SDEVEN Software Development & Engineering Methodology

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Project structure (SDEVEN.62-PSTR)

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Preamble and goals

This procedure contains usual project structure and it is just a recommendation. The *Project Manager* will organize the project in the best possible mode in order to to be relevant in specific project situations. A common practice is to start with these recommendations and to add (or refine) elements that reflects project particular aspects.

Project basic backbone structure

First level of project backbone consists of:

- 830-DEV here will take place all system "active" development
- 880-RLSE here will be kept data for public releases this directory is not be explained here, for details see procedure 60-RELM

All product system code is kept under 830-DEV directory. The objective of its structuring is to assure as much as possible code reusability and its "after-release" maintainability. This directory contains:

- 830-DEV/project root directory go to section
- 830-DEV/doc_src go to section
- 830-DEV/docs go to section
- 830-DEV/pjm go to section
- 830-DEV/setup go to section
- 830-DEV/static_portal go to section
- 830-DEV/sysInit go to section
- 830-DEV/system_module_A directory dedicated for system module "A" go to section
- 830-DEV/system_module_B directory dedicated for system module "B"
- ... 830-DEV/another system module ...
- 830-DEV/Commons go to section

Each of these directories will be explained in next sections.



Naming conventions

To avoid conflicts and misinterpretations at programming language level it is recommended that in FILES and DIRECTORY NAMES to avoid characters space () and (-) and to replace them with underscores (_).

For a clear "picture" please refer the "Example of project full directory structure" section.

doc_src directory

- · the technical documentation:
 - 110-SRE System Requirements
 - 120-CPTS System Concepts
 - 130-SKIT Sales Kit(s)
 - 810-DSGN System Design
- · system manuals
 - euma
 - adma



system manuals

system manuals (adma & euma) will be assembled as deliverables in release packages for details see 60-RELM procedure

docs directory

This directory will accommodate the **FINAL** (**RELEASED**) documentation static portal that accompanies the developed system. This is part of what is known as "Help Center" of that system This is mandatory for products from category "ENTERPRISE SYSTEMS".



remarks

- this directory content is obtained from static_portal directory after tests passed and as preparation for a release (here go to static_portal directory section)
- · this directory is subject to git repository as is part of a release

pjm directory

Here are kept project management items that could be necessary in software development 1, things like that:

- · project contract
- project tests & acceptances procedures
- · deliveries content and schedule
- ... etc



project management documents

the project management documents make subject of Project Management discipline and will not be explained here or in other SDEVEN section

setup directory

The aim of this directory is to keep code to install the system by this understanding the code that:

- · create all directory structure required to accommodate and run developed system
- create all OS level users, groups or other administrative OS "items"
- install all required OS level dependencies and applications (for example a local particular database system, a system application used to manage the network components, etc)

- install the framework(s) components that are required to run developed system (for example JRE for Java components, PHP Laravel, Python Flask, etc)
- configure OS installed components in corresponding directories (for example on Linux some changes in directories /etc, /var, etc)

setup components language

A general practice is to make setup components in usual OS scripting language (Bash, Power Shell, etc) but is not mandatory to do like that. A good practice is to use a language that:

- can assure enough independence of OS specific commands and "formats" (for example the directory separation character, \ vs /)
- can be executed on all known public OS-es (Linux, MacOS, Windows)
- one of the "perfect" candidates is Python 3

static_portal directory

This directory will accommodate the documentation static portal that accompanies the developed system. This is part of what is known as "Help Center" of that system This is mandatory for products from category "ENTERPRISE SYSTEMS".

a

how to create documentation static portal

- the company practice is to use mkdocs to build this portal
- this directory is used for testing and validation resulted portal released portal is kept in docs/ directory

sysInit directory

The sysInit directory accommodates code that initialize all system modules. This system initialization routine **SHOULD BE THE CENTRALIZED ONE** meaning:

- each system module / component must have its initialization code (as described in "system module X")
- the sysInit code centralize all modules initialization in correct order

The code of sysInit module should be called repeatedly without generate side effects except that determine system initialization and loosing all sessions in work data. But repeating calls should all system data is correctly flushed and persisted and no **UNEXPECTED** *missing* (of course others that "unsaved data") or other files, configurations *damage* is happening.

system_module_X directory

The system must be designed following the next principles:

- must be structured in "independent modules" (see the next explanation)
- modules should interact between them ONLY:
 - · using parameters and returns
 - · using defined interfaces (as recommended in OOP guides)
 - · using a external shared common data component
- interactions or communication between modules that require global variables should use the Commons component (see Common section)
- should have their own initialization code callable from sysInit
- should have their own README_moduleX.md file containing specific technical specs and info (will become
 technical documentation)

?

What means an independent module?

A software module can be considered independent enough when it can be "transformed" into a distinct library with an acceptable work around effort meaning without change or alter its functional code but only the required code to make it separated "package or library" (ie, the code that define its library definition)

Commons component

This component is a specialized module used to replace direct usage of **global variables**. It usually is implemented as a class object and take care of global variables by meaning:

- · assure their consistency such as they are critical regions
- prevent circular references when using them (everybody import only Commons module)

Commons component (if is present) should have data initialized by each module that post any global data and in sysInit module should be among the first created, if not the very first.

/project root directory

In the project root directory will be at least these files:

- README.md which contains a kind of product data sheet with project information
- project.toml which contains project information like:
 - name product / system / project code-name / short-name as known in organization
 - description a short description of the project (just emphasizes the essence or "reason to ve" of product because more detailed information is offered through README)

- version is the product version (the product in that package!) and must conform all SDEVEN versioning specifications
- · license type
- ... more information, usually this file being also required by PACKAGING AND DEPENDENCY MANAGEMENT used solution ...
- requirements.txt which contain product / system internal and libraries dependencies (just system level not OS level)

Example of project full directory structure

Here is shown an example of project directory structure starting from a PROJECT-ROOT-DIRECTORY.

```
.....\PROJECT-ROOT-DIRECTORY
          --830-DEV/
            ----doc_src/
                ---110-SRE/
                 ---120-CPTS/
                  ---130-SKIT/
                L---810-DSGN/
              ---docs/
               -pjm/
                L--- ... specific project management and contractual docs ...
               -setup/
              --static_portal/
              --Commons/
              --SysInit/
              --project.toml
              --README.md
              --requirements.txt
            880-RLSE
```

1. The reason that project management documents are kept "in development repository" is to be available for the whole team.

This is not mandatory and in special cases this directory can be moved out of development repository. ←

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