPTY -4

GMessage, GInterrupt, and GRecord can be called with a zero timeout. If there wasn't data waiting in memory, this error is returned.

- #define G_GCLIB_NON_BLOCKING_READ_EMPTY_S "data was not waiting for a zero-timeout read"
- #define G_TIMEOUT -1100

Operation timed out. Timeout is set by the -timeout option in GOpen() and can be overriden by GSetting().

- #define G_TIMEOUT_S "device timed out"
- #define G_OPEN_ERROR -1101

Device could not be opened. E.G. Serial port or PCI device already open.

- #define G_OPEN_ERROR_S "device failed to open"
- #define G READ ERROR -1103

Device read failed. E.G. Socket was closed by remote host. See G_UTIL_GCAPS_KEEPALIVE.

- #define G READ ERROR S "device read error"
- #define G_WRITE_ERROR -1104

Device write failed. E.G. Socket was closed by remote host. See G_UTIL_GCAPS_KEEPALIVE.

#define G_WRITE_ERROR_S "device write error"

#define G INVALID PREPROCESSOR OPTIONS -1204

GProgramDownload was called with a bad preprocessor directive.

- #define G INVALID PREPROCESSOR OPTIONS S "preprocessor did not recognize options"
- #define G COMMAND CALLED WITH ILLEGAL COMMAND -1106

GCommand() was called with an illegal command, e.g. ED, DL or QD.

- #define G_COMMAND_CALLED_WITH_ILLEGAL_COMMAND_S "illegal command passed to command call"
- #define G DATA RECORD ERROR -1107

Data record error, e.g. DR attempted on serial connection.

- · #define G DATA RECORD ERROR S "data record error"
- #define G UNSUPPORTED FUNCTION -1109

Function cannot be called on this bus. E.G. GInterrupt() on serial.

- #define G_UNSUPPORTED_FUNCTION_S "function not supported on this communication bus"
- #define G_FIRMWARE_LOAD_NOT_SUPPORTED -1110

Firmware is not supported on this bus, e.g. Ethernet for the DMC-21x3 series.

- #define G_FIRMWARE_LOAD_NOT_SUPPORTED_S "firmware cannot be loaded on this communication bus to this hardware"
- #define G ARRAY NOT DIMENSIONED -1200

Array operation was called on an array that was not in the controller's array table, see LA command.

- #define G ARRAY NOT DIMENSIONED S "array not dimensioned on controller or wrong size"
- #define G_ILLEGAL_DATA_IN_PROGRAM -1202

Data to download not valid, e.g. \ in data.

- #define G ILLEGAL DATA IN PROGRAM S "illegal ASCII character in program"
- #define G_UNABLE_TO_COMPRESS_PROGRAM_TO_FIT -1203

Program preprocessor could not compress the program within the user's constraints.

- #define G_UNABLE_TO_COMPRESS_PROGRAM_TO_FIT_S "program cannot be compressed to fit on the controller"
- #define G_BAD_RESPONSE_QUESTION_MARK -10000

Operation received a ?, indicating controller has a TC error.

- #define G_BAD_RESPONSE_QUESTION_MARK_S "question mark returned by controller"
- #define G_BAD_VALUE_RANGE -10002

Bad value or range, e.g. GCon g variable passed to function was bad.

- #define G BAD VALUE RANGE S "value passed to function was bad or out of range"
- #define G_BAD_FULL_MEMORY -10003

Not enough memory for an operation, e.g. all connections allowed for a process already taken.

- #define G_BAD_FULL_MEMORY_S "operation could not complete because of a memory error"
- #define G_BAD_LOST_DATA -10004

Lost data, e.g. GCommand() response buffer was too small for the controller's response.

- #define G_BAD_LOST_DATA_S "data was lost due to buffer or fifo limitations"
- #define G_BAD_FILE -10005

Bad file path, bad file contents, or bad write.

- #define G_BAD_FILE_S "file was not found, contents are invalid, or write failed"
- #define G BAD ADDRESS -10006

Bad address.

- #define G_BAD_ADDRESS_S "a bad address was specified in open"
- #define G BAD FIRMWARE LOAD -10008

Bad firmware upgrade.

- #define G_BAD_FIRMWARE_LOAD_S "Firmware upgrade failed"
- #define G GCAPS OPEN ERROR -20000

gcaps connection couldn't open. Server is not running or is not reachable.

- #define G_GCAPS_OPEN_ERROR_S "gcaps connection could not be opened"
- #define G GCAPS SUBSCRIPTION ERROR -20002

GMessage(), GRecord(), GInterrupt() called on a connection without –subscribe switch.

