



Computer Engineering Department

# Multi-Task Learning and Meta-Learning: Introduction and terminology

**Mohammad Hossein Rohban, Ph.D.**

**Hosein Hasani**

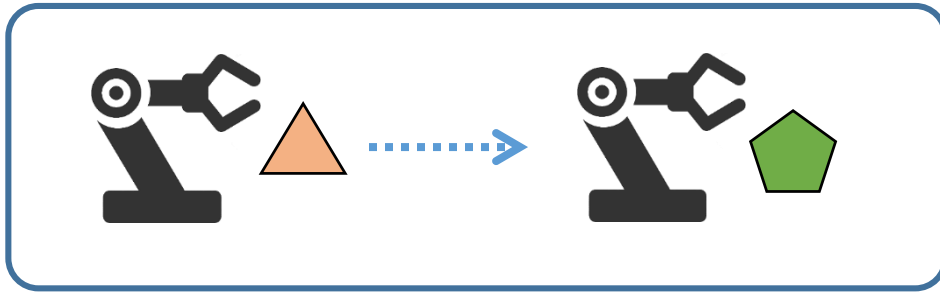
Spring 2023.

# Introduction

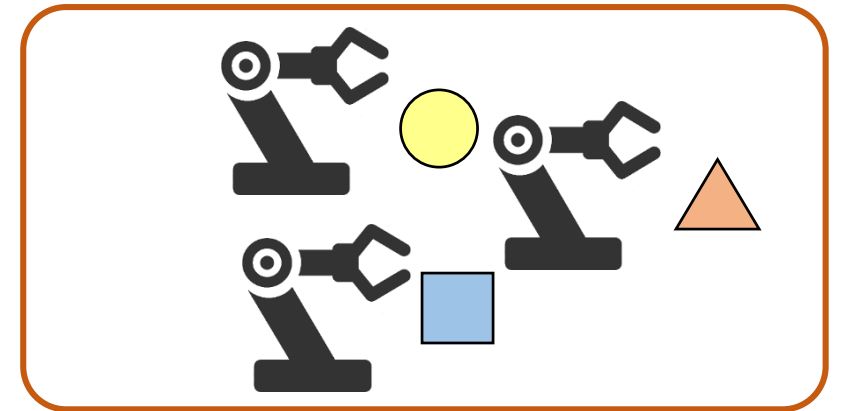
- **Assumption:** Tasks share common structure
- **Goal:** Use experience (common knowledge) from other tasks to improve learning another tasks
- **Benefits:**
  - Accelerate learning procedure
  - Mitigate lack of data (sample efficiency)
- **Type of problem settings:**
  - Multi-task learning
  - Transfer learning
  - Meta-learning

