

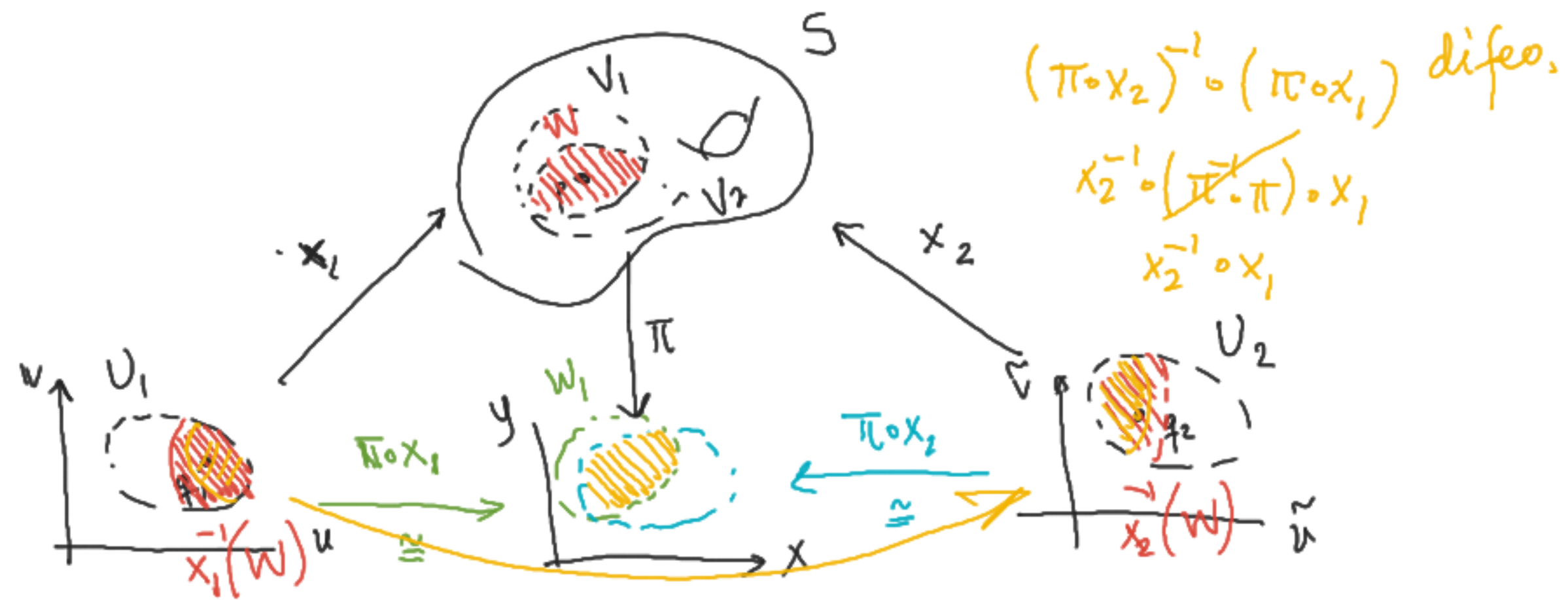
$$\Rightarrow \det(D(\pi \circ X)) \neq 0$$