• #define G GCAPS SUBSCRIPTION ERROR S "function requires subscription not specified in GOpen()"

8.3.1 Detailed Description

Defines values for the Galil C Library return codes and error strings.

8.4 gclib_record.h File Reference

Data Structures

struct GDataRecord4000

Data record struct for DMC-4000 controllers, including 4000, 4200, 4103, and 500x0.

• struct GDataRecord52000

Data record struct for DMC-52000 controller. Same as DMC-4000, with bank indicator added at byte 40.

struct GDataRecord1806

Data record struct for DMC-1806 controller.

struct GDataRecord2103

Data record struct for DMC-2103 controllers.

- struct GDataRecord1802
- struct GDataRecord30000

Data record struct for DMC-30010 controllers.

struct GDataRecord47000 ENC

Data record struct for RIO-471xx and RIO-472xx PLCs. Includes encoder fields.

struct GDataRecord47300_ENC

Data record struct for RIO-47300. Includes encoder fields.

• struct GDataRecord47300 24EX

Data record struct for RIO-47300 with 24EX I/O daughter board.

union GDataRecord

Data record union, containing all structs and a generic byte array accessor.

Macros

• #define GALILDATARECORDMAXLENGTH 512

Max size for any Galil data record, equal to dual port ram size of PCI.

Typedefs

- · typedef unsigned char UB
- · typedef unsigned short UW
- · typedef short SW
- · typedef int SL
- · typedef unsigned int UL

8.4.1 Detailed Description

Defines a union for data records. Each supported controller has a struct member in the union with named record types. Offsets into the data record can also be used by referencing the member byte_array.

8.5 gclibo.c File Reference

```
#include "gclibo.h"
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
```

Functions

void GCALL GSleep (unsigned int timeout_ms)

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_SLEEP to provide a blocking sleep call which can be useful for timing-based chores.

GReturn GCALL GVersion (GCStringOut ver, GSize ver_len)

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_VERSION and G_UTIL_GCAPS_VERSION to provide the library and gcaps version numbers.

• GReturn GCALL GInfo (GCon g, GCStringOut info, GSize info_len)

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_INFO to provide a useful connection string.

GReturn GCALL GAddresses (GCStringOut addresses, GSize addresses len)

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_ADDRESSES or G_UTIL_ADDRESSES to provide a listing of all available connection addresses.

GReturn GCALL GTimeout (GCon g, short timeout_ms)

Uses GUtility() and G UTIL TIMEOUT OVERRIDE to set the library timeout.

GReturn GCALL GAssign (GCStringIn ip, GCStringIn mac)

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_ASSIGN or G_UTIL_ASSIGN to assign an IP address over the Ethernet to a controller at a given MAC address.

• GReturn GCALL GlpRequests (GCStringOut requests, GSize requests_len)

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_IPREQUEST or G_UTIL_IPREQUEST to provide a list of all Galil controllers requesting IP addresses via BOOT-P or DHCP.

GReturn GCALL GCmd (GCon g, GCStringIn command)

Wrapper around GCommand for use when the return value is not desired.

GReturn GCALL GCmdT (GCon g, GCStringIn command, GCStringOut trimmed_response, GSize response_len, GCStringOut *front)

Wrapper around GCommand that trims the response.

• GReturn GCALL GCmdl (GCon g, GCStringIn command, int *value)

Wrapper around GCommand that provides the return value of a command parsed into an int.

GReturn GCALL GCmdD (GCon g, GCStringIn command, double *value)

Wrapper around GCommand that provides the return value of a command parsed into a double.

• GReturn GCALL GMotionComplete (GCon g, GCStringIn axes)

Blocking call that returns once all axes specified have completed their motion.

GReturn GCALL GRecordRate (GCon g, double period_ms)

Sets the asynchronous data record to a user-specified period via DR.

GReturn GCALL GProgramDownloadFile (GCon g, GCStringIn file_path, GCStringIn preprocessor)

Program download from file.

• GReturn GCALL GProgramUploadFile (GCon g, GCStringIn file_path)

Program upload to file.

• void GCALL GError (GReturn rc, GCStringOut error, GSize error_len)

Provides a human-readable description string for return codes.

8.5.1 Detailed Description

Partial implementation of gclibo.h

8.5.2 Function Documentation

8.5.2.1 GAddresses()

```
GReturn GCALL GAddresses (

GCStringOut addresses,

GSize addresses_len )
```

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_ADDRESSES or G_UTIL_ADDRESSES to provide a listing of all available connection addresses.

Note

Serial ports are listed, e.g. COM1. Upon open, it may be necessary to specify a baud rate for the controller, e.g. --baud 19200. Default baud is 115200. See GOpen().