# Problem Settings

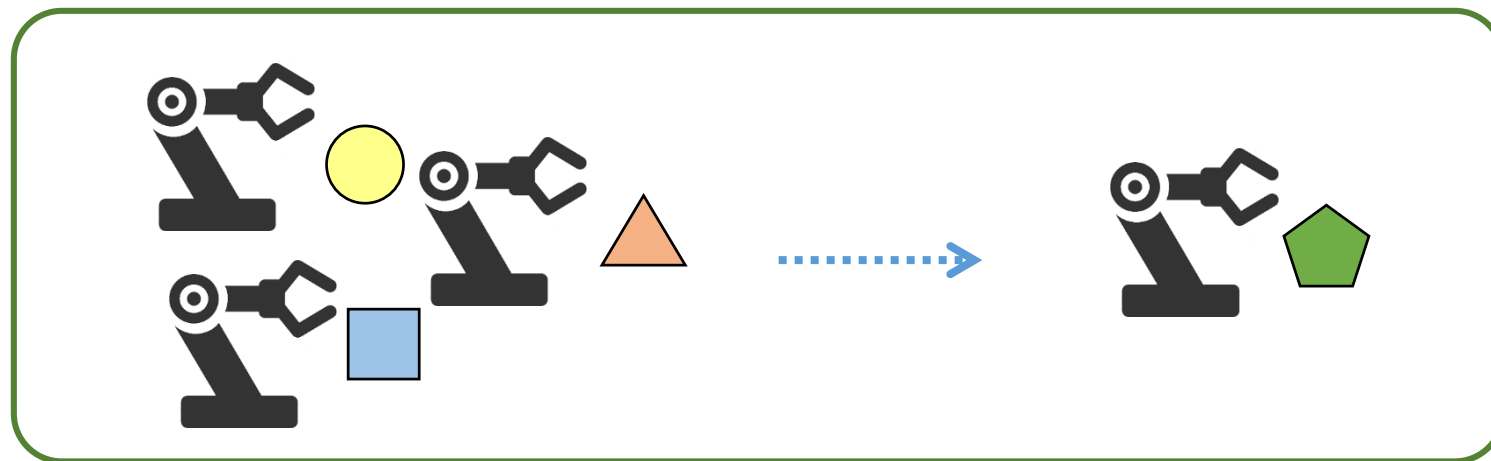
Transfer Learning



Multi-Task Learning



Meta-Learning



# Problem Settings

## Transfer Learning

Solve target task after solving source task.

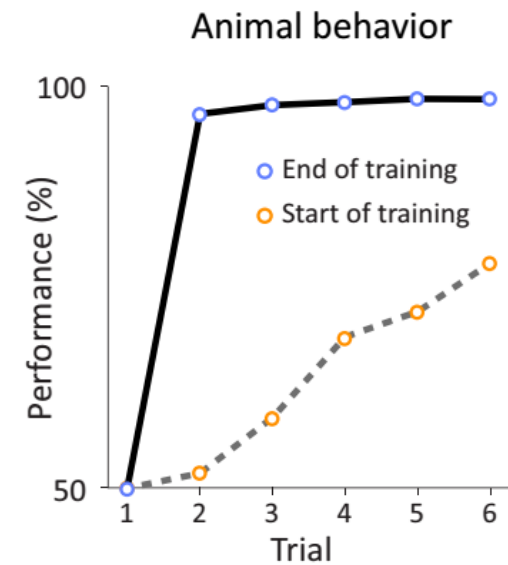
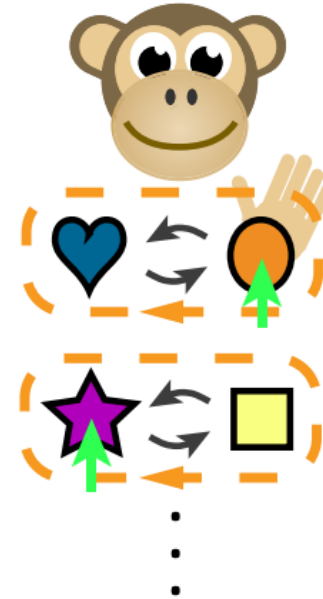
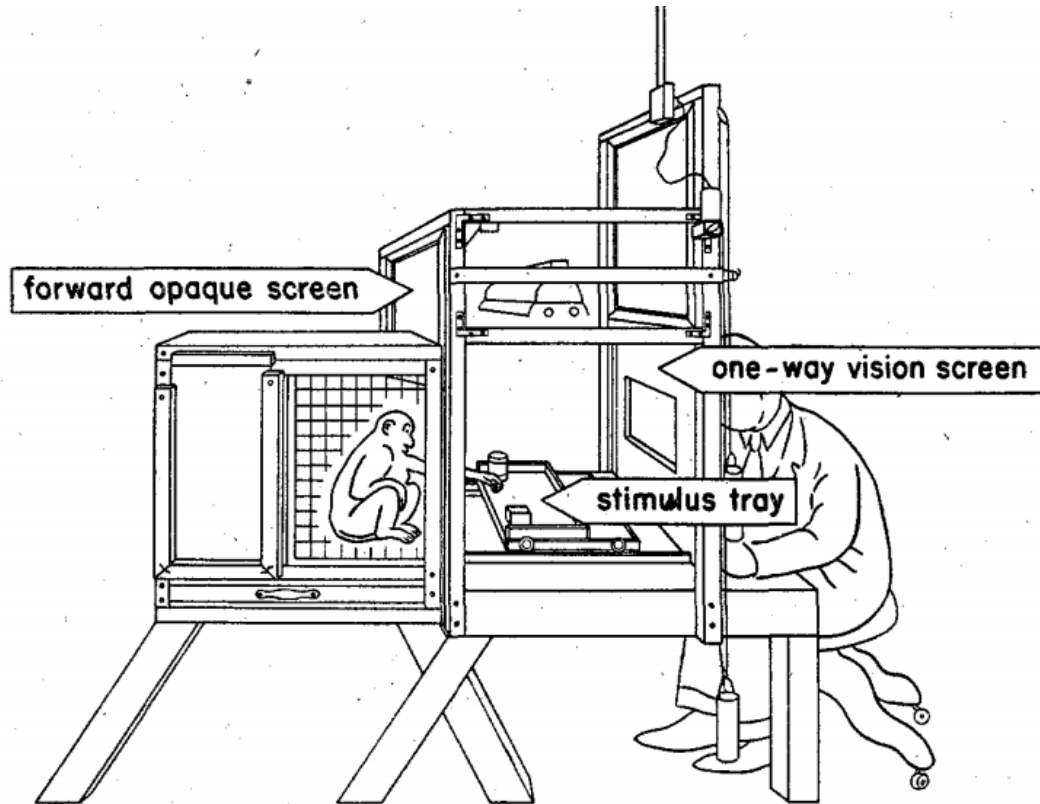
## Multi-Task Learning

