

Search Algorithms

Algorithm	Time (Best / Avg / Worst)	Space	Approach Summary	Concept Used
Linear Search	$O(1) / O(n) / O(n)$	$O(1)$	Traverse each element until the key is found.	Brute Force
Binary Search	$O(1) / O(\log n) / O(\log n)$	$O(1)$	Repeatedly divide sorted array in half.	Divide and Conquer
Ternary Search	$O(\log_3 n) / O(\log_3 n) / O(\log_3 n)$	$O(1)$	Split array into 3 parts and check mid-points.	Divide and Conquer
Jump Search	$O(\sqrt{n}) / O(\sqrt{n}) / O(n)$	$O(1)$	Jump ahead by \sqrt{n} blocks, then do linear search.	Block Skipping
Exponential Search	$O(\log i) / O(\log i) / O(\log i)$	$O(1)$	Find range exponentially, then binary search.	Binary + Exponential
Interpolation Search	$O(1) / O(\log \log n) / O(n)$	$O(1)$	Estimate mid using value-based formula (only for uniformly distributed arrays).	Value Prediction
Fibonacci Search	$O(\log n) / O(\log n) / O(\log n)$	$O(1)$	Use Fibonacci numbers to split search range.	Fibonacci Numbers

Sorting Algorithms

Algorithm	Time (Best / Avg / Worst)	Space	Approach Summary	Concept Used
Bubble Sort	$O(n) / O(n^2) / O(n^2)$	$O(1)$	Repeatedly swap adjacent elements if they're in wrong order.	Brute Force
Selection Sort	$O(n^2) / O(n^2) / O(n^2)$	$O(1)$	Select the smallest element & put it in the correct position.	Selection-based
Insertion Sort	$O(n) / O(n^2) / O(n^2)$	$O(1)$	Build sorted array one item at a time.	Incremental Building
Merge Sort	$O(n \log n) / O(n \log n) / O(n \log n)$	$O(n)$	Divide array and merge in sorted order.	Divide and Conquer
Quick Sort	$O(n \log n) / O(n \log n) / O(n^2)$	$O(\log n)$	Pick pivot, partition elements around pivot, and sort halves.	Divide and Conquer

Algorithm	Time (Best / Avg / Worst)	Space	Approach Summary	Concept Used
Heap Sort	$O(n \log n)$ / $O(n \log n)$ / $O(n \log n)$	$O(1)$	Build max heap and remove top one by one.	Heap Tree
Counting Sort	$O(n + k)$ / $O(n + k)$ / $O(n + k)$	$O(k)$	Count frequency of elements, then rebuild array.	Counting (Non-Comparison)
Radix Sort	$O(nk)$ / $O(nk)$ / $O(nk)$	$O(n + k)$	Sort digits from least to most significant (uses Counting Sort).	Digit-wise Grouping
Bucket Sort	$O(n + k)$ / $O(n)$ / $O(n^2)$	$O(n + k)$	Distribute elements in buckets and sort each one.	Divide and Distribute
Shell Sort	$O(n \log n)$ / $O(n \log^2 n)$ / $O(n^2)$	$O(1)$	Gap-based insertion sort for distant elements.	Gap Reduction
Tim Sort	$O(n)$ / $O(n \log n)$ / $O(n \log n)$	$O(n)$	Hybrid of Merge and Insertion sort (used in Python & Java).	Hybrid Sorting