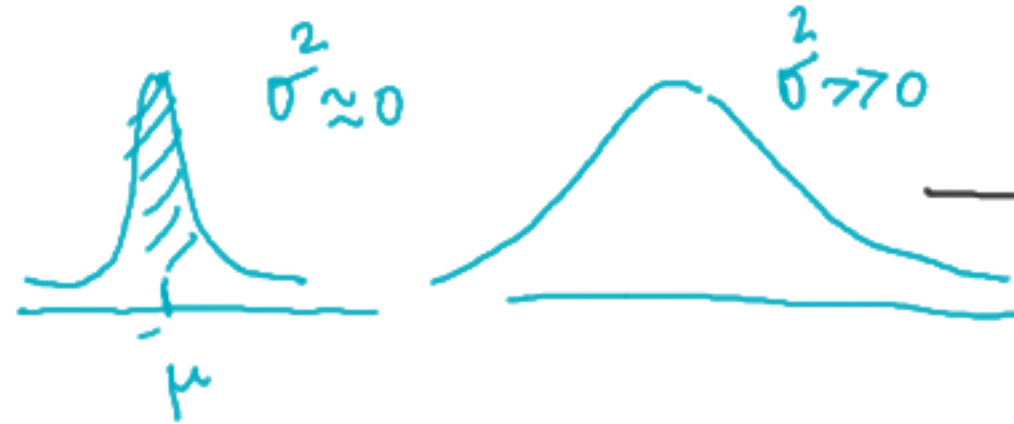


EDA (estimation distribution algorithm)

Repaso de estadística:

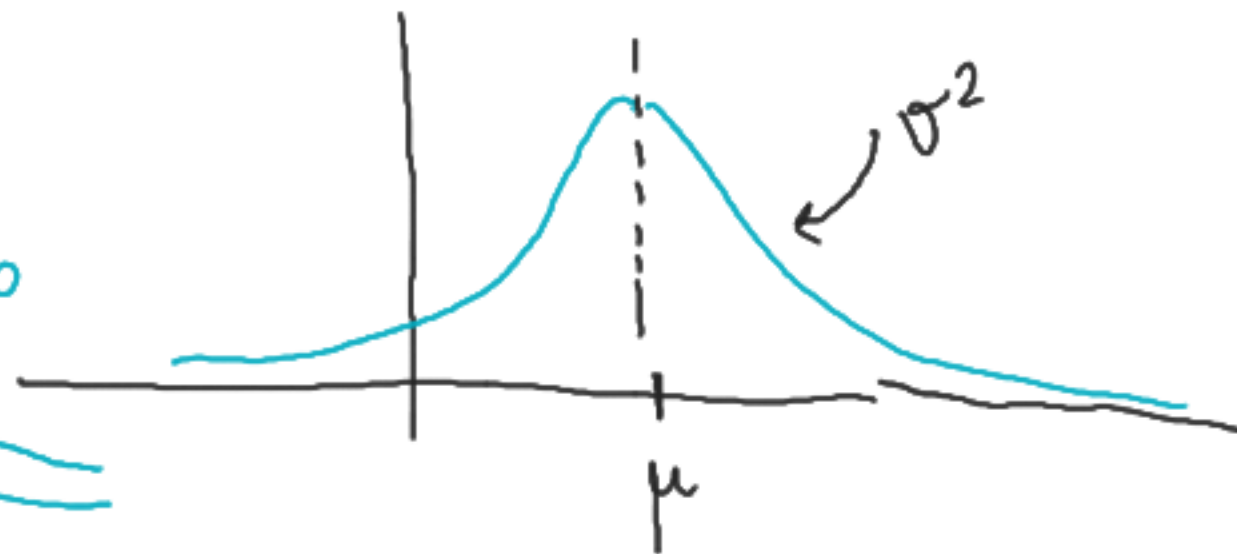
$N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