Solve multiple tasks at once.

## Meta-Learning

Given multiple tasks, solve new task quickly / efficiently.

# Meta-Learning: Learning to Learn

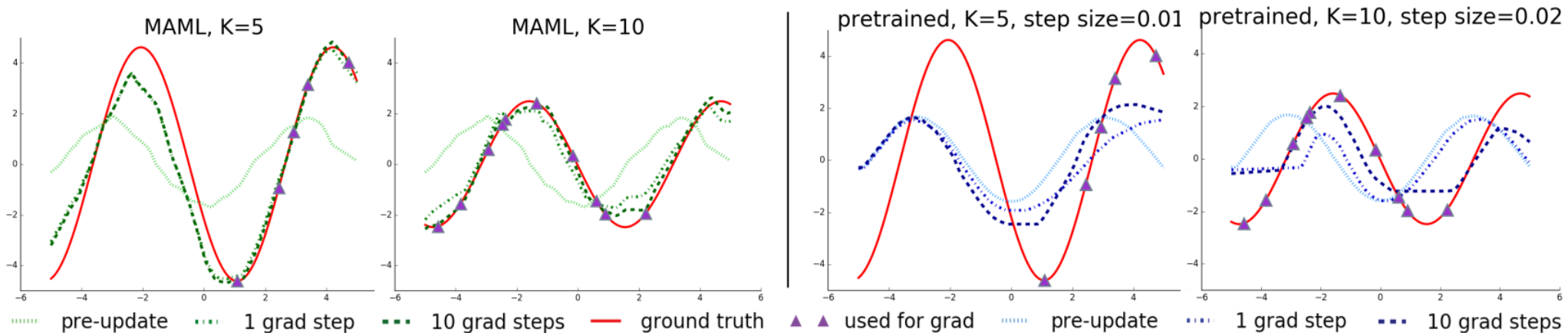


[H. F. Harlow, "The formation of learning sets," Psychological review, 1949.]

# Meta-Learning VS. Transfer Learning

- **In both settings:** generally impractical to access prior tasks (unlike multi-task learning)
- **Transfer learning:** while training on source task, we don't really care about future task!
- **Meta-learning:** explicitly optimize for transferability!

