More Exercises: Objects and Classes

Problems for exercise and homework for the "C# Fundamentals" course @ SoftUni You can check your solutions in Judge

1. Company Roster

Define a class **Employee** that holds the following information: a **name**, a salary and a **department**.

Your task is to write a program, which takes N lines of employees from the console, calculates the department with the highest average salary, and prints for each employee in that department their name and salary – sorted by salary in descending order. The salary should be rounded to two digits after the decimal separator.

Examples

Input	Output
4	Highest Average Salary: Development
Peter 120.00 Development	Jony 840.20
Tony 333.33 Marketing	Peter 120.00
Jony 840.20 Development	
George 0.20 Nowhere	
6	Highest Average Salary: Sales
Suny 496.37 Coding	Johny 610.13
Johny 610.13 Sales	Teo 609.99
Teo 609.99 Sales	
Vlady 0.02 BeerDrinking	
Andrey 700.00 Coding	
Popeye 13.3333 SpinachGroup	

2. Oldest Family Member

Create two classes – Family and Person. The Person class should have Name and Age properties. The Family class should have a list of people, a method for adding members (void AddMember (Person member)), and a method, which returns the oldest family member (Person GetOldestMember()). Write a program that reads the names and ages of N people and adds them to the family. Then print the name and age of the oldest member.

Examples

Input	Output
3	Annie 5
Peter 3	
George 4	
Annie 5	
5	John 35
Steve 10	
Christopher 15	















Annie 4	
John 35	
Maria 34	

3. Speed Racing

Your task is to implement a program that keeps track of cars and their fuel and supports methods for moving the cars. Define a class Car that keeps a track of a car's model, fuel amount, fuel consumption per kilometer and traveled distance. A Car's model is unique - there will never be 2 cars with the same model.

On the first line of the input, you will receive a number N – the number of cars you need to track. On each of the next N lines, you will receive information about cars in the following format "<Model> <FuelConsumptionFor1km>". All cars start at 0 kilometers traveled.

After the N lines, until the command "End" is received, you will receive commands in the following format "Drive <CarModel> <amountOfKm>". Implement a method in the Car class to calculate whether or not a car can move that distance. If it can, the car's fuel amount should be reduced by the amount of used fuel and its traveled distance should be increased by the number of the traveled kilometers. Otherwise, the car should not move (its fuel amount and the traveled distance should stay the same) and you should print on the console "Insufficient fuel for the drive". After the "End" command is received, print each car, its current fuel amount and the traveled distance in the format "<Model> <fuelAmount> <distanceTraveled>". Print the fuel amount rounded to two digits after the decimal separator.

Examples

Input	Output
2	AudiA4 17.60 18
AudiA4 23 0.3	BMW-M2 21.48 56
BMW-M2 45 0.42	
Drive BMW-M2 56	
Drive AudiA4 5	
Drive AudiA4 13	
End	
3	Insufficient fuel for the drive
AudiA4 18 0.34	Insufficient fuel for the drive
BMW-M2 33 0.41	AudiA4 1.00 50
Ferrari-488Spider 50 0.47	BMW-M2 33.00 0
Drive Ferrari-488Spider 97	Ferrari-488Spider 4.41 97
Drive Ferrari-488Spider 35	
Drive AudiA4 85	
Drive AudiA4 50	
End	

4. Raw Data

You are the owner of a courier company and you want to make a system for tracking your cars and their cargo. Define a class Car that holds a piece of information about the model, engine and cargo. The Engine and Cargo should be















separate classes. Create a constructor that receives all of the information about the Car and creates and initializes its inner components (engine and cargo).

On the first line, of input you will receive a number N - the number of cars you have. On each of the next N lines, you will receive the following information about a car: "<Model> <EngineSpeed> <EnginePower> <CargoWeight> <CargoType>", where the speed, power and weight are all integers.

After the N lines, you will receive a single line with one of 2 commands: "fragile" or "flamable". If the command is "fragile", print all cars, whose Cargo Type is "fragile" with cargo with weight < 1000. If the command is "flamable", print all of the cars whose Cargo Type is "flamable" and have Engine Power > 250. The cars should be printed in order of appearing in the input.

Examples

Input	Output
2	Citroen2CV
ChevroletAstro 200 180 1000 fragile	
Citroen2CV 190 165 900 fragile	
fragile	
4	ChevroletExpress
ChevroletExpress 215 255 1200 flamable	DaciaDokker
ChevroletAstro 210 230 1000 flamable	
DaciaDokker 230 275 1400 flamable	
Citroen2CV 190 165 1200 fragile	
flamable	

5. Shopping Spree

Create two classes: class Person and class Product. Each person should have a name, money and a bag of **products**. Each product should have a **name** and a **cost**.

Create a program, in which each command corresponds to a person buying a product. If the person can afford a product, add it to his bag. If a person doesn't have enough money, print an appropriate message: "{Person} can't afford {Product}".

On the first two lines, you are given all people and all products. After all purchases, print every person in the order of appearance and all products that they have bought, also in order of appearance. If nothing was bought, print the name of the person followed by "Nothing bought".

Examples

Input	Output
Peter=11;George=4	Peter bought Bread
Bread=10;Milk=2;	George bought Milk
Peter Bread	George bought Milk
George Milk	Peter can't afford Milk
George Milk	Peter - Bread
Peter Milk	George - Milk, Milk
END	

















Maria=0 Maria can't afford Coffee Coffee=2 Maria - Nothing bought Maria Coffee END