Parameters

addresses	Buffer to hold the output string. Buffer will be null terminated, even if the data must be	
	truncated to do so. See below for more information.	
addresses_len	Length of buffer.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib errors.h for possible values.

If gcaps is available, the listing will come from the server via G_UTIL_GCAPS_ADDRESSES. In the absence of the server, gclib will use G_UTIL_ADDRESSES to generate the list.

- Ethernet controllers will be listed as ip_address, revision_report, network_adaptor_name, network_adaptor
 _ip_address. If an IP address is unreachable via ping, the address will be in parentheses.
- PCI controllers will be listed by their identifier, e.g. GALILPCI1.
- · Serial ports will be listed by their identifier, e.g. COM1.

```
10.1.3.91, DMC4020 Rev 1.2e, LAN, 10.1.3.10
192.168.0.63, DMC4040 Rev 1.2f, Static, 192.168.0.41
(192.0.0.42), RIO47102 Rev 1.1j, Static, 192.168.0.41
GALILPCI1
COM1
```

Note

GAddresses() will take up to 1 second to look for gcaps.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 50 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_UTIL_ADDRESSES, G_UTIL_GCAPS_ADDRESSES, and GUtility().

8.5.2.2 GAssign()

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_ASSIGN or G_UTIL_ASSIGN to assign an IP address over the Ethernet to a controller at a given MAC address.

Parameters

ip	The null-terminated ip address to assign. The hardware should not yet have an IP address.
mac	The null-terminated MAC address of the hardware.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib errors.h for possible values.

On Linux and Mac, the desired IP address will be pinged prior to the assignment. If the ping is returned, GAssign() will return G_GCLIB_UTILITY_IP_TAKEN.

If gcaps is available, the assign will be performed from the server via G_UTIL_GCAPS_ASSIGN. In the absence of the server, gclib will use G_UTIL_ASSIGN to assign.

Attention

When not using gcaps, Linux/OS X users must be root to use GAssign() and have UDP access to send on port 68.

Note

GAssign() will take up to 1 second to look for gcaps.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 66 of file gclibo.c.

References G_GCLIB_UTILITY_IP_TAKEN, G_NO_ERROR, G_UTIL_ASSIGN, G_UTIL_GCAPS_ASSIGN, G_UTIL_GCAPS_PING, G_UTIL_PING, and GUtility().

8.5.2.3 GCmd()

Wrapper around GCommand for use when the return value is not desired.

The returned data is still checked for error, e.g. ? or timeout, but is not brought out through the prototype.

g	Connection's handle.
command	Null-terminated command string to send to the controller.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 110 of file gclibo.c.

References G_SMALL_BUFFER, and GCommand().

Referenced by GRecordRate(), H_DownloadArraysFromList(), and H_DownloadData().

8.5.2.4 GCmdD()

```
GReturn GCALL GCmdD (
          GCon g,
          GCStringIn command,
          double * value )
```

Wrapper around GCommand that provides the return value of a command parsed into a double.

Use this function to retrieve the full Galil 4.2 range, e.g. for a variable value with fractional data, or the value of an Analog input or Output.

Parameters

9	1	Connection's handle.
С	ommand	Null-terminated command string to send to the controller.
V	alue	Pointer to a double that will be filled with the return value.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 162 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_SMALL_BUFFER, and GCommand().

Referenced by GRecordRate().

8.5.2.5 GCmdI()

Wrapper around GCommand that provides the return value of a command parsed into an int.

Use this function to get most values including TP, RP, TE, Digital I/O states, etc.

g	Connection's handle.
command	Null-terminated command string to send to the controller.
value	Pointer to an int that will be filled with the return value.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 151 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_SMALL_BUFFER, and GCommand().

8.5.2.6 GCmdT()

Wrapper around GCommand that trims the response.

For use when the return value is desired, is ASCII (not binary), and the response should be trimmed of trailing colon, whitespace, and optionally leading space.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
command	Null-terminated command string to send to the controller.
trimmed_response	The trimmed response from the controller. Trailing space is trimmed by null terminating any trailing spaces, carriage returns, or line feeds.
response_len	The length of the trimmed_response buffer.
front	If non-null, upon return *front will point to the first non-space character in trimmed_response. This allows trimming the front of the string without modifying the user's buffer pointer, which may be allocated on the heap.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 116 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, and GCommand().

Referenced by GArrayUploadFile(), and GRecordRate().

8.5.2.7 GError()

Provides a human-readable description string for return codes.

