

Purplefinder Enterprise Platform Security with LDAP

Peter Potts

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Resources

- Manning Book: LDAP Programming, Management and Integration
- Apache Documentation & download:
<http://directory.apache.org>
- PEP R2 LDAP Example:
<http://repository.enterprise.purplefinder.com>
- Available on public Maven repositories.

Directory Service

- A directory service is a system that stores and provides access to information in a directory.
- A directory is a map between names and values.

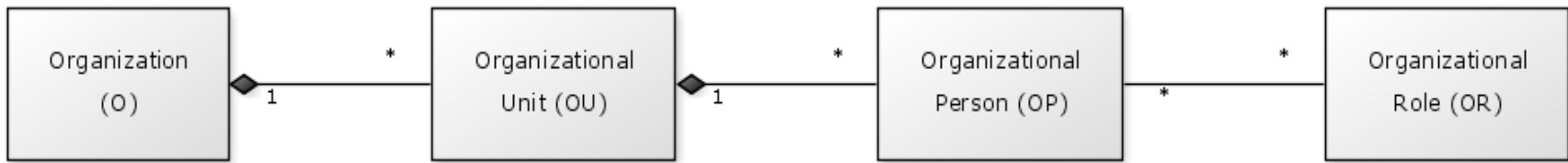
Example 1: A telephone directory is map from peoples names to telephone numbers.

Example 2: Domain Name System (DNS) is a hierarchical naming system for computers and services connected to the internet.