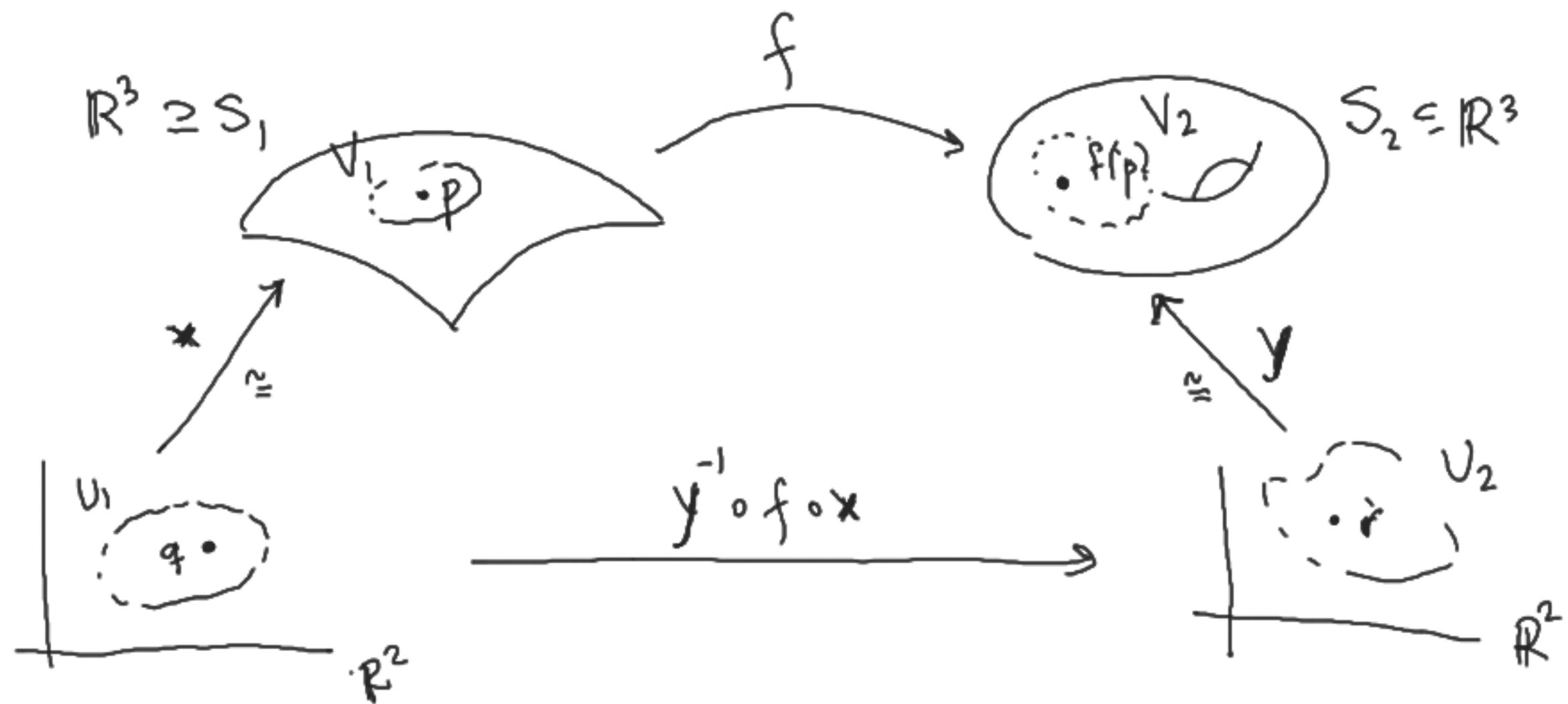
$$\pi \circ X: U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

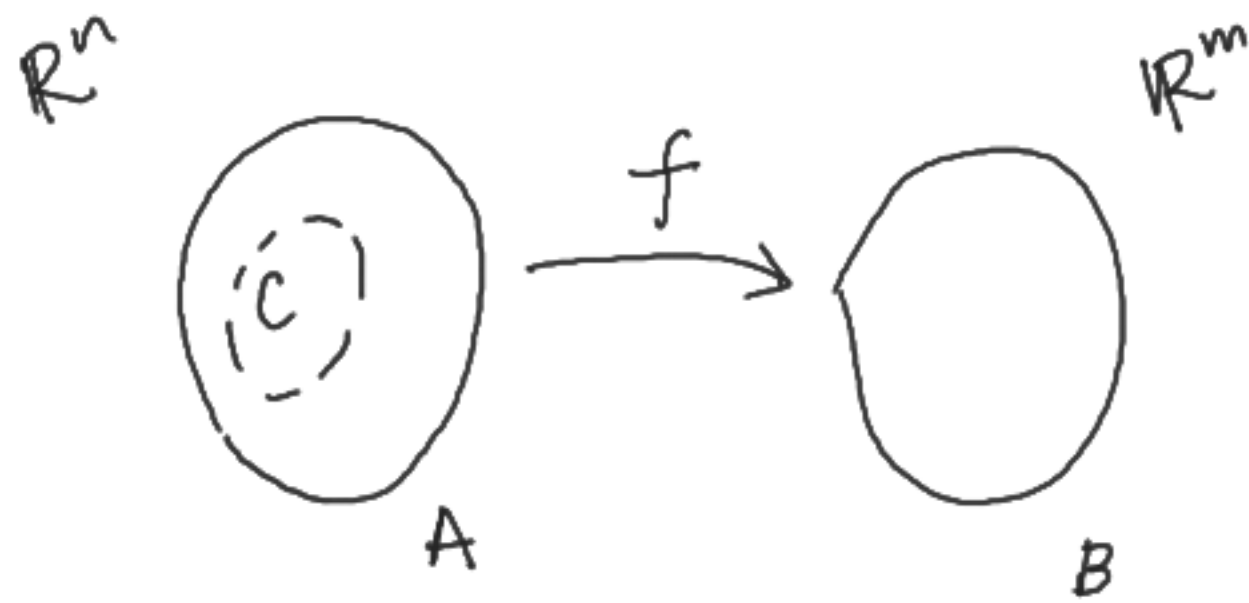
$$D(\pi \circ X) = D\pi \cdot DX$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} \end{bmatrix}$$







