

# Catchability in Stock Synthesis

FISH 576, Week 8

## CPUE (i.e., index) options in stock synthesis (data file)

0 = Numbers

1 = Biomass

2 = F (only for fishery-dependent indices)

>= 30: Special survey types. See SS3 manual.

33 = Age-0 recruits

 Can also specify normal, lognormal, or student's-t error distributions



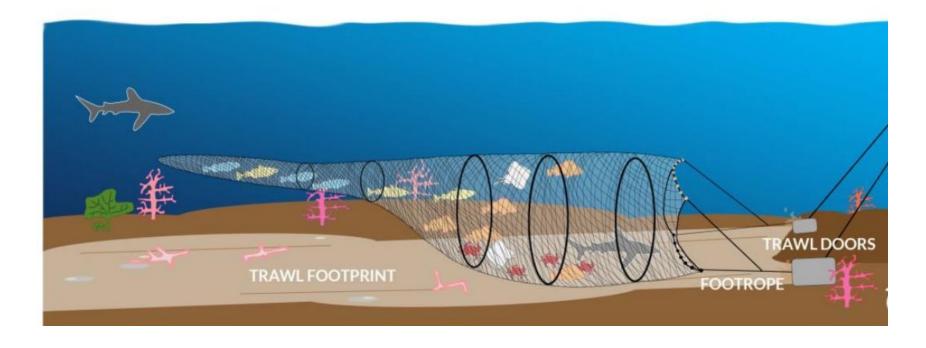
### Catchability

 The scaling factor (q) that relates the expected observed abundance by the survey fleet (I) to the available population abundance (B).

$$\hat{I}_{t} = q_{t}\hat{B}_{t}e^{\varepsilon_{t}}$$
  $\varepsilon_{t} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\varepsilon}^{2})$ 

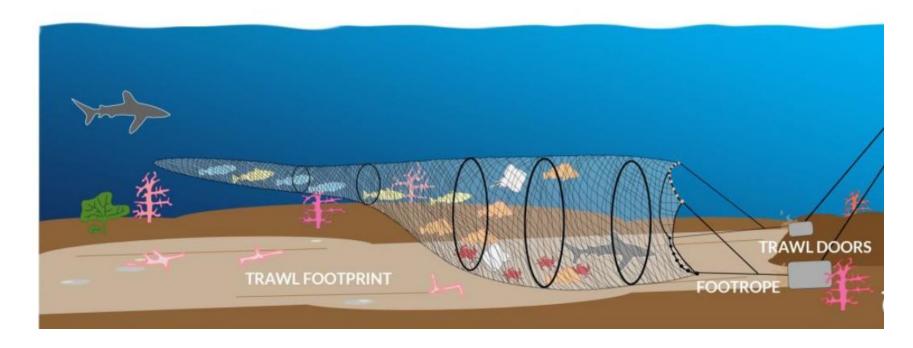


### What factors affect catchability?





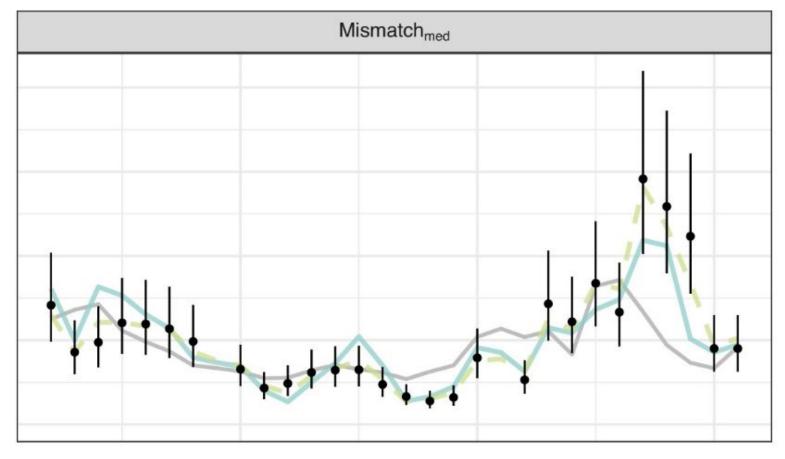
### What factors affect catchability?



- Depth availability
- Latitudinal availability
- Vertical availability

- Habitat availability
- Temporal availability
- Probability of capture (in the net path)

### In reality, catchability may change through time



Catchability formulation constant q

fixed RW

RW

mismatch

mismatch + RW

Covariates measure how effectively survey sampled pre-spawning aggregations

Rogers et al. (2025) ICES-JMS

### Catchability in Stock Synthesis (ctl file)

- Q can be specified as
  - An internally calculated "scaling factor": float option
  - An estimated model parameter
- If it is a parameter:
  - Can be time varying or environmentally linked
  - Can be density-dependent (e.g., hook saturation)
- Can estimate an extra SE parameter
  - Effectively downweights the index relative to input SE.



### Q link options

- 1. Proportional: I = Q \* B
- 2. Mirror Q from a fleet with lower fleet number
- Power function:  $I = Q * B^{1+c}$
- 4. Mirror Q with scaling factor (two parameters)
  - a. Ex: same "unit effort" for two surveys, but one has a larger sampling area (so you fix the scaling factor)
- 5. Offset: I = Q \* (B + b)
  - a. Useful for surveys that "sample" recruitment deviations
- 6. Offset and power:  $I = Q * (B + b)^{1+c}$



### Catchability in the control file

Fleet	Link	Link	Extra	Bias		
Num.	Type	Info	sd	Adjust	Float	Label
3	1	0	1	1	0	#Survey
-9999	0	0	0	0	0	#End Read

LO	HI	INIT	<other entries=""></other>	PHASE	<other entries=""></other>	Block Fxn	Parameter Label
-5	5	-0.12	***	1	•••	0	#Survey1 LnQ base
0	0.5	0.1	•••	-1		0	#Survey1 Extra sd



#### In these assessments:

The assessments both include an added SE parameter for every index

- But some SEs are fixed at zero. Which?

Yelloweye includes a time block on Q for the triennial survey. Will need to change "float" from to 0 for this to actually be applied.