Parameters

rc	The return code to lookup.
error	The buffer to fill with the error text. Buffer will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated
	to do so.
error_len	The length of the error buffer.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 316 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR.

8.5.2.8 GInfo()

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_INFO to provide a useful connection string.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
info	Buffer to hold the output string. Buffer will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to
	do so.
info_len	Length of buffer.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

The response is address, revision_report, serial_number. For example:

```
COM2, RIO47102 Rev 1.1j, 37290
```

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 45 of file gclibo.c.

References G_UTIL_INFO, and GUtility().

8.5.2.9 GlpRequests()

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_IPREQUEST or G_UTIL_IPREQUEST to provide a list of all Galil controllers requesting IP addresses via BOOT-P or DHCP.

requests	The buffer to hold the list of requesting controllers. Data will be null terminated, even if the data
	must be truncated to do so. See below for more information.
requests_len	The length of the requests buffer.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

GlpRequests() will block about 5 seconds while listening for requests.

If gcaps is available, the listing will come from the server via G_UTIL_GCAPS_IPREQUEST. In the absence of the server, gclib will use G_UTIL_IPREQUEST to generate the list.

Attention

When not using gcaps, Linux/OS X users must be root to use GlpRequests() and have UDP access to bind and listen on port 67.

Each line of the returned data will be of the form *model, serial_number, MAC_address, network_adaptor_name, network_adaptor_ip_address.* For example:

```
DMC4000, 291, 00:50:4C:20:01:23, LAN, 10.1.3.10 RIO47000, 37290, 00:50:4C:28:91:AA, Static, 192.168.0.41
```

Note

GlpRequests() will take up to 1 second to look for gcaps.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 99 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_UTIL_GCAPS_IPREQUEST, G_UTIL_IPREQUEST, and GUtility().

8.5.2.10 GMotionComplete()

Blocking call that returns once all axes specified have completed their motion.

Note

This function uses a profiled motion indicator, not the position of the encoder. E.G. see the difference between AM (profiled) and MC (encoder-based).

Although using the _BGm operand is the most generally compatible method, there are higher-performance ways to check for motion complete by using the data record, or interrupts. See examples x_dr_{motion} and x_{motion} ei motioncomplete().

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
axes	A null-terminated string containing a multiple-axes mask. Every character in the string should be a valid
	argument to MG_BGm, i.e. XYZWABCDEFGHST.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gmotioncomplete.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 173 of file gclibo.c.

References G NO ERROR, G SMALL BUFFER, GCommand(), GSleep(), and POLLINGINTERVAL.

8.5.2.11 GProgramDownloadFile()

Program download from file.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
file_path	Null-terminated string containing the path to the program file.
preprocessor	Options string for preprocessing the program before sending it to the controller. See GProgramDownload().

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_programs.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 244 of file gclibo.c.

References G_BAD_FILE, G_BAD_FULL_MEMORY, G_NO_ERROR, and GProgramDownload().

8.5.2.12 GProgramUploadFile()

Program upload to file.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
file_path	Null-terminated string containing the path to the program file, file will be overwritten if it exists.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_programs.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 287 of file gclibo.c.

References G_BAD_FILE, G_BAD_FULL_MEMORY, G_NO_ERROR, GProgramUpload(), and MAXPROG.

8.5.2.13 GRecordRate()

Sets the asynchronous data record to a user-specified period via DR.

Takes TM and product type into account and sets the DR period to the period requested by the user, if possible.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
period_ms	Period, in milliseconds, to set up for the asynchronous data record.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_grecord.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 199 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_SMALL_BUFFER, GCmd(), GCmdD(), and GCmdT().

8.5.2.14 GSleep()

```
void GCALL GSleep (
          unsigned int timeout_ms)
```

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_SLEEP to provide a blocking sleep call which can be useful for timing-based chores.

Parameters

timeout_ms	The timeout, in milliseconds, to block before returning.
------------	--

See GMotionComplete() for an example.

Definition at line 20 of file gclibo.c.

References G UTIL SLEEP, and GUtility().

Referenced by GMotionComplete().

8.5.2.15 GTimeout()

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_TIMEOUT_OVERRIDE to set the library timeout.

g	Connection's handle.
timeout_ms	The value to be used for the timeout. Use G_USE_INITIAL_TIMEOUT to set the timeout
	back to the initial GOpen() value,timeout.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp and x_gread_gwrite.cpp for examples.

Definition at line 61 of file gclibo.c.

References G_UTIL_TIMEOUT_OVERRIDE, and GUtility().

8.5.2.16 GVersion()

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_VERSION and G_UTIL_GCAPS_VERSION to provide the library and gcaps version numbers.

