Searching in an Array

This is a **regular task**. You must submit a PDF, which can be produced using the L^AT_EX template on Moodle, exported from a word processor, hand-written or any other method.

A two-dimensional array is *sorted* if each of its rows and columns is strictly increasing. For example, the following two-dimensional array is sorted.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 6 & 8 \\ 4 & 5 & 7 & 10 \\ 6 & 8 & 9 & 13 \\ 9 & 11 & 12 & 15 \end{bmatrix}$$

Given a sorted two-dimensional array A with n rows and n columns and an integer k, our task is to design an O(n) algorithm that determines whether or not k appears somewhere in A.

- (a) Suppose we query the top right entry A[1][n] of the array. In each of the following three cases, explain which parts of the array A may contain k, and which parts of the array A definitely cannot contain k.
 - Case 1: A[1][n] > k.
 - Case 2: A[1][n] < k.
 - Case 3: A[1][n] = k.

In each case, briefly justify your answer.

- (b) Design an O(n) algorithm that determines whether or not k appears in A.
 - **Hint.** After making a query to A[1][n], what are the dimensions of the search space? How could you use that information to construct the algorithm?
- (c) (Optional) If we instead began by examining the entry in the middle row and middle column^a, what shape does the remaining search space have? How does this make searching in a two-dimensional array more difficult than the proposed algorithm in part (b)?

^aor one of the middle rows and columns, if the dimensions are even.

Advice.

- Clarity: For part (a), consider each case separately, and:
 - Provide a brief but clear, and correct description of which part(s) of the original array k can appear in. You don't have to give too strong a claim.
 - Provide one to two sentences of justification for your answer to the previous dot point.
- (Optional) For part (c): It is sufficient to describe the shape of the remaining search space using the proposed querying algorithm. Provide a brief but clear argument for why searching for k is more difficult than with the algorithm from part (b).

Expected length:

- For (a), up to two to three sentences per case.
- For (b), up to half a page.
- For (c), up to two to three sentences.

Solution.	
Attribution.	