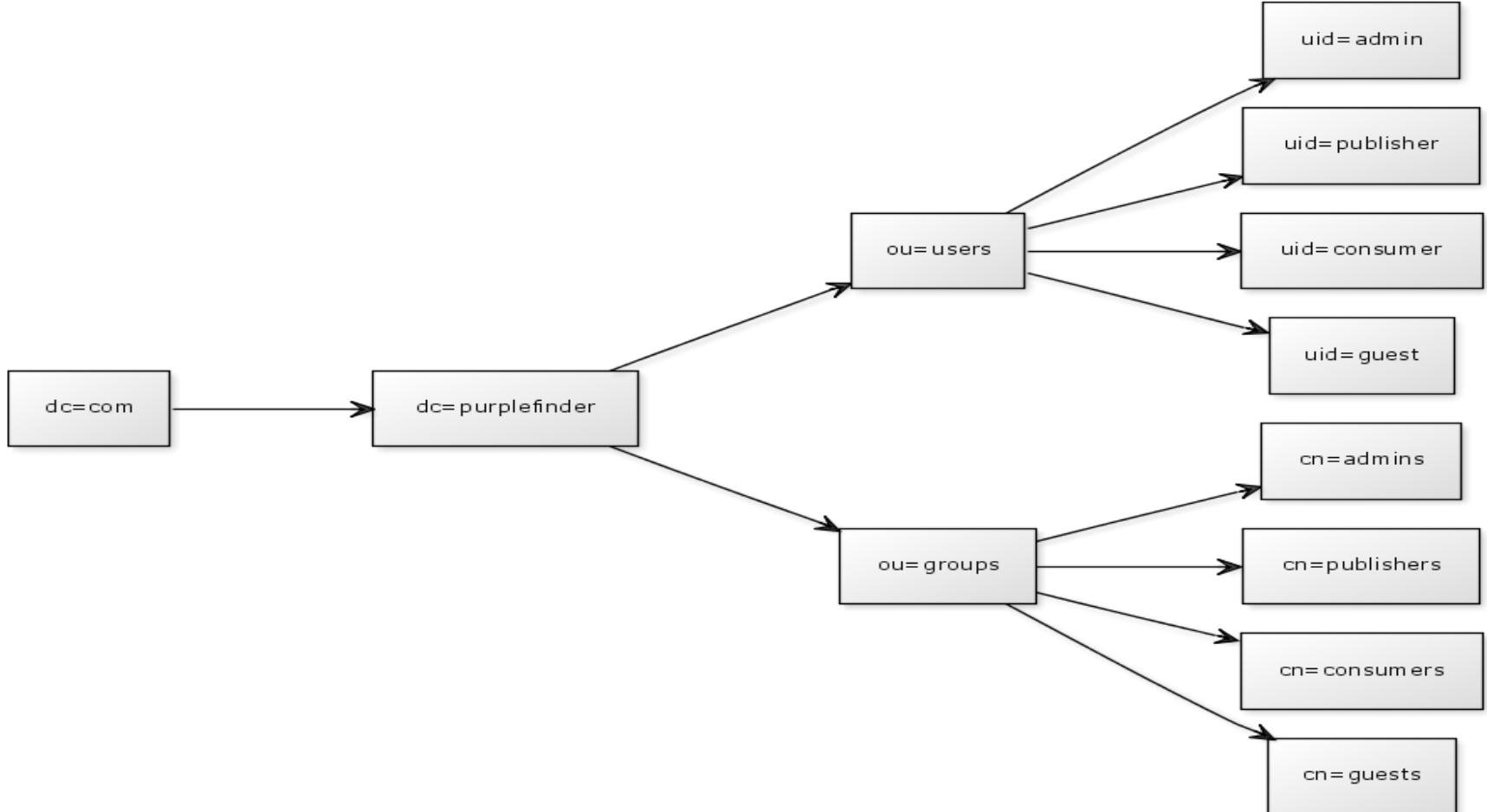
X.500 Directory Service

- A standard way to develop an electronic directory of people and devices in an organization.
- There is a single Directory Information Tree (DIT), a hierarchical organization of entries which is distributed across one or more servers, called Directory System Agents (DSA).
- An entry consists of a set of attributes, each attribute with one or more values.
- Each entry has a unique Distinguished Name (DN).

Organogram



Directory Information Tree



Standard Schemas

- There are industry-standard schemas defined in RFC 2256 by IETF.
- Standard object classes
- Standard attribute types

Example: objectClass=organization

Superior: top

Required: o

Allowed: userPassword, postalAddress, l

Organizational Person and Group

```
dn → uid=potts,ou=users,dc=purplefinder,dc=com
    objectClass → top
    objectClass → inetOrgPerson
    cn → Peter Potts
    sn → Potts
    uid → potts
    userPassword → {SHA}W6ph5Mm5Pz8GgiULbPgzG37mj9g=
```



```
dn → cn=Research,ou=groups,dc=purplefinder,dc=com
    objectClass → top
    objectClass → groupOfNames
    cn → Research
    member → uid=potts,ou=users,dc=purplefinder,dc=com
    member → uid=ozkan,ou=users,dc=purplefinder,dc=com
```

Password Digester

```

case class PasswordDigester(algorithm: String, password: String) {
    val digestedPassword = {
        val messageDigest = MessageDigest getInstance algorithm
        messageDigest.update(StringTools getBytesUtf8 password)
        val base64Encoder = new BASE64Encoder
        val encodedPassword = base64Encoder.encode(messageDigest.digest)
        String.format("%s %s", algorithm, encodedPassword)
    }
}
// SHA = Secure Hash Algorithm
class PasswordDigesterSpec extends SpecificationWithJUnit {
    "A password digester" should {
        "calculate the SHA hash of a password" in {
            val target = new PasswordDigester("SHA", "password")
            target.digestedPassword mustEqual "{SHA}W6ph5Mm5Pz8GgiULbPgzG37mj9g="
        }
    }
}

```

- Run [com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.Idapexample.PasswordDigester](#).

LDAP

- Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)
- Industry standard directory access protocol.
- An IP based application protocol for querying and modifying the data of directory services.
- Latest version of LDAP is Version 3.
- Specified by Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).
- LDAP URL
`ldaps://beaker.london.purplefinder.com:636`

Security

- Authentication, authorization, privacy, availability and integrity.
- Authentication is the process of proving identity.
- Authorization is all about access control rules (ACL). It answers the question: Does entity w have access to perform action x on resource y if condition z is met?

Security with LDAP

- LDAP bind operation is the crux of authentication.
- DN and user password are typical credentials.
- User password should not exist in plain text.
- User password should be hashed at all times.
- Use TLS connection for privacy.
- Authorization is achieved by using groups or roles.
- Roles are groups with an implicit set of permissions.

Groups and Roles

- **Group**

objectClass=groupOfNames

cn=<Name of group>

member=<DN of a group member>

member=<DN of another group member>

- **Role**

objectClass=organizationalRole

cn=<Name of role>

roleOccupant=<DN of a role-filler>

roleOccupant=<DN of another role-filler>

Microsoft Active Directory

- Active Directory is a Directory Service with LDAP.
- Includes industry standard schemas.
- But uses highly proprietary schemas too.
- Access with [Apache Directory Studio](#).

Apache Directory Server (ApacheDS)

- ApacheDS is an embeddable directory server entirely written in Java.
- It has been certified LDAPv3 compatible by the Open Group.
- Run `com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.ldapexample.ArchetypalLdapServer`.
- Access with [Apache Directory Studio](#).

“LDAP” is not a relational database

- Optimized for queries but very slow for updates.
- No support for relational integrity.
- No transactions.
- Supports multi-valued data fields.
- Excellent as a central repository for very slowly changing information required by a loosely coupled set of applications.
- Such as users, passwords, organizations, roles, ships and mobile terminals.

JNDI includes LDAP

- Java Naming and Directory Interface (JNDI).
- JNDI is part of Java EE.
- No special drivers required for LDAP.
- Standard classes found in `javax.naming.directory` package.

Change Password Using LDAP

```

val dn = "uid=consumer,ou=users,dc=purplefinder,dc=com"
val oldPassword = PasswordDigester("SHA", "password").digestedPassword
val newPassword = PasswordDigester("SHA", "secret").digestedPassword

val properties = new Properties {
    put(Context.INITIAL_CONTEXT_FACTORY, classOf[LdapCtxFactory].getName)
    put(Context.PROVIDER_URL, "ldap://localhost:10389")
    put(Context.SECURITY_AUTHENTICATION, "simple");
    put(Context.SECURITY_PRINCIPAL, dn);
    put(Context.SECURITY_CREDENTIALS, oldPassword);
}

val context = new InitialDirContext(properties)
val attr = new BasicAttribute(USER_PASSWORD_AT, StringTools.getBytesUtf8 newPassword)
val mods = Array(new ModificationItem(DirContext.REPLACE_ATTRIBUTE, attr))
context.modifyAttributes(dn, mods)
context.close

```

Run [com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.ldapexample.ChangePasswordApplication](#).

Embedded Directory Service

```
val directoryService = new DefaultDirectoryService {
    getChangeLog.setEnabled(false)
    setDenormalizeOpAttrsEnabled(true)
    setWorkingDirectory(createWorkingDirectory)
    addPartition(createPartition)
}
directoryService.startup
directoryService.loadDirectoryInformationTree(directoryInformationTree)
val ldapServer = new LdapServer {
    setDirectoryService(directoryService)
    setAllowAnonymousAccess(true)
    setTransports(Array(new TcpTransport(portNumber)) : _*)
}
ldapServer.start
printf("Press enter to quit: ")
readLine
ldapServer.stop
directoryService.shutdown
```

Directory Information Tree

```

val archetypal = DirectoryInformationTree(
    "enterprise",
    "dc=enterprise,dc=purplefinder,dc=com",
    List(
        "" --> (
            OBJECT_CLASS_AT --> (TOP_OC, DOMAIN_OC, EXTENSIBLE_OBJECT_OC),
            "dc" --> "enterprise"),
        "ou=users" --> (
            OBJECT_CLASS_AT --> (TOP_OC, ORGANIZATIONAL_UNIT_OC),
            OU_AT --> "users"),
        "uid=admin,ou=users" --> (
            OBJECT_CLASS_AT --> (TOP_OC, INET_ORG_PERSON_OC),
            CN_AT --> "Horacio Nelson",
            SN_AT --> "Nelson",
            UID_AT --> "admin",
            USER_PASSWORD_AT --> "{SHA}W6ph5Mm5Pz8GgiULbPgzG37mj9g="),
        ...
        "cn=publishers,ou=groups" --> (
            OBJECT_CLASS_AT --> (TOP_OC, GROUP_OF_NAMES_OC),
            CN_AT --> "publishers",
            MEMBER_AT --> ("uid=admin,ou=users", "uid=publisher,ou=users"))),
)

```

JAAS

- Java Authentication and Authorization Service.
- JAAS is part of Java SE.
- Default configuration file is `login.config` in the resources folder.
- This configuration file allows security to be configured for as many domains of operation as required.
- For example, access control for ActiveMQ queues might be considered a domain of operation.