Parameters

ver	Buffer to hold the output string. Buffer will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do	
	SO.	
ver_len	Length of buffer.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

The version number of gclib is provided first. If the gcaps server can be found, its version will be provided after a space.

Example with gcaps version.

```
154.190.329 1.0.0.82
```

Example with gclib version only.

```
154.190.329
```

Note

GVersion() will take up to 1 second to look for gcaps.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 25 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_UTIL_GCAPS_VERSION, G_UTIL_VERSION, and GUtility().

8.6 gclibo.h File Reference

```
#include "gclib.h"
```

Macros

- #define GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED
- #define GCALL __stdcall
- #define MALLOCBUF G_HUGE_BUFFER

Malloc used for large program and array uploads.

#define MAXPROG MALLOCBUF

Maximum size for a program.

#define MAXARRAY MALLOCBUF

Maximum size for an array table upload.

#define POLLINGINTERVAL 100

Interval, in milliseconds, for polling commands, e.g. GMotionComplete().

#define G USE GCAPS

Use the GCAPS server in GAddresses(), GAssign(), GlpRequests(), and GVersion(). To avoid GCAPS, comment out this line and recompile, http://galil.com/sw/pub/all/doc/gclib/html/gclibo.html.

Functions

• GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED void GCALL GSleep (unsigned int timeout_ms)

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_SLEEP to provide a blocking sleep call which can be useful for timing-based chores.

• GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GVersion (GCStringOut ver, GSize ver_len)

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_VERSION and G_UTIL_GCAPS_VERSION to provide the library and gcaps version numbers

• GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GAddresses (GCStringOut addresses, GSize addresses_len)

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_ADDRESSES or G_UTIL_ADDRESSES to provide a listing of all available connection addresses.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GInfo (GCon g, GCStringOut info, GSize info_len)

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_INFO to provide a useful connection string.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GTimeout (GCon g, short timeout_ms)

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_TIMEOUT_OVERRIDE to set the library timeout.

• GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GCmd (GCon g, GCStringIn command)

Wrapper around GCommand for use when the return value is not desired.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GCmdT (GCon g, GCStringIn command, GCStringOut trimmed
 —response, GSize response_len, GCStringOut *front)

Wrapper around GCommand that trims the response.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GCmdl (GCon g, GCStringIn command, int *value)

Wrapper around GCommand that provides the return value of a command parsed into an int.

• GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GCmdD (GCon g, GCStringIn command, double *value)

Wrapper around GCommand that provides the return value of a command parsed into a double.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GMotionComplete (GCon g, GCStringIn axes)

Blocking call that returns once all axes specified have completed their motion.

• GCLIB DLL EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GRecordRate (GCon g, double period ms)

Sets the asynchronous data record to a user-specified period via DR.

• GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GProgramDownloadFile (GCon g, GCStringIn file_path, GCStringIn preprocessor)

Program download from file.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GProgramUploadFile (GCon g, GCStringIn file_path)

Program upload to file.

· GCLIB DLL EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GArrayDownloadFile (GCon g, GCStringIn file path)

Array download from file.

GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GArrayUploadFile (GCon g, GCStringIn file_path, GCStringIn names)

Array upload to file.

- GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GlpRequests (GCStringOut requests, GSize requests_len)
 Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_IPREQUEST or G_UTIL_IPREQUEST to provide a list of all Galil controllers requesting IP addresses via BOOT-P or DHCP.
- GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GAssign (GCStringIn ip, GCStringIn mac)
 Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_ASSIGN or G_UTIL_ASSIGN to assign an IP address over the Ethernet to a controller at a given MAC address.
- GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED void GCALL GError (GReturn rc, GCStringOut error, GSize error_len)
 Provides a human-readable description string for return codes.
- GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GSetupDownloadFile (GCon g, GCStringIn file_path, GOption options, GCStringOut info, GSize info_len)

Download a saved controller configuration from a file.

8.6.1 Detailed Description

Open-source convenience functions for Galil C Lib. Please email softwarefeedback@galil.com with suggestions for useful/missing functions.

8.6.2 Function Documentation

8.6.2.1 GAddresses()

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_ADDRESSES or G_UTIL_ADDRESSES to provide a listing of all available connection addresses.

Note

Serial ports are listed, e.g. COM1. Upon open, it may be necessary to specify a baud rate for the controller, e.g. --baud 19200. Default baud is 115200. See GOpen().

Parameters

addresses	Buffer to hold the output string. Buffer will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do so. See below for more information.
addresses_len	Length of buffer.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib errors.h for possible values.

If gcaps is available, the listing will come from the server via G_UTIL_GCAPS_ADDRESSES. In the absence of the server, gclib will use G_UTIL_ADDRESSES to generate the list.

- Ethernet controllers will be listed as ip_address, revision_report, network_adaptor_name, network_adaptor
 _ip_address. If an IP address is unreachable via ping, the address will be in parentheses.
- PCI controllers will be listed by their identifier, e.g. GALILPCI1.
- Serial ports will be listed by their identifier, e.g. COM1.

```
10.1.3.91, DMC4020 Rev 1.2e, LAN, 10.1.3.10
192.168.0.63, DMC4040 Rev 1.2f, Static, 192.168.0.41
(192.0.0.42), RIO47102 Rev 1.1j, Static, 192.168.0.41
GALILPCI1
COM1
```

Note

GAddresses() will take up to 1 second to look for gcaps.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 50 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_UTIL_ADDRESSES, G_UTIL_GCAPS_ADDRESSES, and GUtility().

8.6.2.2 GArrayDownloadFile()

Array download from file.

Downloads a csv file containing array data at file_path. If the arrays don't exist, they will be dimensioned.

Parameters

g		Connection's handle.
file_pa	h	Null-terminated string containing the path to the array file.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib errors.h for possible values.

See x_arrays.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 370 of file arrays.c.

References G_BAD_FILE, G_NO_ERROR, and H_ArrayDownloadFromMemory().

8.6.2.3 GArrayUploadFile()

Array upload to file.

Uploads the entire controller array table or a subset and saves the data as a csv file specified by file_path.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
file_path	Null-terminated string containing the path to the array file, file will be overwritten if it exists.

Parameters

names	Null-terminated string containing the arrays to upload, delimited with space. "" or null uploads all
	arrays listed in LA.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib errors.h for possible values.

See x_arrays.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 398 of file arrays.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, GCmdT(), H_FreeArrays(), H_InitArrayNode(), H_UploadArrayToList(), and H_Write ← ArrayCsv().

8.6.2.4 GAssign()

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_ASSIGN or G_UTIL_ASSIGN to assign an IP address over the Ethernet to a controller at a given MAC address.

Parameters

ip	The null-terminated ip address to assign. The hardware should not yet have an IP address.
mac	The null-terminated MAC address of the hardware.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

On Linux and Mac, the desired IP address will be pinged prior to the assignment. If the ping is returned, GAssign() will return G_GCLIB_UTILITY_IP_TAKEN.

If gcaps is available, the assign will be performed from the server via G_UTIL_GCAPS_ASSIGN. In the absence of the server, gclib will use G_UTIL_ASSIGN to assign.

Attention

When not using gcaps, Linux/OS X users must be root to use GAssign() and have UDP access to send on port 68.

Note

GAssign() will take up to 1 second to look for gcaps.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 66 of file gclibo.c.

 $\label{eq:condition} References\ G_GCLIB_UTILITY_IP_TAKEN,\ G_NO_ERROR,\ G_UTIL_ASSIGN,\ G_UTIL_GCAPS_ASSIGN,\ G_UTIL_GCAPS_ASSIGN,\ G_UTIL_GCAPS_PING,\ G_UTIL_PING,\ and\ GUtility().$

8.6.2.5 GCmd()

Wrapper around GCommand for use when the return value is not desired.

The returned data is still checked for error, e.g. ? or timeout, but is not brought out through the prototype.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
command	Null-terminated command string to send to the controller.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 110 of file gclibo.c.

References G_SMALL_BUFFER, and GCommand().

Referenced by GRecordRate(), H_DownloadArraysFromList(), and H_DownloadData().

8.6.2.6 GCmdD()

Wrapper around GCommand that provides the return value of a command parsed into a double.

Use this function to retrieve the full Galil 4.2 range, e.g. for a variable value with fractional data, or the value of an Analog input or Output.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
command	Null-terminated command string to send to the controller.
value	Pointer to a double that will be filled with the return value.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 162 of file gclibo.c.

References G NO ERROR, G SMALL BUFFER, and GCommand().

Referenced by GRecordRate().

8.6.2.7 GCmdI()

Wrapper around GCommand that provides the return value of a command parsed into an int.

Use this function to get most values including TP, RP, TE, Digital I/O states, etc.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
command	Null-terminated command string to send to the controller.
value	Pointer to an int that will be filled with the return value.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 151 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_SMALL_BUFFER, and GCommand().

8.6.2.8 GCmdT()

Wrapper around GCommand that trims the response.