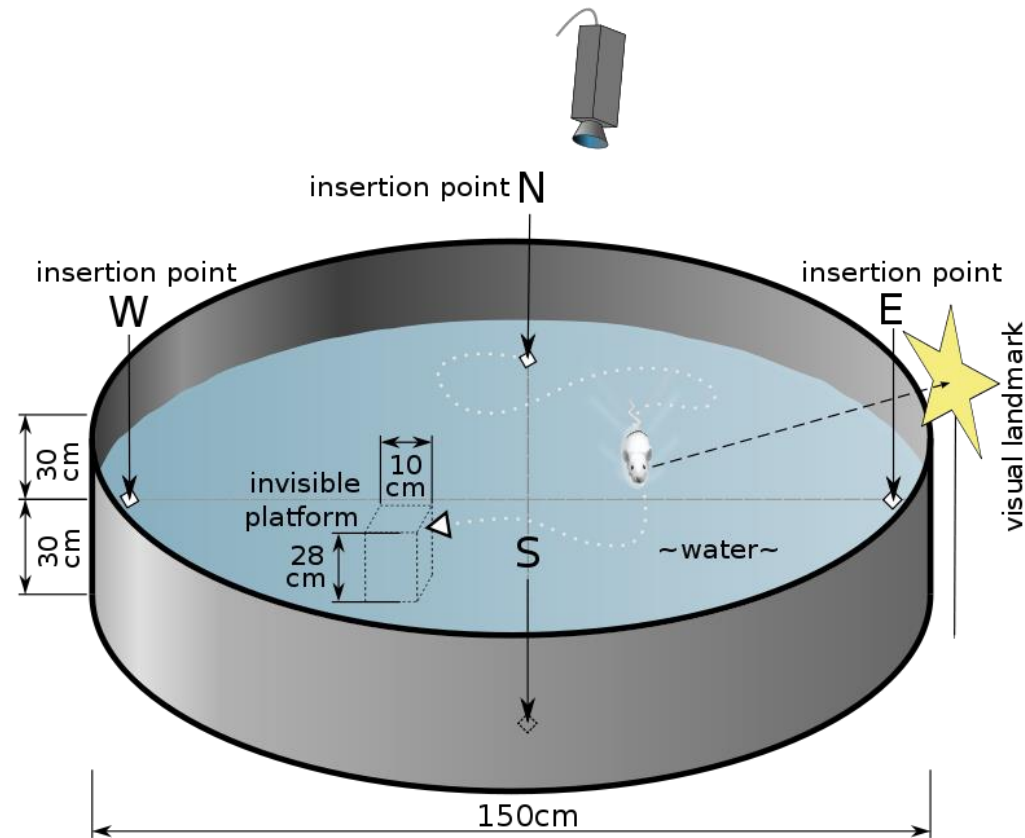
# Meta-Learning VS. Transfer Learning: a Case Study



*Figure 2.* Few-shot adaptation for the simple regression task. Left: Note that MAML is able to estimate parts of the curve where there are no datapoints, indicating that the model has learned about the periodic structure of sine waves. Right: Fine-tuning of a model pretrained on the same distribution of tasks without MAML, with a tuned step size. Due to the often contradictory outputs on the pre-training tasks, this model is unable to recover a suitable representation and fails to extrapolate from the small number of test-time samples.