$C \subseteq A$ tenemos un mapa de inclusión $i: C \rightarrow A$
 $x \mapsto x$

Propiedades:

i inyectiva

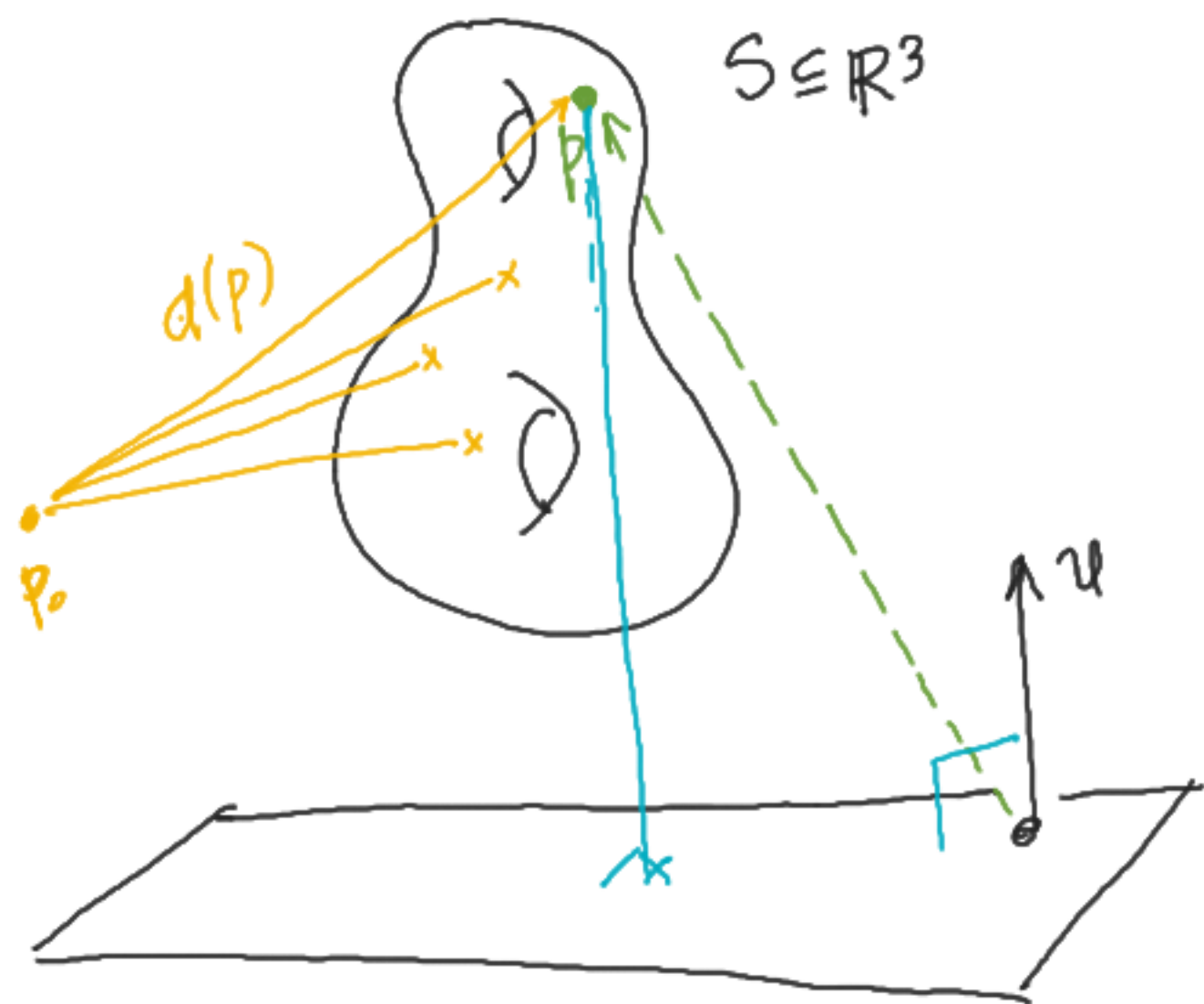
i diferenciable con $Di(p) = Id$.

$f: V \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, f diferenciable $S \subseteq V$

$$f|_S = f \circ i$$

$$i: S \rightarrow V \quad f: V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

Importante!!



$$h: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_0$$

$$h(p) = u \cdot p$$

"altura de p respecto de u "

$$h: S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$