For use when the return value is desired, is ASCII (not binary), and the response should be trimmed of trailing colon, whitespace, and optionally leading space.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
command	Null-terminated command string to send to the controller.
trimmed_response	The trimmed response from the controller. Trailing space is trimmed by null terminating any trailing spaces, carriage returns, or line feeds.
response_len	The length of the trimmed_response buffer.
front	If non-null, upon return *front will point to the first non-space character in trimmed_response. This allows trimming the front of the string without modifying the user's buffer pointer, which may be allocated on the heap.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 116 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, and GCommand().

Referenced by GArrayUploadFile(), and GRecordRate().

8.6.2.9 **GError()**

Provides a human-readable description string for return codes.

Parameters

rc	The return code to lookup.
error	The buffer to fill with the error text. Buffer will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated
	to do so.
error_len	The length of the error buffer.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 316 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR.

8.6.2.10 GInfo()

```
GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GInfo (
          GCon g,
          GCStringOut info,
          GSize info_len )
```

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_INFO to provide a useful connection string.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
info	Buffer to hold the output string. Buffer will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to
	do so.
info_len	Length of buffer.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

The response is *address*, *revision_report*, *serial_number*. For example:

```
COM2, RIO47102 Rev 1.1j, 37290
```

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 45 of file gclibo.c.

References G_UTIL_INFO, and GUtility().

8.6.2.11 GlpRequests()

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_GCAPS_IPREQUEST or G_UTIL_IPREQUEST to provide a list of all Galil controllers requesting IP addresses via BOOT-P or DHCP.

Parameters

requests	The buffer to hold the list of requesting controllers. Data will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do so. See below for more information.
requests_len	The length of the requests buffer.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

GlpRequests() will block about 5 seconds while listening for requests.

If gcaps is available, the listing will come from the server via G_UTIL_GCAPS_IPREQUEST. In the absence of the server, gclib will use G_UTIL_IPREQUEST to generate the list.

Attention

When not using gcaps, Linux/OS X users must be root to use GlpRequests() and have UDP access to bind and listen on port 67.

Each line of the returned data will be of the form *model, serial_number, MAC_address, network_adaptor_name, network_adaptor_ip_address.* For example:

```
DMC4000, 291, 00:50:4C:20:01:23, LAN, 10.1.3.10
RIO47000, 37290, 00:50:4C:28:91:AA, Static, 192.168.0.41
```

Note

GlpRequests() will take up to 1 second to look for gcaps.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 99 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_UTIL_GCAPS_IPREQUEST, G_UTIL_IPREQUEST, and GUtility().

8.6.2.12 GMotionComplete()

Blocking call that returns once all axes specified have completed their motion.

Note

This function uses a profiled motion indicator, not the position of the encoder. E.G. see the difference between AM (profiled) and MC (encoder-based).

Although using the _BGm operand is the most generally compatible method, there are higher-performance ways to check for motion complete by using the data record, or interrupts. See examples $x_dr_{motioncomplete}$ and $x_{ei}_{motioncomplete}$.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.	1
axes	A null-terminated string containing a multiple-axes mask. Every character in the string should be a valid	Ī
	argument to MG_BGm, i.e. XYZWABCDEFGHST.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gmotioncomplete.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 173 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_SMALL_BUFFER, GCommand(), GSleep(), and POLLINGINTERVAL.

8.6.2.13 GProgramDownloadFile()

Program download from file.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.	
file_path	Null-terminated string containing the path to the program file.	
preprocessor	Options string for preprocessing the program before sending it to the controller. See GProgramDownload().	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_programs.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 244 of file gclibo.c.

References G_BAD_FILE, G_BAD_FULL_MEMORY, G_NO_ERROR, and GProgramDownload().

8.6.2.14 GProgramUploadFile()

```
{\tt GCLIB\_DLL\_EXPORTED} \ \ {\tt GReturn} \ \ {\tt GCALL} \ \ {\tt GProgramUploadFile} \ \ (
```

```
GCon g,
GCStringIn file_path )
```

Program upload to file.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
file_path	Null-terminated string containing the path to the program file, file will be overwritten if it exists.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib errors.h for possible values.

See x_programs.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 287 of file gclibo.c.

References G_BAD_FILE, G_BAD_FULL_MEMORY, G_NO_ERROR, GProgramUpload(), and MAXPROG.

8.6.2.15 GRecordRate()

Sets the asynchronous data record to a user-specified period via DR.

Takes TM and product type into account and sets the DR period to the period requested by the user, if possible.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.
period_ms	Period, in milliseconds, to set up for the asynchronous data record.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_grecord.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 199 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_SMALL_BUFFER, GCmd(), GCmdD(), and GCmdT().