[Finn, et. Al. “Model-Agnostic Meta-Learning for Fast Adaptation of Deep Networks”. ICML 2017]

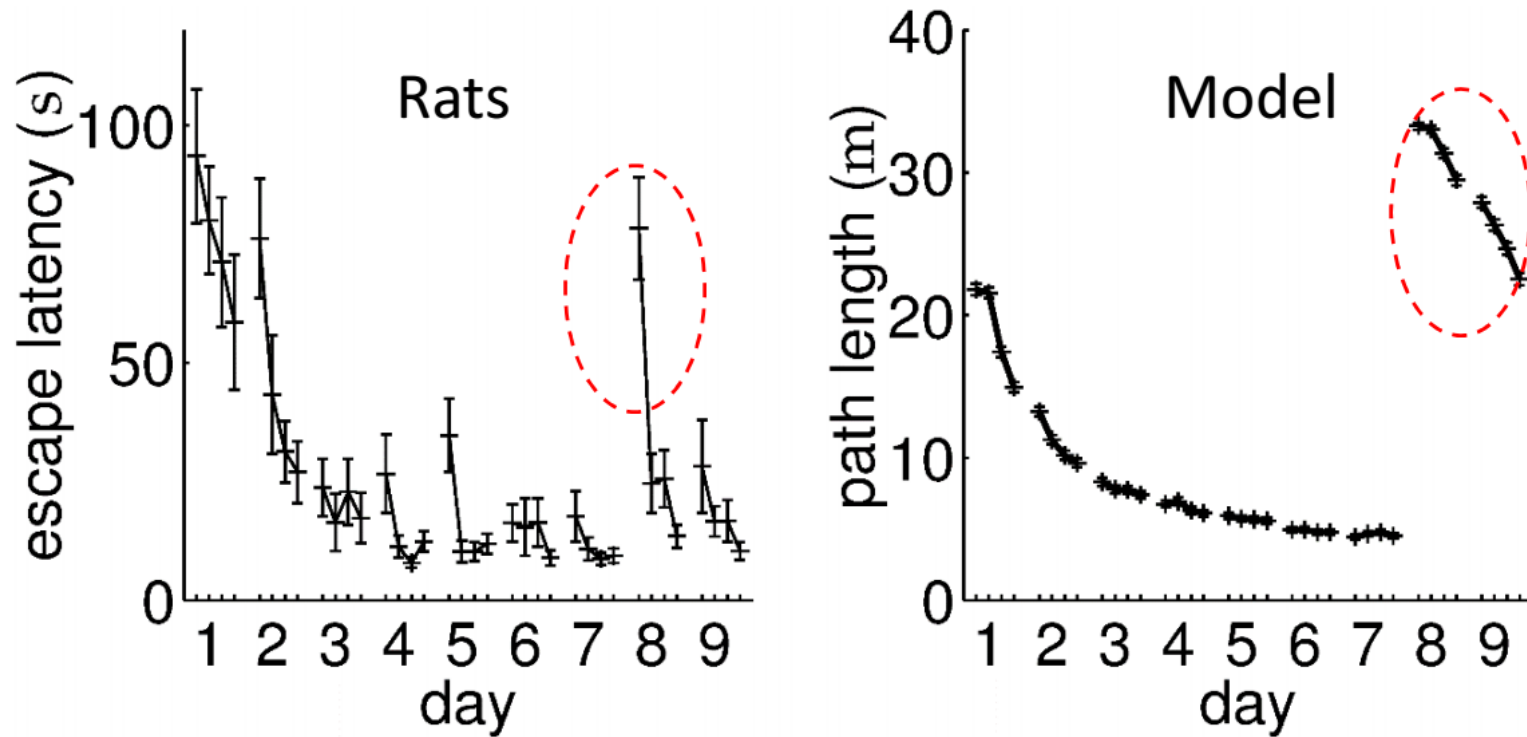
# Meta-Learning VS. Transfer Learning: a Behavioral Case Study



[[http://www.scholarpedia.org/article/Morris\\_water\\_maze](http://www.scholarpedia.org/article/Morris_water_maze)]



# Meta-Learning VS. Transfer Learning: a Behavioral Case Study



[Bast, et. Al. "From Rapid Place Learning to Behavioral Performance: A Key Role for the Intermediate Hippocampus". PLoS Biology]

# Meta-Learning (Few-Shot Learning) Terminology

4-shot, 2-way problem:

