

¹ FEniCS-SZ: Two-dimensional modeling of the thermal structure of subduction zones

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Software

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⁷ Summary

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¹⁰ Statement of need

¹¹ Plate tectonics on Earth is the surface expression of the slow convective release of heat from its interior. Subduction zones form the location of the return flow of mantle convection and ¹² are sites of mountain building and significant natural hazards in the form of earthquakes and ¹³ explosive volcanism. The depth extent of large and sometimes tsunamogenic earthquakes, ¹⁴ intermediate-depth earthquakes, and melt formation are linked to thermal transitions and corresponding thermally activated processes such as metamorphic reactions (including those causing dehydration and release of volatile phases such as water and carbon). To understand ¹⁵ the short- and long-term evolution of the tectonic and geological processes it is critically ¹⁶ important to understand the thermal structure of subduction zones ([van Keken & Wilson, 2023a](#)). ¹⁷ ¹⁸ ¹⁹ ²⁰

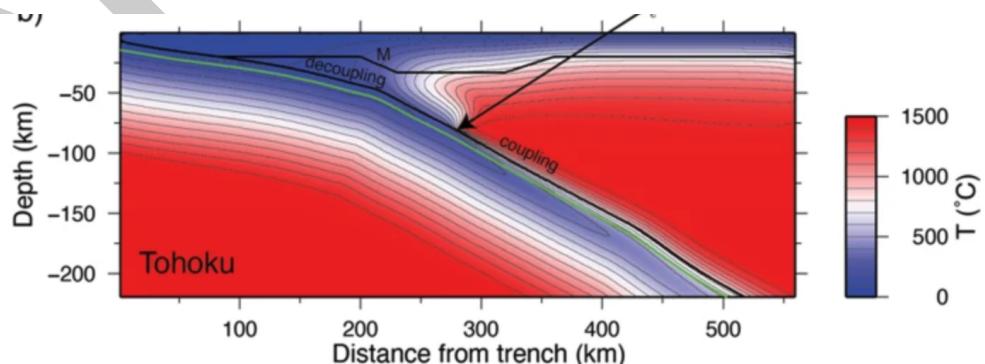


Figure 1: Figure of SZ thermal structure with oceanic and continental Moho.

²¹ FEniCS-SZ is cool and is based on Wilson & van Keken (2023).

²² FEniCS-SZ is intended also for classroom use and interactive work via Jupyter notebooks ([Wilson et al., 2025](#)) that explore the FEM examples in Wilson & van Keken (2023). The didactic ²³ nature of these tutorials (progressing from the stand-alone Poisson and Stokes equations, ²⁴ reproduction of mantle convection benchmarks, to the fully coupled set of time-dependent ²⁵

²⁶ equations used in the subduction models) augments the FEniCSX Tutorial ([Dokken, 2023](#)),
²⁷ which is itself built on the FEniCS Tutorial ([Langtangen & Logg, 2016](#)).

²⁸ State of the field

²⁹ Thermal models of subduction zones that are most useful in the prediction of metamorphic
³⁰ dehydration reactions and their role in seismogenesis and seismic structure, slab dehydration,
³¹ arc volcanism, and the long term chemical evolution of the Earth require high numerical
³² resolution, faithful gridding of material boundaries (such as the slab surface and oceanic Moho),
³³ and ability to handle velocity discontinuities along the seismogenic zone and its extension to
³⁴ about 80 km depth. Semi-analytical techniques can be used successfully along the shallow
³⁵ plate interface to limited depth (see discussion and references in van Keken et al. ([2019](#))),
³⁶ but the effects of the cornerflow with realistic mantle rheology requires numerical solution of
³⁷ the Stokes and heat equations. A number of dynamical approaches exist that can be used
³⁸ to trace subduction zone thermal evolution (Holt & Condit ([2021](#)), Gerya ([2011](#))) but these
³⁹ provide slab evolution models that are difficult to use when predicting the thermal structure of
⁴⁰ present-day subduction zones since geometry and convergence parameters such as convergence
⁴¹ speed cannot be controlled. Other workers have provided finite element and finite difference
⁴² approaches to study the thermal structure (e.g. Wada & Wang ([2009](#)); Lee & King ([2009](#));
⁴³ Lin et al. ([2010](#)); Rees Jones et al. ([2018](#)); van Zelst et al. ([2023](#))). These approaches
⁴⁴ have shown good comparisons with other codes in a code intercomparison ([van Keken et al.,](#)
⁴⁵ [2008](#)), by reproduction of benchmark cases therein, or in direct intercomparisons ([van Keken &](#)
⁴⁶ [Wilson, 2023b](#)). Many of these subduction implementations, however, are not readily available
⁴⁷ as open source software even if they are based on general open source finite element software.

⁴⁸ Software design

⁴⁹ Research impact statement

⁵⁰ Reference papers using predicted thermal structure - highlight ability for researchers to expand
⁵¹ this to interpolate existing models differently, use different geometries and assumptions for
⁵² subduction parametr, wedge rheology, and coupling depth to become a general purpose
⁵³ modeling tool for the yhermal structure of subduction zones worldwide.
⁵⁴ Software is based on intensive research experience of two undergraduate students.
⁵⁵ Class room use demonstrated by Prof. Geoff Abers (Cornell) in ...

⁵⁶ AI usage disclosure

⁵⁷ No information or code was harmed by AI.

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