8.6.2.16 GSetupDownloadFile()

```
GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED GReturn GCALL GSetupDownloadFile (
    GCon g,
    GCStringIn file_path,
    GOption options,
    GCStringOut info,
    GSize info_len )
```

Download a saved controller configuration from a file.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.	
file_path Null-terminated string containing the path to the program file.		
options	Bit mask to determine what configuration data to download. See below for all options.	
info	Optional pointer to a buffer to store the controller info. If no info is needed, specify as NULL.	
info_len	Length of optional info buffer. If no info is needed, specify as NULL.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. If the options parameter is set to 0, the return value will be a bit mask indicating which sectors in the specified GCB are not empty. Otherwise, see gclib_errors.h for possible error values.

Note

By default, GSetupDownloadFile() will stop immediately if an error is encountered downloading data. This can be overridden in the options parameter. An example of when you might override this setting: You have a backup from an 8-axis controller and want to restore the parameters for the first 4 axes to a 4-axis controller.

If both info and info len are not NULL, the controller information will be provided regardless of the options parameter.

The options parameter is a bit mask. If options is set to 0, GSetupDownloadFile() will return a bit mask indicating which sectors in the specified GCB are not empty. The following contains a list of all currently available options:

Bit	Value	Function	Description	
1	0x0002	Restore parameters	KPA, KIA, KDA, etc	
3	0x0008	Restore variables	Variables are listed by the LV command	
4	0x0010	Restore arrays	Arrays are listed by the LA command	
5	0x0020	Restore program	The program is listed by the LS command	
31	0x8000	Ignore errors	Ignore invalid parameter errors and continue restoring da GSetupDownloadFile() will still stop immediately if a connection is or other fatal error is encountered	

Usage example:

```
GCCon g;
GOption opt = 0;

GCStringOut info;
GSize info_len = 4096;

GReturn rc = GOpen("192.168.0.50", &g);
if (rc) return rc;

// Call GSetupDownloadFile() with options set to 0 so we can get the non-empty sector bit mask opt = GSetupDownloadFile(g, "C:\\path\\to\\gcb\\file.gcb", 0, NULL, NULL);

info = (GCStringOut)malloc(sizeof(GCStringOut) * info_len);

// Call GSetupDownloadFile() with the bit mask returned in the previous function call rc = GSetupDownloadFile(g, "C:\\path\\to\\gcb\\file.gcb", opt, info, info_len);

printf("Info:\n\n\%s", info);

GClose(g);

free(info);
return rc;
```

Definition at line 465 of file arrays.c.

References G_BAD_FILE, G_NO_ERROR, GProgramDownload(), H_ArrayDownloadFromMemory(), H_{\leftarrow} DownloadData(), and H_{\leftarrow} FindSector().

8.6.2.17 GSleep()

```
GCLIB_DLL_EXPORTED void GCALL GSleep (
          unsigned int timeout_ms )
```

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_SLEEP to provide a blocking sleep call which can be useful for timing-based chores.

Parameters

timeout_ms	The timeout, in milliseconds, to block before returning.
------------	--

See GMotionComplete() for an example.

Definition at line 20 of file gclibo.c.

References G_UTIL_SLEEP, and GUtility().

Referenced by GMotionComplete().

8.6.2.18 GTimeout()

Uses GUtility() and G_UTIL_TIMEOUT_OVERRIDE to set the library timeout.

Parameters

g	Connection's handle.	
timeout_ms	The value to be used for the timeout. Use <code>G_USE_INITIAL_TIMEOUT</code> to set the timeout	
	back to the initial GOpen() value,timeout.	

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

See x_gcommand.cpp and x_gread_gwrite.cpp for examples.

Definition at line 61 of file gclibo.c.

References G_UTIL_TIMEOUT_OVERRIDE, and GUtility().

8.6.2.19 GVersion()

Uses GUtility(), G_UTIL_VERSION and G_UTIL_GCAPS_VERSION to provide the library and gcaps version numbers.

Parameters

ver	Buffer to hold the output string. Buffer will be null terminated, even if the data must be truncated to do
	SO.
ver_len	Length of buffer.

Returns

The success status or error code of the function. See gclib_errors.h for possible values.

The version number of gclib is provided first. If the gcaps server can be found, its version will be provided after a space.

Example with gcaps version.

154.190.329 1.0.0.82

Example with gclib version only.

154.190.329

Note

GVersion() will take up to 1 second to look for gcaps.

See x_examples.cpp for an example.

Definition at line 25 of file gclibo.c.

References G_NO_ERROR, G_UTIL_GCAPS_VERSION, G_UTIL_VERSION, and GUtility().

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