↑
media ↑
varianza



$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

función de
densidad
de $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$



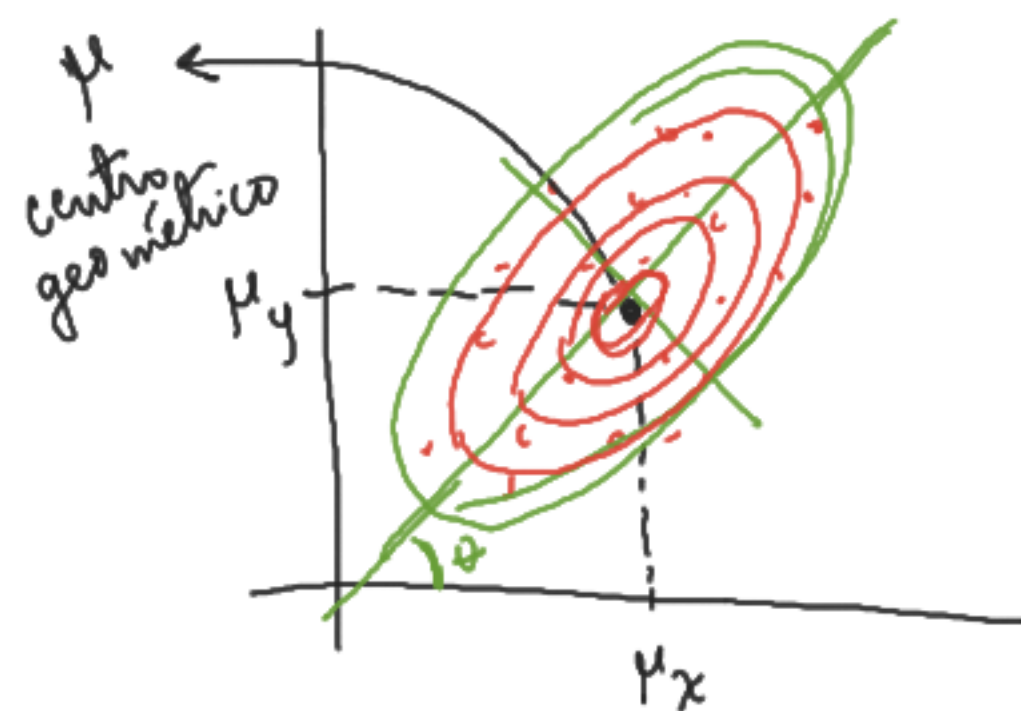
En \mathbb{R}^2 :

$$x = (x, y)$$

$$x \sim N_2(\mu, \Sigma)$$

$$\mu = (\mu_x, \mu_y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$\Sigma = \text{covarianza} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & \sigma_{xy} \\ \sigma_{xy} & \sigma_y^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

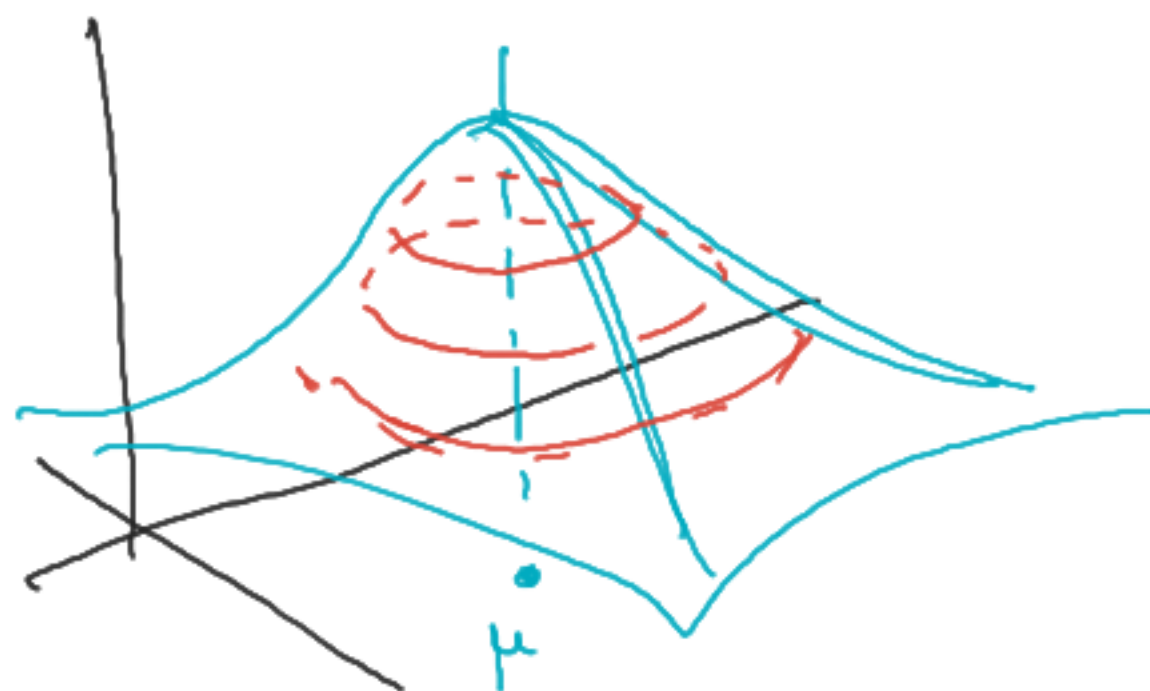


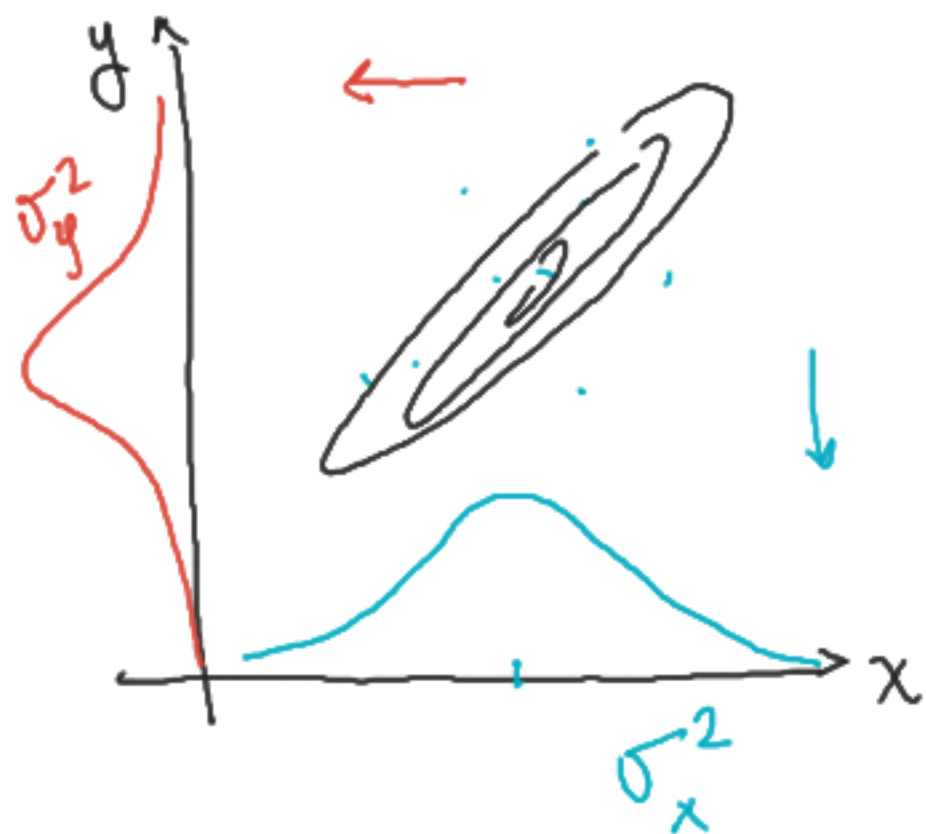
$\bullet \sim N_2(\mu, \Sigma)$ $\mu = (\mu_x, \mu_y)$



$$f(\mathbf{x}) = f(x, y) = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{|\Sigma|^{1/2}} \right)^2 e^{-\frac{(\mathbf{x}-\mu)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\mathbf{x}-\mu)}{2}}$$

$\mathbf{x} = (x, y)$





$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & \sigma_{xy} \\ \sigma_{xy} & \sigma_y^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

σ_{xy} = covarianza de x, y

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu_x)(y_i - \mu_y)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}((X - \mathbb{E}X)(Y - \mathbb{E}Y))$$

Distribución normal estándar

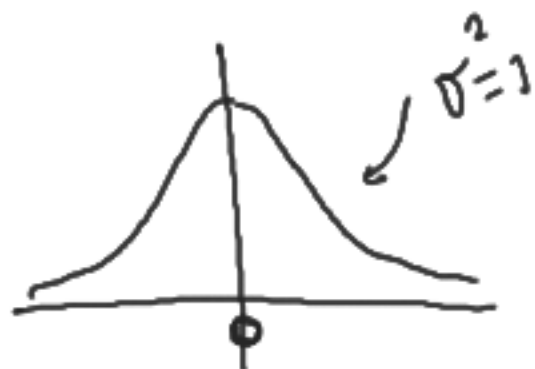
$$N(0, 1)$$

$$\mu = 0$$

$$\sigma^2 = 1$$

$$Z \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$X = \mu + \sigma Z \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$



Normal Estándar 2D

$$Z \sim N(0,0), I_{2 \times 2})$$

$$\mu = (0,0)$$

$$\Sigma = I_{2 \times 2}$$

$$I_{2 \times 2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\sigma_{xy} = 0$
 x, y
son
independientes

¿Cómo hacemos para construir una $N_2(\mu, \Sigma)$?

1D: $X = \mu + \underbrace{\sigma}_{\sigma = \sqrt{\sigma^2}} Z$

2D: $X = \mu + \underbrace{\sqrt{\Sigma}}_{?} Z$

Descomposición espectral ó Descomposición SVD
(singular value decomp.)

PCA

$$\Sigma = U S V^T$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} & \\ & \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2} = \begin{bmatrix} & \\ & \end{bmatrix}_U \begin{bmatrix} s_1 & \\ & s_2 \end{bmatrix}_S \begin{bmatrix} & \\ & \end{bmatrix}_{U^T}$$

$$\Sigma^{1/2} = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{s_1} & \\ & \sqrt{s_2} \end{bmatrix}_{S^{1/2}} \begin{bmatrix} & \\ & \end{bmatrix}_{U^T}$$

$$\underbrace{\Sigma^{1/2} \cdot \Sigma^{1/2}}_{\text{raise}} = \Sigma$$

$$X = \mu + Z \Sigma^{1/2}$$

$$X \sim N_2(\mu, \Sigma)$$