JAAS for ActiveMQ

- Authentication: A user name and password is provided when a JMS client connects to an ActiveMQ broker.
- Authorization: The send, receive & admin rights of queues and topics are controlled with users and groups.

JAAS with Properties for ActiveMQ

- Run [com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.Idapexample.PropertiesAuthenticationIntegrationSpec](#)
- **login.config**

```
activemq-properties-domain {  
    org.apache.activemq.jaas.PropertiesLoginModule required  
        org.apache.activemq.properties.user="users.properties"  
        org.apache.activemq.properties.group="groups.properties";  
};
```

- **users.properties**

```
admin=password  
publisher=password  
consumer=password  
guest=password
```

- **groups.properties**

```
admins=admin  
publishers=admin,publisher  
consumers=admin,publisher,consumer  
guests=guest
```

Authorization Map Entries

```
new AuthorizationEntry {
    setQueue(">")
    setRead(admins)
    setWrite(admins)
    setAdmin(admins)
},
new AuthorizationEntry {
    setQueue("queues.>")
    setRead(consumers)
    setWrite(publishers)
    setAdmin(publishers)
},
new AuthorizationEntry {
    setQueue("queues.demo")
    setRead(guests)
    setWrite(guests)
},
new AuthorizationEntry {
    setTopic("ActiveMQ.Advisory.>")
    setRead(List(admins, publishers, consumers, guests).mkString(","))
    setWrite(List(admins, publishers, consumers, guests).mkString(","))
    setAdmin(List(admins, publishers, consumers, guests).mkString(","))
}
```

JAAS with LDAP for ActiveMQ

- Run [com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.Idapexample.ApacheDSAuthenticationIntegrationSpec](#)
- **login.config**

```
activemq-apacheds-domain {  
    org.apache.activemq.jaas.LDAPLoginModule required  
        initialContextFactory=com.sun.jndi.ldap.LdapCtxFactory  
        connectionURL="ldap://localhost:10389"  
        connectionUsername="uid=admin,ou=system"  
        connectionPassword="secret"  
        connectionProtocol="s"  
        authentication="simple"  
        userBase="ou=users,dc=enterprise,dc=purplefinder,dc=com"  
        userRoleName="dummyUserRoleName"  
        userSearchMatching="(uid={0})"  
        userSearchSubtree=false  
        roleBase="ou=groups,dc=enterprise,dc=purplefinder,dc=com"  
        roleName="cn"  
        roleSearchMatching="(member={0})"  
        roleSearchSubtree=false;  
};
```

Active Directory Application

- Run `com.purplefinder.enterprise.r2.Idapexample.ActiveDirectoryApplication`
- `login.config`

```
activemq-active-directory-domain {  
    org.apache.activemq.jaas.LDAPLoginModule required  
        initialContextFactory=com.sun.jndi.ldap.LdapCtxFactory  
        connectionURL="ldap://beaker.london.purplefinder.com:389" // Use TLS  
        connectionUsername="CN=Peter Potts,OU=Pole Star Users,DC=london,DC=purplefinder,DC=com"  
        connectionPassword="bogus"  
        connectionProtocol="s"  
        authentication="simple"  
        userBase="OU=Pole Star Users,DC=london,DC=purplefinder,DC=com"  
        userRoleName="memberOf"  
        userSearchMatching="(userPrincipalName={0})"  
        userSearchSubtree=false  
        roleBase="OU=Pole Star Groups,DC=london,DC=purplefinder,DC=com"  
        roleName="CN"  
        roleSearchMatching="(member={0})"  
        roleSearchSubtree=false;  
};
```